

Data Analysis 2

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If we want an abstract it will go here. References are in the form Astley (1987) or (Astley 1987). For more information see [here](#).

Introduction

Our clients conducted an experiment to determine the effect pine tissues, precipitation levels, time, and the interaction of these variables effects starch content. In total, 408 entries were recorded. The experiment was replicated at two locations as well and not all measurements within each replication were taken from the same sample location. (dont like that last line)

We intend to analysis the results of this data below. We will review the variables, fit multiple models, and make a suggestion to the client. The data set, `data.csv`, and all other files used in this project can be found on our [Github page](#).

Exploring the Data

Variables

In the data set provided by the client there are four tissue types which are abbreviated as END, IT, LM, and UM. This can be found in the `tissu` column. The two precipitation levels, control and drought, are in the `treatment` column. The time component of the experiment is not simply one variable. The `time` column consists of six different times, with six being denoted by the first six letters of the alphabet. In addition to `time`, the column `dayPeriod` indicates whether the measurement was taken in the day or at night. Time points C and D appear to correspond to a `dayPeriod` of night, while all other time points are during the day. Note, the measurements for the starch contents can be found in the `StarchNscTissue` and each sample number can be found in the `sample` column.

The data set provided by the client also includes variables that indicate the physical location of where the measurement was taken within a sample. These are represented the columns `row`, `col`, and `chamber` with the latter being in the form `row-col` for each respective entry. The possible values of `row` and `col` range from one to four. Also, since the experiment was carried out at two locations which is represented by the `campagne` column.

Changes made to the variables in the original data set

Note there were a couple of problems with the original data set. Initially the `time` column included a seventh time, A'. Since this did not follow the format of the other time points and had substantially fewer occurrences in the data, we assumed this was a mistake. Therefore, we manually changed all occurrences of A' to A.

The other potential issue was in the `chamber` column. As stated above this column should be a combination of `row` and `col`, but the original data set was treating it as a date. For example if one sample has the values `row = 1` and `col = 4`, the result of `chamber` should be 1 – 4. Instead the original data set was showing January 4th. We chose to manually change this to the correct format as well.

Summary Statistics

While some of the variables outlined above are numeric, most can be treated as categorical. The lone exception to this is the starch content. The table below shows some summary statistics for the starch content. This includes not only the summaries of all 408 measurements, but also the summaries based on the two values of `campagne` and `dayPeriod`.

Group	N	Mean	Median	SD	Min	Max
Overall	408	1.924902	1.429527	1.733284	0.0191182	7.898429
campagne: 1	184	1.340544	1.245685	1.008316	0.0191182	6.480553
campagne: 2	224	2.404911	1.677605	2.033619	0.2029488	7.898429
dayPeriod: Day	280	1.895429	1.357646	1.730086	0.0191182	7.898429
dayPeriod: Night	128	1.989375	1.483575	1.745326	0.0656625	7.537576

Figure 1: Summary statistics of starch content.

For starch contents across all measurements, the values range from about 0.019 to 7.898 with a median of roughly 1.430 and a mean of 1.925. The location of the median and mean with respect to the minimum and maximum is an early sign that the starch contents could be skewed and thus non-normal in distribution.

When comparing the two locations (**campagne**) where the experiment was replicated, we can see the 184 measurements from the first location seems to have lower values on average than the 224 measurements from location 2. There is a smaller difference in these metrics when comparing measurements taken in the day versus those taken in the night. Note over twice as many measurements were taken in the day.

To generate a table of summary statistics that account for more of the variables see *Appendix A - R Code*. That table is not included here due to its larger size.

As previously noted, the table above indicates the starch contents may be skewed and thus non-normal. This can be evaluated through a histogram and Q-Q plot. The histogram below supports our suspicion that the data is skewed and the Q-Q plot confirms the measure is non-normal. Note, all 408 measurements of starch content are used in the plots.

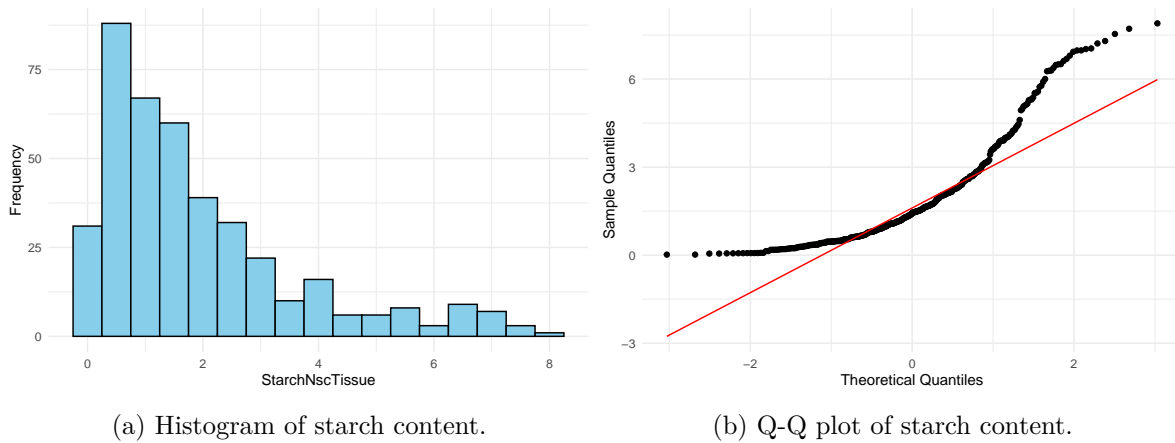


Figure 2: Plots used to check normality assumption.

Relationships among variables

Potential models

The replication mentioned above suggests a mixed model approach is needed. This is due to the replication being a random effect. The simplest case of a this type of model is a linear mixed model. To use this, the residuals of the model must be approximately normally distributed.

How explanatory variables can be used

(talk about nesting vs non-nesting methods I guess. Just introduce the idea before we actually make the models.)

Summary Statistics

Summary_Statistic

```
# A tibble: 48 x 10
# Groups:   tissu, treatment, dayPeriod [16]
  tissu treatment dayPeriod time mean_Starch sd_Starch median_Starch
  <chr> <chr>      <chr>    <chr>    <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl>
1 END   Control    Day      A      0.800    0.427    0.766
2 END   Control    Day      B      0.806    0.468    0.965
3 END   Control    Day      E      0.736    0.598    0.562
4 END   Control    Day      F      0.740    0.178    0.765
5 END   Control    Night    C      0.824    0.478    1.03
6 END   Control    Night    D      0.700    0.381    0.714
7 END   Drought     Day      A      0.507    0.110    0.481
8 END   Drought     Day      B      0.870    0.468    0.622
9 END   Drought     Day      E      0.765    0.408    0.687
10 END  Drought     Day      F      0.449    0.157    0.479
# i 38 more rows
# i 3 more variables: min_Starch <dbl>, max_Starch <dbl>, n <int>
```

Model : Mixed Effects Model with Interactions In this model, we include interactions between tissu, treatment, and dayPeriod to evaluate their combined effects on StarchNscTissue.

```
Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
lmerModLmerTest]
Formula: StarchNscTissue ~ tissu * treatment * dayPeriod + (1 | campagne) +
  (1 | sample) + (1 | chamber)
Data: data
```

REML criterion at convergence: 1151.9

```
Scaled residuals:
    Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
-2.7075 -0.5735 -0.1460  0.5321  3.9737
```

```
Random effects:
 Groups   Name                Variance Std.Dev.
```

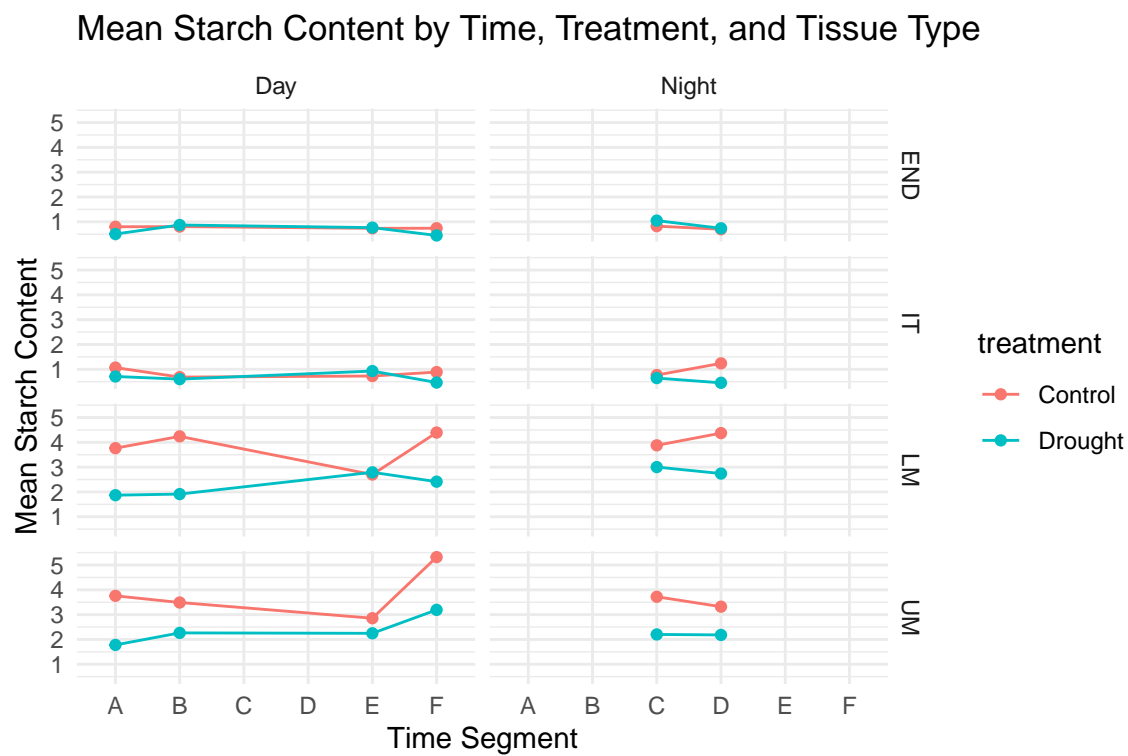


Figure 3: jjj

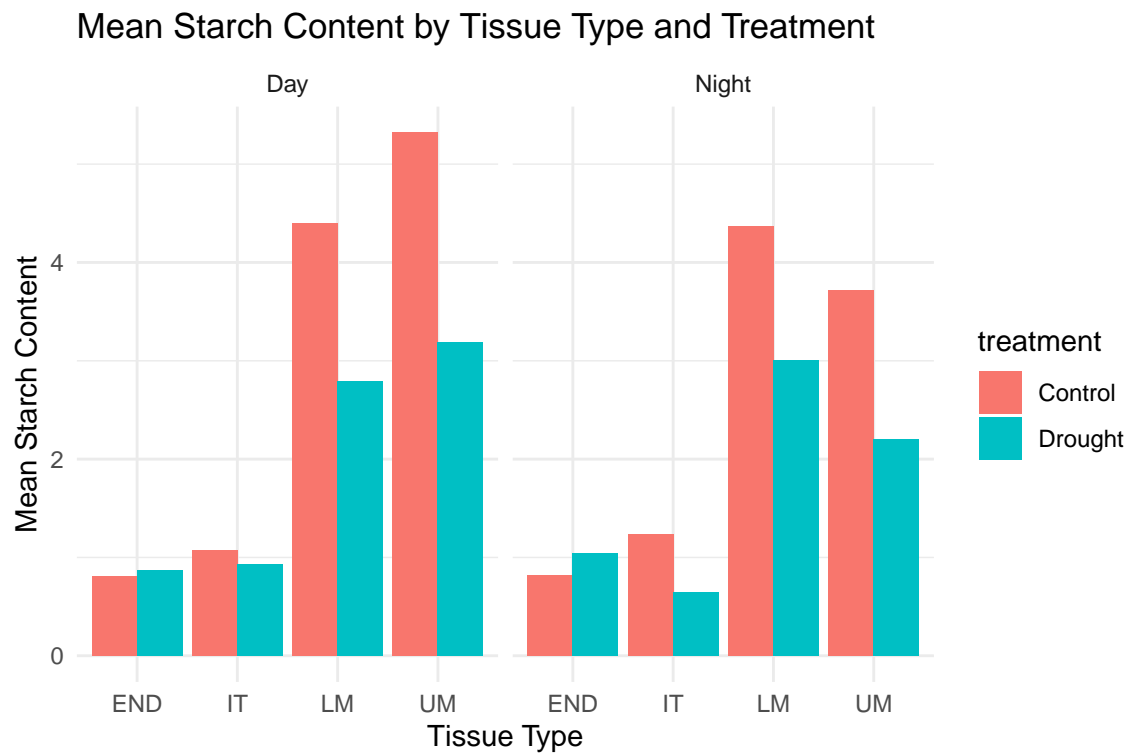


Figure 4: jjj

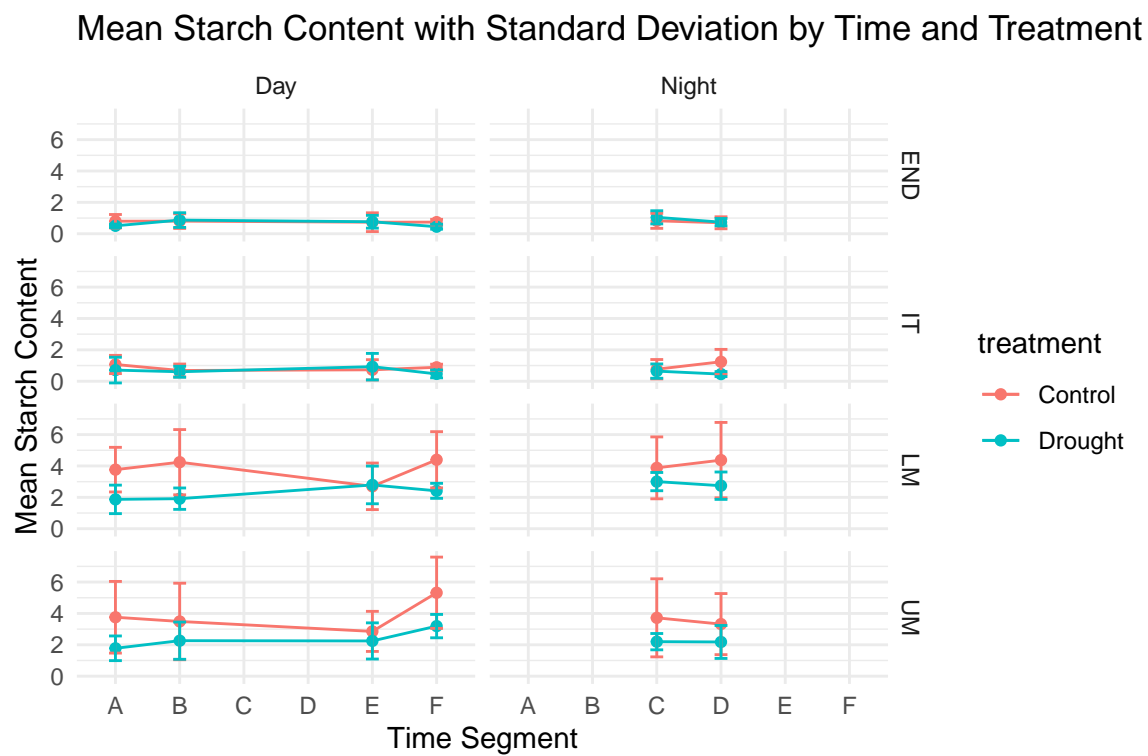


Figure 5: jjj

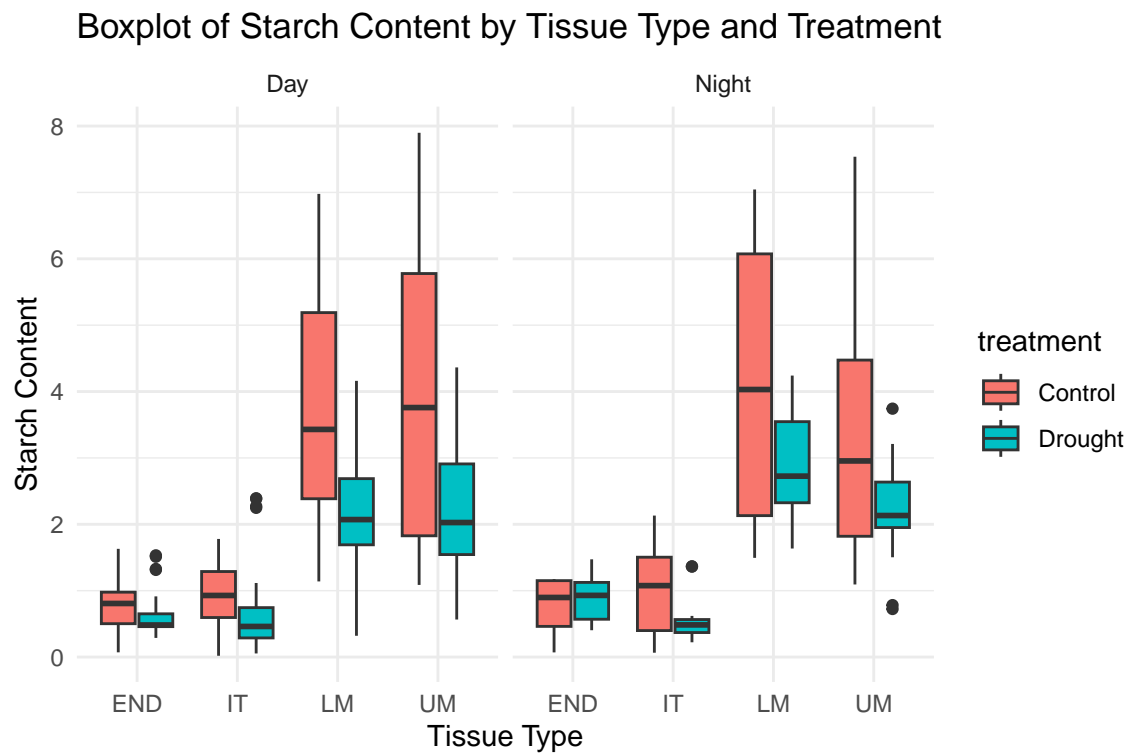


Figure 6: jjj

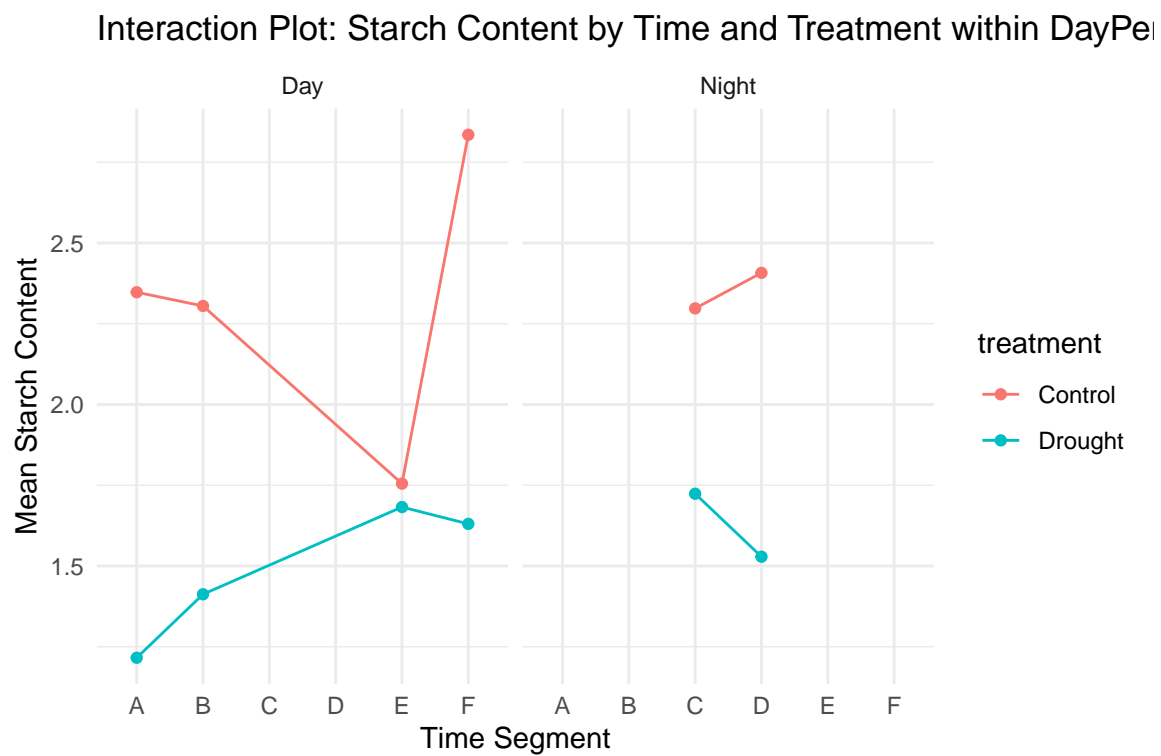


Figure 7: jjj

```

chamber (Intercept) 0.03069 0.1752
sample (Intercept) 0.21782 0.4667
campagne (Intercept) 0.52077 0.7216
Residual          0.92767 0.9632
Number of obs: 408, groups: chamber, 8; sample, 8; campagne, 2

```

Fixed effects:

	Estimate	Std. Error	df	t value
(Intercept)	0.67729	0.59020	1.40265	1.148
tissuIT	0.09316	0.22702	386.01503	0.410
tissuLM	3.00031	0.22702	386.01503	13.216
tissuUM	3.07044	0.22702	386.01503	13.525
treatmentDrought	-0.09047	0.42136	8.85231	-0.215
dayPeriodNight	0.08438	0.28949	386.03418	0.291
tissuIT:treatmentDrought	-0.03511	0.32574	386.01503	-0.108
tissuLM:treatmentDrought	-1.42355	0.32574	386.01503	-4.370
tissuUM:treatmentDrought	-1.42214	0.32574	386.01503	-4.366
tissuIT:dayPeriodNight	0.14820	0.40926	386.01503	0.362
tissuLM:dayPeriodNight	0.36356	0.40926	386.01503	0.888
tissuUM:dayPeriodNight	-0.31235	0.40926	386.01503	-0.763
treatmentDrought:dayPeriodNight	0.22150	0.41139	386.09586	0.538
tissuIT:treatmentDrought:dayPeriodNight	-0.54948	0.58140	386.01503	-0.945
tissuLM:treatmentDrought:dayPeriodNight	0.03887	0.58140	386.01503	0.067
tissuUM:treatmentDrought:dayPeriodNight	-0.03772	0.58140	386.01503	-0.065

Pr(>|t|)

(Intercept)	0.410
tissuIT	0.682
tissuLM	< 2e-16 ***
tissuUM	< 2e-16 ***
treatmentDrought	0.835
dayPeriodNight	0.771
tissuIT:treatmentDrought	0.914
tissuLM:treatmentDrought	1.60e-05 ***
tissuUM:treatmentDrought	1.63e-05 ***
tissuIT:dayPeriodNight	0.717
tissuLM:dayPeriodNight	0.375
tissuUM:dayPeriodNight	0.446
treatmentDrought:dayPeriodNight	0.591
tissuIT:treatmentDrought:dayPeriodNight	0.345
tissuLM:treatmentDrought:dayPeriodNight	0.947
tissuUM:treatmentDrought:dayPeriodNight	0.948

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

optimizer (nloptwrap) convergence code: 0 (OK)
 unable to evaluate scaled gradient
 Model failed to converge: degenerate Hessian with 1 negative eigenvalues

[1] 1191.869

[1] 1272.094

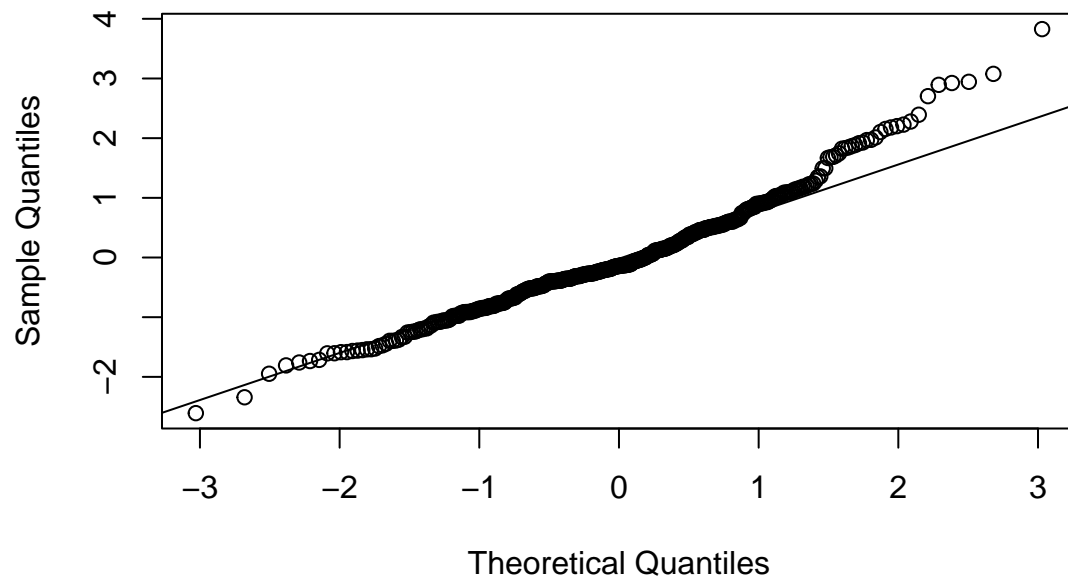
Type III Analysis of Variance Table with Satterthwaite's method

	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	NumDF	DenDF	F value	Pr(>F)
tissu	480.67	160.224	3	386.02	172.7160	< 2.2e-16 ***
treatment	4.06	4.062	1	5.12	4.3784	0.08934 .
dayPeriod	2.72	2.718	1	386.13	2.9302	0.08774 .
tissu:treatment	36.35	12.116	3	386.02	13.0608	3.848e-08 ***
tissu:dayPeriod	5.95	1.983	3	386.02	2.1380	0.09496 .
treatment:dayPeriod	0.16	0.156	1	386.33	0.1677	0.68235
tissu:treatment:dayPeriod	1.26	0.420	3	386.02	0.4530	0.71531

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

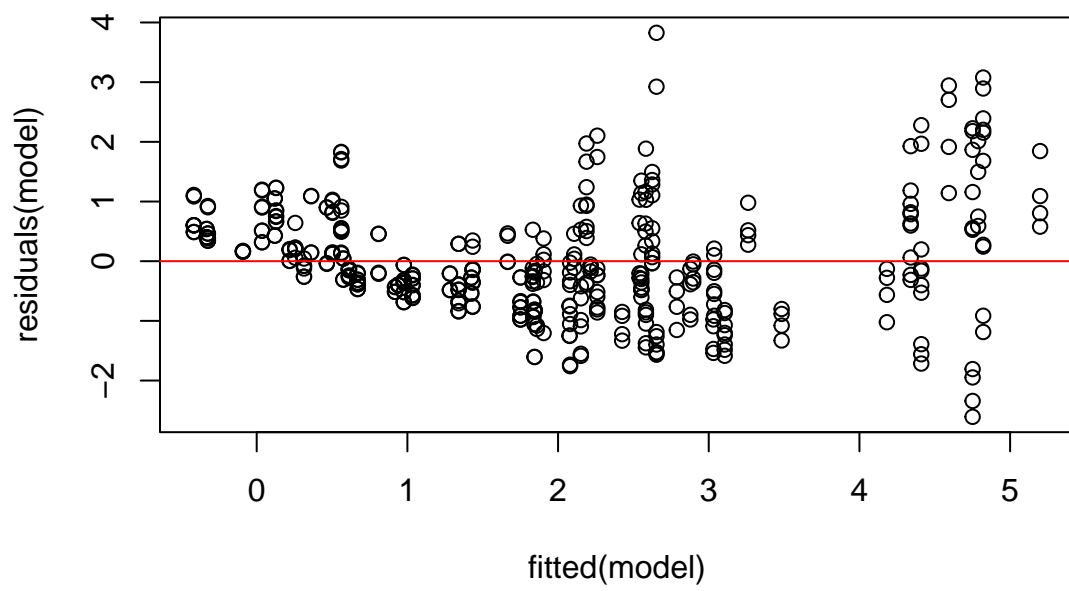
Checking assumption

Normal Q-Q Plot

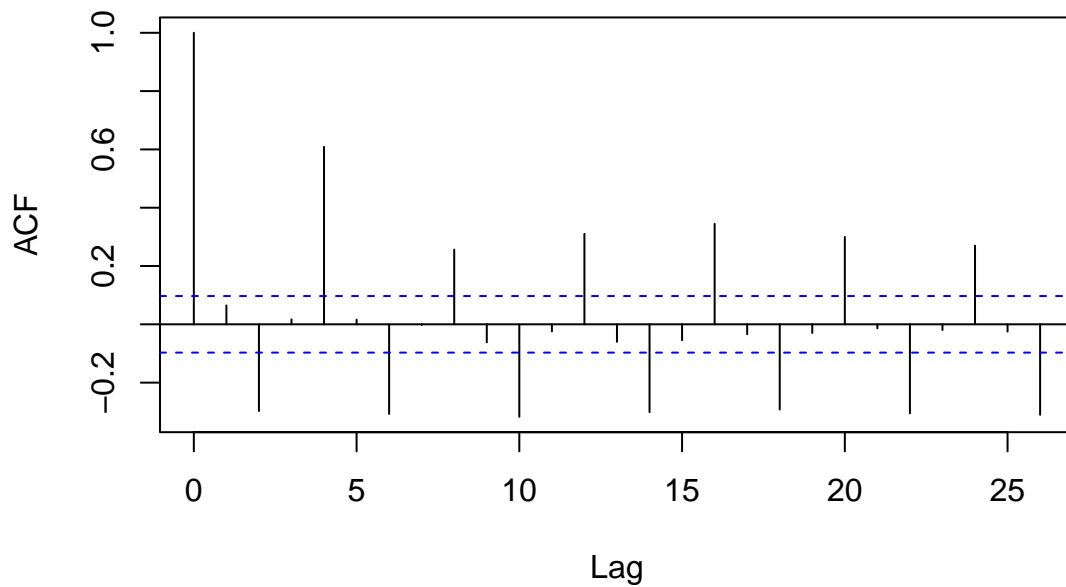


Shapiro-Wilk normality test

```
data: residuals(model)  
W = 0.97114, p-value = 3.211e-07
```



Autocorrelation of Residuals



Model 3: Nested Model for DayPeriod and Time Effects In this model, **dayPeriod** is used as a broader time effect, with time nested within dayPeriod.

This model also includes *campagne*, *sample*, and *chamber* as random effects.

Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
lmerModLmerTest]

Formula: `StarchNscTissue ~ tissu + treatment + dayPeriod + dayPeriod:time +
(1 | campagne) + (1 | sample) + (1 | chamber)`

Data: `data`

REML criterion at convergence: 1192.6

Scaled residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-2.2829	-0.6858	-0.0363	0.4039	3.8747

Random effects:

Groups	Name	Variance	Std.Dev.
--------	------	----------	----------

```

chamber (Intercept) 0.0276 0.1661
sample (Intercept) 0.2245 0.4738
campagne (Intercept) 0.5451 0.7383
Residual 1.0075 1.0037
Number of obs: 408, groups: chamber, 8; sample, 8; campagne, 2

```

Fixed effects:

	Estimate	Std. Error	df	t value	Pr(> t)
(Intercept)	0.80373	0.59686	1.34648	1.347	0.360931
tissuIT	0.03626	0.14055	392.01679	0.258	0.796569
tissuLM	2.42265	0.14055	392.01679	17.237	< 2e-16 ***
tissuUM	2.26940	0.14055	392.01679	16.147	< 2e-16 ***
treatmentDrought	-0.77436	0.36888	5.01240	-2.099	0.089702 .
dayPeriodNight	0.36950	0.16284	392.08694	2.269	0.023804 *
dayPeriodDay:timeB	0.24285	0.16591	392.19489	1.464	0.144068
dayPeriodNight:timeC	0.04250	0.17744	392.01679	0.240	0.810825
dayPeriodDay:timeE	0.12013	0.16284	392.08694	0.738	0.461138
dayPeriodDay:timeF	0.62719	0.16591	392.19489	3.780	0.000181 ***

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Correlation of Fixed Effects:

	(Intr)	tissIT	tissLM	tissUM	trtmnD	dyPrdN	dyPD:B	dyPN:C	dyPD:E
tissuIT	-0.118								
tissuLM	-0.118	0.500							
tissuUM	-0.118	0.500	0.500						
trtmntDrgh	-0.309	0.000	0.000	0.000					
dayPerdNght	-0.111	0.000	0.000	0.000	-0.001				
dyPrdDy:tmB	-0.110	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.006	0.396			
dyPrdNght:C	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	-0.545	0.000		
dyPrdDy:tmE	-0.111	0.000	0.000	0.000	-0.001	0.406	0.396	0.000	
dyPrdDy:tmF	-0.110	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.006	0.396	0.390	0.000	0.396

fit warnings:

fixed-effect model matrix is rank deficient so dropping 6 columns / coefficients

[1] 1220.641

[1] 1276.799

Type III Analysis of Variance Table with Satterthwaite's method

	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	NumDF	DenDF	F value	Pr(>F)
tissu	554.01	184.671	3	392.02	183.3018	< 2.2e-16 ***

```

treatment      4.44    4.440      1    5.01    4.4068  0.089702 .
dayPeriod      5.19    5.187      1 392.09    5.1489  0.023804 *
dayPeriod:time 15.20    3.801      4 392.11    3.7724  0.005036 **
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

Shapiro-Wilk normality test

```

data: residuals(model3)
W = 0.96174, p-value = 8.022e-09

```

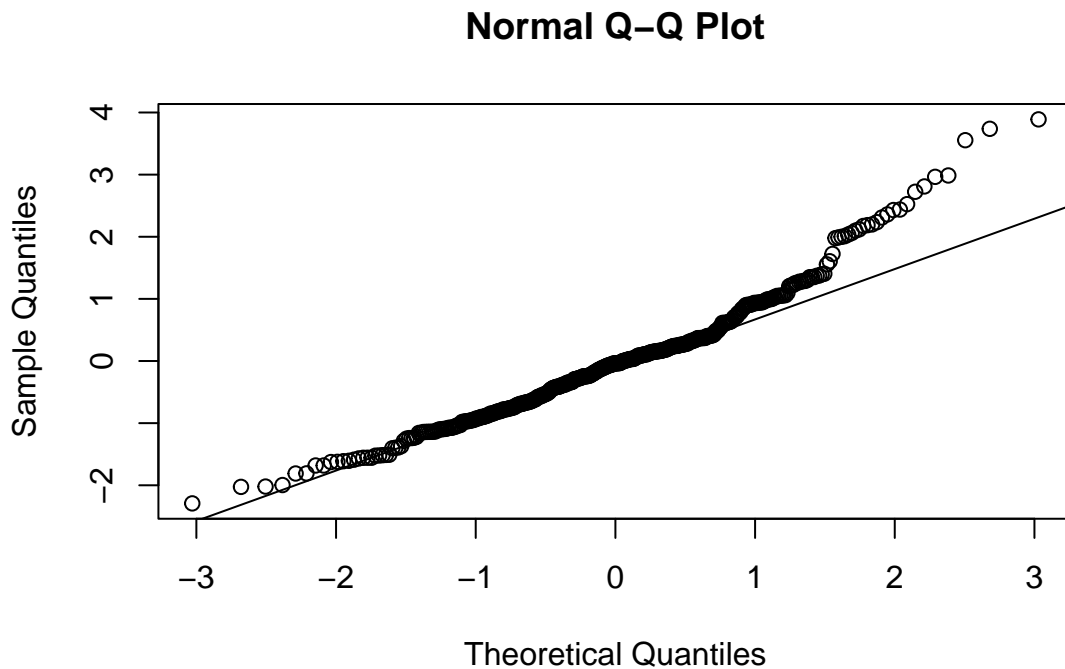


Figure 8

```

Call:
lm(formula = StarchNscTissue ~ treatment * tissu * dayPeriod +
    campagne, data = data)

```

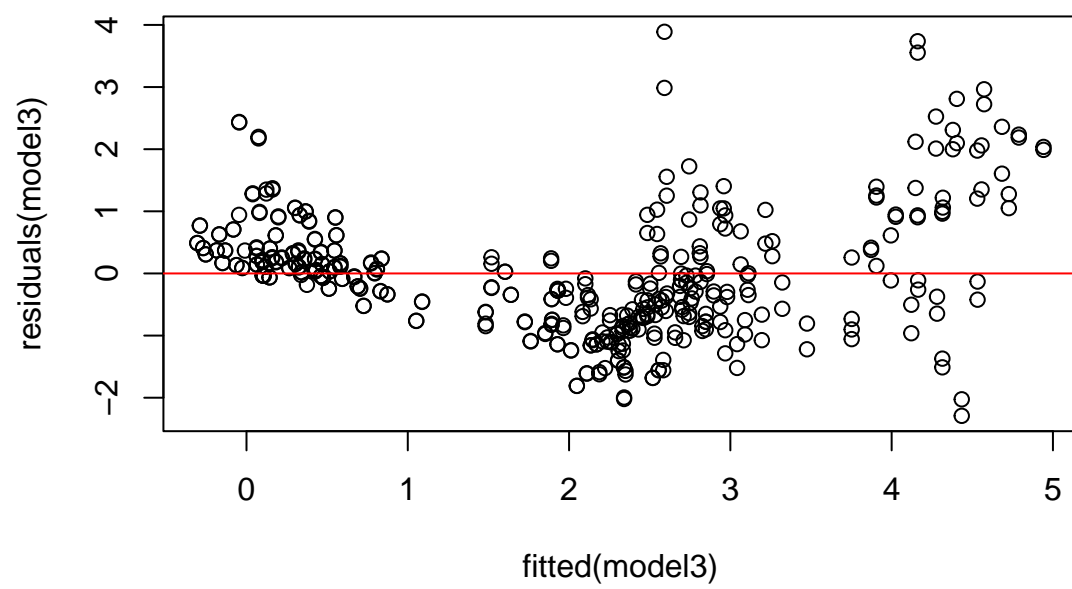



Figure 9

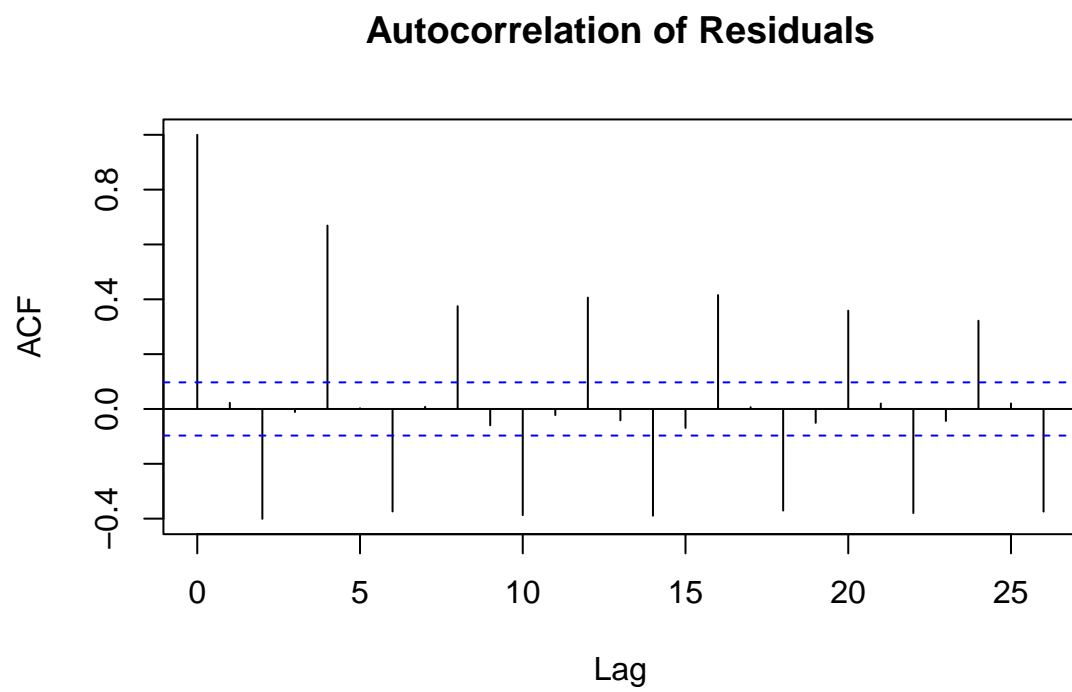


Figure 10

Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-2.1490	-0.6395	-0.1383	0.5298	3.5674

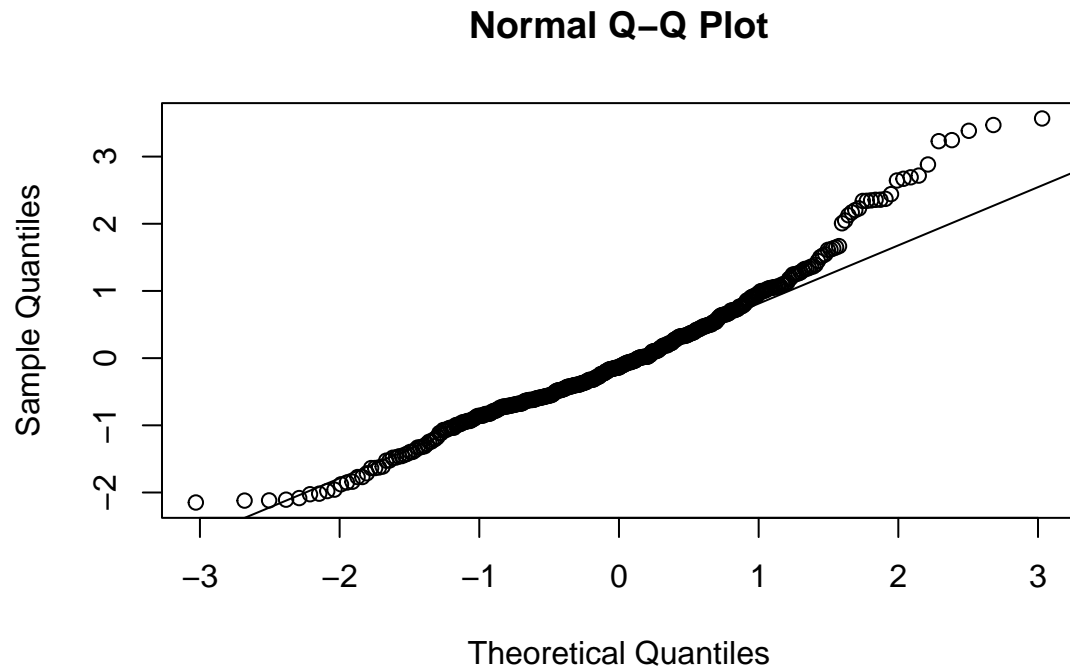
Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)
(Intercept)	-0.93022	0.23779	-3.912	0.000108
treatmentDrought	-0.17885	0.24974	-0.716	0.474327
tissuIT	0.09316	0.24612	0.379	0.705243
tissuLM	3.00031	0.24612	12.190	< 2e-16
tissuUM	3.07044	0.24612	12.475	< 2e-16
dayPeriodNight	0.04878	0.31380	0.155	0.876544
campagne	1.09540	0.10416	10.516	< 2e-16
treatmentDrought:tissuIT	-0.03511	0.35315	-0.099	0.920866
treatmentDrought:tissuLM	-1.42355	0.35315	-4.031	6.68e-05
treatmentDrought:tissuUM	-1.42214	0.35315	-4.027	6.79e-05
treatmentDrought:dayPeriodNight	0.30988	0.44572	0.695	0.487317
tissuIT:dayPeriodNight	0.14820	0.44370	0.334	0.738553
tissuLM:dayPeriodNight	0.36356	0.44370	0.819	0.413066
tissuUM:dayPeriodNight	-0.31235	0.44370	-0.704	0.481870
treatmentDrought:tissuIT:dayPeriodNight	-0.54948	0.63032	-0.872	0.383883
treatmentDrought:tissuLM:dayPeriodNight	0.03887	0.63032	0.062	0.950859
treatmentDrought:tissuUM:dayPeriodNight	-0.03772	0.63032	-0.060	0.952308

(Intercept)	***
treatmentDrought	
tissuIT	
tissuLM	***
tissuUM	***
dayPeriodNight	
campagne	***
treatmentDrought:tissuIT	
treatmentDrought:tissuLM	***
treatmentDrought:tissuUM	***
treatmentDrought:dayPeriodNight	
tissuIT:dayPeriodNight	
tissuLM:dayPeriodNight	
tissuUM:dayPeriodNight	
treatmentDrought:tissuIT:dayPeriodNight	
treatmentDrought:tissuLM:dayPeriodNight	
treatmentDrought:tissuUM:dayPeriodNight	

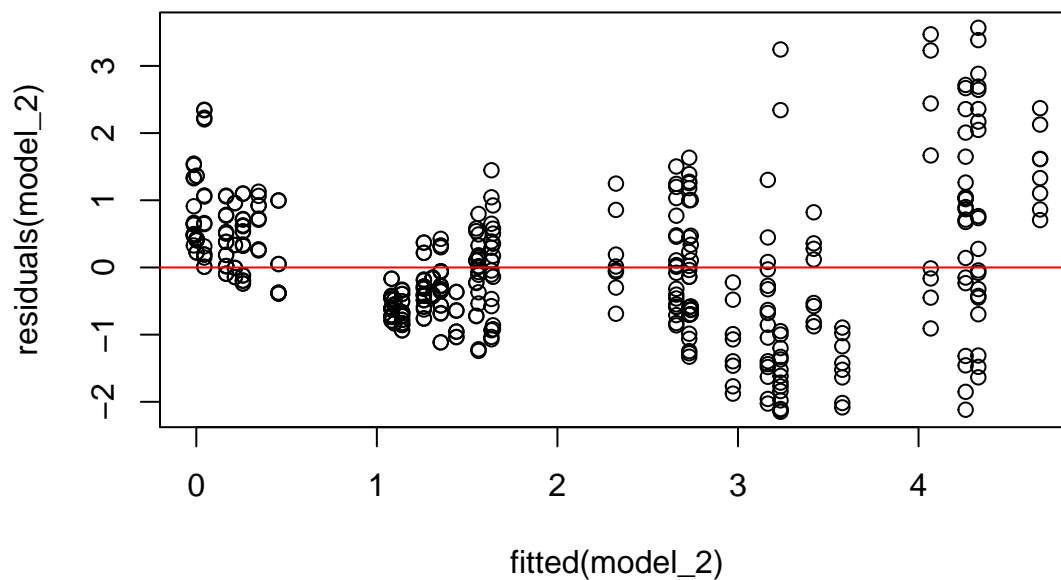
 Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 1.044 on 391 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.6513, Adjusted R-squared: 0.6371
F-statistic: 45.65 on 16 and 391 DF, p-value: $< 2.2e-16$



Shapiro-Wilk normality test

```
data: residuals(model_2)
W = 0.96501, p-value = 2.709e-08
```



Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
lmerModLmerTest]
Formula: StarchNscTissue ~ treatment * tissu * dayPeriod + campagne +
(1 | chamber)
Data: data

REML criterion at convergence: 1148.9

Scaled residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-2.7113	-0.5756	-0.1467	0.5350	3.9784

Random effects:

Groups	Name	Variance	Std.Dev.
chamber	(Intercept)	0.2484	0.4984
Residual		0.9277	0.9632

Number of obs: 408, groups: chamber, 8

Fixed effects:

Estimate	Std. Error	df	t value
----------	------------	----	---------

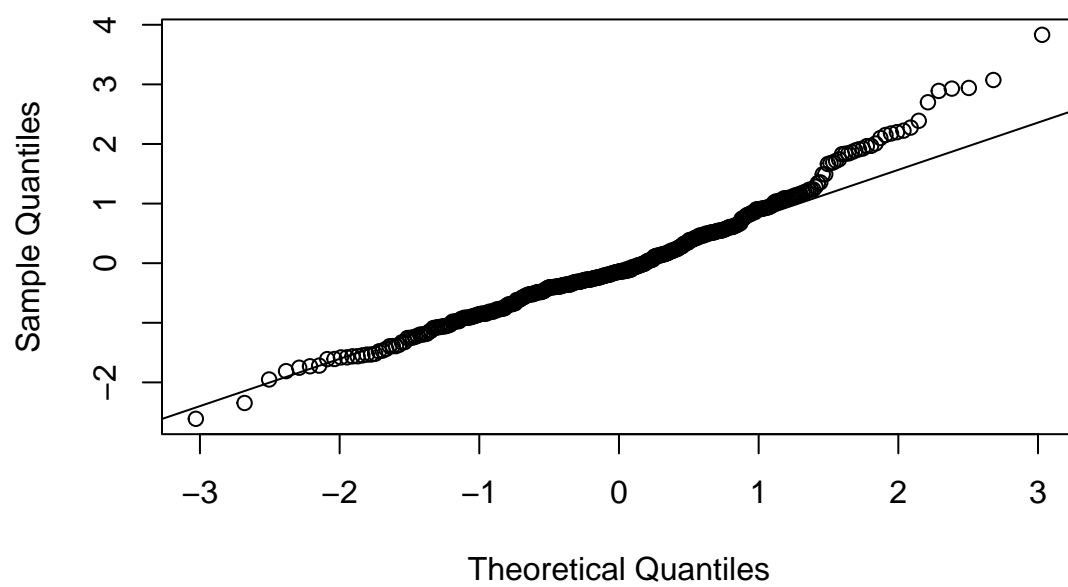
(Intercept)	-0.94922	0.62429	5.65354	-1.520
treatmentDrought	-0.09081	0.42131	8.85361	-0.216
tissuIT	0.09316	0.22702	386.01184	0.410
tissuLM	3.00031	0.22702	386.01184	13.216
tissuUM	3.07044	0.22702	386.01184	13.525
dayPeriodNight	0.08484	0.28949	386.02903	0.293
campagne	1.08403	0.36534	5.01449	2.967
treatmentDrought:tissuIT	-0.03511	0.32574	386.01184	-0.108
treatmentDrought:tissuLM	-1.42355	0.32574	386.01184	-4.370
treatmentDrought:tissuUM	-1.42214	0.32574	386.01184	-4.366
treatmentDrought:dayPeriodNight	0.22184	0.41140	386.09222	0.539
tissuIT:dayPeriodNight	0.14820	0.40926	386.01184	0.362
tissuLM:dayPeriodNight	0.36356	0.40926	386.01184	0.888
tissuUM:dayPeriodNight	-0.31235	0.40926	386.01184	-0.763
treatmentDrought:tissuIT:dayPeriodNight	-0.54948	0.58140	386.01184	-0.945
treatmentDrought:tissuLM:dayPeriodNight	0.03887	0.58140	386.01184	0.067
treatmentDrought:tissuUM:dayPeriodNight	-0.03772	0.58140	386.01184	-0.065

Pr(>|t|)

(Intercept)	0.1822
treatmentDrought	0.8342
tissuIT	0.6818
tissuLM	< 2e-16 ***
tissuUM	< 2e-16 ***
dayPeriodNight	0.7696
campagne	0.0311 *
treatmentDrought:tissuIT	0.9142
treatmentDrought:tissuLM	1.60e-05 ***
treatmentDrought:tissuUM	1.63e-05 ***
treatmentDrought:dayPeriodNight	0.5900
tissuIT:dayPeriodNight	0.7175
tissuLM:dayPeriodNight	0.3749
tissuUM:dayPeriodNight	0.4458
treatmentDrought:tissuIT:dayPeriodNight	0.3452
treatmentDrought:tissuLM:dayPeriodNight	0.9467
treatmentDrought:tissuUM:dayPeriodNight	0.9483

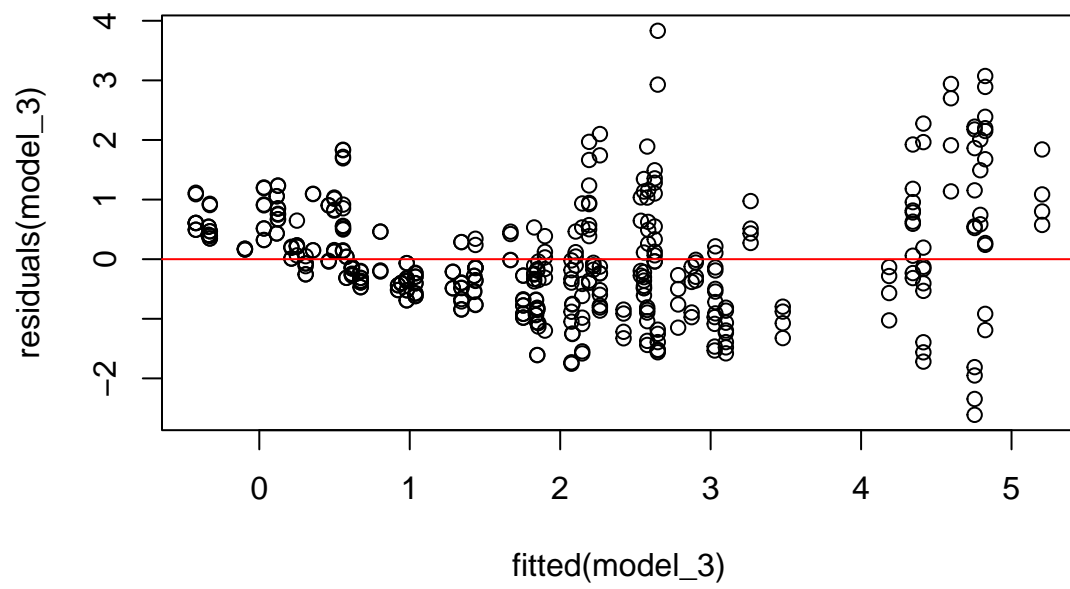
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Normal Q-Q Plot



Shapiro-Wilk normality test

```
data: residuals(model_3)  
W = 0.97131, p-value = 3.444e-07
```



Conclusion

GitHub page found [here](#).

References

Astley, Rick. 1987. “Never Gonna GIve You Up.” 1987. <https://r.mtdv.me/videos/6QMWR9vBma>.

Appendix A - R Code

```
## Prints code without running it  
  
library(knitr)  
data <- read.csv("data.csv")  
knitr::kable(head(data), format = 'markdown')
```

Appendix B - SAS Code

```
data rptm_means;
input Inoculation_Method $ Thickness $ @@;
do Week=1 to 5 by 1;
    input mu @@;
    output;
end;
datalines;
Dry 1/4 4.2573 4.246 4.474 4.3327 4.0127
Dry 1/8 5.2907 4.9513 5.2013 5.2073 4.9713
Wet 1/4 5.4013 5.5727 5.55 5.4873 5.3807
Wet 1/8 5.56 5.7793 5.6313 5.7153 5.62
;
```