

1. [8 points]

- (a) Let p and q be propositions. Show that $\sim (p \rightarrow q)$ is equivalent to (i.e. has the same truth table) as $p \wedge (\sim q)$.
- (b) Suppose p is the statement “8 is an even integer” and q is the statement “8 is divisible by six.” Explain (in words) why the statement $\sim (p \rightarrow q)$ has the same meaning as $p \wedge (\sim q)$, in this context.

2. [12 points] Use a truth table to determine whether the following statement is a tautology.

$$[(p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow r] \leftrightarrow [p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow r)]$$