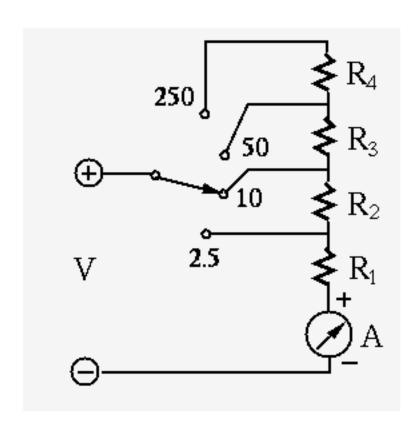
Design a multimeter that can measure DC voltage, current and resistance with different scales. Specifically, you are given an analog meter A with a needle display, which reaches full scale when a DC current of $I = 100 \, \mu A = 10^{-4} \, A$ goes through it. The

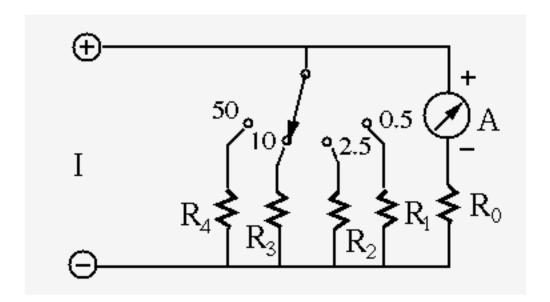
internal resistance of the meter is 10 Ohms. In addition, you need some multiposition rotary switches to select different scales for each of the three types of measurements, and resistors with any values needed in your design.

• Voltage measurement: measure voltages in these ranges (all in volts): 0-2.5, 0-10, 0-50, 0-250. Use a 4-position rotary switch to select one of the four ranges as shown in the figure below. For example, when the range of 0-10 is selected, the needle display will reach full scale when the voltage being measured is 10 V. The circuit is shown below. Determine all resistances labeled.



Solution: $R_1 = 25 K\Omega$, $R_2 = 75 K\Omega$, $R_3 = 400 K\Omega$ and $R_4 = 2 M\Omega$.

• Current measurement: measure currents in these ranges (all in mA): 0-0.5, 0-2.5, 0-10, 0-50. Use a 4-position rotary switch to select one of the four ranges as shown in the figure below. For example, when the range of 0-10 is selected, the needle display will reach full scale when a 10 mA current is measured. Determine all resistances labeled. Use $R_0 = 1 K\Omega$.



Solution: Voltage across input is $V = 0.1 \ mA \times 1 \ K\Omega = 100 \ mV$. Therefore

$$R_1 = 100/(0.5 - 0.1) = 250 \Omega$$

 $R_2 = 100/(2.5 - 0.1) = 41.67 \Omega$
 $R_1 = 100/(10 - 0.1) = 10.1 \Omega$
 $R_1 = 100/(50 - 0.1) = 2 \Omega$