

# **Tutorial #4: Boolean Expressions & Selection Instructions - SOLUTIONS**

#### Question 1:

```
What output will be produced by the following code?

public class SelectionStatements
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int number = 24;
        if (number % 2 == 0)
            System.out.print("The condition evaluated to true!");
        else
            System.out.print("The condition evaluated to false!");
    }
}

Answer:
The condition evaluated to true!
```

#### Question 2:

What would be the output of the code in Question 1 be if number was originally initialized to 25?

### Answer:

The condition evaluated to false!

# Question 3:

Write a series of <u>if</u> statement statements that evaluates a person's weight on the following criteria:

- A weight less than 116 pounds, output: Eat 5 banana splits!
- A weight between 116 pounds and 130 pounds, output: Eat a banana split!
- A weight between 131 pounds and 200 pounds, output: Perfect!
- A weight greater than 200 pounds, output: Plenty of banana splits have been consumed!

# OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING

```
import java
```

#### **Answer**:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Question3 {
     public static void main(String[] args)
       Scanner keyIn = new Scanner(System.in);
       int weight;
       System.out.print("What is your weight? ");
       weight = keyIn.nextInt();
       if (weight < 116)
          System.out.println("Eat 5 banana splits!");
       if (weight >= 116 && weight <= 130)
          System.out.println("Eat a banana split");
       if (weight <= 200 && weight >= 131)
          System.out.println("Perfect!");
       if (weight>200)
          System.out.println("Plenty of banana splits have been consumed!");
     }
}
```

# Question 4:

Write a series of <u>if</u> statement statements to compute the amount of shipping due on an online sale. If the cost of the purchase is less than or equal to \$20, the shipping cost is \$5.99. If the cost of the purchase is over \$20 and at most \$65, the shipping cost is \$10.99. If the cost of the purchase is over \$65, the shipping cost is \$15.99.

#### Answer:

```
if (cost_of_purchase <= 20)
    shipping_cost = 5.99;
if (cost_of_purchase > 20 && cost_of_purchase <= 65)
    shipping_cost = 10.99;
if (cost_of_purchase > 65)
    shipping_cost = 15.99;
System.out.print("shipping cost is "+ shipping_cost);
```



# **Question 5:**

What is the value of these expressions?

```
1+2 > 4-2 && 12 < 23 Answer: true
1+2 > 4-2 || 12 < 23 Answer: true
1+2 > 4-2 && 12 > 23 Answer: false
1+2 > 4-2 || 12 > 23 Answer: true
```

# **Question 6:**

What is the output of these code fragments?

```
int sum = 14;
    if (sum < 20)
      System.out.print("Under ");
    else
      System.out.print("Over ");
    System.out.println("the limit.");
//-----
    int sum = 14;
    if (sum < 20)
      System.out.print("Under ");
    else
    {
      System.out.print("Over ");
      System.out.println("the limit.");
//-----
    int sum = 94;
    if (sum < 20)
      System.out.print("Under ");
      System.out.println("the limit.");
    }
    else
    {
      System.out.print("Over ");
      System.out.println("the limit.");
    }
```

Answer: Under the limit.

Answer: Under

Answer:
Over the limit.



### Question 7:

Assume the following declarations:

```
int x = 1;
boolean isFree = false;
char initial = 'L';
char code = 'Y';
String english = "hi";
String italian = "ciao";
boolean q = (5 == 6);
```

For each of the following expressions, indicate if it creates a syntax error or not. If there is no error, indicate the value of the expression.

```
(true && (5 > 6))

Answer: Expression value is false since (true && (5 > 6))\Rightarrow (true && (false))\Rightarrow false

((x != 0) || (x % 2 == 1))

Answer: Expression value is true since ((x!=0)||(x%2 == 1))\Rightarrow ((1!=0)||(1%2 == 1))\Rightarrow ((true) || (1 == 1))\Rightarrow true

(isFree | (x < 0))

Answer: Expression value is false since (isFree | (x<0))\Rightarrow (false | (1 < 0))\Rightarrow (false | false)\Rightarrow false

initial == code

Answer: Expression value is false since initial == code\Rightarrow 'L' == 'Y' \Rightarrow false

!!q

Answer: Expression value is false since !!q \Rightarrow !!false\Rightarrow !true\Rightarrow false
```



```
(0 <= x <= 10)
Answer: Syntax error. It should be (0 <= x && x <= 10) and
the value is true
(english > italian)
Answer: Syntax error. We can't use > operator with variables
of type String. Need to use String method compareTo().
initial = code
Answer: Initial value is 'L' and after this statement, the
value of initial will be changed to 'Y' (the value of code)
"italian".equals(italian)
Answer: Expression value is false because we are comparing
the string "italian" to the content of the variable Italian
which contains "ciao"
```

# **Question 8:**

What is the output of the following?

```
int x = -555;
boolean isNegative = (x < 0);
if (isNegative)
{
    x = 100;
    if (isNegative)
        System.out.println("no");
    else
        System.out.println("yes");
}
else
    System.out.println("maybe");</pre>
```

Answer: