

```
[173]. import selenium
import pandas as pd
from selenium import webdriver
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
from selenium.webdriver.common.by import By
import time

In [2]: #1. Scrape the details of most viewed videos on YouTube from Wikipedia.url = https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_most-viewed_YouTube_videos
#you need to find following details:A) Rank B) Name C) Artist D) Upload date E) Views
driver=webdriver.Chrome("chromedriver.exe")
driver.get("https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_most-viewed_YouTube_videos")
time.sleep(5)

In [3]: rank=[]
name=[]
artist=[]
dates=[]
views=[]

In [5]: rank_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//td[@align="left"]')
for i in rank_tags:
    r=i.text
    rank.append(r)

name_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//a[@class="mw-redirect"]')
for i in name_tags:
    n=i.text
    name.append(n)

artist_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//a[@title="Pinkfong"]')
for i in artist_tags:
    artist=i.text
    artist.append(artist)

date_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//td[@align="right"]')
for i in date_tags:
    dates=i.text
    dates.append(date)

views_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//td[@align="center"]')
for i in views_tags:
    v=i.text
    views.append(views)

In [6]: print(len(rank), len(name), len(artist), len(views))

0 19 4 129

In [7]: #2. Scrape the details team India's international fixtures from bcci.tv. url = https://www.bcci.tv/You need to find following
#details: A) Match title (i.e. 1st ODI) B) Series C) Place D) Date E) Time
#Note: - From bcci.tv home page you have reach to the international fixture page through code

In [9]: driver=webdriver.Chrome("chromedriver.exe")
driver.get("https://www.bcci.tv/")
time.sleep(5)

In [10]: element = driver.find_element(By.CLASS_NAME, 'nav-link ')
element.click()

In [11]: title=[]
series=[]
series=[]
date=[]
time=[]

In [12]: element=driver.find_element(By.XPATH, '//button[@class="match-btn btn-red d-flex align-items-center justify-content-center mx-auto mt-3"]')
element.click()

In [15]: title_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//span[@class="matchOrderText ng-binding ng-scope"]')
for i in title_tags:
    tit=i.text
    title.append(titl)

series_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//span[@class="ng-binding"]')
for i in series_tags:
    ser=i.text
    series.append(ser)

place_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//span[@class="ng-binding ng-scope"]')
for i in place_tags:
    place=i.text
    place.append(pla)

date_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//div[@class="match-card-left match-schedule"]')
for i in date_tags:
    date=i.text
    date.append(dat)

time_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//div[@class="match-card-right match-schedule "]')
for i in time_tags:
    time=i.text
    time.append(tim)

In [17]: print(len(title), len(series), len(place), len(date), len(time))

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In [21]: df=pd.DataFrame({'Title': title, 'Series': series, 'Place': place, 'Date': date, 'Time': time})
df

Out[21]:
   Title                                     Series                                     Place      Date      Time
0  3rd T20i- INDIA WOMEN TOUR OF ENGLAND T20 SERIES 2022                      County Ground,  15 SEP 2022  11:00 PM IST
1  1st ODI- INDIA WOMEN TOUR OF ENGLAND ODI SERIES 2022                      County Ground,  20 SEP 2022  3:30 PM IST
2  1st T20i- AUSTRALIA TOUR OF INDIA T20 SERIES 2022  Punjab Cricket Association'S Bindra Stadium,  20 SEP 2022  7:30 PM IST
3  2nd ODI- INDIA WOMEN TOUR OF ENGLAND ODI SERIES 2022                      St Lawrence Ground,  21 SEP 2022  5:30 PM IST
4  2nd T20i- AUSTRALIA TOUR OF INDIA T20 SERIES 2022  Vidarbha Cricket Association Stadium,  23 SEP 2022  7:30 PM IST
5  3rd ODI- INDIA WOMEN TOUR OF ENGLAND ODI SERIES 2022                      Lords Cricket Ground,  23 SEP 2022  3:30 PM IST
6  3rd T20i- AUSTRALIA TOUR OF INDIA T20 SERIES 2022  Rajiv Gandhi International Stadium,  25 SEP 2022  7:30 PM IST
7  1st T20i- SOUTH AFRICA TOUR OF INDIA T20 SERIES 2022-23  Greenfield International Stadium,  28 SEP 2022  7:30 PM IST
8  2nd T20i- SOUTH AFRICA TOUR OF INDIA T20 SERIES 2022-23  Barapara Cricket Stadium,  2 OCT 2022  7:30 PM IST
9  3rd T20i- SOUTH AFRICA TOUR OF INDIA T20 SERIES 2022-23  Holkar Cricket Stadium,  4 OCT 2022  7:30 PM IST
10 1st ODI- SOUTH AFRICA TOUR OF INDIA ODI SERIES 2022-23  Bharat Ratna Shri Atal Bihari Vajpayee Ekana Cr...,  6 OCT 2022  1:30 PM IST
11 2nd ODI- SOUTH AFRICA TOUR OF INDIA ODI SERIES 2022-23  JSCA International Stadium Complex,  9 OCT 2022  1:30 PM IST
12 3rd ODI- SOUTH AFRICA TOUR OF INDIA ODI SERIES 2022-23  Arun Jaitley Stadium,  11 OCT 2022  1:30 PM IST

In [67]: #3. Scrape the details of selenium exception from gurus99.com. url = https://www.gurus99.com/ You need to find following details:
#4) Name B) Description Note: - From gurus99 home page you have to reach to selenium exception handling page through code.

In [ ]:

In [68]: #4. Scrape the details of State-wise GDP of India from statistictime.com. url = http://statisticstime.com/
#you have to find following details: A) Rank B) State C) GSDP(18-19) D) GSDP(17-18) E) Share(2017) F) GDP($ billion)
#Note: - From statisticstimes home page you have to reach to economy page through code

In [61]: driver=webdriver.Chrome("chromedriver.exe")
driver.get("https://www.statisticstimes.com/economy/india/indian-states-gdp.php")
time.sleep(5)

In [62]: rank=[]
state=[]
gsdp1=[]
gsdp2=[]
share=[]
gdp=[]

In [63]: rank_tags=driver.find_elements(By.CLASS_NAME, 'data1')
for i in rank_tags[:34]:
    ran=i.text
    rank.append(ran)

state_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//td[@class="name"]')
for i in state_tags[:34]:
    sta=i.text
    state.append(sta)

gsdp1_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//td[@class="data"][:1]')
for i in gsdp1_tags[:34]:
    gsdp1=i.text
    gsdp1.append(gsdp1)

gsdp2_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//td[@class="data"][:2]')
for i in gsdp2_tags[:34]:
    gsdp2=i.text
    gsdp2.append(gsdp2)

share_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//td[@class="data"][:3]')
for i in share_tags[:34]:
    sh=i.text
    share.append(sh)

gdp_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//td[@class="data sorting-1"]')
for i in gdp_tags[:34]:
    gdp=i.text
    gdp.append(gdp)

In [64]: print(len(rank), len(state), len(gsdp1), len(gsdp2), len(share), len(gdp))

34 34 34 34 34 34

In [68]: df=pd.DataFrame({'Rank':rank, 'State': state, 'GSDP(19-20)':gsdp1, 'GSDP(18-19)':gsdp2, 'Share':share, 'GDP(18-19)':gdp})
df

Out[68]:
   Rank  State  GSDP(19-20)  GSDP(18-19)  Share  GDP(18-19)
0      1  Maharashtra      -      13.94%      399.921      2,632.792
1      2      Tamil Nadu      1,845.853      8.63%      247.629      1,630.208
2      3      Uttar Pradesh      1,087.818      8.39%      240.726      1,584.764
3      4      Gujarat      -      7.96%      228.290      1,502.899
4      5      Karnataka      1,631.977      7.81%      226.806      1,493.127
5      6      West Bengal      1,253.832      5.77%      165.556      1,089.898
6      7      Rajasthan      972.782      4.99%      143.179      942.586
7      8      Andhra Pradesh      972.782      4.57%      131.083      862.957
8      9      Telangana      969.604      4.56%      130.791      861.031
9      10      Madhya Pradesh      906.672      4.29%      122.977      809.592
10     11      Kerala      -      4.14%      118.733      781.653
11     12      Delhi      856.112      4.10%      117.703      774.870
12     13      Haryana      831.610      3.89%      111.519      734.163
13     14      Bihar      611.804      2.81%      80.562      530.363
14     15      Punjab      574.760      2.79%      79.957      526.376
15     16      Odisha      521.275      2.58%      74.098      487.805
16     17      Assam      -      1.67%      47.892      315.881
17     18      Chhattisgarh      329.180      1.61%      46.187      304.063
18     19      Jharkhand      328.598      1.57%      45.145      297.204
19     20      Uttarakhand      -      1.30%      37.351      245.895
20     21      Jammu & Kashmir      -      0.83%      23.690      155.956
21     22      Himachal Pradesh      165.472      0.81%      23.369      153.845
22     23      Goa      80.449      0.39%      11.115      73.170
23     24      Tripura      55.984      0.26%      7.571      49.845
24     25      Chandigarh      -      0.22%      6.397      42.114
25     26      Puducherry      38.253      0.18%      5.230      34.433
26     27      Meghalaya      36.572      0.18%      5.086      33.481
27     28      Sikkim      32.496      0.15%      4.363      28.723
28     29      Manipur      31.790      0.15%      4.233      27.870
29     30      Nagaland      -      0.14%      4.144      27.283
30     31      Arunachal Pradesh      -      0.13%      3.737      24.603
31     32      Mizoram      26.503      0.12%      3.385      22.287
32     33      Andaman & Nicobar Islands      -      -      -      -
33     34      India      20,351,013      18.886,957      2,332,992

In [68]: #5. Scrape the details of trending repositories on Github.com. url = https://github.com/ You have to find the following details:
#4) Repository Title B) Repository description C) Contributors count D) Language used
#Note: - From the home page you have to click on the trending option from Explore menu through code

In [68]: driver=webdriver.Chrome("chromedriver.exe")
driver.get("https://github.com/")
time.sleep(5)

In [69]: element=driver.find_element(By.XPATH, '//li[@class="HeaderMenu-item position-relative flex-wrap flex-justify-between flex-items-center d-block d-lg-flex flex-lg-nowrap flex-lg-items-1"]')
element.click()
time.sleep(5)

In [117]: driver.get("https://github.com/trending")

In [118]: title=[]
description=[]
count=[]
language=[]

In [119]: title_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//span[@class="text-normal"]')
for i in title_tags[:25]:
    tit=i.text
    title.append(ti)

description_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//p[@class="col-9 color-fg-muted my-1 pr-4"]')
for i in description_tags[:25]:
    des=i.text
    description.append(des)

count_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//a[@class="Link--muted d-inline-block mr-3"][:2]')
for i in count_tags[:25]:
    cnt=i.text
    count.append(cnt)

language_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//span[@class="d-inline-block ml-0 mr-3"]')
for i in language_tags:
    lan=i.text
    language.append(lan)

In [120]: print(len(title), len(description), len(count), len(language))

25 25 25 29

In [121]: df=pd.DataFrame({'Repository Title': title, 'Repository Description': description, 'Contributors Count': count})
df

Out[121]:
   Repository Title      Repository Description  Contributors Count
0  datasciencedatasets/ Beautiful charts for iOS/macOS/OSX The Apple s...      5,481
1  sumodish/ A scalable, distributed, collaborative, docs-u...      132
2  TheAlgorithms/ All Algorithms implemented in Python      36,742
3  SerenityOS/ Ladybird web browser      56
4  divyanshugpta/ Diffusion Bee is the easiest way to run Stable...      62
5  karpathy/ Neural Networks: Zero to Hero      52
6  EbookFoundation/ 📖 Freely available programming books      50,681
7  twitter/ Static checks to aid with a healthy adoption o...      17
8  rfn-io/ Free and source-available fair-code licensed w...      2,943
9  InterviewReady/ These are the best resources for System Design...      892
10 moby/ Moby Project - a collaborative project for the...      18,279
11 Alamofire/ Elegant HTTP Networking in Swift      7,245
12 AykutSarac/ Seamlessly visualize your JSON data instant...      537
13 pocketbase/ Open Source realtime backend in 1 file      382
14 ascoders/ 数据科学周刊，帮你理解最新、实用的技术。      2,544
15 jellyfin/ The Free Software Media System      1,633
16 applications/ An opinionated guide on how to become a profes...      412
17 vassantk/ What happens behind the scenes when we type w...      1,045
18 rust-lang/ Empowering everyone to build reliable and eff...      9,752
19 dotnet/ Home repository for .NET Core      4,608
20 microsoft/ Playwright is a framework for Web Testing and ...      2,001
21 gothinkster/ "The mother of all demo apps" — Exemplary full...      6,411
22 SerenityOS/ The Serenity Operating System 🍓      2,302
23 jwasham/ A complete computer science study plan to becoo...      62,338
24 pytorch-lab/ A PyTorch-based image processing GUI al...      40

In [137]: #6. Scrape the details of top 100 songs on billboard.com. url = https://www.billboard.com/ You have to find the following
#details: A) Song name B) Artist name C) Last week rank D) Peak rank E) Weeks on board
#Note: - From the home page you have to click on the charts option then top 100-page link through code.

In [68]: driver=webdriver.Chrome("chromedriver.exe")
driver.get("https://www.billboard.com/")
time.sleep(5)

In [97]: element=driver.find_element(By.XPATH, '//a[@class="c-link lrv-a-unstyle-link lrv-a-unstyle-link lrv-u-color-brand-accent-blue: hover lrv-a-hover-effect lrv-u-whitespace-nowrap lrv-u-element-click()')
element.click()

In [98]: element=driver.find_element(By.XPATH, '//a[@class="c-link lrv-a-unstyle-link lrv-u-color-brand-primary: hover lrv-a-hover-effect lrv-u-whitespace-nowrap lrv-u-color-grey-dark"][:1]')
element.click()

In [99]: name=[]
artist_name=[]
rank=[]
peak_rank=[]
week=[]

In [100]: song_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//h3[@class="c-title a-no-truncate a-font-primary-bold-s u-letter-spacing-0021 u-font-size-28@tablet lrv-u-font-size-16 u-line-height-125 u-']')
for i in song_tags:
    song=i.text
    name.append(song)

song_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//h3[@class="c-title a-no-truncate a-font-primary-bold-s u-letter-spacing-0021 lrv-u-font-size-18@tablet lrv-u-font-size-16 u-line-height-125 u-']')
for i in song_tags:
    song=i.text
    name.append(song)

artist_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//span[@class="c-label a-no-truncate a-font-primary-s lrv-u-font-size-14@mobile-max u-line-height-normal@mobile-max u-letter-spacing-0021"]')
for i in artist_tags:
    arti=i.text
    artist_name.append(arti)

artist_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//span[@class="c-label a-no-truncate a-font-primary-s lrv-u-font-size-14@mobile-max u-line-height-normal@mobile-max u-letter-spacing-0021"]')
for i in artist_tags:
    arti=i.text
    artist_name.append(arti)

rank_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//li[@class="o-chart-results-list-item // a-chart-color u-width-72 u-width-55@mobile-max u-width-55@tablet-only lrv-u-flex lrv-u-flex-shrink-1"]')
for i in rank_tags:
    ran=i.text
    rank.append(ran)

peak_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//li[@class="o-chart-results-list-item // a-chart-bg-color a-chart-color u-width-72 u-width-55@mobile-max u-width-55@tablet-only lrv-u-flex lrv-u-flex-shrink-1"]')
for i in peak_tags:
    peak=i.text
    peak_rank.append(peak)

week_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//li[@class="o-chart-results-list-item // a-chart-color u-width-72 u-width-55@mobile-max u-width-55@tablet-only lrv-u-flex lrv-u-flex-shrink-1"]')
for i in week_tags:
    week=i.text
    week.append(we)

In [101]: print(len(name), len(artist_name), len(rank), len(peak_rank), len(week))

100 100 100 100 100

In [103]: df=pd.DataFrame({'Song Name':name, 'Artist Name': artist_name, 'Last_Week_Rank': rank, 'Peak_Rank': peak_rank, 'Weeks_On_Board':week})
df

Out[103]:
   Song Name      Artist Name  Last_Week_Rank  Peak_Rank  Weeks_On_Board
0  As It Was      Harry Styles      1      1      23
1  Bad Habit      Steve Lacy      2      2      10
2  Late Night Talking      Harry Styles      12      3      16
3  Sunrise      Nicky Youre & Dazy      5      4      15
4  About Damn Time     izzo      3      1      21
...  ...  ...  ...  ...  ...
95  Thought You Should Know      Maren Morris      96      12      10
96  Country On My Mind      Luke Bryan      -      76      3
97  Everglow      Steve Lacy      -      96      1
98  Billie Elliot      Armani White      -      99      1
99  Sin Fin      Romeo Santos & Jordin Tinklenberg      -      100      1
100 rows x 5 columns

In [103]: #7. Scrape the details of Data science recruiters from naukri.com. url = https://www.naukri.com/ You have to find the following
#details: A) Name B) Designation C) Company D) Skills they hire for E) Location
#Note: - From naukri.com homepage click on the recruiters option and the on the search pane type Data science and click on search. All this should be done through code

In [105]: driver=webdriver.Chrome("chromedriver.exe")
driver.get("https://www.naukri.com/")
time.sleep(5)

In [ ]: #8. Scrape the details of Highest selling novels. url = https://www.theguardian.com/news/datablog/2012/avg/09/best-selling-books-all-time-fifty-shades-grey- compare/
#you have to find the following details:
#4) Book name B) Author name C) Volumes sold D) Publisher E) Genre

In [106]: driver=webdriver.Chrome("chromedriver.exe")
driver.get("https://www.theguardian.com/international")
time.sleep(5)

In [107]: element=driver.find_element(By.XPATH, '//a[@class="pillar-link pillar-link-Culture pillar-link-current-section"]')
element.click()

In [122]: search=driver.find_element(By.XPATH, '//a[@class="top-bar__item popup__toggle hide-until-desktop js-search-toggle js-toggle-ready"]')
search.click()

In [124]: search=driver.find_element(By.XPATH, '//input[@class="gsc-input"]')
search.send_keys('Highest selling novels')

In [125]: button=driver.find_element(By.XPATH, '//button[@class="gsc-search-button gsc-search-button-v2"]')
button.click()

In [126]: search=driver.find_element(By.XPATH, '//div[@class="gs-title"][:1]')
search.click()

In [127]: book_name=[]
author_name=[]
volumes=[]
publisher=[]
genre=[]

In [128]: book_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//td[@class="left"][:2]')
for i in book_tags:
    name=i.text
    book_name.append(name)

author_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//td[@class="left"][:3]')
for i in author_tags:
    author=i.text
    author_name.append(author)

volume_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//td[@class="left"][:4]')
for i in volume_tags:
    vol=i.text
    volumes.append(vol)

publisher_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//td[@class="left"][:5]')
for i in publisher_tags:
    publisher=i.text
    publisher.append(publisher)

genre_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//td[@class="last left"]')
for i in genre_tags:
    genre=i.text
    genre.append(genre)

In [129]: print(len(book_name), len(author_name), len(volumes), len(publisher), len(genre))

100 100 100 100 100

In [130]: df=pd.DataFrame({'Book Name':book_name, 'Author Name': author_name, 'Volumes_Sold':volumes, 'Publisher': publisher, 'Genre':genre})
df

Out[130]:
   Book Name      Author Name  Volumes_Sold  Publisher      Genre
0  Da Vinci Code:The Brown, Dan      5,094,805      Transworld      Crime, Thriller & Adventure
1  Harry Potter and the Deathly Hallows      Rowling, J.K.      4,475,152      Bloomsbury      Children's Fiction
2  Harry Potter and the Prisoner of Azkaban      Rowling, J.K.      4,200,654      Bloomsbury      Children's Fiction
3  Harry Potter and the Order of the Phoenix      Rowling, J.K.      4,179,479      Bloomsbury      Children's Fiction
4  Fifty Shades of Grey      James, E. L.      3,758,936      Random House      Romance & Sagas
...  ...  ...  ...  ...  ...
95  Ghost, The      Harris, Robert      797,311      Random House      General & Literary Fiction
96  Happy Days with the Naked Chef      Oliver, Jamie      784,201      Penguin      Food & Drink: General
97  Hunger Games: The Hunger Games Trilogy      Collins, Suzanne      792,187      Scholastic Ltd.      Young Adult Fiction
98  Lost Boy: The A.P. Carter Child's Search for the L...      Pelzer, Dave      791,507      Orion      Biography: General
99  Jamie's Ministry of Food Anyone Can Learn to Cook...      Oliver, Jamie      791,095      Penguin      Food & Drink: General
100 rows x 5 columns

In [131]: #9. Scrape the details most watched tv series of all time from imdb.com. url = https://www.imdb.com/list/ls095984455/ You have to find the following details:
#4) Name B) Year Span C) Genre D) Run Time E) Ratings F) Votes

In [132]: driver=webdriver.Chrome("chromedriver.exe")
driver.get("https://www.imdb.com/list/ls095984455/")
time.sleep(5)

In [133]: name=[]
year=[]
genre=[]
time=[]
ratings=[]
votes=[]

In [162]: name_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//h3[@class="list-item-header"]')
for i in name_tags:
    name=i.text
    name.append(name)

year_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//span[@class="list-item-year text-muted unbold"]')
for i in year_tags:
    year=i.text
    year.append(year)

genre_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//span[@class="genre"]')
for i in genre_tags:
    genre=i.text
    genre.append(genre)

time_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//span[@class="runtime"]')
for i in time_tags:
    time=i.text
    time.append(time)

votes_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//p[@class="text-muted text-small"][:3]')
for i in votes_tags:
    vote=i.text
    votes.append(vote)

rating_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//div[@class="ipl-rating-star small"]')
for i in rating_tags:
    rate=i.text
    ratings.append(rate)

In [163]: print(len(name), len(year), len(genre), len(time), len(votes), len(ratings))

100 100 100 100 100 100

In [169]: df=pd.DataFrame({'Name':name, 'Year': year, 'Genre':genre, 'Run_Time': time, 'Votes': votes, 'Ratings':ratings})
df

Out[169]:
   Name      Year      Genre      Run_Time  Votes  Ratings
0  1. Game of Thrones (2011–2019)      (2011–2019)      Action, Adventure, Drama      57 min      Votes: 2,049,856      9.2
1  2. Stranger Things (2016–)      (2016–)      Drama, Fantasy, Horror      51 min      Votes: 1,145,620      8.7
2  3. The Walking Dead (2010–2022)      (2010–2022)      Drama, Horror, Thriller      44 min      Votes: 968,416      8.1
3  4. 13 Reasons Why (2017–2020)      (2017–2020)      Drama, Mystery, Thriller      60 min      Votes: 286,863      7.5
4  5. The 100 (2014–2020)      (2014–2020)      Drama, Mystery, Sci-Fi      43 min      Votes: 248,439      7.6
...  ...  ...  ...  ...  ...
95  ...  ...  ...  ...  ...  ...
96  Repr (2013–2017)      (2013–2017)      Drama      42 min      Votes: 49,564      7.4
97  A Series of Unfortunate Events (2017–2019)      (2017–2019)      Adventure, Comedy, Drama      50 min      Votes: 60,568      7.8
98  Criminal Minds (2005–2020)      (2005–2020)      Crime, Drama, Mystery      42 min      Votes: 194,709      8.1
99  99. Scream! The TV Series (2015–2019)      (2015–2019)      Comedy, Crime, Drama      45 min      Votes: 41,023      7.6
100  100. The Haunting of Hill House (2018)      (2018)      Drama, Horror, Mystery      57 min      Votes: 236,492      8.6
100 rows x 6 columns

In [171]: #10. Details of Datasets from UCI machine learning repositories. url = https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ You have to find
#the following details: A) Dataset name B) Data type C) Task D) Attribute type E) No of instances F) No of attribute G) Year
#Note: - From the home page you have to go to the ShowAllDataset page through code

In [174]: driver=webdriver.Chrome("chromedriver.exe")
driver.get("https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/index.php")
time.sleep(5)

In [178]: driver.get("https://archive-beta.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets")

In [179]: element=driver.find_element(By.XPATH, '//button[@class="MuiButton-root MuiButton-text MuiButton-textWarning MuiButton-sizeSmall MuiButton-textSizeSmall MuiButtonBase-root css-1656e"]')
element.click()

In [180]: name=[]
type=[]
task=[]
attribute_type=[]
instances=[]
number=[]
year=[]

In [191]: name_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//a[@class="MuiTypography-root MuiTypography-inherit MuiLink-root MuiLink-underlinedHover MuiTypography-root MuiTypography-h6 css-tx0421"]')
for i in name_tags:
    name=i.text
    name.append(name)

typ_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//div[@class="MuiGrid-root MuiGrid-item MuiGrid-grid-xs-6 css-4xkois"][:2]')
for i in typ_tags:
    ty=i.text
    typ.append(ty)

task_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//div[@class="MuiGrid-root MuiGrid-item MuiGrid-grid-xs-6 css-4xkois"][:1]')
for i in task_tags:
    task=i.text
    task.append(task)

instances_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//div[@class="MuiGrid-root MuiGrid-item MuiGrid-grid-xs-6 css-4xkois"][:3]')
for i in instances_tags:
    instance=i.text
    instances.append(instance)

number_tags=driver.find_elements(By.XPATH, '//div[@class="MuiGrid-root MuiGrid-item MuiGrid-grid-xs-6 css-4xkois"][:4]')
for i in number_tags:
    num=i.text
    number.append(num)

In [192]: print(len(name), len(ty), len(task), len(instances), len(number))

569 569 569 569 569

In [193]: df=pd.DataFrame({'Dataset Name': name, 'Data_Type': typ, 'Task':task, 'Instances': instances, 'Number_Of_Attribute':number})
df

Out[193]:
   Dataset Name      Data_Type      Task      Instances  Number_Of_Attribute
0  Iris      Multivariate      Classification      150 instances      5 attributes
1  Dry Bean Dataset      Multivariate      Classification      13,616 instances      0 attributes
2  Diabetes      Multivariate, Time-Series      N/A      0 instances      0 attributes
3  Adult      Multivariate      Classification      48,841 instances      15 attributes
4  Heart Disease      Multivariate      Classification      303 instances      14 attributes
...  ...  ...  ...  ...  ...
495  Divorce Predictors data set      Multivariate, Univariate      Classification      170 instances      0 attributes
496  Calif Building Prices Counts      Multivariate, Time-Series      N/A      48 instances      4 attributes
497  ELMI Building in Lower Limb      Multivariate, Time-Series      N/A      132 instances      0 attributes
498  Indoor User Movement Prediction from RSS data      Multivariate, Sequential, Time-Series      Classification      48,841 instances      8 attributes
499  StoneFakes      Multivariate      Classification, Clustering, Causa-Discovery      79 instances      0 attributes
500 rows x 5 columns

In [ ]:

In [ ]:

```