Spring: ORM



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Hibernate Integration



Spring allows you to configure Hibernate to be used with **Contextual Sessions**.

- This sessions are created by Hibernate to manage users concurrency.
- A user should not be able to access another user's context.
- A SessionFactory bean is needed in order to get sessions.





Beans Needed



- DataSource.
 - JDBC instance.
 - Driver, Username, Password, URL.
- SessionFactory.
 - Hibernate instance.
 - Has data source as member.
 - Has the Hibernate configuration.
 - Packages to Scan, Dialect, Show_Sql, hbm2ddl.auto, etc.
- TransactionManager.
 - **Hibernate** instance.
 - Has session factory as a member.
 - Used and managed by Spring.
 - Used to associate a contextual session with a transaction.











@Transactional

<tx:annotation-driven/>



This annotation tells spring that a <u>class</u> (every method in it) or a specific method is going to be handled as a Transaction.

- Contextual Sessions should be seen as Transactions.
 - If tasks different than select are performed.
- This means we don't have to manually commit or rollback anymore.
 - Spring handles this for us adding behavior with AOP.





Exception Handling



By default, transactions are **rollbacked** by Spring if a **Runtime**, **unchecked** exception gets thrown.

- HibernateException is a RuntimeException.
 - We don't need try/catch blocks anymore.
- Exception is going to be automatically logged if Log4j is set up.
- To rollback with a specific checked exception:
 - @Transactional(rollbackFor = SpecificCheckedException.class).



JSR-303



- Standard API that Spring supports for <u>Bean</u> validation.
- We can use the Validator interface.
 - Providing validations to our business objects.
- It can be combined with data binding to dynamically bound user input to our model.

public class PersonValidator implements Validator {

```
public boolean supports(Class clazz) {
    return Person.class.equals(clazz);
}
```



```
public void validate(Object obj, Errors e) {
   ValidationUtils.rejectIfEmpty(e, "name", "name.empty");
   Person p = (Person) obj;
   if (p.getAge() < 0) {
        e.rejectValue("age", "negativevalue");
   } else if (p.getAge() > 110) {
        e.rejectValue("age", "too.darn.old");
   }
}
```

JndiObjectFactoryBean



- JNDI (Java Naming and Directory Interface).
 - Allows Java software clients to discover and look up data and objects via a name.
- JndiObjectFactoryBean.
 - Available in Spring's abstraction API.
 - Adds a layer of abstraction when obtaining external resources.
 - We can obtain a container-managed session factory.





Materials



- Spring ORM: https://docs.spring.io/spring/docs/current/spring-framework-reference/html/orm.html
- JSR-303: https://docs.spring.io/spring/docs/current/spring-framework-reference/html/validation.html
- JndiObjectFactoryBean: https://docs.spring.io/spring/docs/current/javadoc-api/org/springframework/jndi/JndiObjectFactoryBean.html

