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#include "type.h"

/*
Breakdown pathname into parent path and child path.
Get the ino of that parent pathname.
Load that ino from disk into memory.

Allocate inode and populates inode with correct information
Allocates one block and creates . and .. dir entries in that block
Puts inode back onto disk.
*/

void make_dir(char path[124])
{
    int i, ino;
    MINODE *pmip;
    INODE *pip;

    char buf[1024];
    char temp1[1024], temp2[1024];
    char parent_name[1024], child_name[1024];

    strcpy(temp1, path);
    strcpy(temp2, path);
    strcpy(parent_name, dirname(temp1));
    strcpy(child_name, basename(temp2));

    //get parent ino
    ino = get_Inode(running->cwd, parent_name);
    pmip = iget(dev, ino); //get memory inode
    pip = &pmip->INODE; //point to the individual inode that is in memory

    if(!pmip) //checks to see whether or not the parent inode exists
    {
        printf("Error, parent does not exist.\n");
        return;
    }

    //check if dir
    if(!S_ISDIR(pip->i_mode)) //checks to see if parent inode is a file
    {
        printf("Error, parent is not a directory.\n");
        return;
    }

    if(get_Inode(running->cwd, path) != 0) //check if dir already exists
    {
        printf("Error, %s already exists.\n", path);
        return;
    }

    my_mkdir(pmip, child_name); //calls mkdir with parent memory pointer and child
name

    //++link and update time
    pip->i_links_count++; //update the link count for the parent inode pointer
    pip->i_atime = time(0L); //update access time on parent inode
    pmip->dirty = 1; //set parent inode dirty to 1

    iput(pmip); //disuper_pose of memory inode pointer

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        return;
    }

/*
Loads dir blocks into buf, goes to last dir entry in that block,
changes that last rec_len to fit new entry
If block won't fit dir entry iterate to next block
*/

int enter_name(MINODE *mip, int myino, char *myname)
{
    int i;
    INODE *parent_ip = &mip->INODE;

    char buf[1024];
    char *cp;
    DIR *dp;

    int need_len = 0, ideal = 0, remain = 0;
    int block_num = 0, block_size = 1024;

    for(i = 0; i < parent_ip->i_size / BLKSIZE; i++) //walks through
    {
        if(parent_ip->i_block[i] == 0) //no iblocks
            break;

        block_num = parent_ip->i_block[i]; //sets the block num to

        get_block(dev, block_num, buf);

        dp = (DIR*)buf;
        cp = buf;

        need_len = 4 * ( (8 + strlen(myname) + 3) / 4);

        while(cp + dp->rec_len < buf + BLKSIZE) //walks to the end of the entry
        {
            cp += dp->rec_len;
            dp = (DIR*)cp;
        }

        cp = (char*)dp; //casts the dir pointer to a char pointer

        //ideal length uses name len of last dir entry
        ideal = 4 * ( (8 + dp->name_len + 3) / 4);

        remain = dp->rec_len - ideal; //gets remaining size

        if(remain >= need_len) //checks to see if we are good on space
        {
            //set the stats of the directory
            dp->rec_len = ideal;

            cp += dp->rec_len;
            dp = (DIR*)cp;

            dp->inode = myino;
            dp->rec_len = block_size - ((u32)cp - (u32)buf);
            dp->name_len = strlen(myname);
            dp->file_type = EXT2_FT_DIR;
            strcpy(dp->name, myname);
        }
    }
}

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        put_block(dev, block_num, buf);

        return 1;
    }
}

block_num = balloc(dev);
parent_ip->i_block[i] = block_num;

parent_ip->i_size += BLKSIZE;
mip->dirty = 1;

get_block(dev, block_num, buf);

dp = (DIR*)buf;
cp = buf;

dp->inode = myino; //set inode to myino
dp->rec_len = 1024; //reset length to 1024
dp->name_len = strlen(myname); //set name to myname
dp->file_type = EXT2_FT_DIR; //set dir type to EXT2 compatible
strcpy(dp->name, myname); //set the dir pointer name to myname

put_block(dev, block_num, buf);

return 1;
}

void my_mkdir(MINODE *pmip, char *child_name)
{
    int ino = ialloc(dev);
    int block_num = balloc(dev);
    int i;

    MINODE *mip = iget(dev, ino);
    INODE *ip = &mip->INODE;

    char *cp, buf[1024];
    DIR *dp;

    ip->i_mode = 0x41ED; //OR 040755: DIR type and permissions
    ip->i_uid = running->uid; //owner uid
    ip->i_gid = running->gid; //group id
    //we set the size to blksize to because that is the size of a dir
    ip->i_size = BLKSIZE; //size in bytes
    ip->i_links_count = 2; //links count=2 because of . and ..
    ip->i_atime = time(0L); //set access time to current time
    ip->i_ctime = time(0L); //set creation time to current time
    ip->i_mtime = time(0L); //set modify time to current time

    // . and ..
    ip->i_blocks = 2;
    ip->i_block[0] = block_num;

    for(i = 1; i < 15; i++) //sets the data blocks to unoccupied
        ip->i_block[i] = 0;

    mip->dirty = 1;

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    iput(mip);

    // . and ..
    get_block(dev, block_num, buf); //gets the block that was created for the dir

    dp = (DIR*)buf;
    cp = buf;

    //creates the . entry
    dp->inode = ino;
    dp->rec_len = 4 * (( 8 + 1 + 3 ) / 4);
    dp->name_len = strlen(".");
    dp->file_type = (u8)EXT2_FT_DIR;
    dp->name[0] = '.'; //name .

    cp += dp->rec_len; //increments to the next super_pace in the dir
    dp = (DIR*)cp;

    //creates the .. entry
    dp->inode = pmip->ino;
    dp->rec_len = 1012;
    dp->name_len = strlen("..");
    dp->file_type = (u8)EXT2_FT_DIR;
    dp->name[0] = '.';
    dp->name[1] = '.'; //second makes (..)

    put_block(dev, block_num, buf); //puts the block back into memory

    enter_name(pmip, ino, child_name);

    return 1;
}
```