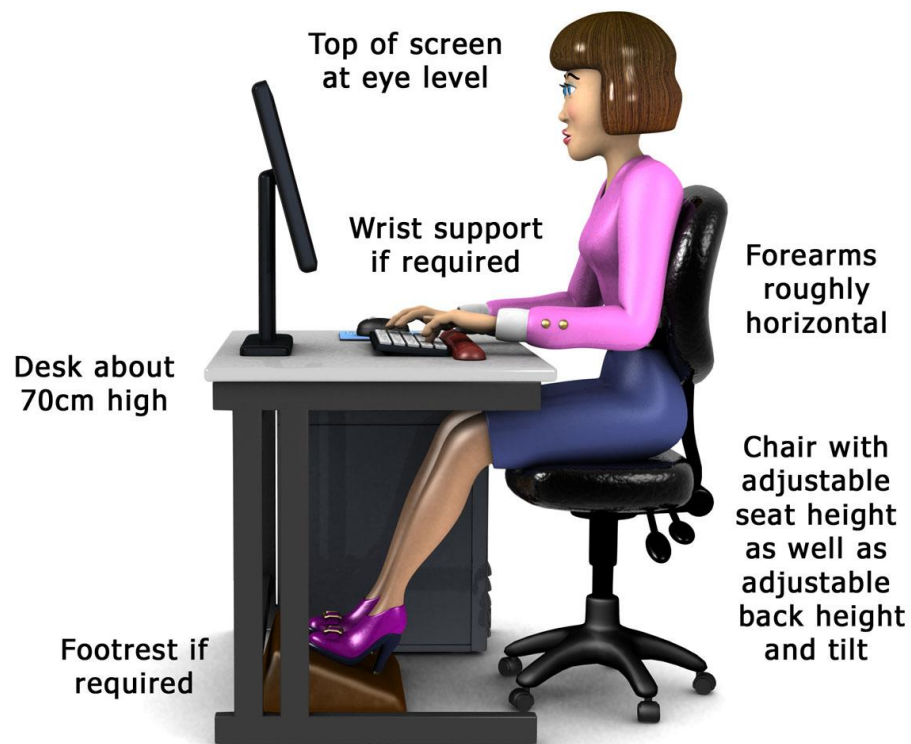


## **Computer Health and Safety**

I'm going to talk about computing related health and safety this is a subject that should concern us all as the long-term impact of Whitesburg computer use is still relatively unknown in theory when used appropriately in moderation computers should have no impact on most people's health however in practice intensive computer use can result in occasional and even long-term health issues the most common complaints are upper limb disorders pie problems headaches and stress or fatigue upper limb disorders such as repetitive strain injuries or RSI may affect the fingers hands arms or shoulders and can result in mild aches and pains through to chronic tissue or muscular complaints such health problems can result from prolonged high speed typing or the intensive use of a mouse they can also arise from a poor working posture whether or not computer use results in long-term eye problems remains a matter of debate however short-term computer related eye problems are undeniable these tend to be associated with sore eyes headaches blurred or softened vision and sometimes a residual after image experienced for short periods X if stress and fatigue are also commonly reported these result from long periods of dexterous activity and visual concentration some people also find it uncomfortable to have to conform to software or hardware that constrains how they work or which regulate crashes or causes them to constantly wait many steps can and should be taken to reduce the health risks of long term or habitual computer use specifically measures need to be taken to ensure the screen image is clear stable and free from glare or reflections the keyboard should then be positioned with sufficient space to support the wrists many people also find that a wrist support makes typing more comfortable with a gel variety being the most favored to prevent long-term Mouse usage resulting in finger or upper limb problems breaks from intensive rodent activity are highly

advised other pointing devices such as tablets may also ease Mouse related RSI problems the work chair should allow the attainment of a comfortable working position and to facilitate this should feature an adjustable seat and back height and tilt the chair should be adjusted so that the users forearms are roughly horizontal with all that the largest displays set with the top of the screen at eye level a footrest should also be provided upon request along these physical arrangements regular changes in working position as well as periods of rest from the screen are essential to avoid computing related health disorders the provision by employers of eyesight tests and any required spectacles is also mandatory for habitual display screen users across Europe with training and Risk Reduction information also having to be supplied European legislation also requires regular workstation risk assessments you nobody has yet spent a normal lifetime using a computer both of work and in the home the younger you are the more important it therefore is that you try and use a computer as safely as possible.



Types of Risks	Occasional / Short Term Issues/Long Term Issues
<b>Health Risks</b>	<p>A. Upper limb disorders - repetitive strain injuries RSI</p> <p>B. Eye problems</p> <p>C. Headaches</p> <p>D. Stress or fatigue</p>
<p><b>Upper limb disorders -</b></p> <p>repetitive strain injuries RSI</p> <p>RSI affects</p>	<p>✓ RSI - prolonged high-speed typing</p> <p>✓ Intensive use of a mouse</p> <p>✓ Poor working posture</p> <hr/> <p>✓ Fingers</p> <p>✓ Hands</p> <p>✓ Arms</p> <p>✓ Shoulders</p> <p>➔ Result mild aches and pains through to chronic tissue or muscular complaints</p>
<b>Eye problems</b>	<p>✓ Long-term &amp; Short term</p> <p>✓ Sore eyes</p> <p>✓ Headache</p> <p>✓ Blurred or softened vision</p>
<b>Stress or fatigue</b>	<p>✓ Long term Dexterous activities</p> <p>✓ Long term Visual Concentration</p> <p>✓ Crashes of a h/w or S/w</p> <p>✓ Constant waiting of program loading</p>