# **Panorama Stitching**

### Rwik Rana 18110146 IITGN ASSIGNMENT-1 3d Computer Vision

This is an assignment regarding stitching multiple images (taken from different perspectives) to create a panorama. The concepts of inverse homography, warping, RANSAC and Laplacian Blending to solve the problem statement.

#### Flow of the Code:

- 1. SIFT to detect and extract features from an image.
- 2. The images are fed such that the middle image is taken as the main image and the rest of images are transformed according to the middle image.
- 3. Matching features using K nearest neighbours.
- 4. Finding the homography matrix i.e., the mapping from one image plane to another This is an iterative procedure. I used RANSAC to get the best homographic matrix. Out of the matching points found using KNN, 4 random points are selected to get a homography matrix. Using the homography matrix obtained, we try transforming all the points. If the error between the transformed and current points are less than a threshold, the homography matrix is rewarded. This loop is iterated again and again. The matrix with the best score is taken to be the ideal homography matrix.
- 5. Warping the images using the inverse of homography matrix to ensure no distortion/blank spaces remain in the transformed image.
- 6. Black and white masks are made of the warped images and both masks and the images are passed through a Laplacian Blending Function. The function iterates through all the images and with help of the mask, one by one stitches all the images using Laplacian pyramid.

#### **Assumptions:**

1. Images are input such that successive images have a common intersection.

#### Limitations:

1. The Laplacian blending can be applied only in one direction i.e., joining images between two Laplacian pyramids can occur either in x or in y direction. This is due to the fact that the Laplacian of the images have thick white border created due to sudden gradient and thus giving unwanted outcomes.

## My Submission :











