



**Spring Semester, 2022**  
**B.Tech-II, Semester-(IV)**  
**Tutorial Sheet-2**  
**MA- 212**

**Full Marks: 10**

**Instructor:** Dr. Raj Kamal Maurya

**Answer all of the following questions. All notations have their usual meanings.**

1. Events A and B are such that  $P(A \cup B) = \frac{3}{4}$ ,  $P(A \cap B) = \frac{1}{4}$  and  $P(\bar{A}) = \frac{2}{3}$ . Show that  $P(B) = \frac{2}{3}$  and  $P(A \cap \bar{B}) = \frac{1}{12}$ .
2. Each coefficient in equation  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$  is determined by throwing an ordinary die. Find the probability that the equation will have (i) Real Root (ii) Complex Root.
3. Find the minimum number of times a die has to be thrown such that the probability of no six is less than  $\frac{1}{2}$ .
4. Consider two boxes, one containing 1 black and 1 white marble, the other, 2 black and 1 white marble. A box is selected at random and a marble is drawn at random from the selected box. What is the probability that the marble is black?
5. A problem is given to three students A, B and C whose chances of solving it are  $\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $\frac{3}{4}$  and  $\frac{1}{4}$  respectively. What is the probability that the problem is solved if all of them try independently?
6. We are interested in the proportion  $p$  of defective in a batch of manufactured articles. We draw a sample of 20 articles from the batch. Let  $X$  be the number of defective articles in the sample. Write the PMF of  $X$ . For  $p=0.3$  find  $P(X = 7)$ ,  $P(X \leq 2)$  and compare them with approximate probability obtained through Poisson approximation.