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Question 1

a.

First, prove that $\emptyset \in S$.

Obviously, we have $\emptyset \in E = \{1, 2, ..., n\}$, and $a(\emptyset) = \sum_{j \in \emptyset} = 0 \leq b \in \mathbb{R}_+$ So, $\emptyset \in S$.

Second, prove that $X \subseteq Y \in S \Rightarrow X \in S$

$$Y \in S \Rightarrow a(Y) = \sum_{j \in Y} a_j \leqslant b$$
$$X \subseteq Y \Rightarrow a(X) = \sum_{j \in X} a_j = \sum_{i \in Y} a_i - \sum_{j \in Y \setminus X} a_j \leqslant \sum_{j \in Y} a_j \leqslant b$$

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So, this difines an independence system $\mathcal{F}\subseteq 2^E$

b.

According to the defination, we have

$$n = 6 \Rightarrow S \subseteq E = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$$
$$a = (1, 1, 1, 4, 4, 5), b = 8 \Rightarrow a(S) = \sum_{j \in S} a_j \le 8$$

According to the defination of rank, we have

$$r(X) = \max_{F \in \mathfrak{F}} |F \cap X| = \max_{B \in \mathfrak{B}_X} |B|, \text{ and } \rho(X) = \min_{B \in \mathfrak{B}_X} |B|$$

We can find that

$$\mathcal{B}_X = \{\{1, 2, 3, 4\}, \{1, 2, 3, 5\}, \{1, 2, 3, 6\}, \{4, 5\}\}$$

So that we have r(X) = 4, $\rho(X) = 2$

c.

$$O(r(X)) = O(nlogn)$$

- Question 2
- Question 3
- Question 4
- Question 5
- Question 6
- Question 7
- Question 8
- Question 9
- Question 10

 $\mathcal{B}+\mathcal{F}$