

Homework #3 of PH621, Due due on Monday, March 12

1. (30 points) A nasty bacterium in the shape of a spheroid with principle axes  $b$ ,  $b$ ,  $a$  and uniform density is spinning in free space about its axis of symmetry  $\hat{e}_3$  with angular velocity  $\omega_r$  (Figure 1). The symmetry axis of the bacterium is inclined at angle  $\theta$  with respect to an axis  $OP$  fixed in space, and precesses around it with angular velocity  $\omega_p$ .
  - (a) Determine  $\omega_p$
  - (b) The nasty bacterium finds life in space difficult and transforms itself into a spherical spore of the same uniform density and radius  $c$ . Assume no external forces or torque have acted on the nasty bacterium, find the rotational frequency of this sphere in terms of  $\omega_r$ ,  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $\theta$ .

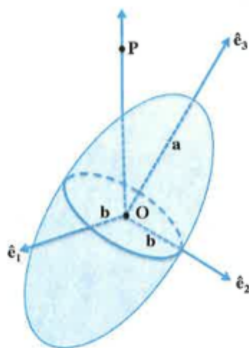


Figure 1

2. (30 points) A rigid body in the shape of a thumbtack formed from a thin disk of mass  $M$  and radius  $a$  and a massless stem is placed on an inclined plane that makes an angle  $\alpha$  with the horizontal. The point of the tack remains stationary at the point  $P$ , and the head rolls along a circle of radius  $b$ . Introduce a set of laboratory coordinates whose  $3^0$  axis is perpendicular to the inclined plane and whose  $2^0$  axis points down the plane, as well as a set of body-fixed principle axes with origin at the center of mass, whose 3 axis is perpendicular to the head of the tack pointing outward, whose 2 axis passes through the point of contact with the plane, and whose 1 axis is parallel to the surface. Introduce also the set of angles  $(\theta, \phi, \gamma)$  that specify the orientation of the tack, as indicated in Figure 2.

- (a) Show that in general the angular velocity of the role tack is given by

$$\omega = \dot{\theta}\hat{e}_1 + \dot{\phi}\hat{e}_2 + (ba^{-1} - \sin\theta)\dot{\phi}\hat{e}_3.$$

- (b) Show that the kinetic energy of the tack is given by

$$T = \frac{1}{2}I_1\dot{\theta}^2 + \frac{1}{2}I_1\dot{\phi}^2\cos^2\theta + (2a^2)^{-1}I_3(b-a\sin\theta)^2\dot{\phi}^2 + \frac{1}{2}M(b-a\sin\theta)^2\dot{\phi}^2 + \frac{1}{2}Ma^2\dot{\theta}^2.$$

- (c) Show that the potential energy of the tack is given by

$$V = -Mg[(b-a\sin\theta)\sin\alpha\cos\phi - a\cos\alpha\cos\theta]$$

- (d) Construct the Lagrangian  $L(\phi, \theta; \dot{\phi}, \dot{\theta})$  and write the Lagrange's equations for  $\phi$  and  $\theta$  incorporating the constraint  $\theta = \theta_0 = \arcsin(a/b)$  with a Lagrange multiplier  $\lambda_\theta$ .

- (e) Show that  $\phi$  satisfies the pendulum equation with angular frequency given by

$$\Omega^2 = \frac{g}{a} \frac{\sin\alpha}{\cot\theta_0 \cos\theta_0} \frac{4}{6 + \tan^2\theta_0}$$

- (f) Interpret  $\lambda_\theta$ .

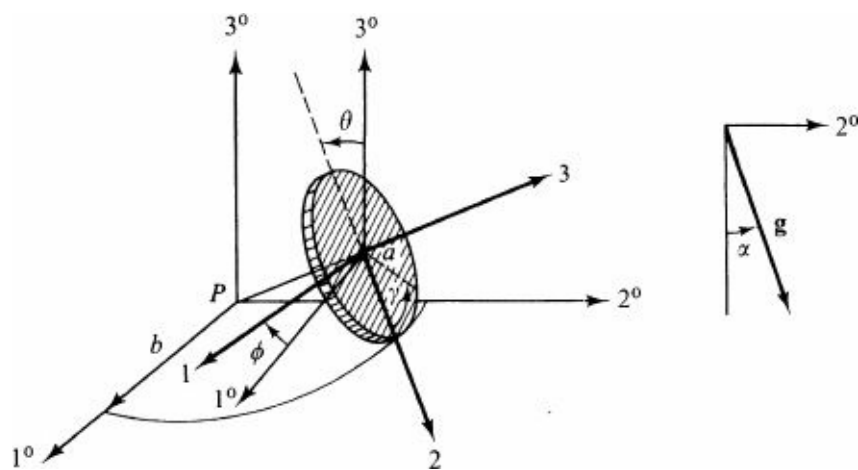


Figure 2