



Do all the questions.

1. Write the definitions of the following terms with examples.
1. Hamming distance 2. Hamming weight 3. Minimum distance of a set (or code) 4. Minimum weight of a set (or code) 5. Generator matrix 6. Parity check matrix 7. Codewords 8. Code 9. Group code 10. Encoding function 11. Message 12. Undetectable error.

2. Given the generator matrix:

$$G = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Find the corresponding code C and also find the corresponding parity check matrix H to decode the following received words. Also check if all the words decoded uniquely?

$$(i) 110101 \quad (ii) 001111 \quad (iii) 110001 \quad (iv) 111111$$

Hint: You can think about coset (syndrome) decoding.

3. Find the code for which the parity check matrix is as follows:

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Also find the minimum distance of the code and hence find the error detecting and error correcting capacity of the code.

4. Prove that the encoding function $e : B^2 \rightarrow B^5$ defined as: $e(00) = 00000, e(01) = 01110, e(10) = 10101, e(11) = 11011$ is a group code. (Hint: Make the composition table)
5. Find all the left cosets of the subgroup $H = \{0, 3, 6, 9, 12\}$ in the group $G = \{0, 1, 2, \dots, 14\}$.
6. Check whether the determinant map from set of all real square matrices of order 2 to the set of real numbers is a homomorphism?
7. Let G and G' are two groups under multiplications such that a map ϕ from the group G (set of all nonzero real numbers) to the group $G' = \{1, -1\}$ is defined as: positive numbers go to 1 and negative numbers go to -1 . Prove that ϕ is a homomorphism.
8. Let $\phi : G \rightarrow G'$ be a homomorphism. Define a set $Im(\phi) = \{\phi(x) : x \in G\} \subseteq G'$, the image of G under ϕ . Check if $Im(\phi)$ is a subgroup of G' .
9. Let $G = \mathbb{R}^2$ be a group under component-wise addition. Let H be the subgroup of G consisting of the points on the line $y = 3x$, i.e., $H = \{(x, 3x) : x \in \mathbb{R}\}$. Show that the coset $(3, 7) + H$ is a straight line parallel to $y = 3x$. Draw the graph to understand the scenario.
10. Let $C = \{0000000, 1110100, 0111010, 0011101, 1001110, 0100111, 1010011, 1101001\}$. What is the error-correcting and error detecting capacity of C ?