

# Getting the Most Out of RStudio

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June 26, 2012

## Setup For Day 2

- Confirming everyone is setup
- Install the knitr package (v0.5+)  
<https://github.com/yihui/knitr>
- Install TeX  
<http://www.latex-project.org/ftp.html>
- Obtain tutorial files:
  - GitHub - Download repository as Zip file  
<https://github.com/jwpaulson/rstudio-training>
  - USB Drive - Ask Josh

- Customized Reports and Presentations (Sweave/knitr)
- Interactive R Documents (R Markdown/Notebook)
- Publishing Code, Analysis, and Results (RPods)
- Debugging R Code
- Troubleshooting and Getting Help with R
- Best Practices for R Programming
- Introduction to RStudio Server

- Current workflow and what's the problem?

- Selection and Response Interface
- Copy and Paste to MS Word
- Publish Results

- How does this lead to problems?

- John Chamber's **Prime Directive**:

“Program in such a way that the computations can be understood and trusted.”

- LaTeX is a Reproducible Document Format
- Sweave combines LaTeX and R Code:  
(See “sweave/demo.pdf” example)
- Couple Code with Analysis and Results
- Create Reusable and Repeatable Research
- Improved Transparency of Results and Publications
- Trustworthy Analysis That is Fully Inspectable
- LaTeX Help:  
<http://www.stdout.org/~winston/latex/>

- Step Through Your R Code
- Auto-completion for Chunk Options
- Chunk Navigation and Syntax Highlighting
- One-Click Compile PDF
- Error Navigation
- SyncTeX and Concordance
- Spell Check Your Document
- RStudio runs Sweave in a separate process for reproducibility

- Creating an Sweave File
- <http://rpubs.com/josh/activity-7>
- Insert R Code Chunks
- Customize Chunk Options
- Compile to PDF
- Use SyncTeX and Other Features
- Ask Questions

- You can also make presentations with Sweave
- Beamer is a specific class of LaTeX.
- Open file: “beamer/beamer.pdf”  
Look familiar? These slides were created with beamer
- Now let's look at the source code. Open file:  
“beamer/beamer.tex”
- Beamer Help:  
<http://www.math.umbc.edu/~rouben/beamer/>  
<https://bitbucket.org/rivanvx/beamer/wiki/Home>



- See “sweave/knit-minimal.pdf” Example
- Differences between Sweave and knitr
- New Chunk Options
- <http://yihui.name/knitr/options>
- Customizing Figures

- Switching to knitr
- <http://rpubs.com/josh/activity-8>
- New Chunk Options
- Compile to PDF
- Ask Questions

# Create an HTML Notebook

- knitr allows us to do a lot more in RStudio
- Wrap R Script into a Sharable HTML File
- Quickly print and share your code and its output
- Publish online or share on an internal network

- Create an HTML Notebook
- <http://rpubs.com/josh/activity-9>
- Turn R Scripts to an HTML Notebook
- Note: knitr Package (version 0.5 or later) Required
- Ask Questions

- Reproducible Research Without the TeX-pertise
- Accessible Syntax (Markdown) for Easy Report Generation
- Interweave R Code and Contextual Analysis
- Standalone HTML File - Easy to share
- Support for Dynamic and Interactive Content

- Learning Markdown:
  - Default R Markdown Template
  - Markdown Quick Reference (Click **MD** Button)
- Insert R Code Chunk
- Customize Chunk Options
- Run R Code and Evaluate Chunks
- Chunk Navigation
- Knit HTML

- Create an R Markdown File
- <http://rpubs.com/josh/activity-10>
- Insert an R Code Chunk, Commands, and Plots
- Customize Chunk Options (figures, etc.)
- Knit HTML
- <http://yihui.name/knitr/options>
- Ask Questions

# Publishing Over the Web with RPubS

- Easy Web Publishing From R
- One Click to Share Results and Analysis:
  - Ad-Hoc Sharing of Work
  - Classroom Environment (Lectures and Homework)
  - More Examples at RPubS website
- Free for Public Documents
- Check it out: <https://rpubs.com/>



- Publish Your First Document to RPubS
- <http://rpubs.com/josh/activity-11>
- Use R Markdown to Publish
- Make Changes and Republish
- Publish a HTML Notebook
- Note: knitr Package (version 0.5 or later) Required
- Ask Questions

- `traceback()` - identifies the error (prints call stack)
- `browser()` - pauses R to allow “interactive” debugging
- `debug()` - Stats debugger with `browser()` statements for an expression
- `options(error = recover)` - automatically starts debugger on error
- `options(warn = 2)` - converts all warnings into errors (easier identification)

- Advantage of RStudio
- Utilize workspace with `browser()`
- Code Navigation
- View the Source with **Go to Function Definition**
- Future Interactive Debugger?

- Debugging your R code
- <http://rpubs.com/josh/activity-12>
- Use features of RStudio for easier debugging
- Ask Questions

## Profile your code

- Allows you to see what is called and how long it took
- Use `Rprof()`?
  - > `Rprof("profile-qplot.txt")`
  - > `qplot(carat, price, color=clarity, data=diamonds)`
  - > `Rprof(NULL)`
- Better from `profr` package
  - > `library(profr)`
  - > `profR(print(qplot(carat, price, color=clarity, data=diamonds)))`

# Troubleshooting and Getting Help with R

- Use Code Completion to Mitigate Errors
- Learning a New Package
- Press **F1** for Function Help
- Press **F2** to View Function Definition
- Advantage of Side-By-Side Help
- Inspect Source Code and View Function Definitions

# Everything in R is an Object

- Variables, Data, Functions, R expressions, etc.
- show object “x” as a variable and function
- Note that objects are copied in assignment statements

```
> x <- 1:10
```

```
> y <- x
```

```
> x <- 10 %% 3
```

```
> x
```

```
> y
```

# Problems with Graphics

- Example:
  - > *source("plots/chart.R")*
  - > *plot(cars)*
- Likely leftover graphics settings/options
- Use `dev.off()` to reset graphics device



# Problems with Graphics

- Difference between what see and when save
- Example:
  - > *png()*
  - > *plot(cars)*
  - > *dev.off()*
- Use the export plot feature to finalize

# De-Mystifying Errors

- R returns a `+` ... now what?
- Missing a parentheses or quote?
- Press **Esc**
- Error: No such file or directory
- Problem with path or working directory?
- see current working directory in title bar  
    `> getwd()`

# De-Mystifying Errors

- Likely a bug in the code - look at what you executed
- Check your working directory
- Check your version of R and packages
- 32-bit vs 64-bit problem?
- Permissions problem?
- Network problem - proxies, etc.?
- Try on another machine

## De-Mystifying Errors - Resources

- There are lots of online resources to help you:
- RSeek meta search engine:  
<http://www.rseek.org/>
- Stack Overflow - R Tag:  
<http://stackoverflow.com/questions/tagged/r>
- R-help mailing list:  
<https://stat.ethz.ch/mailman/listinfo/r-help>
- R-help list archives:  
<http://tolstoy.newcastle.edu.au/R/>

## Read Error Messages

*ERROR: dependency parser is not available for package formatR*

*\* removing /home/josh/R/library/formatR*

*Warning in install.packages :*

*installation of package formatR had non-zero exit status*

*ERROR: dependencies formatR, highlight are not available for package knitr*

*\* removing /home/josh/R/library/knitr*

*Warning in install.packages :*

*installation of package knitr had non-zero exit status*

- Is this an R Problem or RStudio Problem?
- RStudio is only an interface for R, it's not R
- R session failed to start?
- Version, Startup files, Can't find R?  
Firewall and proxy settings?

<http://support.rstudio.org/help/kb/troubleshooting/rstudio-will-not-start>

- log files: Help Menu | Diagnostics | Show Log Files

<http://support.rstudio.org/help/kb/troubleshooting/rstudio-application-logs>

- Reset RStudio's state?

<http://support.rstudio.org/help/kb/troubleshooting/resetting-rstudios-state>

- Report it to us:

<http://support.rstudio.org/>

- R version and other information:

```
> sessionInfo()
```

- Version of RStudio

```
> RStudio.version()
```

- We're constantly updating RStudio
- New Features
- We fix bugs and they become in the daily
- <http://www.rstudio.org/download/daily/>
- Upgrading and reverting back to an older version



- Don't use `attach()` for data
- Think reproducibility
- Example:
  - > `cars$speed`
  - > `speed`
  - > `attach(cars)`
  - > `speed`
  - > `detach(cars)`
- Ambiguous, not sharable, and hard to look back at code

- With knitr, cache results for longer computations
- Example:

```
> fibo j- function(n) {  
+   if ( n j 2 ) n  
+   else fibo(n-1) + fibo(n-2)  
+ }  
> for(i in 0:28) fibo(i)
```

- Startup files - see ?Startup
- .Rprofile() - runs R script at beginning of session
- Rprofile.site - global profile for all users
- .Renviron() - defines environment variables

- Speed can be important
- Breakup scripts into functions
- Use vectorized operations not loops
- Are you making R slow (too many copies)?  
Example: ggplot2 package  
    > library(ggplot2)  
    > qplot(carat, price, color=clarity, data=diamonds)

- RStudio also runs over the web (via RStudio Server)
- Why run over the web?
  - Multiple users can share single high-capacity Linux server
  - Seamlessly switch computers and preserve full session context
  - Collaboration (easy sharing of code, data, and configuration)
- RStudio's user interface is built using JavaScript so the desktop and web experiences are identical
- Sync between desktop and web with version control

- Requires Linux

- Download and Install

- `$ wget http://download2.rstudio.org/rstudio-server-0.96.304-amd64.deb`
  - `$ sudo dpkg -i rstudio-server-0.96.304-amd64.deb`

- Accessing the Server

- `http://<server-ip>:8787`

- Configuration and Management

- [http://www.rstudio.org/docs/server/getting\\_started](http://www.rstudio.org/docs/server/getting_started)

## Recap and Review

- Reproducible Research with Sweave and knitr
- R Markdown for easier/flexible reports
- Publish and share results on RPubS
- Debugging your R code
- Troubleshooting
- Best Practices
- RStudio Server

# Thank You

- Feedback and Questions
- See more on our website:
  - <http://www.rstudio.org>
- Contact me:
  - [josh@rstudio.org](mailto:josh@rstudio.org)