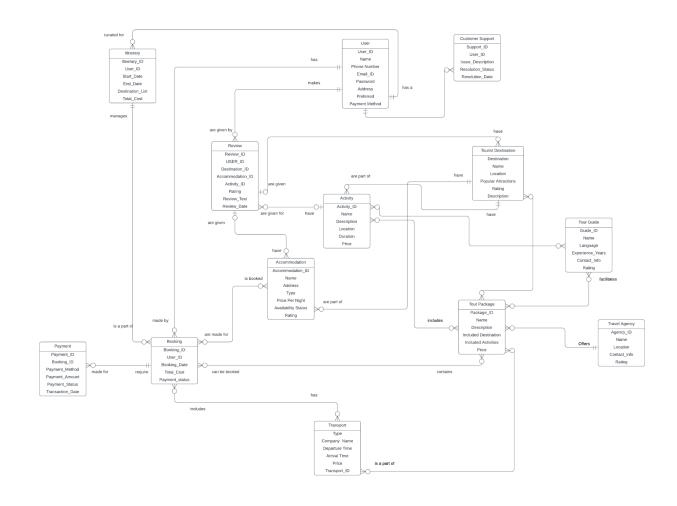
# **Tourism Management System**

# **Group 8**

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## **Business Problems Addressed by the Database**

The database aims to streamline and manage information related to travel and tourism. It addresses the following business problems:

- **Efficient Itinerary Management:** Organizes user travel plans, including accommodations, activities, and transport.
- **Booking and Payment Integration:** Manages bookings and payments, reducing manual errors and ensuring smooth transactions.
- User Experience Enhancement: Stores user reviews and ratings for accommodations, activities, and destinations to help customers make informed decisions.
- **Tour Management:** Allows travel agencies to manage and offer tour packages that include destinations, activities, and transportation.
- Customer Support Handling: Keeps track of user issues and resolutions, improving customer service.

### **Business Rules**

- 1. **User Management Rules :** Every user must provide a unique email and password to register. All fields marked as mandatory must be filled before a user can successfully register.
- 2. **Booking and Payment Rules**: A user can only book an accommodation, activity, or transport if it is marked as available for the selected dates.
- 3. **Payment Processing**: All bookings must be confirmed only after successful payment.
- 4. **Package Inclusions**: A tour package must include at least one accommodation, one activity, and one transport option. Customization of tour packages is allowed based on user preferences.
- 5. **Itinerary Management**: Users can create itineraries that include multiple bookings. An itinerary must have a specific start and end date and cannot overlap with other itineraries for the same user.

## **Entities and Their Relationships**

#### 1. User:

- Why included: Travelers utilizing the platform must be identified and managed by the system. This organization maintains critical user data, including payment methods, preferences, and personal information.
- Attributes: User\_ID, Name, Phone\_Number, Email\_ID, Password, Address, Preferred\_Payment\_Method

## Relationships:

- One-to-Many with Itinerary: A user can create multiple itineraries, but each itinerary belongs to only one user. This is because a user may plan multiple trips (past, present, or future), but each trip is specific to them.
- One-to-Many with Booking: A user can make many bookings for accommodations, activities, or transport. Each booking, however, belongs to only one user.
- One-to-Many with Review: A user can write multiple reviews, but each review is tied to a single user.
- One-to-Many with Customer Support: Each user can have interactions with multiple customer support, but each support request is tied to only one user.

# 2. Itinerary:

- Why included: This entity is responsible for arranging and overseeing a user's travel arrangements, integrating reservations for accommodation, activities, and transportation into a seamless journey.
- Attributes: Itinerary\_ID, User\_ID, Start\_Date, End\_Date, Destination\_List, Total\_Cost

## Relationships:

- Many-to-One with User: Each itinerary is created by one user, but a user can have many itineraries.
- One-to-Many with Booking: An itinerary includes several bookings (for accommodation, transport, and activities). Each booking, however, is for a specific itinerary to keep things organized.

#### 3. Tourist Destination:

- Why included: With details on the location, points of interest, and ratings, this entity represents well-known locations that users can visit. It's crucial for assisting users in making travel decisions.
- Attributes: Destination\_ID, Name, Location, Popular\_Attractions, Rating, Description
- Relationships:

- One-to-Many with Review: A destination can have many reviews written by different users, but each review is for one destination.
- One-to-Many with Activity: Each tourist destination offers several activities, but each activity is tied to one destination.
- One-to-Many with Accommodation: A destination can have several accommodations (hotels, etc.), but each accommodation is tied to one destination.

#### 4. Review:

- Why included: Reviews offer commentary on lodging, events, and travel locations, assisting users in making wise selections. Because they provide social proof, reviews are an essential component of improving the user experience.
- Attributes: Review\_ID, User\_ID, Destination\_ID, Accommodation\_ID, Activity\_ID, Rating, Review\_Text, Review\_Date
- Relationships:
  - Many-to-One with User: Each review is written by one user, but a user can write many reviews.
  - Many-to-One with Destination, Accommodation, or Activity: A review is tied to a specific destination, accommodation, or activity, but each of these entities can have many reviews from different users.

## 5. Activity:

- Why included: Activities are things that travelers can do while traveling.
  This helps users in scheduling and organizing activities for their trip.
- o Attributes: Activity\_ID, Name, Description, Location, Duration, Price
- Relationships:
  - Many-to-One with Tourist Destination: An activity takes place at one specific destination, but a destination can offer multiple activities.
  - One-to-Many with Review: Each activity can have several reviews, but a review is tied to one activity.
  - One-to-Many with Booking: Users can book several activities, but each booking is for one activity.

#### 6. Accommodation:

- Why included: Accommodations refer to the places that travelers stay, such as hotels and resorts. This entity is essential to enabling users to make reservations for lodging.
- Attributes: Accommodation\_ID, Name, Address, Type, Price\_Per\_Night, Availability\_Status, Rating
- Relationships:

- Many-to-One with Tourist Destination: An accommodation belongs to one destination, but each destination can have many accommodations.
- One-to-Many with Review: Each accommodation can have many reviews, but a review is tied to one accommodation.
- One-to-Many with Booking: Users can book multiple accommodations, but each booking is tied to one specific accommodation.

#### 7. Tour Guide:

- Why included: This entity is for people who provide activities or trips with guides. Tour guides provide knowledge and direction throughout activities, which improves the user's experience.
- Attributes: Guide\_ID, Name, Language, Experience\_Years, Contact\_Info, Rating
- Relationships:
  - One-to-Many with Tour Package: A tour guide can manage multiple tour packages, but each package is assigned to one guide.

## 8. Tour Package:

- Why included: Tour packages include lodging, activities, and destinations to provide customers a fully immersive experience. This organization makes vacation planning easier by providing pre-planned travel experiences.
- Attributes: Package\_ID, Name, Description, Included\_Destination, Included Activities, Price
- Relationships:
  - Many-to-One with Tour Guide: Each tour package is led by one tour guide, but a tour guide may lead multiple packages.
  - One-to-Many with Booking: A tour package can be booked by many users, but each booking belongs to one specific package.

#### Booking:

- Why included: This entity keeps track of a user's reservations for lodging, events, or transportation. It serves as the system's central component, guaranteeing that users can make and manage reservations.
- o Attributes: Booking\_ID, User\_ID, Booking\_Date, Total\_Cost, Payment\_Status
- Relationships:
  - Many-to-One with User: Each booking is made by one user, but a user can make many bookings.
  - Many-to-One with Itinerary: A booking belongs to one itinerary, but an itinerary can include multiple bookings.

■ Many-to-One with Accommodation, and Tour Package: Each booking is for one accommodation, activity, or tour package, but each of these entities can have many bookings.

## 10. Transport:

- Why included: Travel arrangements between locations can be scheduled using modes of transportation like buses, trains, and airplanes. This organization is necessary to guarantee easy travel arrangements.
- Attributes: Transport\_ID, Type, Company\_Name, Departure\_Time, Arrival\_Time,
  Price
- Relationships:
  - One-to-Many with Booking: Users can book multiple transports, but each booking is for one specific transport.

## 11. Payment:

- Why included: The payment entity keeps track of booking-related transactions. This is essential for controlling user payments and guaranteeing that reservations are validated following successful transactions.
- Attributes: Payment\_ID, Booking\_ID, Payment\_Method, Payment\_Amount, Payment\_Status, Transaction\_Date
- Relationships:
  - **Many-to-One** with **Booking**: Each payment is tied to one booking, but each booking generates a payment.

## 12. Customer Support:

- Why included: This organization keeps track of user-posted complaints and their resolution. It guarantees that consumers will have a means of resolving issues that arise when making reservations or traveling.
- Attributes: Support\_ID, User\_ID, Issue\_Description, Resolution\_Status, Resolution\_Date
- Relationships:
  - Many-to-One with User: Each support request belongs to one user, but a user can have multiple requests.

### 13. Travel Agency:

- Why included: This entity is a representative of the travel agency that provides services like lodging and tours. It controls user interactions and aids with the organization of the services offered.
- Attributes: Agency\_ID, Name, Location, Contact\_Info, Rating
- Relationships:
  - One-to-Many with Tour Package: A travel agency can offer several tour packages, but each tour package is managed by one travel agency.