

HW3

March 7, 2022

This uses the same A* algorithm as HW1 on the GVD path Brushfire creates. The A* is limited to only Single-sided searching rather than Double like before, since there's no practical advantage otherwise in the case of exploring a GVD. There are only a few paths to explore, and a path from start to goal is already guaranteed to exist. It should also not use Jump Point since that paths are narrow enough that jumping from corners won't make a significant change to path length while still adding more time for processing. But I left it in because I think it's interesting to see.

In regards to the Jump Point algorithm I did need to make a slight tweak though. Because the paths are so narrow it's possible that two corner nodes may not be visible to each other even though a path between them exists. In this case, the algorithm would be unable to continue and would just get stuck in a loop. To prevent this I updated the definition of a corner node to include not just nodes diagonally adjacent to outside corners, but nodes diagonally adjacent to inside corners as well. For example, if an obstacle were L-shaped, the corner nodes (*) would be both the node outside and the node inside.



This should prevent any errors in the algorithm, though it can also increase search time as the number of nodes to explore may also increase.

1 Brushfire

brushfire.py

```
[ ]: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

show_animation = True

class Brushfire:
    def __init__(self, grid):
        self.grid = grid
        global show_animation
        show_animation = grid.show
        self.minX = grid.r1[0]
```

```

self.minY = grid.r2[0]
self.gvd = [[self.Node(0, x, y, [x, y]) for y in grid.r2] for x in grid.
→r1]

self.moves = [0, 1,
               1, 0,
               0, -1,
               -1, 0,
               1, 1,
               1, -1,
               -1, -1,
               -1, 1]

self.get_gvd()

class Node:
    def __init__(self, val, x, y, parent_index):
        self.val = val
        self.x = x
        self.y = y
        self.parent_index = parent_index

    def __eq__(self, n2):
        return self.val == n2.val

    def same_parent(self, node):
        return self.parent_index == node.parent_index

def get_gvd(self):
    open_set = []
    temp_set = []

    for i in range(len(self.grid.r1)):
        x = i + self.minX
        for j in range(len(self.grid.r2)):
            y = j + self.minY
            node = self.gvd[i][j]
            if not self.grid.obstacle_map[x][y]:
                open_set.append(node)
            else:
                node.val = 1
                temp_set.append(node)
                for k in range(len(self.moves) // 4):
                    x2 = i + self.moves[2 * k]
                    y2 = j + self.moves[2 * k + 1]
                    if len(self.grid.r1) > x2 > -1 and len(self.grid.r2) >
→y2 > -1:
                                if self.grid.obstacle_map[x2 + self.minX][y2 + self.
→minY]:

```

```

        self.gvd[x2][y2].parent_index = node.
↪parent_index
    if show_animation:
        line = plt.plot(0, 0)
    while len(open_set) > 0:
        target_set = temp_set.copy()
        temp_set = []
        for node in target_set:
            for i in range(len(self.moves) // 2):
                x = node.x + self.moves[2 * i]
                y = node.y + self.moves[2 * i + 1]
                if len(self.grid.r1) > x - self.minX > -1 and len(self.grid.
↪r2) > y - self.minY > -1:
                    neighbor = self.gvd[x - self.minX][y - self.minY]
                    if neighbor.val == 0:
                        self.grid.obstacle_map[x][y] = True
                        neighbor.parent_index = node.parent_index
                        neighbor.val = node.val + 1
                        temp_set.append(neighbor)
                        open_set.remove(neighbor)
                        # if show_animation:
                        #     line = plt.plot(x, y, "s", color=line[0]).
↪get_color())
                    elif neighbor.val >= node.val and not node.
↪same_parent(neighbor):
                        self.grid.obstacle_map[x][y] = False
                        neighbor.val = np.inf
                        if show_animation:
                            plt.plot(x, y, "s", color="#888888")
                    if show_animation:
                        plt.gcf().canvas.mpl_connect('key_release_event',
                                                    lambda event: [exit(0) if event.
↪key == 'escape' else None])
                        plt.pause(0.001)
                        line = plt.plot(0, 0)

        for node in temp_set:
            for i in range(len(self.moves) // 2):
                x = node.x + self.moves[2 * i]
                y = node.y + self.moves[2 * i + 1]
                if len(self.grid.r1) > x - self.minX > -1 and len(self.grid.r2) >
↪y - self.minY > -1:
                    neighbor = self.gvd[x - self.minX][y - self.minY]
                    if neighbor.val >= node.val and not node.
↪same_parent(neighbor):
                        self.grid.obstacle_map[x][y] = False

```

```

        neighbor.val = np.inf
        if show_animation:
            plt.plot(x, y, "s", color="#888888")
    if show_animation:
        plt.pause(0.001)

    self.grid.obstacle_map[self.grid.start[0]][self.grid.start[1]] = False
    self.grid.obstacle_map[self.grid.goal[0]][self.grid.goal[1]] = False

    node = self.gvd[self.grid.start[0] - self.minX][self.grid.start[1] -
↪self.minY]
    while node.val != np.inf:
        for i in range(len(self.moves) // 2):
            x = node.x + self.moves[2 * i] - self.minX
            y = node.y + self.moves[2 * i + 1] - self.minY
            neighbor = self.gvd[x][y]
            if neighbor.val > node.val:
                node = self.gvd[x][y]
                self.grid.obstacle_map[x + self.minX][y + self.minY] = False
                if show_animation:
                    plt.plot(x + self.minX, y + self.minX, "s",
↪color="#888888")
                break

    node = self.gvd[self.grid.goal[0] - self.minX][self.grid.goal[1] - self.
↪minY]
    while node.val != np.inf:
        for i in range(len(self.moves) // 2):
            x = node.x + self.moves[2 * i] - self.minX
            y = node.y + self.moves[2 * i + 1] - self.minY
            neighbor = self.gvd[x][y]
            if neighbor.val > node.val:
                node = self.gvd[x][y]
                self.grid.obstacle_map[x + self.minX][y + self.minY] = False
                if show_animation:
                    plt.plot(x + self.minX, y + self.minX, "s",
↪color="#888888")
                break

```

2 A*

aStar.py

```

[ ]: import math
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

```

```

maze = False
show_animation = True
single_sided_astar = False

class Grid:
    def __init__(self, sx=0, sy=0, gx=0, gy=0, rr=0.0, single=False, m=False,
↪ show=True):
        global maze
        global show_animation
        global single_sided_astar
        maze = m
        single_sided_astar = single
        show_animation = show
        self.single = single
        self.maze = m
        self.show = show
        self.start = (sx, sy)
        self.goal = (gx, gy)
        self.rr = rr
        self.width, self.height = 0, 0
        self.r1, self.r2 = [], []
        self.init()
        self.obstacle_map = [[False for _ in self.r2]
                               for _ in self.r1]
        self.motion = [[-1, 0, 1],
                        [0, 1, 1],
                        [1, 0, 1],
                        [0, -1, 1],
                        [-1, -1, math.sqrt(2)],
                        [-1, 1, math.sqrt(2)],
                        [1, 1, math.sqrt(2)],
                        [1, -1, math.sqrt(2)]]

    def copy(self, grid):
        global maze
        global show_animation
        global single_sided_astar
        maze = grid.maze
        single_sided_astar = grid.single
        show_animation = grid.show
        self.single = grid.single
        self.maze = grid.maze
        self.show = grid.show
        self.start = grid.start
        self.goal = grid.goal

```

```

self.rr = grid.rr
self.width, self.height = grid.width, grid.height
self.r1, self.r2 = grid.r1, grid.r2
self.obstacle_map = grid.obstacle_map
self.motion = grid.motion

class Node:
    def __init__(self, x, y, cost, parent_index):
        self.x = x
        self.y = y
        self.cost = cost
        self.parent_index = parent_index

    def __eq__(self, n2):
        return self.x == n2.x and self.y == n2.y

    def aStar(self, start=None, goal=None, checked_set=None, corner_set2=None,
↪single=False):
        print("Exploring...")

        if start is None:
            start = self.start
        if goal is None:
            goal = self.goal
        if checked_set is None:
            checked_set = dict()
        if corner_set2 is None:
            corner_set2 = dict()

        start_node = self.Node(self.calc_xy_index(start[0], self.start[0]),
                                self.calc_xy_index(start[1], self.start[1]), 0.
↪0, -1)
        goal_node = self.Node(self.calc_xy_index(goal[0], self.start[0]),
                                self.calc_xy_index(goal[1], self.start[1]), 0.0,
↪-1)

        corner_set = dict()
        open_set, closed_set = dict(), dict()
        open_set[self.calc_grid_index(start_node)] = start_node

        open_set2, closed_set2 = dict(), dict()
        open_set2[self.calc_grid_index(goal_node)] = goal_node
        current2, c_id2 = None, None

        while 1:
            if len(open_set)*len(open_set2) == 0:
                print("No path exists")

```

```

        break

        c_id = min(open_set, key=lambda o: open_set[o].cost + self.
↪calc_heuristic(goal_node, open_set[o]))
        current = open_set[c_id]

        if not single:
            c_id2 = min(open_set2, key=lambda o: open_set2[o].cost + self.
↪calc_heuristic(start_node, open_set2[o]))
            current2 = open_set2[c_id2]

        if show_animation:
            if single:
                plt.plot(self.calc_grid_position(current.x, self.start[0]),
                         self.calc_grid_position(current.y, self.start[1]),
↪"1r")
            else:
                plt.plot(self.calc_grid_position(current.x, self.start[0]),
                         self.calc_grid_position(current.y, self.start[1]),
↪"+y")

                plt.plot(self.calc_grid_position(current2.x, self.start[0]),
                         self.calc_grid_position(current2.y, self.
↪start[1]), "xc")

                # for stopping simulation with the esc key.
                plt.gcf().canvas.mpl_connect('key_release_event',
                                              lambda event: [exit(0) if event.
↪key == 'escape' else None])

                if len(closed_set.keys()) % 10 == 0:
                    plt.pause(0.001)

        exist = False
        if single:
            if current == goal_node:
                exist = True
        else:
            c_gd = self.calc_grid_index(current)
            c_gd2 = self.calc_grid_index(current2)
            if c_gd in closed_set2:
                exist = True
                corner_set[c_gd] = current
            elif c_gd2 in closed_set:
                exist = True
                current = current2
                corner_set[c_gd2] = current2

        if exist and len(corner_set2) == 0:

```

```

        print("A path exists.", len(closed_set) + len(closed_set2) - 1,
↪ "nodes explored.")
        if show_animation:
            plt.plot(self.calc_grid_position(current.x, self.start[0]),
                     self.calc_grid_position(current.y, self.start[1]),
↪ "or")

            corner_set[self.calc_grid_index(start_node)] = start_node
            corner_set[self.calc_grid_index(goal_node)] = goal_node
            if single:
                return self.jump_point(start_node, goal_node, goal_node,
↪ corner_set)
            else:
                return self.jump_point(start_node, current, goal_node,
↪ corner_set)

        del open_set[c_id]
        closed_set[c_id] = current
        self.expand_grid(current, c_id, open_set, closed_set, corner_set)

        if current != start_node and self.visible(start_node, current):
            for _, node in checked_set.items():
                if self.visible(node, current):
                    print(len(closed_set) + len(closed_set2) - 1, "nodes
↪ explored.")

                    corner_set2[c_id] = self.Node(current.x, current.y, np.
↪ inf, -1)

                    plt.plot(self.calc_grid_position(current.x, self.
↪ start[0]),
                             self.calc_grid_position(current.y, self.
↪ start[1]), "^b")

                    return
                if c_id in corner_set and c_id not in corner_set2:
                    corner_set2[c_id] = self.Node(current.x, current.y, np.
↪ inf, -1)

                    plt.plot(self.calc_grid_position(current.x, self.
↪ start[0]),
                             self.calc_grid_position(current.y, self.
↪ start[1]), "^m")

            if not single:
                del open_set2[c_id2]
                closed_set2[c_id2] = current2
                self.expand_grid(current2, c_id2, open_set2, closed_set2,
↪ corner_set)

    def expand_grid(self, current, c_id, open_set, closed_set, corner_set):

```



```

obs = []
for i, _ in enumerate(self.motion):
    node = self.Node(current.x + self.motion[i][0], current.y + self.
↪motion[i][1],
                        current.cost + self.motion[i][2], c_id)
    n_id = self.calc_grid_index(node)

    if self.obstacle_node(node):
        obs.append(i)
        continue

    if self.bounds_node(node) or n_id in closed_set:
        continue

    if n_id not in open_set:
        if maze:
            if i < 4:
                open_set[n_id] = node
            else:
                open_set[n_id] = node
        elif open_set[n_id].cost > node.cost:
            open_set[n_id] = node

corner = False
if 4 in obs and 3 not in obs and 0 not in obs or \
    5 in obs and 0 not in obs and 1 not in obs or \
    6 in obs and 1 not in obs and 2 not in obs or \
    7 in obs and 2 not in obs and 3 not in obs:
    corner_set[c_id] = self.Node(current.x, current.y, np.inf, -1)
    corner = True
elif 4 in obs and 3 in obs and 0 in obs or \
    5 in obs and 0 in obs and 1 in obs or \
    6 in obs and 1 in obs and 2 in obs or \
    7 in obs and 2 in obs and 3 in obs:
    corner_set[c_id] = self.Node(current.x, current.y, np.inf, -1)
    corner = True

if corner and show_animation:
    plt.plot(self.calc_grid_position(current.x, self.start[0]),
             self.calc_grid_position(current.y, self.start[1]), "m")

def jump_point(self, start, intersect, goal, corner_set):
    print("Finding path...")

    grid = Grid()
    grid.copy(self)

```

```

marker = "^g"
found_intersect = not maze

open_set = dict()
open_set[self.calc_grid_index(start)] = start
closed_set, closed_set2 = dict(), corner_set.copy()

while 1:
    if len(open_set) == 0:
        print("Path not found. Expanding intersect node...")
        grid.aStar((intersect.x, intersect.y), (start.x, start.y),
→closed_set, corner_set, True)
        grid.aStar((intersect.x, intersect.y), (goal.x, goal.y),
→closed_set2, corner_set, True)
        print("Finding path...")
        marker = "^r"
        found_intersect = False
        open_set[self.calc_grid_index(start)] = start
        closed_set, closed_set2 = dict(), corner_set.copy()

    if not found_intersect:
        c_id = min(open_set, key=lambda o: open_set[o].cost + self.
→calc_heuristic(intersect, open_set[o]))
        current = open_set[c_id]
    else:
        c_id = min(open_set, key=lambda o: open_set[o].cost + self.
→calc_heuristic(goal, open_set[o]))
        current = open_set[c_id]

    if current == intersect:
        found_intersect = True
        open_set = dict()
        open_set[self.calc_grid_index(intersect)] = intersect

    if show_animation:
        plt.plot(self.calc_grid_position(current.x, self.start[0]),
                 self.calc_grid_position(current.y, self.start[1]),
→marker)

        plt.gcf().canvas.mpl_connect('key_release_event',
                                     lambda event: [exit(0) if event.
→key == 'escape' else None])
        if len(closed_set.keys()) % 1 == 0:
            plt.pause(0.001)

    if current == goal:

```

```

        print("Goal Found!", len(closed_set) - 1, "corner nodes_␣
→explored.")

        self.calc_final_path(current, closed_set)
        return

    del open_set[c_id]
    del closed_set2[c_id]
    closed_set[c_id] = current
    self.expand_corners(current, c_id, open_set, closed_set, corner_set)

    def expand_corners(self, current, c_id, open_set, closed_set, corner_set):
        for _, corner in corner_set.items():
            node = self.Node(corner.x, corner.y, current.cost + self.
→calc_heuristic(current, corner), c_id)
            n_id = self.calc_grid_index(node)

            if n_id in closed_set or not self.visible(node, current):
                continue
            if n_id not in open_set or open_set[n_id].cost > node.cost:
                open_set[n_id] = node

    def visible(self, node, current):
        rise = node.y - current.y
        run = node.x - current.x

        for x in range(min(current.x, node.x), max(current.x, node.x)):
            m = rise / run
            b = current.y - current.x * m
            y = m * x + b
            if self.obstacle_map[x][math.floor(y)] or self.obstacle_map[x][math.
→ceil(y)]:
                return False
        for y in range(min(current.y, node.y), max(current.y, node.y)):
            n = run / rise
            d = current.x - current.y * n
            x = n * y + d
            if self.obstacle_map[math.floor(x)][y] or self.obstacle_map[math.
→ceil(x)][y]:
                return False
        return True

    def calc_final_path(self, goal, closed_set):
        # generate final course
        total = 0
        rx, ry = [self.calc_grid_position(goal.x, self.start[0])], [
            self.calc_grid_position(goal.y, self.start[1])]
        parent_index = goal.parent_index

```

```

while parent_index != -1:
    n = closed_set[parent_index]
    rx.append(self.calc_grid_position(n.x, self.start[0]))
    ry.append(self.calc_grid_position(n.y, self.start[1]))
    parent_index = n.parent_index
for i in range(0, len(rx) - 1):
    total += math.hypot(rx[i] - rx[i + 1], ry[i] - ry[i + 1])
    if show_animation:
        plt.plot(rx[i], ry[i], "ob")
        plt.plot((rx[i], rx[i + 1]), (ry[i], ry[i + 1]), "-b")
        plt.pause(0.001)
if show_animation:
    plt.plot(self.start[0], self.start[1], "ob")
print("Path length:", total)

@staticmethod
def calc_heuristic(n1, n2):
    return math.hypot(n1.x - n2.x, n1.y - n2.y)

@staticmethod
def calc_grid_position(index, min_position):
    return index + min_position

@staticmethod
def calc_xy_index(position, min_pos):
    return position - min_pos

def calc_grid_index(self, node):
    return (node.y - self.start[1]) * self.width + (node.x - self.start[0])

def obstacle_node(self, node):
    return self.obstacle_map[node.x][node.y]

def bounds_node(self, node):
    px = self.calc_grid_position(node.x, self.start[0])
    py = self.calc_grid_position(node.y, self.start[1])

    if px < self.start[0] - 5:
        return True
    elif py < self.start[1] - 5:
        return True
    elif px > self.goal[0] + 5:
        return True
    elif py > self.goal[1] + 5:
        return True
    return False

```

```

def init(self):
    self.width = self.goal[0] - self.start[0] + 10
    self.height = self.goal[1] - self.start[1] + 10
    self.r1 = range(self.start[0] - 5, self.goal[0] + 6)
    self.r2 = range(self.start[1] - 5, self.goal[1] + 6)

def calc_obstacle_map(self, ox, oy):
    # obstacle map generation
    for ix in self.r1:
        x = self.calc_grid_position(ix, self.start[0])
        for iy in self.r2:
            y = self.calc_grid_position(iy, self.start[1])
            for iox, ioy in zip(ox, oy):
                d = math.hypot(iox - x, ioy - y)
                if d <= self.rr:
                    self.obstacle_map[ix][iy] = True
                    break

```

3 Main

main.py

```

[ ]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
from matplotlib.patches import Rectangle
from numpy.random import rand
from aStar import Grid
from brushfire import Brushfire

np.random.seed(7)
show_animation = True
single_sided_astar = True

def main():
    print(__file__ + " Press Esc to exit")

    # start and goal position
    sx = 0
    sy = 0
    gx = 35
    gy = 35
    robot_radius = 0.5
    grid = Grid(sx, sy, gx, gy, robot_radius, single_sided_astar, False,
    ↪ show_animation)

```

```

if show_animation:
    plt.plot(sx, sy, "og")
    plt.plot(gx, gy, "ob")
    plt.grid(True)
    plt.axis("equal")
    plt.pause(1)

ox = [x for x in range(sx - 5, gx + 6)]
oy = [sy - 5 for _ in range(sy - 5, gy + 6)]
grid.calc_obstacle_map(ox, oy)
if show_animation:
    plt.plot(ox, oy, "sk")

ox = [x for x in range(sx - 5, gx + 6)]
oy = [gy + 5 for _ in range(sy - 5, gy + 6)]
grid.calc_obstacle_map(ox, oy)
if show_animation:
    plt.plot(ox, oy, "sk")

ox = [sx - 5 for _ in range(sx - 5, gx + 6)]
oy = [y for y in range(sy - 5, gy + 6)]
grid.calc_obstacle_map(ox, oy)
if show_animation:
    plt.plot(ox, oy, "sk")

ox = [gx + 5 for _ in range(sx - 5, gx + 6)]
oy = [y for y in range(sy - 5, gy + 6)]
grid.calc_obstacle_map(ox, oy)
if show_animation:
    plt.plot(ox, oy, "sk")

# 4 random rectangular obstacles, one in each quadrant
print("Creating Obstacles...")
obs = []
w = gx - sx
h = gy - sy
# Quad 1
ob = Rectangle(xy=(rand() * w / 2 + w / 2 - 7, rand() * h / 2 + h / 2 - 7),
width=rand() * 8 + 4 + robot_radius,
height=rand() * 8 + 4 + robot_radius)
while ob.contains_point((sx, sy)) or ob.contains_point((gx, gy)):
    ob = Rectangle(xy=(rand() * w / 2 + w / 2 - 7, rand() * h / 2 + h / 2 -
7), width=rand() * 8 + 4 + robot_radius,
height=rand() * 8 + 4 + robot_radius)
ob.set_width(ob.get_width() - robot_radius)
ob.set_height(ob.get_height() - robot_radius)
obs.append(ob)

```

```

# Quad 2
ob = Rectangle(xy=(rand() * w / 2, rand() * h / 2 + h / 2 - 7),
width=rand() * 8 + 4,
height=rand() * 8 + 4)
obs.append(ob)

# Quad 3
ob = Rectangle(xy=(rand() * w / 2, rand() * h / 2), width=rand() * 8 + 4 +
robot_radius,
height=rand() * 8 + 4 + robot_radius)
while ob.contains_point((sx, sy)) or ob.contains_point((gx, gy)):
ob = Rectangle(xy=(rand() * w / 2, rand() * h / 2), width=rand() * 8 +
4 + robot_radius,
height=rand() * 8 + 4 + robot_radius)
ob.set_width(ob.get_width() - robot_radius)
ob.set_height(ob.get_height() - robot_radius)
obs.append(ob)

# Quad 4
ob = Rectangle(xy=(rand() * w / 2 + w / 2 - 7, rand() * h / 2),
width=rand() * 8 + 4,
height=rand() * 8 + 4)
obs.append(ob)

# discretize each rectangle
for ob in obs:
x = ob.get_x()
y = ob.get_y()

ox, oy = [], []
for i in range(int(x), int(x + ob.get_width())):
for j in range(int(y), int(y + ob.get_height())):
if ob.contains_point((i, j)):
ox.append(i)
oy.append(j)
grid.calc_obstacle_map(ox, oy)
if show_animation:
plt.plot(ox, oy, "sk")
plt.gcf().canvas.mpl_connect('key_release_event',
lambda event: [exit(0) if event.key ==
'escape' else None])
plt.pause(0.01)

Brushfire(grid)
grid.aStar(single_sided_astar)
if show_animation:

```

```
plt.show()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()
```