### COMP 1805 - Winter 2021 Supplemental Sheet

#### **Standard Sums**

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} k = kn$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} i = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} i^{2} = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} i^{3} = \frac{n^{2}(n+1)^{2}}{4}$$

$$\sum_{i=0}^{n} ax^{i} = \frac{ax^{n+1} - a}{x - 1}, x \neq 0, x \neq 1$$

# **Definition of** O, $\Omega$ and $\Theta$

 $f(n) \in O(g(n))$  provided that  $f(n) \le cg(n), \forall n \ge n_0$ , for constants  $c, n_0 > 0$ .

 $f(n) \in O(g(n))$  provided that  $\lim_{n \to \infty} f(n)/g(n) \le c$  for constant c > 0.

 $f(n) \in \Omega(g(n))$  provided that  $f(n) \ge cg(n), \forall n \ge n_0$ , for constants  $c, n_0 > 0$ .

 $f(n) \in \Omega(g(n))$  provided that  $\lim_{n \to \infty} f(n)/g(n) \ge c$  for constant c > 0.

f(n) is  $\Theta(g(n))$  provided that f(n) is O(g(n)) and f(n) is  $\Omega(g(n))$ .

#### Logic and Set Rules

$$T = \text{True} \\ F = \text{False} \\ & \mathcal{U} = \text{Universe} \\ & \emptyset = \{\} \quad (\text{empty set}) \\ \\ & A \wedge T \equiv A \\ & A \vee F \equiv A \\ & A \wedge F \equiv F \\ & A \vee T \equiv T \\ & A \wedge A \equiv A \\ & A \wedge A \equiv A \\ & A \wedge A \equiv A \\ & -(\neg A) \equiv A \\ & A \wedge A \equiv A \\ & -(\neg A) \equiv A \\ & A \wedge A \equiv F \\ & A \wedge A \equiv F \\ & A \wedge A = B \\ & A \wedge B = B \wedge A \\ & A \wedge B = B \wedge A \\ & A \wedge B = B \wedge A \\ & A \wedge B = B \wedge A \\ & A \wedge B = B \wedge A \\ & A \wedge B = B \wedge A \\ & A \wedge B = B \wedge A \\ & A \wedge B = B \wedge A \\ & A \wedge B = B \wedge A \\ & A \wedge B = B \wedge A \\ & A \wedge B = A \wedge B \\ & A \wedge B = A \wedge$$

# Inference Rules

$$\begin{array}{c} \frac{A}{ \ \, : \ \, A \lor Q} \end{array} \end{array} \hspace{0.2cm} \begin{array}{c} \text{Addition} & \frac{A \land B}{ \ \, : \ \, A} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} A \land B \\ \hline \ \, : \ \, A \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{Simplification} \end{array}$$