**User**: This class represents the user model in the application, utilizing SQLAlchemy to define a database schema with attributes like username, email, password, and date\_created. It includes methods for getting the user's ID and a string representation for easy debugging. **LoginForm**: This class defines the form for user login, including fields for username and

**SignupForm**: This class outlines the signup form for new users, featuring fields for username, email, password, confirmation of password, and a checkbox to show the password. It includes validations to ensure proper input format.

password, with validation rules for required input and length restrictions.

**ForgotPasswordForm**: This form allows users to request a password reset by providing their username and new password. It enforces validation to ensure passwords match and meet length requirements.

**VerifyOTPForm**: This form captures the OTP (One-Time Password) entered by the user for email verification during the signup process, with validations to ensure the input is exactly six characters long.

**generate\_otp()**: This utility function generates a random six-digit OTP used for user verification during the signup process.

**load\_user(user\_id)**: This function loads a user from the database based on the user ID passed to it, facilitating user session management in the application.

**forgot\_password()**: This route handles password reset requests by validating user input, updating the password in the database if the username exists, and providing user feedback through flash messages.

**home\_page()**: This route serves the home page of the application, ensuring that only logged-in users can access it, redirecting unauthorized users to the login page.

**signup()**: This function processes user signup requests, sending an OTP to the user's email for verification and storing temporary user data in the session until the OTP is validated.

**verify\_otp()**: This route verifies the OTP entered by the user against the OTP stored in the session, creating a new user in the database if the OTP is correct and providing appropriate feedback.

**home()**: This route handles user login, validating user credentials against the database and establishing a session if the login is successful.

**logout()**: This function logs the user out by clearing the user session and redirecting them to the login page.

**login()**: Similar to the home() function, this route processes user login requests and manages the session based on successful authentication.

**about()**: This route renders the 'about' page of the application.

**contact()**: This route renders the 'contact' page of the application.

**favorites()**: This route retrieves and displays the user's favorite items stored in the session. **add\_to\_favorites()**: This function processes requests to add items to the user's favorites list in the session.

**delete\_from\_favorites()**: This route removes an item from the user's favorites list based on the provided link.

**fashionrecommender()**: This route renders the fashion recommender page for users to input their preferences.

**fashionrecommender\_cloth()**: This function processes the input from the fashion recommender page, retrieves weather data based on user location, and makes a request to an image search API to find clothing options based on the user's preferences, ultimately rendering the results in a dedicated template.

**try\_on**: Renders the main try-on page where users can select which type of accessory they want to try on.

**try\_on\_cloth**: Renders the page for trying on clothes, passing any uploaded image data to the template.

try\_on\_glasses : Similar to the above but specifically for trying on glasses.

try\_on\_necklace: Renders the necklace try-on page, again passing the uploaded image.

## Glasses Processing:

- o **Input Handling**: It retrieves the uploaded image and glasses file.
- Image Decoding: The base64 encoded image is decoded and converted to a format suitable for processing with OpenCV.
- Face and Eye Detection: Using Haar cascades, it detects the face and eyes in the uploaded image.
- Glasses Placement: The glasses image is resized to fit the detected eye dimensions and is overlaid onto the detected face region.

## • Necklace Processing:

- o Similar to glasses, it retrieves the uploaded image and necklace file.
- Facial Landmark Detection: Utilizes Dlib's facial landmark detector to find specific points on the face for accurate placement of the necklace.
- Resizing and Placement: The necklace is resized based on the calculated dimensions and placed on the detected neck region.

## • Earrings Processing:

- Handles the upload of both left and right earring images.
- Face Detection: Similar face detection is performed.
- Earring Resizing: Earrings are resized based on the dimensions of the detected face and placed appropriately on each ear.
- **Hairstyle Processing**: Employs image segmentation along with SDEdit and the Fast Marching method to apply new hairstyles seamlessly to user images.
- **Clothes Processing**: Utilizes the ACGPN module for warping garments onto the user's image, integrates object and pose detection for accurate fitting.