60-367 Assignment 1

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HTTP

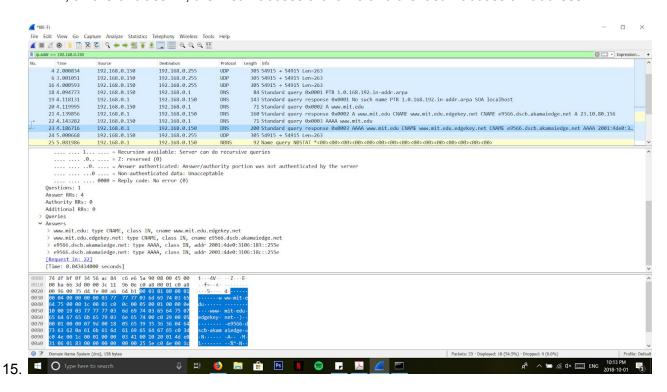
- 1. My browser is running HTTP/1.1, the server is running 1.1 as well.
- 2. English-US and English (general) are the languages accepted.
- 3. At the time of testing, my computer's IP address was 10.242.95.164, the server's was 128.119.245.12.
- 4. The server returned a status code 200, the "OK" message indicating everything went correctly.
- 5. The date last modified was Thu, 27 Sep 2018 05:59:01 GMT
- 6. A 520 byte response was sent from the server to the client.
- 7. No, there were no headers available in the raw data that were not already available in the packet listing window. This makes sense because the raw data simply lists every bit in the packet.
- 8. No, there is no IF-MODIFIED-SINCE entry.
- 9. Yes, under line-based text data or at the end of the raw data, the page contents can be read.
- 10. Yes, there was an IF-MODIFIED-SINCE: Thu, 27 Sep 2018 05:59:01 GMT
- 11. The server returns status code 302 with response "NOT MODIFIED.", meaning that the packets sent the first time were not replaced with a new copy. In other words, the page was reloaded but the contents were not resent.
- 12. My browser sent one get request, packet 188.
- 13. Packet 194 contains the server response.

- 14. The response code was a 200 "OK" message.
- 15. 4 Data-containing TCP segments were needed to carry the 4861 http response, packets 190-194.
- 16. My browser sent 3 get requests. One request to load the page's html at 128.119.245.12, one request to load the pearson.png to the same IP, and one to load the textbook cover jpg at the same IP as well.
- 17. After creating a column for a TCP-stream index, I was able to see that the first two get requests were on the same TCP stream, but last request was part of a different. This would tell me the first image and main page html were downloaded in parallel, but the second image was downloaded serially after. Looking at just the two images, this would technically mean they were serial.
- 18. Initially, when attempting a GET request, the server provides a 401 Unauthorized response.
- 19. The new HTTP GET request contains a field called Authorization: Basic, with the base-64 value d2lyZXNoYXJrLXN0dWRlbnRzOm5ldHdvcms=, which translates to wireshark-students:network, the entered username and password.

DNS

- 1. The IP Address of a specific web server located in Asia is 162.105.131.196
- 2. The authoritative DNS server address for the Milan Institute is 159.149.10.1
- 3. The address is 216.109.127.60
- 4. Both query and response messages are UDP.
- 5. The guery destination port is 53 and the response source port is 53.
- 6. The query destination ip address is 192.168.0.1 which is my local DNS server.

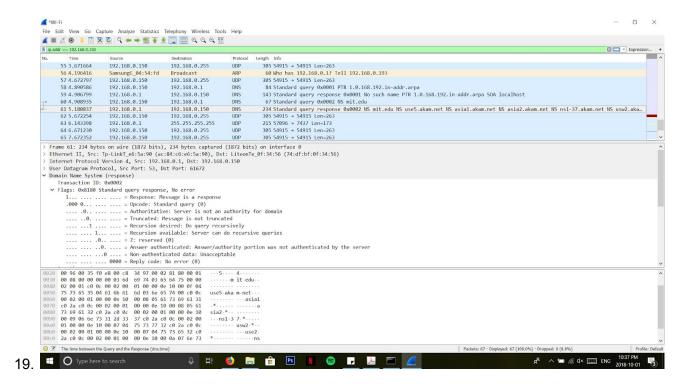
- 7. The query is of Recursive type and contains 0 answers.
- 8. The response contains 3 answers which contain type "A", class "IN", and an address "104.20.1.85".
- The destination address of the SYN packet corresponds to the DNS address of the website server, listed as an answer in the DNS response.
- 10. No the host does not issue new DNS gueries before receiving each image.
- 11. The destination port of the DNS query is 53, the source port of the DNS response is 53
- 12. The query is sent to address 192.168.0.1 and yes it is the same as my local DNS server.
- 13. The query is of type Recursive and contains 0 answers.
- 14. There are 4 answers within the query response, 2 are of type CNAME and 2 of type AAAA, all are of class IN, the first 2 access a cname and the last 2 access an address.



- 16. The query destination address is 192.168.0.1 which is the address of my local DNS server.
- 17. The query is Recursive and contains 0 answers.

18. The response provides 8 different nameservers with no IP addresses.

```
> mit.edu: type NS, class IN, ns use5.akam.net
> mit.edu: type NS, class IN, ns asia1.akam.net
> mit.edu: type NS, class IN, ns asia2.akam.net
> mit.edu: type NS, class IN, ns ns1-37.akam.net
> mit.edu: type NS, class IN, ns usw2.akam.net
> mit.edu: type NS, class IN, ns use2.akam.net
> mit.edu: type NS, class IN, ns ns1-173.akam.net
> mit.edu: type NS, class IN, ns eur5.akam.net
```



- 20. The DNS guery is sent to IP address 18.72.0.3 which is the address of bitsy.mit.edu
- 21. The DNS is of recursive type with 0 answers.
- 22. There is one answer of type A, class IN, and address 218.36.94.200

