Program 1.5

his is a program to see if forked processes will respect a shared memory semaphore.	
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#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/shm.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
#include <semaphore.h>
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// Sep 25 2021
/**
 * Changelog:
 * Sep 25 2021
 * Used my old OS class code to create and manage shared memory
 * Added another part of my old OS class code to create an IPC semaphore
 * Sep 26 2021
 * BUGFIX: Semaphore was not being respected by both processes because the
 * sem_init() call was not enabling shared memory semaphore by setting the
 * second parameter to 1.
 * Sep 27 2021
 * Cleaned up and documented code
 */
 * @brief This program will demonstrate if a forked process will respect a
 * shared memory semaphore created in the parent code. We will achieve this by
 * forcing the child to enter a critical segment protected by a mutex first and
 * then forcing the parent to wait 10 seconds on the child. Print statements
 * will help us know the order in which code was executed. If we succeed then
 * the parent will never enter the critical section until the child has exited
 * it. Otherwise the mutex is not being respected.
 * Results:
 * This is the output from running the code
 * We can know that the semaphore behaves correctly because the parent
 * does not enter the mutex until after the child has left.
 * parent making child and waiting 2 seconds
 * child in mutex
 * child leaving mutex
 * child has left the mutex
 * parent in mutex
 * parent is out of mutex
// create key for shared memory
#define SHMKEY ((key_t)1497)
```

```
// define struct to store value in
// This might not be necessary but this is how I did it in OS class.
typedef struct {
        sem_t mut;
} shared_mem;
// initialize memory
static shared_mem *mutex;
int main()
{
        int shmid; // The shared memory id
        int pid1; // The pid returned by the forked process
        char *shmadd_ptr; // The address of the shared memory
        shmadd_ptr = (char *)0;
        // If shmget doesn't return a valid memory address then barf
        if ((shmid = shmget(SHMKEY, sizeof(int), IPC_CREAT | 0666)) < 0) {</pre>
                perror("uh oh, shmget failed");
                exit(1);
        }
        // check if the shared mem attached correctly.
        if ((mutex = (shared_mem *)shmat(shmid, shmadd_ptr, 0)) ==
            (shared_mem *)-1) {
                perror("shmat failed");
                exit(1);
        }
        sem_init(&mutex->mut, 1, 1); // initialize the semaphore to 1
        printf("parent making child and waiting 2 seconds\n");
        if ((pid1 = fork()) == 0) \{ // parent process \}
                sleep(2); // Wait 2 seconds so the child will enter first
                sem_wait(&mutex->mut); // try to enter critical segment.
                // This must not run before child leaves the mutex
                printf("parent in mutex\n");
                sem_post(&mutex->mut);
                printf("parent is out of mutex\n");
                waitpid(pid1, NULL, WEXITED); // wait for child to close
                sem_destroy(&mutex->mut); // clean up the mutex.
                // if we can't delete the memory, barf
                if (shmdt(mutex) == -1)  { // clean up the shared memory
                        // barf
```

}