Weekly Progress Report

Project Name: Energy Management System (EMS)

Date: November 08, 2015

Collaborators:

Project URL: https://edge.rit.edu/edge/C15505/public/Home

Updated Milestone Chart:

Updates from previous revisions are italicized for clarity.

Task Description	Original Scheduled Completion Date	Responsible Team Member	Modified Completion Date	Comments
Critical Component Breakout Boards	8/24/2015	RM, DM	9/28/2015	COMPLETE: Critical component breakout boards have been completed for all functions. Messages have successfully been sent through the power line using the provided evaluation boards.
User Interface Implementation	8/24/2015	JL, AC	11/16/2015	IN PROGRESS: Rest of system does not heavily depend on webapp so completion delay is not a large factor. This milestone has slipped again from its previous date of 10/12
Web App Database Communication	8/24/2015	AC, JL	9/13/2015	COMPLETE: The web application is able to communicate with the database using Hibernate (An Object-Relational Mapping library for Java)

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Order Parts	8/24/2015	All	9/20/2015	COMPLETE: Cypress has provided a new PLC evaluation kit which functions correctly.
Initial PCB Design	8/31/2015	DM	9/6/2015	COMPLETE: Focusing efforts on vero-boarding initial hardware design instead of PCB design. Breadboard has been constructed. PCB may still be constructed if time permits, but based on summer slippage time for spinning PCB my not be available. Completion of breadboard has met the intent of this task.
Obtain and Verify Parts	9/7/2015	All	9/20/2015	COMPLETE: All parts except PLC have been received and verified. Completion date has been pushed back as received evaluation PLC boards are not functioning properly.
Verification of Power Supply Circuitry	9/14/2015	DM	9/14/2015	COMPLETE: Power Supply circuitry has been verified.
Verification of Breadboard Load Switch	9/14/2015	DM	9/14/2015	COMPLETE: Load Switch is operational, and a load is able to be switched ON and OFF via an external voltage (provided from FPGA or other embedded system).
Verification of Breadboard Current Sense	9/21/2015	DM	9/21/2015	COMPLETE: Current sense circuitry is operational.
Verification of Breadboard Voltage Sense	9/21/2015	DM	9/21/2015	COMPLETE: Voltage sense circuitry is operational

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Outlet Communication with PLC	9/28/2015	RM	9/25/2015	COMPLETE: Messages have been successfully sent via the power line.
Interface PLC with Pi	9/28/2015	RM, JL	10/7/2015	COMPLETE: Team has decided to acquire PLC evaluation boards. PLC communication is occurring with the PI but communications does not work consistently. Communication has improved from last status report, and various issues have been discovered and solved. Team successfully sent messages from Pi to FPGA.
Verification of Breadboard Processor	10/5/2015	All	10/9/2015	COMPLETE: FPGA has been selected to perform necessary embedded processing. Necessary power calculation is working properly within Modelsim simulation using a bus functional model of the ADC. FPGA I2C interface necessary for PLC communication has also been simulated. Team is working on determining final communication protocol between FPGA and Pi. All VHDL has been synthesized successfully. Messages have successfully been sent from FPGA to PLC to Pi (Both ways have been tested and are working)
Final PCB Design	10/19/2015	All	10/18/2015	COMPLETE: Based on team progress to this point, the decision has been made not to have a PCB manufactured. Completion of veroboard has met the intent of this task and shall be used for verifying functionality of the project.

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Finalized Database Structure	10/19/2015	AC, JL	11/16/2015	IN PROGRESS: This will be a result of the webapp completion.
PI PLC API	10/26/2015	RM, AC, JL	10/26/2015	COMPLETE – A python module has been written to act as the API for the Pi communication with the PLC chip. Additionally several python scripts have been written to handle commands to be sent from the Pi to the remote outlet modules.
System recognizes new outlets automatically	11/2/2015	All	11/12/2015	IN PROGRESS – The Pi's I2C will rarely read incorrect bits for the outlet module's address (e.g. 1000 instead of 1010). This results in a new, different address being stored in the database. However, it happens about 1% of the time, so the incorrect outlets (which would have much less readings than the correct outlets) could be deleted from the database. Another option is to read the address twice from I2C and compare the two values. If they are unequal, then the measurement may not be stored. Other solutions are being considered.
Send Hardware Measurement over PLC	11/9/2015	RM, JL, DM		IN PROGRESS – Hardware Measurements have been sent over PLC. Team is working on tweaking accuracy of measurements.
Receive and store measured data	11/9/2015	AC, JL, RM		IN PROGRESS – Measured data has been received and can be stored in the database. This will be completed

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				when the hardware measurements are deemed accurate enough to store.
View measured data	11/9/2015	JL, AC		IN PROGRESS – Team currently has rudimentary means of seeing measured data.
Toggle state of single outlet from web interface	11/16/2015	All		
Toggle state of a group of outlets	11/16/2015	All		
Outlets and groups follow schedule	11/16/2015	All		
Data Compression Verification	11/16/2015	AC		
Full system test passed	11/25/2015	All		

Current Milestones:

Task Description	Original Scheduled Completion Date	Responsible Team Member	Modified Completion Date	Comments
User Interface Implementation	8/24/2015	JL, AC	11/16/2015	Rest of system does not heavily depend on webapp so completion delay is not a large factor. This milestone has slipped again from its previous date of 9/28.
System recognizes new outlets automatically	11/2/2015	All	11/12/2015	IN PROGRESS – The Pi's I2C will rarely read incorrect bits for the outlet module's address (e.g. 1000 instead of 1010). This results in a new, different address being stored in the database. However, it happens about 1% of the time, so the incorrect outlets (which would have much less readings than the correct outlets) could be deleted from the database. Another option is to read the address twice from I2C and compare the two values. If they are unequal, then the measurement may not be stored. Other solutions are being considered.
Send Hardware Measurement over PLC	11/9/2015	RM, JL, DM		IN PROGRESS – Hardware Measurements have been sent over PLC. Team is working on tweaking accuracy of measurements.
Receive and store measured data	11/9/2015	AC, JL, RM		IN PROGRESS – Measured data has been received and can be stored in the database. This will be completed when the hardware measurements are deemed accurate enough to store.

Next Milestones:

Task Description	Original Scheduled Completion Date	Responsible Team Member	Modified Completion Date	Comments
Toggle state of single outlet from web interface	11/16/2015	All		
Toggle state of a group of outlets	11/16/2015	All		
Outlets and groups follow schedule	11/16/2015	All		
Data Compression Verification	11/16/2015	AC		
Full system test passed	11/25/2015	All		

Status

Difficulties:

PLC PSoC hardware is becoming overwhelmed and does not function properly when transmission speeds are set to high. This issue can cause reliability issues as commands are received/transmitted intermittently. Currently, sending outlet measurements (12 Bytes) every second (real time) from the outlet module causes the main module to lock up after about 5 minutes.

Surprises

PLC PSoC can only perform PLC functions and cannot perform any calculations on voltage current data. Therefore an additional embedded platform will be needed to perform controller functionality.

Additional PLC PSoC difficulties are occurring in which fast transmission rates are overwhelming the PLC PSoC thus causing it to not function properly. Team is currently working to determine if there is a solution to this issue, and also to determine the fastest transmission rates which can occur without the PLC functioning incorrectly.

Successes:

Team has officially decided to use an FPGA to perform necessary embedded platform calculations, and I2C communications. Necessary VHDL has been developed to perform power calculations. A detailed simulation environment was then created to verify the VHDL firmware. ADC was modeled with bus functional model such that they are able to receive an analog value and serially shift out a digital value representing the analog voltage processed. VHDL has been seen to work properly within simulation. VHDL has also been synthesized and downloaded to hardware. I2C VHDL code has also been generated such that the FPGA is able to send and receive I2C messages. This has been tested through simulation and is seen to be working. I2C code has also been synthesized and is correctly working in hardware. This week team was able to successfully send a message throughout the system in both directions (FPGA to PLC to Pi).

FPGA has been refactored such that FSM that controls all transactions is cleaner and more adaptable to changes that may occur going forward in the development of the communication protocol between Pi and FPGA.

Hardware has been connected and core functionality is working as expected. At this point the following is working:

- 1. Turning ON/OFF an electrical load via a command sent from PI over the power line
- 2. Setting a current limit via a command sent from PI over the power line. FPGA correctly shuts off electrical load if current limit value is exceeded.
- 3. Changing transmission rate (of power measurement data) from FPGA to PI via a command from Pi sent over the power line.

Power measurement algorithm occurring within FPGA is seen to be working in hardware despite slight accuracy issues due to fixable offsets which are not correct based on component tolerances.

The "Home Tab" of the web application is complete. This means that outlets can be modified and groups can be created/updated/deleted successfully. The implementation of the charts tab is underway.

The database is going to be loaded onto the Pi, so Python scripts can be written to take the measurement data and store it in the database. This will help to make some "fake" data that can be used to test the web app.

Questions/problems for consideration:

We have decided not to make an overall PCB but to develop a working hardware prototype on vero-board which can be used to demonstrate the functionality of the system, and if time/budget permits then complete a PCB design.

Team is considering moving proposal document from a word document to a LaTeX document to avoid Figure number issues etc.

We are making a design change within the web application. We are switching from using the Python based Django framework to the Java based Vaadin framework. This is being done because the team is more familiar with Java and the Vaadin framework and also because Java is a more powerful platform for development. This means we will need a way for the Java app to talk to native Python scripts running on the Raspberry Pi (possibly Jython) and that the web application will use significantly more system memory. Some additional tests will be run in the near future to ensure the memory usage is not too high.

Gantt Chart:

