MARIADB

MariaDB is an open-source relational database management system (RDBMS) that is a fork of MySQL. It was created by the original developers of MySQL after concerns arose regarding Oracle Corporation's acquisition of MySQL AB, the original company behind MySQL.

MariaDB is designed to maintain compatibility with MySQL, while also providing additional features, performance improvements, and enhanced security. It shares the same basic structure and SQL syntax with MySQL.

Database Backup & Store Database schema and data separately (Centos VM)

- 1. Install mariadb-server package.
 - Yum install mariadb-server -y
- 2. Start daemon(mariadb) service.
 - Systemctl start mariadb
 - Systemctl status mariadb
- 3. Install Mariadb
 - mysql secure installtion
- 4. Enter into Mariadb

```
Applications Places Terminal

root@server:/bin

ile Edit View Search Terminal Help

ppyright (c) 2000, 2018, Oracle, MariaDB Corporation Ab and

/pe 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the curren

ariaDB [(none)]> CREATE DATABASE mydatabase;

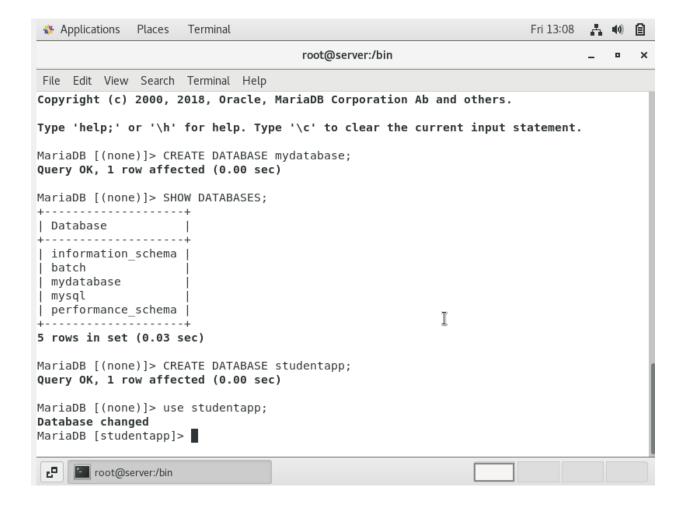
uery OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

ariaDB [(none)]> SHOW DATABASES;

Database |

information schome |
```

5. Create Database



6. Create table

```
Welcome to the MariaDB monitor. Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MariaDB connection id is 3
Server version: 5.5.68-MariaDB MariaDB Server
Copyright (c) 2000, 2018, Oracle, MariaDB Corporation Ab and others.
Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement
MariaDB [(none)]> show databases;
+----+
| Database
+----+
| information_schema |
| b28
| batch
| mydatabase
| mysql
| performance schema
studentapp
7 rows in set (0.04 sec)
MariaDB [(none)]> use studentapp;
Database changed
MariaDB [studentapp]> create table nilofar (no int,name,varchar(20),result varchar(10));

ERROR 1064 (42000): You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your MariaDB server version for the right syntax to use near 'varchar(20),result varchar(10))' at line 1

MariaDB [studentapp]> create table nilofar (name varchar(10),roll_no int,status varchar(10));
MariaDB [studentapp]>
MariaDB [studentapp]> describe nilofar
    -> ;
+----+
| Field | Type | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
+----+
```

7. Insert data

3 rows in set (0.02 sec)

```
3 rows in set (0.02 sec)
MariaDB [studentapp]> insert into nilofar values ('user1','100','fail');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)
MariaDB [studentapp]> insert into nilofar values ('user2','200','fail');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)
MariaDB [studentapp]> insert into nilofar values ('user3','300','fail');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)
MariaDB [studentapp]> select * from nilofar;
+----+
| name | roll no | status |
+----+
            100 | fail
user1
            200 | fail
user2
           300 | fail
user3
+----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

8. Take backup of schema and table in separate files

```
[root@server ~]# mysqldump -u root -h localhost -p123 studentapp --no-data > schema.bkp
[root@server ~]# mysqldump -u root -h localhost -p123 studentapp --no-create-info > table.bkp
[root@server ~]# ls
anaconda-ks.cfg Desktop Documents Downloads initial-setup-ks.cfg Music Pictures Public schema.bkp table.bkp Templates Videos
[root@server ~]# yum install awscli -y
Loadde plugins: fastestmirror, langpacks
Loading mirror speeds from cached hostfile
* base: centos.mirror.net.in
* extras: centos.mirror.net.in
* updates: centos.mirror.net.in
* updates: centos.mirror.net.in

| 3.6 kB 00:00:00
| 2.9 kB 00:00:00
| 2.0 kB 00:0
```