R Notebook

Code **▼**

GRIP: The Sparks Foundation

Data Science and Business Analytics

Prepared by: Rutvi Shah

TASK-5: Exploratory Data Analysis-Sports

Hide

library(tidyverse)
library(plyr)
library(dplyr)

Hide

data_deliveries = read.csv('deliveries.csv',stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
View(data_deliveries)
head(data_deliveries)

mat	t ch_id <int></int>	_	batting_team <chr></chr>	<pre>bowling_team <chr></chr></pre>			batsma <chr></chr>
1	1	1	Sunrisers Hyderabad	Royal Challengers Bangalore	1	1	DA Warı
2	1	1	Sunrisers Hyderabad	Royal Challengers Bangalore	1	2	DA Warı
3	1	1	Sunrisers Hyderabad	Royal Challengers Bangalore	1	3	DA Warı
4	1	1	Sunrisers Hyderabad	Royal Challengers Bangalore	1	4	DA Warı
5	1	1	Sunrisers Hyderabad	Royal Challengers Bangalore	1	5	DA Warı
6	1	1	Sunrisers Hyderabad	Royal Challengers Bangalore	1	6	S Dhaw
6 rows	s 1 - 9 c	of 21 colu	ımns				
4							•

Hide

data_matches = read.csv('matches.csv',stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
View(data_matches)
head(data_matches)

id Season <int×chr></int×chr>	city <chr></chr>	date <chr></chr>	team1 <chr></chr>	team2 <chr></chr>
1 1 IPL-2017	Hyderabad	05-04-2017	Sunrisers Hyderabad	Royal Challengers Bang
2 2 IPL-2017	Pune	06-04-2017	Mumbai Indians	Rising Pune Supergiant
3 3 IPL-2017	Rajkot	07-04-2017	Gujarat Lions	Kolkata Knight Riders
4 4 IPL-2017	Indore	08-04-2017	Rising Pune Supergiant	Kings XI Punjab

		I Season nt×chr>	city <chr></chr>	date <chr></chr>	team1 <chr></chr>	team2 <chr></chr>
5	5	5 IPL-2017	Bangalore	08-04-2017	Royal Challengers Bangalore	Delhi Daredevils
6	6	S IPL-2017	Hyderabad	09-04-2017	Gujarat Lions	Sunrisers Hyderabad
6	row	vs 1-7 of 18	columns			
4						•

```
data_matches$Season = as.factor(data_matches$Season)
data_matches$city = as.factor(data_matches$city)
data_matches$team1 = as.factor(data_matches$team1)
data_matches$team2 = as.factor(data_matches$team2)
data_matches$toss_winner = as.factor(data_matches$toss_winner)
data_matches$toss_decision = as.factor(data_matches$toss_decision)
data_matches$result = as.factor(data_matches$result)
data_matches$dl_applied = as.factor(data_matches$dl_applied)
data_matches$winner = as.factor(data_matches$winner)
data_matches$venue = as.factor(data_matches$venue)
data_matches$win_by_runs= as.factor(data_matches$win_by_runs)
```

discriptive statistics

#Measures of Central Tendency
#Boxplot representing the Win by Wickets
boxplot(data_matches\$win_by_wickets, horizontal=T, varwidth=TRUE,outline=TRUE, boxwex=0.2, bo
rder=c("blue"),xlab = "No. of Wickets",main="Boxplot of Win
by Wickets")

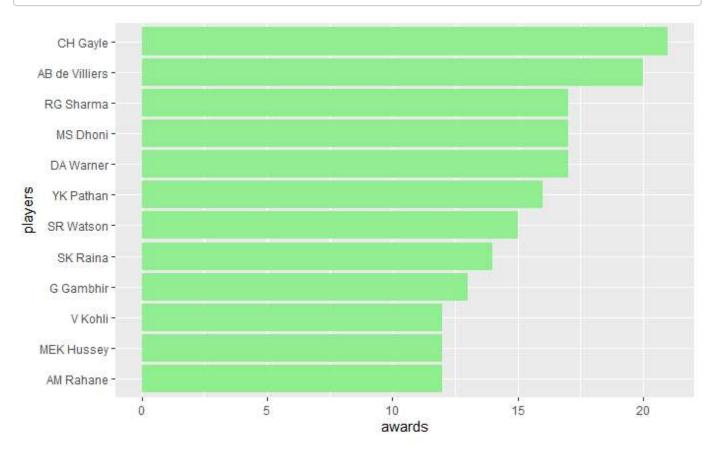
Boxplot of Win by Wickets 0 2 4 6 8 10 No. of Wickets

Hide

```
Hide
 paste("Mean: ",round(mean(data_matches$win_by_wickets)))
 [1] "Mean: 3"
                                                                                              Hide
 paste("Variance: ",round(var(data_matches$win_by_wickets)))
 [1] "Variance: 11"
                                                                                              Hide
 paste("Standard deviation: ",round(sd(data_matches$win_by_wickets)))
 [1] "Standard deviation: 3"
                                                                                              Hide
 paste("1st Quartile: ",quantile(data_matches$win_by_wickets,prob=c(0.25)))
 [1] "1st Quartile: 0"
                                                                                              Hide
 paste("Median: ",quantile(data_matches$win_by_wickets,prob=c(0.50)))
 [1] "Median: 4"
                                                                                              Hide
 paste("3rd Quartile: ",quantile(data_matches$win_by_wickets,prob=c(0.75)))
 [1] "3rd Quartile: 6"
                                                                                              Hide
 total_season <- length(unique(data_matches$Season))</pre>
 total_season
 [1] 12
most has got man of the match
```

```
data_matches%>%
  group_by(player_of_match)%>%
  dplyr::summarise(awards =n())%>%
  top_n(10)%>%
  ggplot(aes(x = reorder(player_of_match, awards), y = awards))+
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", fill= "light green")+
  coord_flip()+
  xlab("players")
```

Selecting by awards



season with most number of matches

data_matches %>%
 group_by(Season)%>%

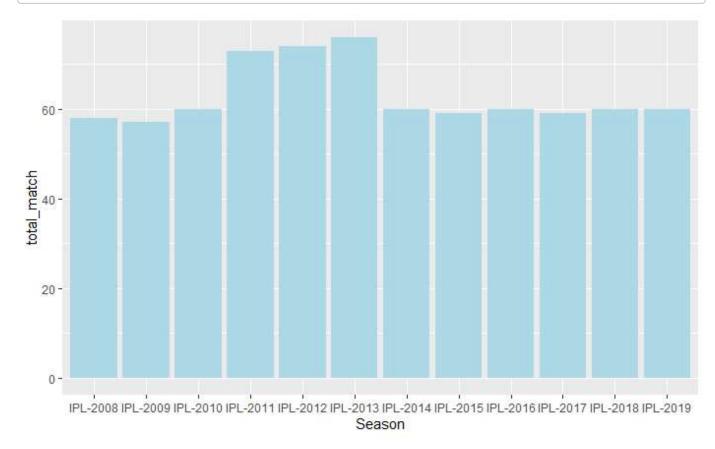
dplyr:: summarise(total_match=n())%>%
 filter(total_match==max(total_match))

Season <fctr></fctr>	total_match <int></int>
IPL-2013	76
1 row	

plot graph of season with most number of matches

Hide

```
data_matches%>%
  group_by(Season)%>%
  dplyr::summarise(total_match =n())%>%
  ggplot(aes(Season, total_match, fill=Season))+
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", fill="light blue")
```



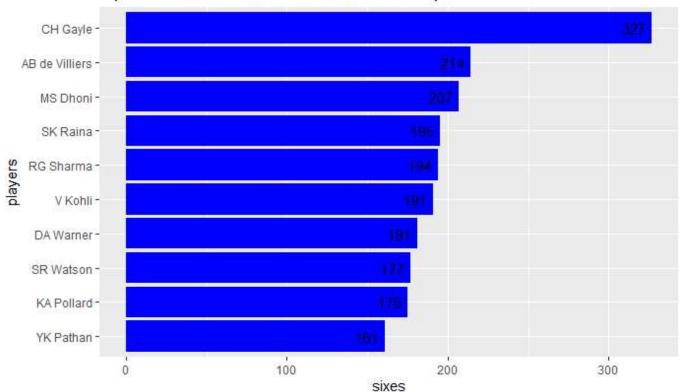
most 6s

Hide

```
data_deliveries %>%
  group_by(batsman) %>%
  filter(batsman_runs == 6) %>%
  dplyr:: summarize(sixes = n()) %>%
  top_n(10) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = reorder(batsman, sixes), y = sixes))+
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", fill= "blue")+
  coord_flip()+
  xlab("players")+
  ggtitle("top 10 batsman with most number of 6s in ipl")+
  geom_text(aes(label = sixes), hjust = 1.25)
```

Selecting by sixes

top 10 batsman with most number of 6s in ipl



which team had won by maximum runs?

Hide

maxruns = data_matches[which.max(data_matches\$win_by_runs),]
maxruns %>% select('winner', 'win_by_runs','Season')

	winner <fctr></fctr>	win_by_runs <fctr></fctr>	Season <fctr></fctr>
44	Mumbai Indians	146	IPL-2017
1 row	,		

which team had won by miximum wicket?

Hide

data_matches%>% filter(win_by_wickets==max(win_by_wickets)) %>% select("winner","win_by_wickets","Season")

winner <fctr></fctr>	win_by_wickets <int></int>	Season <fctr></fctr>
Kolkata Knight Riders	10	IPL-2017
Kings XI Punjab	10	IPL-2017
Deccan Chargers	10	IPL-2008
Delhi Daredevils	10	IPL-2009
Royal Challengers Bangalore	10	IPL-2010
Rajasthan Royals	10	IPL-2011

winner <fctr></fctr>	win_by_wickets Season <int> <fctr></fctr></int>
Mumbai Indians	10 IPL-2012
Chennai Super Kings	10 IPL-2013
Royal Challengers Bangalore	10 IPL-2015
Sunrisers Hyderabad	10 IPL-2016
1-10 of 11 rows	Previous 1 2 Nex

which team won by minimum wickets?

Hide

```
data_matches %>%
  filter(win_by_wickets != 0) %>%
  filter(win_by_wickets == min(win_by_wickets)) %>%
  select("winner","win_by_wickets","Season")
```

winner <fctr></fctr>	win_by_wickets <int></int>	Season <fctr></fctr>
Kolkata Knight Riders	1	IPL-2015
Chennai Super Kings	1	IPL-2018
Sunrisers Hyderabad	1	IPL-2018
3 rows		

IMPACT OF TOSS WINNING ON A MATCH

```
y=0
n=0

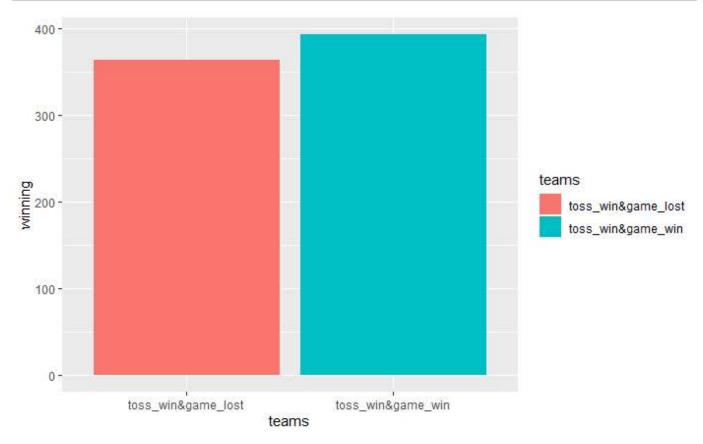
for(i in seq(1, nrow(data_matches)))
{
    if(data_matches$toss_winner[i] == data_matches$winner[i])
        y=y+1
    else
        n=n+1
}
if(y>= n)
{
    print(paste("Yes,Toss-winning has an impact of winning a game"))
    print(paste("Matches won by toss winners are:",y, "& Total matches:", nrow(data_matches)))
}
```

```
[1] "Yes, Toss-winning has an impact of winning a game"
```

^{[1] &}quot;Matches won by toss winners are: 393 & Total matches: 756"

Hide

```
winning = c(y,n)
teams = c("toss_win&game_win", "toss_win&game_lost")
df = data.frame(teams,winning,stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
ggplot(df)+geom_bar(aes(teams,winning,fill=teams),stat = "identity")
```

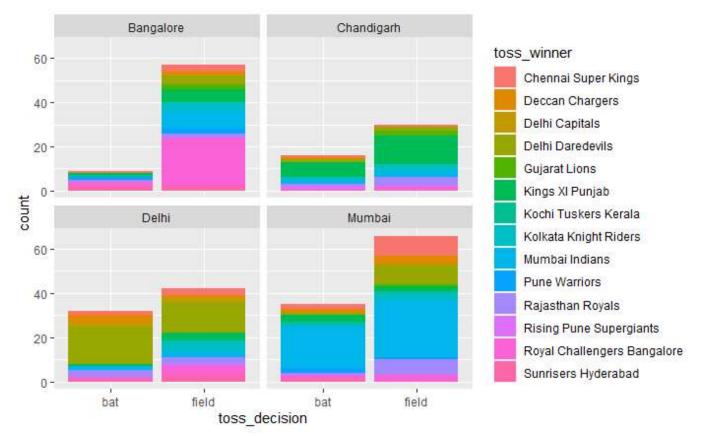


hypothesis 2 : suppose if we opt batting first is help to win the match

```
toss=data_matches[data_matches$toss_decision=="bat",]
b1=0
i=0
for(i in seq(1,nrow(toss)))
  if(as.factor(toss$toss_winner[i]==as.character(toss$winner[i])))
    bf=bf+1
  }
  else
    b1=b1+1
  }
}
toss1=data_matches[data_matches$toss_decision=="field",]
fw=0
f1=0
j=0
for(j in seq(1,nrow(toss1)))
  if(as.factor(toss1$toss_winner[j]==as.character(toss1$winner[j])))
  {
    fw=fw+1
  }
  else
    fl=fl+1
  }
}
toss_decision = data.frame("Bat first or second"=c("Batting first","fielding first"),"count"=
c(bf,fw))
tibble(toss decision)
```

Bat.first.or.second <fctr></fctr>	count <dbl></dbl>
Batting first	293
fielding first	463
2 rows	

```
data_matches%>%filter(city=="Mumbai"|city=="Bangalore"|city=="Delhi"|city=="kolkata"|city=="j
aipur"|city=="Hydrabad"|city=="Chandigarh"|city=="pune")%>% ggplot()+
    geom_bar(aes(x=toss_decision,fill=toss_winner))+facet_wrap(~city)
```



ipl winners

data_matches %>%
 select(Season, id, winner)%>%
 group_by(Season)%>%
 slice(which.max(id))%>%
 select(Season,winner)

Season <fctr></fctr>	winner <fctr></fctr>	
IPL-2008	Rajasthan Royals	
IPL-2009	Deccan Chargers	
IPL-2010	Chennai Super Kings	
IPL-2011	Chennai Super Kings	
IPL-2012	Kolkata Knight Riders	
IPL-2013	Mumbai Indians	
IPL-2014	Kolkata Knight Riders	
IPL-2015	Mumbai Indians	
IPL-2016	Sunrisers Hyderabad	
IPL-2017	Mumbai Indians	
1-10 of 12 rows		Previous 1 2 Next

Highest total individual

Hide

```
data_deliveries%>%
  group_by(bowling_team, batsman)%>%
  dplyr:: summarise(total_runs=sum(batsman_runs))%>%
  arrange(total_runs)%>%
  na.omit()%>%
  group_by(bowling_team)%>%
  slice(which.max(total_runs))
```

`summarise()` has grouped output by 'bowling_team'. You can override using the `.groups` argument.

bowling_team <chr></chr>	batsman <chr></chr>	total_runs <int></int>
Chennai Super Kings	V Kohli	749
Deccan Chargers	R Dravid	339
Delhi Capitals	AD Russell	118
Delhi Daredevils	V Kohli	763
Gujarat Lions	DA Warner	336
Kings XI Punjab	DA Warner	833
Kochi Tuskers Kerala	SR Tendulkar	100
Kolkata Knight Riders	DA Warner	835
Mumbai Indians	SK Raina	824
Pune Warriors	CH Gayle	383
1-10 of 15 rows	Prev	vious 1 2 Next

Hide

```
data_deliveries %>%
  group_by(dismissal_kind,fielder) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(total= sum(table(dismissal_kind))) %>%
  arrange(total) %>%
  group_by(dismissal_kind) %>%
  slice(which.max(total)) %>% na.omit()
```

`summarise()` has grouped output by 'dismissal_kind'. You can override using the `.groups` argument.

dismissal_kind <chr></chr>	fielder <chr></chr>	total <int></int>
		170244
bowled		1581
caught	KD Karthik	109

dismissal_kind <chr></chr>	fielder <chr></chr>	total <int></int>
caught and bowled		211
hit wicket		10
lbw		540
obstructing the field		2
retired hurt		12
run out	MS Dhoni	23
stumped	MS Dhoni	38
1-10 of 10 rows		

Hide

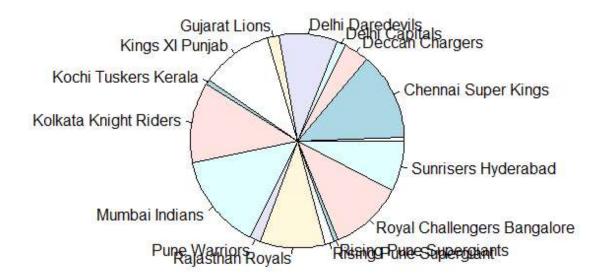
library(corrplot)

package 坳拖corrplot坳华 was built under R version 3.6.3corrplot 0.84 loaded

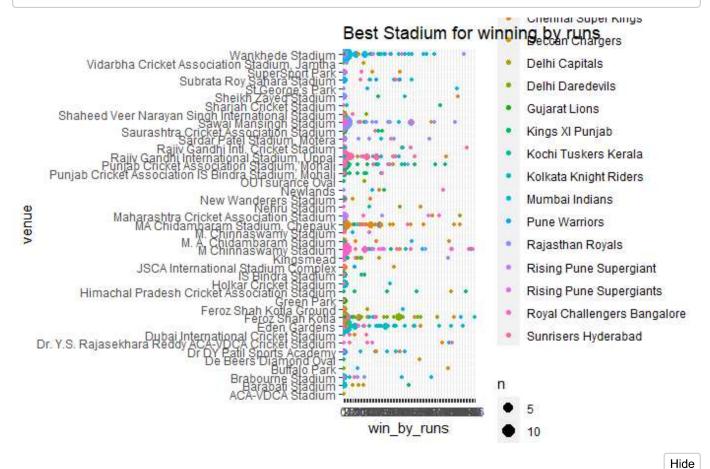
Hide

x = data.frame(data_matches\$Season,data_matches\$win_by_runs,data_matches\$win_by_wickets,data_
matches\$dl_applied)
pie(table(data_matches\$winner), main="Win % of Teams")

Win % of Teams



#Scatter Plot representing the Best stadiums to win by a large margin of runs
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(data_matches,aes(win_by_runs, venue, colour = winner)) + geom_count() +
ggtitle("Best Stadium for winning by runs")



ggplot(data_matches,aes(win_by_runs, winner, colour = winner)) + geom_point() +
ggtitle("Best Defending Team")

