## **Diagnosis of Pediatric Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome (PALICC-2 Definition)**

Age	Age < 18 years. Exclude patients with perinatal lung disease						
Timing	Within 7 days of known clinical insult						
Origin of edema	Not fully explained	d by cardiac failure or fluid ov	verload				
Chest imaging		New opacities (unilateral or bilateral) consistent with acute pulmonary parenchymal disease and which are not due primarily to atelectasis or pleural effusion					
Oxygenation <sup>a</sup> (Use PaO <sub>2</sub> preferentially when available)	IMV: OI $\geq$ 4 or OSI $\geq$ 5 NIV: PaO <sub>2</sub> /FiO <sub>2</sub> $\leq$ 300 or SpO <sub>2</sub> /FiO <sub>2</sub> $\leq$ 250 Stratification of PARDS severity: Apply $\geq$ 4 hr after initial diagnosis of PARDS						
	IMV-PARDS  NIV-PARDS  (Full-face mask	Mild/moderate: OI < 16 or OSI < 12 Mild/moderate NIV- PARDS: PaO <sub>2</sub> /FiO <sub>2</sub> > 100	Severe: OI ≥ 16 or OSI ≥ 12  Severe NIV-PARDS: PaO <sub>2</sub> /FiO <sub>2</sub> ≤ 100 or SpO <sub>2</sub> /				
	interface) Special Populati	or SpO <sub>2</sub> /FiO <sub>2</sub> > 150 FiO <sub>2</sub> ≤ 150					
	-						
Cyanotic heart disease	Above criteria, with acute deterioration in oxygenation not explained by cardiac disease						
Left ventricular dysfunction	Above criteria, with acute deterioration in oxygenation and new chest imaging changes not solely explained by left ventricular failure or fluid overload						
Chronic lung disease	Above criteria, wit	Above criteria, with acute deterioration in oxygenation from baseline					

IMV: invasive mechanical ventilation, NIV: non-invasive ventilation, OI: oxygenation index, OSI: oxygenation saturation index, PARDS: pediatric acute respiratory distress syndrome, SpO<sub>2</sub>: pulse oximeter oxygen saturation

<sup>a</sup>Oxygenation should be measured at steady state and not during transient desaturation episodes. When SpO<sub>2</sub> criteria is used, oxygen should be titrated to achieve an SpO<sub>2</sub> between 88 - 97%

OI = Mean airway pressure (MAP) (cm  $H_2O$ ) x  $FiO_2$  (%) /  $PaO_2$  (mmHg) OSI = MAP (cm  $H_2O$ ) x  $FiO_2$  (%) /  $SpO_2$  (%)

bDiagnosis of PARDS on NIV requires full-face mask interface with continuous airway positive pressure/positive end-expiratory pressure of ≥ 5 cm H<sub>2</sub>O

cStratification of PARDS severity does not apply to these populations

**Table 1: Ventilation targets in Pediatric Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome** 

Ventilation		Targets				
Tidal volume	Normal lung compliance	6-8ml/kg predicted body weight				
	Decreased lung compliance	4-6ml/kg	To stay below suggested PIP/Pplat			
Peak/ plateau pressure	Normal chest wall elastance	≤ 28cm H <sub>2</sub> O				
	Increased chest wall elastance	≤ 32cmH <sub>2</sub> O	e.g. edema, obesity, restrictive chest wall			
Permissive hypercapnia	All patients	pH ≥ 7.20-7.30*	To stay within suggested PIP/Pplat and Vt			
Oxygenation		Targets				
Permissive hypoxia	Mild/ moderate PARDS	SpO <sub>2</sub> 92-97%	Avoid SpO2>97% or <88%			
	Severe PARDS	SpO <sub>2</sub> <92%*	With optimized PEEP			
Positive end expiratory pressure	All patients	ARDSNet low PEEP/FiO <sub>2</sub> table				

<sup>\*</sup>Except in intracranial hypertension, severe pulmonary hypertension, select congenital heart disease lesions, hemodynamic instability, and significant ventricular dysfunction.

## ARDSNet low PEEP/FiO<sub>2</sub> table

FiO <sub>2</sub>	.30	.40	.40	.50	.50	.60	.70
PEEP	5-7	5-7	8	8	10	10	10
FiO <sub>2</sub>	.70	.70	.80	.90	.90	.90	1.0
PEEP	12	14	14	14	16	18	18

Use a minimum PEEP of 5cmH<sub>2</sub>O

If PEEP>12, consider optimizing sedation/paralysis

Table 2a: Predicted body weight to tidal volume chart for boys (HPB growth charts)

Height	PBW	TV 4ml/	TV 5ml/	TV 6ml/	Height	PBW	TV 4ml/	TV 5ml/	TV 6ml/
50	3.4	14	18	20	100	15.0	60	75	90
55	4.5	18	22	28	110	18.25	75	90	115
60	6.0	24	30	36	120	22.85	90	115	140
65	7.25	30	36	44	130	28.0	110	140	170
70	8.25	34	42	50	140	34.9	140	175	210
75	9.2	38	46	56	150	42.6	170	215	260
80	10.25	42	52	62	160	51.0	210	255	310
85	11.4	46	58	68	170	59.8	240	300	360
90	12.5	50	64	76	180	68.0	270	340	410
95	13.75	56	70	84					

Table 2b: Predicted body weight to tidal volume chart for girls (HPB growth charts)

Height	PBW	TV 4ml/	TV 5ml/	TV 6ml/	Height	PBW(k	TV 4ml/	TV 5ml/	TV 6ml/
50	3.25	13	16	20	100	14.8	60	75	90
55	4.4	18	22	26	110	18.0	75	90	110
60	5.75	24	28	34	120	22.5	90	115	135
65	6.8	28	34	40	130	26.8	110	135	160
70	8.0	32	40	48	140	33.9	135	170	200
75	8.9	36	44	54	150	42.1	170	210	250
80	10.0	40	50	60	160	50.7	200	250	300
85	11.0	44	55	66	170	57.8	230	290	350
90	12.1	48	60	72	180	62.7	250	320	380
95	13.25	54	18	80					