

Data and Applications Project phase 1

Naman Verma (2019101066)
Tejas Chaudhari(2019111013)
Rutvij Menavlikar (2019111032)

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Chapter 1

Introduction

1.1 The Mini world

The mini world we are making a database for is of a general insurance company. It sells various types of insurances to different clients, and uses certain third party administrators to settle claims or cases.

1.2 Purpose

The purpose of this database is to provide a general overview of various aspects of the selling, buying and resolution of insurances of the company.

1.3 Users

This application is mainly designed to be used by management to keep track of overall situation of their insurance status. It can also provide the clients information about the different types of insurances, the employee who sold them the insurance, and their resolved claims. For the employee, it is possible to see how many insurances they have sold and how many cases they have resolved. Both the employees and the client can see their respective dependant information too.

Chapter 2

Database Requirements

2.1 Entity Types

2.1.1 Insurance policy

This entity stores information of the insurance being sold.

Attribute	Description
Policy id (Primary Key)	A unique number given to every insurance policy
Date of issue	The date when the insurance policy was sold
Duration	Number of years for which the insurance policy is active
Date of expiry	The date after which the insurance policy expires, derived from Date of Issue and Duration
Sum assured	The maximum amount of money that can be claimed under this insurance policy
Premium value	The premium required for the insurance policy
Terms and Conditions	Contains the terms and conditions for the policy

2.1.2 Third Party Administrator (TPA)

This entity stores information of the various third party administrators used by the company.

Attribute	Description
TPA id (Primary Key)	A unique number given to every TPA
TPA name	The name of the TPA
TPA contact info	Multivalued attribute storing contact info of the TPA
Types of investigations conducted	Multivalued attribute that stores the types of insurance claims a TPA processes
TPA address	A composite attribute that stores the TPA address composed of the four attributes: street address, zip code, city, state
Street address	Stores the street address of the TPA
Zip code	Stores the zip code of the TPA
City	Stores the city of TPA
State	Stores the state of TPA

2.1.3 Customer

This entity stores information of the customers of the company.

Attribute	Description
Aadhar number (Primary Key)	Stores the Aadhar number of the customer
Date of Birth	Stores the date of Birth of the customer
Age	Derived attribute from date of birth
Contact Numbers	Multivalued attribute storing the contact numbers of the customer
Email id	Stores the email id of the customer
Full name	Composite attribute storing the full name of the customer made of first name, middle name and last name
First name	Stores the first name of the customer
Middle name	Stores the middle name of the customer
Last name	Stores the last name of the customer
Customer status	Stores the customer loyalty level (Platinum, Gold, Silver, Bronze, Normal)
Residential address	A composite attribute that stores the address composed of the four attributes: street address, zip code, city, state
Street address	Stores the street address
Zip code	Stores the zip code
City	Stores the city
State	Stores the state

2.1.4 Employee

This entity stores information of the employees of the company.

Attribute	Description
Employee id (Primary key)	Made up of two attributes, Department number and serial number
Department number	Unique number given to every department
Serial number	A Number given to every employee in a department
Aadhar number (Secondary Key)	Stores the Aadhar number of the employee
Date of Birth	Stores the date of Birth of the employee
Age	Derived attribute from date of birth
Contact Numbers	Multivalued attribute storing the contact numbers of the employee
Email id	Stores the email id of the employee
Full name	Composite attribute storing the full name of the employee made of first name, middle name and last name
First name	Stores the first name of the employee
Middle name	Stores the middle name of the employee
Last name	Stores the last name of the employee
Residential address	A composite attribute that stores the address composed of the four attributes: street address, zip code, city, state
Street address	Stores the street address
Zip code	Stores the zip code
City	Stores the city
State	Stores the state

2.2 Subclass

There are 5 subclasses for the entity insurance which are disjoint and the participation of the insurance entity is total. They are

2.2.1 Life Insurance

If the insurance being issued is life insurance.

Attribute	Description
Death Benefit value	Money received by the beneficiaries in case of an untimely death of the person.
Beneficiaries	Multi valued attribute which stores the beneficiaries
Medical History	Stores the medical history of the customer.

2.2.2 Medical Insurance

If the insurance being issued is medical insurance.

Attribute	Description
Medical History	Stores the medical history of the customer.
Medical conditions covered	Multi value attribute which stores medical conditions covered
Cashless hospitals	Multi value attribute which stores hospitals that will accept the insurance cashless

2.2.3 Vehicle Insurance

If the insurance being issued is vehicle insurance.

Attribute	Description
Vehicle colours	Multi value attribute that Stores the colours of the vehicle
Vehicle license number	Stores the vehicle license number
Customer license number	Stores the customer license number

2.2.4 House Insurance

If the insurance being issued is house insurance.

Attribute	Description
Replacement cost	Stores the inspected value of the house
House address	A composite attribute that stores the address composed of the four attributes: street address, zip code, city, state
Street address	Stores the street address
Zip code	Stores the zip code
City	Stores the city
State	Stores the state

2.2.5 Travel Insurance

If the insurance being issued is travel insurance.

Attribute	Description
Travel Destinations	Multi value attribute storing the places being visited
Itinerary	Stores the itinerary of the trip
Airline and Hotel Booking	Attribute storing the airline bookings and hotel bookings used for the trip.

2.3 Weak Entity

2.3.1 Employee dependant

This particular entity type would store all the necessary information related to the dependents of a employee. It is a weak entity because it is associated to a employee, and if the employee doesn't exist, the employee dependent would not exist. Being a weak entity this does not have a primary

key, rather it is identified using the employee it is associated to.

Attributes	Description
Name (Weak Key Attribute)	Composite attribute made of first name, middle name, and last name
First name	Stores the first name of the dependant
Middle name	Stores the middle name of the dependant
Last name	Stores the last name of the dependant
Date of Birth	Stores the date of birth of the dependant
Age	Derived attribute from date of birth

2.3.2 Customer dependant

This particular entity type would store all the necessary information related to the dependents of a customer. It is a weak entity because it is associated to a customer, and if the customer doesn't exist, the customer dependent would not exist. Being a weak entity this does not have a primary key, rather it is identified using the customer it is associated to.

Attributes	Description
Name (Weak Key Attribute)	Composite attribute made of first name, middle name, and last name
First name	Stores the first name of the dependant
Middle name	Stores the middle name of the dependant
Last name	Stores the last name of the dependant
Date of Birth	Stores the date of birth of the dependant
Age	Derived attribute from date of birth

2.4 Relationship types

2.4.1 Supervision

- A 1:n relationship type between employee(as Supervisor) and employee(as Supervisee).
- employee(as Supervisor) participation is partial.
- employee(as Supervisee) participation is partial.

An employee(as supervisee) can have minimum 0 supervisor to at max 1 supervisor. An Employee(as supervisor) can command minimum 0 to multiple number of Employees.

2.4.2 Provided by

- A m:n relationship type between employee dependent and employee.
- Employee dependant participation is total.
- Employee participation is partial.

Each Employee dependent can have 1 to multiple number of employees to depend on. Each Employee can have 0 to multiple number of employee dependents to take care of.

2.4.3 Issued by

- A n:1 relationship type between Insurance policy and employee.
- Insurance policy participation is total.

- Employee participation is partial.

Each insurance policy can be issued by exactly 1 employee. Each employee can issue 0 to multiple number of policies.

2.4.4 Bought by

- A 1:n relationship type between Insurance policy and customer.
- Insurance policy participation is total.
- Customer participation is total.

Every insurance policy is bought by 1 customer. Each customer has 1 or more insurance policies

2.4.5 Depends on

- A m:n relationship type between customer dependent and customer.
- customer dependent participation is total.
- customer participation is partial.

Each customer can provide for 0 or some number of people. Every dependent depends on 1 or more number of customer.

2.4.6 Resolves Claim

- A 4-ary relationship between TPA, Insurance policy, Customer, Employee.
- TPA participation is partial.
- Insurance policy participation is partial.
- Customer participation is partial.
- Employee participation is partial.
- It is a (1,1,1,n) relationship type.

The TPA investigates cases or claims made by customers and help in finding information for the company (represented by employees) regarding a policy.

Not all TPA's investigate, and only one works on 1 case.

Not all policies get involved, and only 1 is claimed at a time.

Not all customers make claims, and only 1 customer's claim is in a case.

Not all employees help in resolution, and multiple employees can help in them

Attributes	Description
Date of Claim	The date on which the policy participating in this relation was claimed
Claim Report	The report of the policy claimed

Chapter 3

Functional Requirements

3.1 Insert

3.1.1 AddCustomer():

Input- Aadhar number, Full name, Date of Birth, Contact number/s, email id, customer status(platinum, gold, silver, bronze or normal), Residential Address.

Output- If the entered details are valid, then this data is added to the database.

3.1.2 AddCustomerDependent()

Input- Aadhar number of the customer this person is dependent on, Full name, Date of Birth.

Output- If the entered details are valid, then this data is added to the database.

3.1.3 AddEmployee()

Input- Department number, Serial number, Aadhar number, Full name, Date of Birth, Contact number/s, email id, Residential Address, Department number of where the employee is to be assigned.

Output- If the entered details are valid, then this data is added to the database.

3.1.4 AddEmployeeDependent()

Input- Employee Department number of the employee that provides for this person, Employee Serial number of the employee that provides for this person, Full name, Date of Birth.

Output- If the entered details are valid, then this data is added to the database.

3.1.5 AddLifeInsurance()

Input- Policy id, Aadhar number of the customer buying the policy, Date of issue, Duration, Assured sum, Premium value, beneficiaries, death benefit value, Customer medical history.

Output- If the information is valid, then this data is entered in the database.

3.1.6 AddMedicalInsurance()

Input- Policy id, Aadhar number of the customer buying the policy, Date of issue, Duration, Assured sum, Premium value, Medical conditions covered by this policy, Names of cashless hospitals, Customer medical history.

Output- If the information is valid, then this data is entered in the database.

3.1.7 AddVehicleInsurance()

Input- Policy id, Aadhar number of the customer buying the policy, Date of issue, Duration, Assured sum, Premium value, Colours of the vehicle, Vehicle license plate number, Driving license number of the customer buying this policy.

Output- If the information is valid, then this data is entered in the database.

3.1.8 AddHouseInsurance()

Input- Policy id, Aadhar number of the customer buying the policy, Date of issue, Duration, Assured sum, Premium value, Replacement cost of the house, Full address of the insured property.

Output- If the information is valid, then this data is entered in the database.

3.1.9 AddTravelInsurance()

Input- Policy id, Aadhar number of the customer buying the policy, Date of issue, Duration, Assured sum, Premium value, Customer's travel destination/s, Travel itinerary of the customer, Customer's Airline and Hotel booking.

Output- If the information is valid, then this data is entered in the database.

3.1.10 AddTPA()

Input- TPA name, TPA Address, TPA Contact Number/s, Type of Investigations conducted by the TPA.

Output- If the information is valid, then this data is added to the database.

3.1.11 ResolveClaim()

Input- TPA id, Customer Aadhar number, Employee Department number, Employee Department number, Policy id, Date of Claim, Claim report.

Output- If the information is valid, then this data is added to the database,

3.2 Update

3.2.1 UpdateCustomerInfo(Aadhar number)

Input- Customer Aadhar number, Updated customer information.

Output- If the updated information is valid, then this data is updated in the database.

3.2.2 UpdateCustomerDependentInfo(Aadhar number, full name)

Input- Aadhar number of customer that the person depends on, full name of the person, updated person information.

Output- If the updated information is valid, then this data is updated in the database.

3.2.3 UpdateEmployeeInfo(department no,serial no)

Input- Employee department number, Employee Serial number, updated employee information.

Output- If the updated information is valid, then this data is updated in the database.

3.2.4 UpdateEmployeeDependentInfo(department no, serial no, full name)

Input- Department number number of the employee that provides for the person, Serial number number of the employee that provides for the person, full name of the person, updated person information.

Output- If the updated information is valid, then this data is updated in the database.

3.2.5 UpdateTPAInfo(TPA id)

Input- TPA id, Updated TPA Information.

Output- If the updated information is valid, then this data is updated in the database.

3.2.6 UpdatePolicy(policy id)

Input- Policy id, updated policy information.

Output- If the policy id is valid, then the system provides fields of data of the subclass that policy belongs to, with the current information displayed in those fields. After the user updates this information and if the updated information is valid, then this data is added to the database.

3.3 Delete

3.3.1 DeleteCustomer(aadhar number)

Input- Customer Aadhar number.

Output- If the input is valid, the customer data, data of the people that depend on this customer and the data of the policies bought by this customer is deleted from the database. And a confirmation response of the completion of the task is displayed.

3.3.2 DeleteCustomerDependent(aadhar number, full name)

Input- Aadhar number of the customer this person is dependent on, the full name of the person.

Output- If the input is valid, the data of this person is deleted from the database. And a confirmation response of the completion of the task is displayed.

3.3.3 DeleteEmployee(department no, serial no)

Input- Department number of the employee, serial number of the employee.

Output- If the input is valid, the employee data and the data of the people the employee provides for is deleted from the database. And a confirmation response of the completion of the task is displayed.

3.3.4 DeleteEmployeeDependent(department no, serial no, full name)

Input- Department number of the employee that provides for this person, Serial number of the employee that provides for this person, the full name of the person.

Output- If the input is valid, the data of this person is deleted from the database. And a confirmation response of the completion of the task is displayed.

3.3.5 DeletePolicy(policy id)

Input- Policy Id.

Output- If the information is valid then the data of the policy is deleted from the database, and if this deletion affects customer status of the customer that availed it, then it is updated too. And a confirmation response of the completion of the task is displayed.

3.3.6 DeleteTPA(TPA id)

Input- TPA id.

Output- If the information is valid, then the data of the TPA is deleted from the database. And a confirmation response of the completion of the task is displayed.

3.4 Retrieval

3.4.1 GetAllCustomers(customer status)

Input- Customer status.

Output- If the status is valid, relevant data is displayed in a proper format.

3.4.2 GetAllPoliciesOfCustomer(aadhar number)

Input- Customer Aadhar number.

Output- If the aadhar number is valid, then relevant data is displayed in a proper format.

3.4.3 GetAllDependentsofCustomers(aadhar number)

Input- Aadhar Number of the customer.

Output- If the aadhar number is valid, relevant data is displayed in a proper format.

3.4.4 GetAllDependentsofEmployees(department no, serial no)

Input- Department number of the employee, Serial number of the employee.

Output- If the employee id is valid, relevant data is displayed in a proper format.

3.4.5 GetAllTPAsInCity(city)

Input- City.

Output- If the city is valid, then relevant data is displayed in a proper format.

3.4.6 GetInsurancePolicies(policy subclasses)

Input- List of policy subclasses.

Output- If the policy subclasses are valid, relevant data is displayed in a proper format.

3.4.7 GetInsuranceCustomers(policy subclasses, customer status)

Input- List of policy subclasses, List of Customer Status.

Output- If the policy subclasses and customer status are valid, relevant data is displayed in a proper format.

3.4.8 GetPoliciesWithPremium(min, max)

Input- Minimum Premium value, Maximum Premium Value.

Output- If the values are valid, then relevant data is displayed in a proper format.

3.4.9 GetCustomersOfAge(age)

Input- Age.

Output- If the age is valid, then relevant data is displayed in a proper format.

3.4.10 GetTotalClaim(policy subclasses)

Input- List of policy subclasses.

Output- If the policy subclasses are valid, then relevant data is displayed in a proper format.

3.4.11 GetMaxClaim(policy subclass)

Input- Policy Subclass.

Output- If the policy subclass is valid, then relevant data is displayed in a proper format.

3.4.12 GetMinClaim(policy subclass)

Input- Policy Subclass.

Output- If the policy subclass is valid, then relevant data is displayed in a proper format.

3.4.13 GetAverageClaim(policy subclass)

Input- Policy Subclass.

Output- If the policy subclass is valid, then relevant data is displayed in a proper format.

3.4.14 SearchCustomerByName(name)

Input- Name.

Output- Relevant data is displayed in a proper format.

3.4.15 SearchEmployeeByName(name)

Input- Name.

Output- Relevant data is displayed in a proper format.

3.4.16 SearchTPAByName(name)

Input- Name.

Output- Relevant data is displayed in a proper format.

3.5 Report Generation

3.5.1 GenerateClaimedPolicyReports(policy subclasses)

Input- List of policy subclasses.

Output- If the policy subclasses are valid, then a report of all policies claimed that belong to these subclasses is generated. This report includes claimed amount, date of claim, investigating TPA, etc.

3.5.2 GenerateCustomerReport(aadhar number)

Input- Customer Aadhar number.

Output- If the Aadhar number is valid, then a report of the customer is generated. This report includes policies bought by customer, monthly premium paid, amount claimed, etc.