

1 Header Files

1.1 include/auton.hpp

```
1  #pragma once
2  #include "main.h"
3
4  /**
5   * @brief Originally, our plan was to use an auton selector, but due to
6   *       time constraints and bugs, we were unable to finish it on time.
7   * 
8   */
9
10 //-----//
11
12 /**
13  * @brief Generates the trajectories used in skills autonomous
14  */
15 void genSkills();
16
17 /**
18  * @brief Executes skills autonomous
19  */
20 void skills();
21
22 /**
23  * @brief Generates the trajectories used in red alliance's left side autonomous
24  */
25 void genRedLeft();
26
27 /**
28  * @brief Executes red alliance's left side autonomous
29  */
30 void redLeft();
31
32 /**
33  * @brief Generates the trajectories used in red alliance's right side autonomous
34  */
35 void genRedRight();
36
37 /**
38  * @brief Executes red alliance's right side autonomous
39  */
40 void redRight();
41
42 /**
43  * @brief Generates the trajectories used in blue alliance's left side autonomous
44  */
45 void genBlueLeft();
46
47 /**
48  * @brief Executes blue alliance's left side autonomous
49  */
50 void blueLeft();
```

```

51
52 /**
53  * @brief Generates the trajectories used in blue alliance's right side autonomous
54  */
55 void genBlueRight();
56
57 /**
58  * @brief Executes blue alliance's right side autonomous
59  */
60 void blueRight();
61
62 /**
63  * @brief Generates the trajectories used in AWP autonomous
64  */
65 void genAwp();
66
67 /**
68  * @brief Executes awp autonomous
69  */
70 void awp();

```

1.2 include/drive.hpp

```
1  #pragma once
2  #include "main.h"
3
4  /**
5   * @brief Computes the desired drive speed to control the chassis using curvature control
6   *       The turn power is scaled with the linear power in order to allow finer control
7   *       of the chassis.
8   *
9   * @param moveC - the desired linear speed for the robot to move in, normalized to [-1,
10  ↪ 1]
11  * @param turnC - the desired curvature for the robot to move in, normalized to [-1, 1]
12  * @param quickTurn - when this parameter is set to true, arcade control is used instead
13  ↪ to allow point turn
14  *
15  * @return the desired left and right velocity for the chassis motors to move in,
16  ↪ normalized to [-1, 1]
17  */
18  std::pair<double, double> curvatureDrive(double moveC, double turnC, bool quickTurn);
19
20  /**
21  * @brief Turns the robot to the desired global angle (using closed-loop control)
22  *
23  * @param targetAngle - the target odometry global angle to turn to, normalized to
24  ↪ [-2pi, 2pi]
25  */
26  void turnToAngle(okapi::QAngle targetAngle);
27
28  /**
29  * @brief This is our custom velocity controller. Although the motor has decent internal
30  *       PID velocity control, through our testing, we realized that it still is not
31  *       as precise as this custom velocity controller. Yet due to time constraints,
32  *       we did not have enough to time to individually tune our motors, and thus, we
33  *       stuck with using the motor's internal velocity controller.
34  *
35  *       The reason why we even have this is because our drive's movement in auton
36  ↪ heavily
37  *       relies on 2D motion profiles. There is lots of complicated math behind it, but
38  ↪ in
39  *       a sense, we create a smooth trajectory for our robot to follow and convert it
40  ↪ to
41  *       actual drive velocity that our robot follows for every 10 ms. As a result, the
42  *       how precise our auton is heavily relies on how well the velocity control of
43  ↪ our
44  *       motors are.
45  *
46  * @param velocity desired velocity
47  * @param accel desired acceleration
48  * @param currSpeed current speed of the motor(s)
49  * @return output for the motor(s)
50  */
51  double velControl(QSpeed velocity, QAcceleration accel, QSpeed currSpeed);
52
53  44
```

```

45  /**
46   * @brief The trajectory generator we use outputs linear velocity (ft/s). In order for
↳   us to
47   *     make use of that, we must convert the linear velocity to RPM, which the motors
↳   follow.
48   *     Although there are much more mathematical ways of making this conversion (such
↳   as
49   *     recording the wheel size, gear ratio, and motor speed, and using those values
↳   to
50   *     convert) we decided to use a much simpler method of calculating ratios. Since
↳   the
51   *     maximum motor RPM (for our drive) is 600 RPM and the maximum linear velocity
↳   is
52   *     4.92126 ft/s, we can use simple ratios to convert the desired linear velocity
↳   to RPM.
53   *
54   * @param path 2D vector of linear velocity
55   * @return vector of RPM
56   */
57  std::vector<double> pathToRPM(std::vector<std::vector<double>> path);
58
59  /**
60   * @brief This is the function which actually makes the robot drive. followPath receives
↳   inputs
61   *     of the desired left and right velocities and feeds it to the drive motor to
↳   follow
62   *     the desired path.
63   *
64   * @param leftVel 2D vector of left velocity
65   * @param rightVel 2D vector of right velocity
66   */
67  void followPath(std::vector<std::vector<double>> leftVel,
↳   std::vector<std::vector<double>> rightVel);

```

1.3 include/globals.hpp

```
1  #pragma once
2  #include "main.h"
3
4  /**
5   * @brief set 'Pneumatic' as pros::ADIDigitalOut
6   *
7   */
8  using Pneumatic = pros::ADIDigitalOut;
9
10 // CONSTANTS
11 /**
12  * @brief Here is our constants (though we only ended up really using
13  *     DEADBAND since we had no time to tune lift)
14  *
15  */
16  const double DEADBAND = 0.0500;
17  const double MAXLIFTHEIGHT = 2000;
18  const double LIFT_INCREMENT = 10;
19
20 // CONTROLLER
21 /**
22  * @brief Our controller
23  *
24  */
25  extern Controller master;
26
27 // MOTORS
28 /**
29  * @brief These are all the motors we used
30  *     (each of our drive motor groups have 3 individual motors)
31  *
32  */
33  extern MotorGroup leftDrive;
34  extern MotorGroup rightDrive;
35  extern pros::Motor lift;
36  extern Motor roller;
37
38 // SENSORS
39 /**
40  * @brief These were all sensors we were planning on using. But due to
41  *     time constraints, mechanical issues, and our insanely accurate
42  *     pathing algorithm, we found no need to use these sensors.
43  *
44  */
45  extern ADIEncoder trackLeft;
46  extern ADIEncoder trackRight;
47  extern ADIEncoder trackMiddle;
48  extern RotationSensor liftSensor;
49  extern IMU imu;
50
51 // PNEUMATICS
52 /**
```

```

53  * @brief Globally declares our solenoids (one for claw, one for back mogo lift)
54  *
55  */
56  extern Pneumatic mogo;
57  extern Pneumatic claw;
58
59  // SUBSYSTEM CONTROLLERS
60  /**
61   * @brief All of the following are controllers from Okpailib. But since we were
62   *       quite sucessful with our own custom path follower, we decided not to
63   *       use these.
64   *
65   */
66  extern std::shared_ptr<ChassisController> chassis;
67  extern std::shared_ptr<AsyncMotionProfileController> profiler;
68  extern std::shared_ptr<AsyncPositionController<double, double>> liftController;
69  extern std::shared_ptr<IterativePosPIDController> turnPID;
70
71
72  // AUTONOMOUS CONTROLLER
73  /**
74   * @brief As stated previously, due to time constraints and bugs, we were not able
75   *       able to have our auton selector ready in time.
76   *
77   */
78  extern int selectedAuton;
79  extern std::map<int, std::function<void()>> auton;
80  extern std::map<int, std::function<void()>> path;

```

1.4 include/main.h

```
1  /**
2   * \file main.h
3   *
4   * Contains common definitions and header files used throughout your PROS
5   * project.
6   *
7   * Copyright (c) 2017-2021, Purdue University ACM SIGBots.
8   * All rights reserved.
9   *
10  * This Source Code Form is subject to the terms of the Mozilla Public
11  * License, v. 2.0. If a copy of the MPL was not distributed with this
12  * file, You can obtain one at http://mozilla.org/MPL/2.0/.
13  */
14
15  #ifndef _PROS_MAIN_H_
16  #define _PROS_MAIN_H_
17
18  /**
19   * If defined, some commonly used enums will have preprocessor macros which give
20   * a shorter, more convenient naming pattern. If this isn't desired, simply
21   * comment the following line out.
22   *
23   * For instance, E_CONTROLLER_MASTER has a shorter name: CONTROLLER_MASTER.
24   * E_CONTROLLER_MASTER is pedantically correct within the PROS styleguide, but
25   * not convenient for most student programmers.
26   */
27  #define PROS_USE_SIMPLE_NAMES
28
29  /**
30   * If defined, C++ literals will be available for use. All literals are in the
31   * pros::literals namespace.
32   *
33   * For instance, you can do `4_mtr = 50` to set motor 4's target velocity to 50
34   */
35  #define PROS_USE_LITERALS
36
37  #include "api.h"
38
39  /**
40   * You should add more #includes here
41   */
42  #include "okapi/api.hpp"
43  #include "pros/api_legacy.h"
44  #include "pros/apix.h"
45
46  /**
47   * If you find doing pros::Motor() to be tedious and you'd prefer just to do
48   * Motor, you can use the namespace with the following commented out line.
49   *
50   * IMPORTANT: Only the okapi or pros namespace may be used, not both
51   * concurrently! The okapi namespace will export all symbols inside the pros
52   * namespace.
```

```

53  */
54  // using namespace pros;
55  // using namespace pros::literals;
56  using namespace okapi;
57
58  /**
59   * Prototypes for the competition control tasks are redefined here to ensure
60   * that they can be called from user code (i.e. calling autonomous from a
61   * button press in opcontrol() for testing purposes).
62   */
63  #ifdef __cplusplus
64  extern "C" {
65  #endif
66  void autonomous(void);
67  void initialize(void);
68  void disabled(void);
69  void competition_initialize(void);
70  void opcontrol(void);
71  #ifdef __cplusplus
72  }
73  #endif
74
75  #ifdef __cplusplus
76  /**
77   * You can add C++-only headers here
78   */
79  #include <iostream>
80  #include <cmath>
81  #include <algorithm>
82  #include <map>
83  #include "globals.hpp"
84  #include "drive.hpp"
85  #include "auton.hpp"
86  #include "paths/leftPaths.hpp"
87  #include "paths/awp.hpp"
88  #include "paths/rightPaths.hpp"
89  #include "gif-pros/gifclass.hpp"
90
91
92  #endif
93
94  #endif // _PROS_MAIN_H_

```


1.5 include/gif-pros/gifclass.hpp

```
1  #pragma once
2  #include "main.h"
3  #include "gifdec.h"
4
5  /**
6   * MIT License
7   * Copyright (c) 2019 Theo Lemay
8   * https://github.com/theol0403/gif-pros
9   */
10
11 class Gif {
12
13 public:
14
15     /**
16      * Construct the Gif class
17      * @param fname the gif filename on the SD card (prefixed with /sd/)
18      * @param parent the LVGL parent object
19      */
20     Gif(const char* fname, lv_obj_t* parent);
21
22     /**
23      * Destructs and cleans the Gif class
24      */
25     ~Gif();
26
27     /**
28      * Pauses the GIF task
29      */
30     void pause();
31
32     /**
33      * Resumes the GIF task
34      */
35     void resume();
36
37     /**
38      * Deletes GIF and frees all allocated memory
39      */
40     void clean();
41
42 private:
43
44     gd_GIF* _gif = nullptr; // gif decoder object
45     void* _gifmem = nullptr; // gif file loaded from SD into memory
46     uint8_t* _buffer = nullptr; // decoder frame buffer
47
48     lv_color_t* _cbuf = nullptr; // canvas buffer
49     lv_obj_t* _canvas = nullptr; // canvas object
50
51     pros::task_t _task = nullptr; // render task
52
```

```

53  /**
54   * Cleans and frees all allocated memory
55   */
56  void _cleanup();
57
58  /**
59   * Render cycle, blocks until loop count exceeds gif loop count flag (if any)
60   */
61  void _render();
62
63  /**
64   * Calls _render()
65   * @param arg Gif*
66   */
67  static void _render_task(void* arg);
68
69  };

```

1.6 include/gif-pros/gifdec.h

```
1  #ifndef GIFDEC_H
2  #define GIFDEC_H
3
4  #include <stdio.h>
5  #include <stdint.h>
6  #include <sys/types.h>
7
8  #ifdef __cplusplus
9  extern "C" {
10 #endif
11
12 #define BYTES_PER_PIXEL 4
13
14 typedef struct gd_Palette {
15     int size;
16     uint8_t colors[0x100 * 3];
17 } gd_Palette;
18
19 typedef struct gd_GCE {
20     uint16_t delay;
21     uint8_t tindex;
22     uint8_t disposal;
23     int input;
24     int transparency;
25 } gd_GCE;
26
27 typedef struct gd_GIF {
28     FILE *fp;
29     off_t anim_start;
30     uint16_t width, height;
31     uint16_t depth;
32     uint16_t loop_count;
33     gd_GCE gce;
34     gd_Palette *palette;
35     gd_Palette lct, gct;
36     void (*plain_text)(
37         struct gd_GIF *gif, uint16_t tx, uint16_t ty,
38         uint16_t tw, uint16_t th, uint8_t cw, uint8_t ch,
39         uint8_t fg, uint8_t bg
40     );
41     void (*comment)(struct gd_GIF *gif);
42     void (*application)(struct gd_GIF *gif, char id[8], char auth[3]);
43     uint16_t fx, fy, fw, fh;
44     uint8_t bindex;
45     uint8_t *canvas, *frame;
46 } gd_GIF;
47
48 gd_GIF *gd_open_gif(FILE *fp);
49 int gd_get_frame(gd_GIF *gif);
50 void gd_render_frame(gd_GIF *gif, uint8_t *buffer);
51 void gd_rewind(gd_GIF *gif);
52 void gd_close_gif(gd_GIF *gif);
```

```
53
54  #ifdef __cplusplus
55  }
56  #endif
57
58  #endif /* GIFDEC_H */
```

1.7 include/paths/awp.hpp

```
1  #pragma once
2  #include "main.h"
3
4  /**
5   * @brief The follow class contains all paths used in the auton win point (AWP) auton
6   * 
7   */
8  class AWP {
9      public:
10     static std::vector<std::vector<double>> fwdRLeft;
11     static std::vector<std::vector<double>> fwdRRight;
12
13     static std::vector<std::vector<double>> loopbackLeft;
14     static std::vector<std::vector<double>> loopbackRight;
15 };
```

1.8 include/paths/leftPaths.hpp

```
1  #pragma once
2  #include "main.h"
3
4  /**
5   * @brief The following class contains all paths used in the left auton.
6   *       In the auton, we first capture the left neutral mogo, score a ring
7   *       and bring it back. As we head back to our home row, we move to our
8   *       alliance mogo where we deposit a ring into the base of our mogo.
9   *       */
10 */
11 class LeftPaths {
12     public:
13         static std::vector<std::vector<double>> pathLeft;
14         static std::vector<std::vector<double>> pathRight;
15
16         static std::vector<std::vector<double>> pathLeftR;
17         static std::vector<std::vector<double>> pathRightR;
18
19         static std::vector<std::vector<double>> fwdLeft;
20         static std::vector<std::vector<double>> fwdRight;
21 };
```

1.9 include/paths/rightPaths.hpp

```
1  #pragma once
2  #include "main.h"
3
4  /**
5   * @brief The following class contains all paths used in the right auton.
6   *        The right auton begins by curving to the tall neutral mogo, tipping
7   *        it over, and going back to score 2 rings on our right alliance mogo.
8   *
9   */
10 class RightPaths {
11     public:
12         static std::vector<std::vector<double>> curveLeft;
13         static std::vector<std::vector<double>> curveRight;
14
15         static std::vector<std::vector<double>> curveRLeft;
16         static std::vector<std::vector<double>> curveRRight;
17
18         static std::vector<std::vector<double>> fwdLeft;
19         static std::vector<std::vector<double>> fwdRight;
20 };
```

2 Source Files

2.1 src/auton.cpp

```
1  /**
2   * @brief Unfortunately due to time constraints and bugs, we were never
3   *       able to finish our auton selector/organizational system
4   *
5   */
6
7  // #include "main.h"
8
9  // void genSkills(){}
10
11 // void skills(){
12 //     chassis->setState({0_in, 0_in, 0_deg});
13 // }
14
15 // void genRedLeft(){
16 //     profiler->generatePath({{0_in, 0_in, 0_deg}, {0_in, 24_in, 0_deg}}, "Test");
17 // }
18
19 // void redLeft(){
20 //     chassis->setState({0_in, 0_in, 0_deg});
21 //     profiler->setTarget("Test");
22 //     profiler->waitUntilSettled();
23
24 //     turnToAngle(90_deg);
25 // }
26
27 // void genRedRight(){}
28
29 // void redRight(){
30 //     chassis->setState({0_in, 0_in, 0_deg});
31 // }
32
33 // void genBlueLeft(){}
34
35 // void blueLeft(){
36 //     chassis->setState({0_in, 0_in, 0_deg});
37 // }
38
39 // void genBlueRight(){}
40
41 // void blueRight(){
42 //     chassis->setState({0_in, 0_in, 0_deg});
43 // }
44
45 // void genAwp(){}
46
47 // void awp(){
48 //     chassis->setState({0_in, 0_in, 0_deg});
49 // }
```


2.2 src/drive.cpp

```
1  #include "main.h"
2
3  std::pair<double, double> curvatureDrive(double moveC, double turnC, bool quickTurn){
4      // Compute velocity, right stick = curvature if no quickturn, else power
5      double leftSpeed = moveC + (quickTurn ? turnC : abs(moveC) * turnC);
6      double rightSpeed = moveC - (quickTurn ? turnC : abs(moveC) * turnC);
7
8      // Normalize velocity
9      double maxMagnitude = std::max(abs(leftSpeed), abs(rightSpeed));
10     if (maxMagnitude > 1.0) {
11         leftSpeed /= maxMagnitude;
12         rightSpeed /= maxMagnitude;
13     }
14
15     return std::make_pair(leftSpeed, rightSpeed);
16 }
17
18 double velControl(QSpeed velocity, QAcceleration accel, QSpeed currSpeed) {
19     double kV = 0.0, kA = 0.0, kP = 0.0;
20     return kV * velocity.convert(okapi::mps) + kA * accel.convert(okapi::mps2) + kP *
21         ↪ (velocity - currSpeed).convert(okapi::mps);
22 }
23
24 // velocity only, doesn't use custom velControl
25 std::vector<double> pathToRPM(std::vector<std::vector<double>> path) {
26     std::vector<double> newPath;
27     double val = 0.0;
28     for(int i = 0; i < path.size(); i++) {
29         // max vel = 4.92126 ft/s, max rpm = 600 --> convert values to rpm
30         val = (path[i][0] * 600) / 4.92126;
31         newPath.push_back(val);
32     }
33     return newPath;
34 }
35
36 void followPath(std::vector<std::vector<double>> leftVel,
37     ↪ std::vector<std::vector<double>> rightVel) {
38     std::vector<double> left = pathToRPM(leftVel); std::vector<double> right =
39     ↪ pathToRPM(rightVel);
40     for(int i = 0; i < left.size() || i < right.size(); i++) {
41         leftDrive.moveVelocity(left[i]);
42         rightDrive.moveVelocity(right[i]);
43         pros::delay(10);
44         // pros::Task::delay_until(&now, 10);
45     }
46     leftDrive.moveVelocity(0);
47     rightDrive.moveVelocity(0);
48 }
49
50 // void turnToAngle(okapi::QAngle targetAngle){
51 //     turnPID->reset();
52 //     turnPID->setTarget(targetAngle.convert(degree));
53 }
```

```
50
51 // do {
52 //     // chassis->getOdometry()->step();
53 //     // double power = turnPID->step(chassis->getState().theta.convert(degree));
54 //     (chassis->getModel())->tank(power, -power);
55 //     pros::delay(10);
56 // } while(!turnPID->isSettled());
57
58 // (chassis->getModel())->stop();
59 // }
```

2.3 src/globals.cpp

```
1  #include "main.h"
2
3  // CONTROLLER
4  Controller master(ControllerId::master);
5
6  // MOTORS
7  Motor leftTop(4, false, AbstractMotor::gearset::blue,
8  ↪ AbstractMotor::encoderUnits::degrees);
9  Motor leftMiddle(5, true, AbstractMotor::gearset::blue,
10 ↪ AbstractMotor::encoderUnits::degrees);
11 Motor leftBottom(6, false, AbstractMotor::gearset::blue,
12 ↪ AbstractMotor::encoderUnits::degrees);
13 Motor rightTop(7, true, AbstractMotor::gearset::blue,
14 ↪ AbstractMotor::encoderUnits::degrees);
15 Motor rightMiddle(8, false, AbstractMotor::gearset::blue,
16 ↪ AbstractMotor::encoderUnits::degrees);
17 Motor rightBottom(9, true, AbstractMotor::gearset::blue,
18 ↪ AbstractMotor::encoderUnits::degrees);
19 MotorGroup leftDrive({leftTop, leftMiddle, leftBottom});
20 MotorGroup rightDrive({rightTop, rightMiddle, rightBottom});
21 // Motor lift(10, true, AbstractMotor::gearset::green,
22 ↪ AbstractMotor::encoderUnits::degrees);
23 pros::Motor lift(10, true);
24 // Motor roller(8, false, AbstractMotor::gearset::blue,
25 ↪ AbstractMotor::encoderUnits::degrees); // TODO - Change Port
26
27 // SENSORS
28 ADIEncoder trackLeft({14, 'A', 'B'}, false); // TODO - Change Port, reverse?
29 ADIEncoder trackRight({14, 'C', 'D'}, false); // TODO - Change Port, reverse?
30 ADIEncoder trackMiddle({14, 'E', 'F'}, false); // TODO - Change Port, reverse?
31 RotationSensor liftSensor(20, false); // TODO - Change Port, reverse?
32 IMU imu(14);
33
34 // PNEUMATICS
35 Pneumatic mogo('C');
36 Pneumatic claw('D'); // TODO - Change Port
37
38 // SUBSYSTEM CONTROLLERS
39 std::shared_ptr<ChassisController> chassis = ChassisControllerBuilder()
40 .withMotors(leftDrive, rightDrive)
41 .withDimensions({AbstractMotor::gearset::blue, 5.0/3.0}, {{3.25_in, 38.5_cm},
42 ↪ imev5BlueTPR}) // TODO - Change Track Width
43 // .withSensors(trackLeft, trackRight, trackMiddle)
44 // .withOdometry({{2.75_in, 6.25_in}, quadEncoderTPR}) // TODO - Change Track Width
45 // .withOdometry()
46 // .buildOdometry();
47 .build();
48
49 std::shared_ptr<AsyncMotionProfileController> profiler =
50 ↪ AsyncMotionProfileControllerBuilder()
51 .withLimits({ // TODO - Tune Max Robot Velocity / Acceleration
52     1.5, // Maximum linear velocity of the Chassis in m/s
```

```

43         4.0, // Maximum linear acceleration of the Chassis in m/s/s
44         6.0 // Maximum linear jerk of the Chassis in m/s/s/s
45     })
46     .withOutput(chassis)
47     .buildMotionProfileController();
48
49 // std::shared_ptr<AsyncPositionController<double, double>> liftController =
50 ↪ AsyncPosControllerBuilder()
51 //     .withMotor(lift)
52 //     .withGains({0.01, 0.001, 0.0000}) // TODO - Slightly tune constant
53 //     .withSensor(std::make_shared<okapi::RotationSensor>(liftSensor))
54 //     .build();
55
56
57
58 std::shared_ptr<IterativePosPIDController> turnPID =
59 ↪ std::make_shared<IterativePosPIDController>(0, 0, 0, 0,
60 ↪ TimeUtilFactory::withSettledUtilParams(2, 2, 100_ms)); // #TODO - Tune Constant
61
62
63
64 // AUTONOMOUS CONTROLLER
65 int selectedAuton = 1;
66 std::map<int, std::function<void()>> auton;
67 std::map<int, std::function<void()>> path;

```

2.4 src/main.cpp

```
1  #include "main.h"
2
3  void initialize(){
4      pros::lcd::initialize();
5      master.setText(0, 0, "Current Autonomous: " + std::to_string(selectedAuton));
6      pros::lcd::set_text(4, "init");
7
8
9      // Initializes Controller
10     // liftController->tarePosition();
11
12     // Adds autonomous
13     // auton.insert(std::make_pair(0, [](){})); // lambda ftw
14     // auton.insert(std::make_pair(1, redLeft));
15     // auton.insert(std::make_pair(2, redRight));
16     // auton.insert(std::make_pair(3, blueLeft));
17     // auton.insert(std::make_pair(4, blueRight));
18     // auton.insert(std::make_pair(5, awp));
19     // auton.insert(std::make_pair(6, skills));
20
21     // // Adds path generation functions
22     // path.insert(std::make_pair(0, [](){}));
23     // path.insert(std::make_pair(1, genRedLeft));
24     // path.insert(std::make_pair(2, genRedRight));
25     // path.insert(std::make_pair(3, genBlueLeft));
26     // path.insert(std::make_pair(4, genBlueRight));
27     // path.insert(std::make_pair(5, genAwp));
28     // path.insert(std::make_pair(6, genSkills));
29
30     // // Generates path based on pre-selected auton
31     // path[selectedAuton]();
32 }
33
34 void disabled(){}
35
36 void competition_initialize(){}
37
38 void autonomous(){
39     // INITIALIZATION
40     lift.set_brake_mode(pros::motor_brake_mode_e::E_MOTOR_BRAKE_HOLD);
41     leftDrive.setBrakeMode(AbstractMotor::brakeMode::hold);
42     rightDrive.setBrakeMode(AbstractMotor::brakeMode::hold);
43
44     //-----//
45     // LEFT AUTON
46     followPath(LeftPaths::pathLeft, LeftPaths::pathRight);
47     claw.set_value(true);
48     mogo.set_value(true);
49     pros::delay(250);
50     lift.move_relative(360, 200);
51     followPath(LeftPaths::pathLeftR, LeftPaths::pathRightR);
52     mogo.set_value(false);
```

```

53     followPath(LeftPaths::fwdLeft, LeftPaths::fwdRight);
54
55     //-----//
56     // AWP AUTON
57     mogo.set_value(true);
58     followPath(AWP::fwdRLeft, AWP::fwdRRight);
59     mogo.set_value(false);
60     followPath(AWP::loopbackLeft, AWP::loopbackRight);
61     claw.set_value(true);
62     leftDrive.moveRelative(-360, 600);
63     rightDrive.moveRelative(1500, 600);
64
65     //-----//
66     ↪ -----//
67     // RIGHT AUTON
68     followPath(RightPaths::curveLeft, RightPaths::curveRight);
69     lift.move_relative(500, 200);
70     mogo.set_value(true);
71     followPath(RightPaths::curveRLeft, RightPaths::curveRRight);
72     mogo.set_value(false);
73     followPath(RightPaths::fwdLeft, RightPaths::fwdRight);
74 }
75
76 void opcontrol(){
77     // Configures brake type for drive & lift
78     leftDrive.setBrakeMode(AbstractMotor::brakeMode::coast);
79     rightDrive.setBrakeMode(AbstractMotor::brakeMode::coast);
80     lift.set_brake_mode(pros::motor_brake_mode_e::E_MOTOR_BRAKE_BRAKE);
81
82     // Initializes driver control variable
83     double liftPosition = 0.0;
84     bool mogoState = false, prevBtnState = false, currentBtnState = false;
85
86     // Initializes logo on the brain screen
87     // Gif gif("/usr/logo.gif", lv_scr_act()); // TODO - Make Gif Run in opcontrol
88
89     while(true){
90         /**
91          * @brief Chassis Control
92          * Left Analog Y Stick -> Linear velocity the chassis drives in
93          * Right Analog X Stick -> Curvature the chassis drives in
94          */
95         double power = master.getAnalog(ControllerAnalog::leftY) *
96             ↪ (abs(master.getAnalog(ControllerAnalog::leftY)) >= DEADBAND);
97         double curvature = master.getAnalog(ControllerAnalog::rightX) *
98             ↪ (abs(master.getAnalog(ControllerAnalog::rightX)) >= DEADBAND);
99         auto speed = curvatureDrive(power, curvature, power == 0);
100         (chassis->getModel())->tank(speed.first, speed.second);
101
102         /**
103          * @brief Lift Control
104          * L1 (Left Top) Pressed -> Lift goes up
105          * L2 (Left Bottom) Pressed -> Lift goes down
106          * Both are pressed / both aren't pressed -> lift stays in the current position

```

```

104         */
105         // lift.moveVoltage((master.getDigital(ControllerDigital::L1) -
        ↪      master.getDigital(ControllerDigital::L2)) * 12000);
106         if(master.getDigital(ControllerDigital::L1)) lift.move_voltage(12000);
107         else if(master.getDigital(ControllerDigital::L2)) lift.move_voltage(-12000);
108         else lift.move_voltage(0);
109
110         /**
111         * @brief Claw Control
112         * R1 (Right Top) Pressed -> claw closes
113         * R1 (Right Top) not pressed -> claw opens
114         */
115         claw.set_value(master.getDigital(ControllerDigital::R1));
116
117         /**
118         * @brief Mogo Holder Control
119         * The solenoid toggles between the two states every time R2 (Right Bottom) is
        ↪      pressed
120         */
121         currentBtnState = master.getDigital(ControllerDigital::R2);
122         if(currentBtnState && !prevBtnState){
123             mogo.set_value((mogoState = !mogoState));
124         }
125         prevBtnState = currentBtnState;
126
127         pros::delay(10);
128     }
129 }

```

2.5 src/paths/awp.cpp

```
1  #include "main.h"
2
3  std::vector<std::vector<double>> AWP::fwdRLeft = {
4      {0},
5      {-0.0271},
6      {-0.0758},
7      {-0.1254},
8      {-0.1753},
9      {-0.2252},
10     {-0.2751},
11     {-0.3251},
12     {-0.3751},
13     {-0.4251},
14     {-0.475},
15     {-0.525},
16     {-0.575},
17     {-0.625},
18     {-0.6751},
19     {-0.7251},
20     {-0.775},
21     {-0.825},
22     {-0.875},
23     {-0.925},
24     {-0.975},
25     {-1.025},
26     {-1.075},
27     {-1.125},
28     {-1.175},
29     {-1.225},
30     {-1.275},
31     {-1.325},
32     {-1.375},
33     {-1.425},
34     {-1.475},
35     {-1.525},
36     {-1.575},
37     {-1.625},
38     {-1.675},
39     {-1.725},
40     {-1.775},
41     {-1.825},
42     {-1.875},
43     {-1.9213},
44     {-1.8979},
45     {-1.8479},
46     {-1.7979},
47     {-1.7479},
48     {-1.6979},
49     {-1.6479},
50     {-1.5979},
51     {-1.5479},
52     {-1.4979},
```



```

53         {-1.4479},
54         {-1.3979},
55         {-1.3478},
56         {-1.2978},
57         {-1.2478},
58         {-1.1978},
59         {-1.1478},
60         {-1.0978},
61         {-1.0478},
62         {-0.9978},
63         {-0.9478},
64         {-0.8978},
65         {-0.8478},
66         {-0.7978},
67         {-0.7478},
68         {-0.6978},
69         {-0.6477},
70         {-0.5978},
71         {-0.5478},
72         {-0.4978},
73         {-0.4477},
74         {-0.3977},
75         {-0.3477},
76         {-0.2977},
77         {-0.2476},
78         {-0.1975},
79         {-0.1475},
80         {-0.0975},
81         {-0.0473}
82     }
83 ;
84     std::vector<std::vector<double>> AWP::fwdRRright = {} //...
85
86     std::vector<std::vector<double>> AWP::loopbackLeft = {} //...
87     std::vector<std::vector<double>> AWP::loopbackRight = {} //...

```

2.6 src/paths/leftPaths.cpp

```
1  #include "main.h"
2
3  std::vector<std::vector<double>> LeftPaths::pathLeft = {} ///...
4  std::vector<std::vector<double>> LeftPaths::pathRight = {} ///...
5
6  std::vector<std::vector<double>> LeftPaths::pathLeftR = {} ///...
7  std::vector<std::vector<double>> LeftPaths::pathRightR = {} ///...
8
9  std::vector<std::vector<double>> LeftPaths::fwdLeft = {} ///...
10 std::vector<std::vector<double>> LeftPaths::fwdRight = {} ///...
```

2.7 src/paths/rightPaths.cpp

```
1  #include "main.h"
2
3  std::vector<std::vector<double>> RightPaths::curveLeft = {} //...
4  std::vector<std::vector<double>> RightPaths::curveRight = {} //...
5
6  std::vector<std::vector<double>> RightPaths::curveRLeft = {} //...
7  std::vector<std::vector<double>> RightPaths::curveRRight = {} //...
8
9  std::vector<std::vector<double>> RightPaths::fwdLeft = {} //...
10 std::vector<std::vector<double>> RightPaths::fwdRight = {} //...
```