Exercise 2

PHYS4000 Advanced Computational Quantum Mechanics

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1 Question 1

Calculate the expectation value $\langle \hat{\mathbf{S}}_z \rangle$ (will be using bold & hat notation for operators because it looks nice in latex) for $|\psi\rangle = |z_-\rangle$:

Starting with the definition for the expectation value:

$$\langle \hat{\mathbf{S}_{\mathbf{z}}} \rangle = \langle \psi | \hat{\mathbf{S}_{\mathbf{z}}} | \psi \rangle \tag{1}$$

$$\langle \psi | \hat{\mathbf{S}_{\mathbf{z}}} | \psi \rangle = \frac{1}{2} (|\langle \psi | z_{+} \rangle|^{2} - |\langle \psi | z_{-} \rangle|^{2})$$
(2)

for a general state $|\psi\rangle$, which we substitute with $|z_{-}\rangle$ to get

$$\langle z_{-}|\hat{\mathbf{S}_{\mathbf{z}}}|z_{-}\rangle = \frac{1}{2}(|\langle z_{-}|z_{+}\rangle|^{2} - |\langle z_{-}|z_{-}\rangle|^{2})$$

$$(3)$$

We are aware that $\langle z_{\pm}|z_{\mp}\rangle = 0$ and $\langle z_{\pm}|z_{\pm}\rangle = 1$, subsequently

$$\langle z_-|\hat{\mathbf{S}_z}|z_-\rangle = \frac{1}{2}(-1)^2$$

$$\langle z_{-}|\hat{\mathbf{S}_{\mathbf{z}}}|z_{-}\rangle = \frac{1}{2} \tag{4}$$

We expect this because its essentially asking what the expectation that we get a $|z_{-}\rangle$ state from an SG₋z experiment is. And we know from Exp 1 that it ought to be 1/2.

2 Question 2

3 Question 3

We start with the knowledge that a projection operator satisfies $P^2 = P$, and we apply this to I_v :

$$I_{y} = |y_{+}\rangle \langle y_{+}| + |y_{-}\rangle \langle y_{-}|$$

$$I_{y}^{2} = (|y_{+}\rangle \langle y_{+}| + |y_{-}\rangle \langle y_{-}|)^{2}$$

$$(5)$$

$$\begin{split} I_y^2 &= \left| y_+ \right\rangle \left\langle y_+ \middle| y_- \right\rangle \left\langle y_- \middle| + \left| y_- \right\rangle \left\langle y_- \middle| y_+ \middle| \left\langle y_+ \middle| + \left(\left| y_+ \right\rangle \left\langle y_+ \middle| \right)^2 + \left(\left| y_- \right\rangle \left\langle y_- \middle| \right)^2 \right. \\ \\ & I_y^2 = 0 + 0 + \left| y_+ \right\rangle \left\langle y_+ \middle| y_+ \right\rangle \left\langle y_+ \middle| + \left| y_- \right\rangle \left\langle y_- \middle| y_- \right\rangle \left\langle y_- \middle| \right. \\ \\ & I_y^2 = \left| y_+ \right\rangle \left\langle y_+ \middle| + \left| y_- \right\rangle \left\langle y_- \middle| \right. \end{split}$$

$$I_y^2 = \left| y_+ \right\rangle \left\langle y_+ \right| + \left| y_- \right\rangle \left\langle y_- \right| = I_y$$

The above shows that $I_y^2 = I_y$ and thus satisfies the condition of a projection operator.

4 Question 4

Showing that $I_y = I_z$ using 5.12. 5.12:

$$|y_{\pm}\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|z_{+}\rangle \pm \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}}|z_{-}\rangle \tag{6}$$

Substitute directly into I_y :

$$\begin{split} I_y &= \left| y_+ \right\rangle \left\langle y_+ \right| + \left| y_- \right\rangle \left\langle y_- \right| \\ I_y &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left| z_+ \right\rangle \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left\langle z_+ \right| - \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \left\langle z_- \right| \right) \\ &+ \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \left| z_- \right\rangle \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left\langle z_+ \right| - \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \left\langle z_- \right| \right) \\ &+ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left| z_+ \right\rangle \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left\langle z_+ \right| + \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \left\langle z_- \right| \right) \\ &+ \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \left| z_- \right\rangle \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left\langle z_+ \right| + \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \left\langle z_- \right| \right) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} I_y &= |z_+\rangle \left\langle z_-| - \frac{i}{2} \left| z_+ \right\rangle \left\langle z_-| \right. \\ &+ \frac{i}{2} \left| z_- \right\rangle \left\langle z_+| + \frac{1}{2} \left| z_- \right\rangle \left\langle z_-| \right. \\ &+ \frac{1}{2} \left| z_+ \right\rangle \left\langle z_+| + \frac{i}{2} \left| z_+ \right\rangle \left\langle z_-| \right. \\ &- \frac{i}{2} \left| z_- \right\rangle \left\langle z_+| - \frac{1}{2} \left| z_- \right\rangle \left\langle z_-| \right. \end{split}$$

$$I_{y} = |z_{+}\rangle \langle z_{+}| + |z_{-}\rangle \langle z_{-}| = I_{z}$$

$$(7)$$

5 Question 5

5.15:

$$0 = |\langle z_{-}|x_{+}\rangle|^{2} |\langle x_{+}|z_{+}\rangle|^{2} + |\langle z_{-}|x_{-}\rangle|^{2} |\langle x_{-}|z_{+}\rangle|^{2}$$
$$+ \langle z_{-}|x_{+}\rangle \langle x_{+}|z_{+}\rangle \langle z_{-}|x_{-}\rangle^{*} \langle x_{-}|z_{+}\rangle^{*}$$
$$+ \langle z_{-}|x_{+}\rangle^{*} \langle x_{+}|z_{+}\rangle^{*} \langle z_{-}|x_{-}\rangle \langle x_{-}|z_{+}\rangle$$

We can note that there are really only four terms, and their respective conjugates. If we substitute $|x_{\pm}\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|z_{+}\rangle \pm |z_{+}\rangle)$ into the four repeating terms and evaluate them, we can simplify the RHS in terms of z.

$$\langle z_{-}|x_{+}\rangle = \langle z_{-}|\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|z_{+}\rangle + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|z_{-}\rangle\right) \tag{8}$$

$$\langle x_{+}|z_{+}\rangle = \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|z_{+}\rangle + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|z_{-}\rangle\right)|z_{+}\rangle \tag{9}$$

$$\langle z_{-}|x_{-}\rangle = \langle z_{-}|\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|z_{+}\rangle - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|z_{-}\rangle\right) \tag{10}$$

$$\langle x_{-}|z_{+}\rangle = \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|z_{+}\rangle - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|z_{-}\rangle\right)|z_{+}\rangle \tag{11}$$

Which evaluate respectively to

$$\langle z_-|x_+\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \,, \langle x_+|z_+\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \tag{12}$$

$$\langle z_-|x_-\rangle = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} , \langle x_-|z_+\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\tag{13}$$

Substituting the evaluated amplitudes into 5.15 we get

$$0 = \left| \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right|^2 \left| \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right|^2 + \left| -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right|^2 \left| \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right|^2 \tag{14}$$

$$+(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}})(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}})(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}})^*(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}})^* \tag{15}$$

$$+(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}})^*(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}})^*(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}})(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}})\tag{16}$$

$$=\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{4} = 0 \tag{17}$$

RHS = 0 and LHS = RHS.

- 6 Question 6
- 7 Question 7
- 8 Question 8