Using the map function

A map function is usually used to convert columns into another equivalent columns. It can be used to convert the Categorical data column to a 0 and 1 value column. Map() is a Series Method.

In [46]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as mlt
% matplotlib inline
import seaborn as sns

In [4]: train = pd.read_csv('http://bit.ly/kaggletrain')

In [5]: train.head()

Out[5]:

		Passengerld	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Embarked
0	0	1	0	3	Braund, Mr. Owen Harris	male	22.0	1	0	A/5 21171	7.2500	NaN	S
7	1	2	1	1	Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th	female	38.0	1	0	PC 17599	71.2833	C85	С
[2	2	3	1	3	Heikkinen, Miss. Laina	female	26.0	0	0	STON/O2. 3101282	7.9250	NaN	S
[3	3	4	1	1	Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)	female	35.0	1	0	113803	53.1000	C123	S
4	4	5	0	3	Allen, Mr. William Henry	male	35.0	0	0	373450	8.0500	NaN	S

In [6]: train['sex_num'] = train['Sex'].map({'female':0,'male':1})

Out[17]:

	sex_num	Sex
10	0	female
11	0	female
12	1	male
13	1	male
14	0	female

In [18]: train[['sex_num','Sex']].head(6)

Out[18]:

	sex_num	Sex
0	1	male
1	0	female
2	0	female
3	0	female
4	1	male
5	1	male

This is such a nice way and the most usually used method to convert the categorical variable

Using the Apply() function. Using this, a function can be made to apply to all the rows of a column of a dataframe.

Creating a new column in the Train dataframe specially for the last name.

In [24]: train['LastName'] = train['Name'].apply(lambda x:x.split(',')[0]).head()

In [25]: train.head()

Out[25]:

	Passengerld	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Embarked	sex_num	LastName
0	1	0	3	Braund, Mr. Owen Harris	male	22.0	1	0	A/5 21171	7.2500	NaN	s	1	Braund
1	2	1	1	Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th	female	38.0	1	0	PC 17599	71.2833	C85	С	0	Cumings
2	3	1	3	Heikkinen, Miss. Laina	female	26.0	0	0	STON/O2. 3101282	7.9250	NaN	S	0	Heikkinen
3	4	1	1	Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)	female	35.0	1	0	113803	53.1000	C123	s	0	Futrelle
4	5	0	3	Allen, Mr. William Henry	male	35.0	0	0	373450	8.0500	NaN	s	1	Allen

In [34]: # Using the apply() function, which affects the function to each of the values in the column.
 train['count_name_length'] = train['Name'].apply(len)

In [36]: train.head(2)

Out[36]:

: [Passengerld	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Embarked	sex_num	LastName	count_name_length
	0	1	0	3	Braund, Mr. Owen Harris	male	22.0	1	0	A/5 21171	7.2500	NaN	S	1	Braund	23
	1	2	1	1 1	Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th	female	38.0	1	0	PC 17599	71.2833	C85	С	0	Cumings	51

In [37]: # apply function of the fare column
train['Fare_approx'] = train['Fare'].apply(np.ceil)

In [38]: train.head(2)

Out[38]:

: [Passengerld	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Embarked	sex_num	LastName	count_name_length	Fare_approx
	0	1	0	3	Braund, Mr. Owen Harris	male	22.0	1	10	A/5 21171	7.2500	NaN	S	1	Braund	23	8.0
	1	2	1	1	Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th	female	38.0	1	0	PC 17599	71.2833	C85	С	0	Cumings	51	72.0

Exploring the data of Alcohol Consumption in various countries

In [2]: drinks = pd.read_csv('http://bit.ly/drinksbycountry')

In [42]: drinks.head(3)

Out[42]:

	country	beer_servings	spirit_servings	wine_servings	total_litres_of_pure_alcohol	continent
0	Afghanistan	0	0	0	0.0	Asia
1	Albania	89	132	54	4.9	Europe
2	Algeria	25	0	14	0.7	Africa

In [46]: drinks1 = drinks[['beer_servings','spirit_servings','wine_servings','country']]

In [47]: drinks1.head(3)

Out[47]:

	beer_servings	spirit_servings	wine_servings	country
0	0	0	0	Afghanistan
1	89	132	54	Albania
2	25	0	14	Algeria

In [61]: drinks1[['beer_servings','spirit_servings','wine_servings']].apply(max)

Out[61]: beer_servings 376

spirit_servings 438
wine_servings 370

dtype: int64

Exploring the countries with the maximum values found in the previous result

In [80]: # Top 10 beer consuming countries. Strange to see Namibia. May be an error.
drinks[['country','beer_servings']].sort_values(by='beer_servings',ascending=False).head(10)

Out[80]:

	country	beer_servings
117	Namibia	376
45	Czech Republic	361
62	Gabon	347
65	Germany	346
98	Lithuania	343
135	Poland	343
188	Venezuela	333
81	Ireland	313
129	Palau	306
140	Romania	297

In [63]: drinks[drinks['beer_servings']==376]

Out[63]:

	country	beer_servings	spirit_servings	wine_servings	total_litres_of_pure_alcohol	continent
117	Namibia	376	3	1	6.8	Africa

In [65]: drinks[drinks['spirit_servings']==438]

Out[65]:

		country	beer_servings	spirit_servings	wine_servings	total_litres_of_pure_alcohol	continent
Ī	68	Grenada	199	438	28	11.9	North America

In [66]: drinks[drinks['wine_servings']==370]

Out[66]:

	country	beer_servings	spirit_servings	wine_servings	total_litres_of_pure_alcohol	continent
61	France	127	151	370	11.8	Europe

In [73]: # Known countries for the Highest beer consumption
 drinks[(drinks['country']=='Czech Republic') | (drinks['country']=='Germany') | (drinks['beer_servings']==376)]

Out[73]:

	country	beer_servings	spirit_servings	wine_servings	total_litres_of_pure_alcohol	continent
45	Czech Republic	361	170	134	11.8	Europe
65	Germany	346	117	175	11.3	Europe
117	Namibia	376	3	1	6.8	Africa

In [1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

In [5]: train.head()

Out[5]:

: [Passengerld	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Embarked
	0	1	0	3	Braund, Mr. Owen Harris	male	22.0	1	0	A/5 21171	7.2500	NaN	s
	1	2	1	1	Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th	female	38.0	1	0	PC 17599	71.2833	C85	С
Ī	2	3	1	3	Heikkinen, Miss. Laina	female	26.0	0	0	STON/O2. 3101282	7.9250	NaN	s
	3	4	1	1	Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)	female	35.0	1	0	113803	53.1000	C123	S
	4	5	0	3	Allen, Mr. William Henry	male	35.0	0	0	373450	8.0500	NaN	s

Conditional Selection

```
In [18]: def name(x):
    if 'mrs' in x.lower():
       return True
    else:
       return False
```

In [16]: train[train['Name'].apply(lambda x: name(x))].head()

Out[16]:

	Passengerld	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Embarked
1	2	1	1	Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th	female	38.0	1	0	PC 17599	71.2833	C85	С
3	4	1	1	Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)	female	35.0	1	0	113803	53.1000	C123	s
8	9	1	3	Johnson, Mrs. Oscar W (Elisabeth Vilhelmina Berg)	female	27.0	0	2	347742	11.1333	NaN	s
9	10	1	2	Nasser, Mrs. Nicholas (Adele Achem)	female	14.0	1	0	237736	30.0708	NaN	С
15	16	1	2	Hewlett, Mrs. (Mary D Kingcome)	female	55.0	0	0	248706	16.0000	NaN	S

```
In [23]: # People with Mrs. as initial are 112 in total.
train[train['Name'].apply(lambda x: name(x))]['Age'].count()
```

Out[23]: 112

```
In [19]: def name2(x):
    if 'miss' in x.lower():
        return True
    else:
        return False
```

In [22]: train[train['Name'].apply(lambda x: name2(x))].head()

Out[22]:

	Passengerld	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Embarked
2	3	1	3	Heikkinen, Miss. Laina	female	26.0	0	0	STON/O2. 3101282	7.9250	NaN	s
10	11	1	3	Sandstrom, Miss. Marguerite Rut	female	4.0	1	1	PP 9549	16.7000	G6	s
11	12	1	1	Bonnell, Miss. Elizabeth	female	58.0	0	0	113783	26.5500	C103	S
14	15	0	3	Vestrom, Miss. Hulda Amanda Adolfina	female	14.0	0	0	350406	7.8542	NaN	S
22	23	1	3	McGowan, Miss. Anna "Annie"	female	15.0	0	0	330923	8.0292	NaN	Q

```
In [25]: # People with Miss as initial are 146 in total.
train[train['Name'].apply(lambda x: name2(x))]['Age'].count()
```

Out[25]: 146

```
In [35]: #Practicing with conditional selection
    def numb(x):
        if '16' in x:
            return True
        else:
            return False
```

In [36]: train[train['Ticket'].apply(lambda x: numb(x))].head()

Out[36]:

	Passengerld	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Embarked
29	30	0	3	Todoroff, Mr. Lalio	male	NaN	0	0	349216	7.8958	NaN	s
41	42	0	2	Turpin, Mrs. William John Robert (Dorothy Ann	female	27.0	1	0	11668	21.0000	NaN	s
74	75	1	3	Bing, Mr. Lee	male	32.0	0	0	1601	56.4958	NaN	s
79	80	1	3	Dowdell, Miss. Elizabeth	female	30.0	0	0	364516	12.4750	NaN	S
11	118	0	2	Turpin, Mr. William John Robert	male	29.0	1	0	11668	21.0000	NaN	S

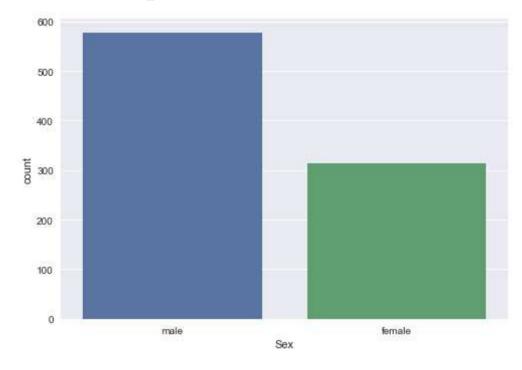
In [49]: #Exploring how many tickets had a price of more than \$100
train[train['Fare']>100]['PassengerId'].count()

#Result: Out of 891 of total passengers, 53 had purchase a ticket of more than \$100

Out[49]: 53

In [48]: # Demographics on Sex
sns.countplot(x='Sex', data=train)

Out[48]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1d29c03ff60>



In []: