Review: Algebraic Effects and Handlers

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1 Introduction

Algebraic eects are an approach to computational eects based on a premise that impure behaviour arises from a set of operations such as get and set for mutable store, read and print for interactive input and output, or raise for exceptions. This naturally gives rise to handlers not only of exceptions, but of any other eect, yielding a novel concept that, amongst others, can capture stream redirection, backtracking, co-operative multi-threading, and delimited continuations [10].

Operations of algebraic Effect was first introduced by Gordon Poltkin and John Power in 2002 [8] as Algebraic Operation, based on Eugenio Moggi's work [6, 7] in 1989-1992 about logics for reasoning and proving equivalence about programs with a strong monad T on a base category C with finite products [7, 8]. And made the notion system for effects such as: nondeterminism, probabilistic nodeterminism, exceptions, interactive input/output, side-effects, and continuations by identifying it with the notion of algebraic operation.

"Algebraic operations are, in the sense we shall make precise, a natural generalisation, from Set to an arbitrary symmetric monoidal $V-category\ C$ with cotensors." [8]

And effect and handeler was introduced by Plotkin and Pretnar in 2009 [9] as computaional effects that can be represented by an equational theory whose oerations produce the effect as hand, which are based on Moggi's monad work, but as a restriction on general monads, algebraic effects have many various advantages: can be freely composed, and there is a natual separation between interfaces and sematics (as handler) [5]

2 Implementations

Algebraic Effect usually related to Eff which support Algebraic Effects and Handlers as first class, Algebraic Effect can also be widely use in common platform such as ECMAScript, .net, JVM, or other programming languages by using a type directed selective CPS translation [5].

Since Algebraic Effect and Its Operators are build based on a Monad System on category-V, it can be used for both Strong type languages line Haskell or OCaml and weak type languages like Python or EC-MAScript, but there is some challenge that, a Typing algebraic effects is that inferred types became very large or difficult to understand. And for a library based implementation, it do not have full control over the runtime stack. [5].

- Koka is a function-oriented programming language that seperates pure values from side-effecting computations, where the effect of every function is automatically inferred.
- Eff is a programming language based on the algebraic approach to computational effects, in

which effects are viewed as algebraic operations and effect handlers as homomorphisms from free algebras. [3] Eff supports rst-class effects and handlers through which we may easily dene new computational effects, seamlessly combine existing ones, and handle them in novel ways.

- Idris is a general purpose pure functional programming language with dependent types. From version 0.9.12 Idris includes a library for sideeffect management, Effects.
- Python Effect is a library of Python for helping write purely functional code by isolating the effects [2].
- Haskell Effect-handlers is a library for writing extensible algebraic effects and handlers with haskell [1].

3 Related work

Niki Vazou and Daan LeiJen introduced how to combine Algebraic Effect with Monadic System [11]. In Leijen and Vazou's work, they combined *monads* and *effecttyping* by using monad for defining the semantics of effect types and then using algebraic effect types to program with those monads. The idea was implemented as an extension of *Kola*.

Martin Hyland, Paul Blain Levy, Gordon Plotkin, and John Power has introduced an idea of combining Algebraic Effect with continuations [4].

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