רְּוַחְ חְרָּוֹחְ עַל־פְּנֵי תְּתְּוֹם וְרְוֹחַ בְּרָאשָׂית בְּרֶא אֱלֹהֵים אֲת הַשָּׁמַיִם וְאָת הָאֶרֶץ: ²וְהָאָּרֶץ הָיְתָה תְּהוֹּ וְבְּהוּ וְחְשֶּׁךְ עַל־פְּנֵי תְהְוֹם וְרְוֹחַ (Genesis 1:1–2) אֵלֹהִים מְרָחֵפָּת עַל־פָּנִי הָמִיָם:

Inline Greek (צׁע ἀρχῆ ἦν ὁ λόγος [John 1:1]) and Hebrew (בָּרָא אֱלֹהֶים אַָל הָאָרַץ [Genesis 1:1]) also must work.

1 Footnotes

1.1 But what if a text needs a footnote?

- Simple single line footnote. (works)
- Multiline Footnote.² (works)
- Multiline Footnote with Hebrew.³

¹In the beginning was the Word, and the Word was with God, and the Word was God. ²He was with God in the beginning. (John 1:1–2)

 $^{^1}$ Ἐν ἀρχῆ ἦν ὁ λόγος, καὶ ὁ λόγος ἦν πρὸς τὸν θεόν, καὶ θεὸς ἦν ὁ λόγος. 2O ντος ἦν ἐν ἀρχῆ πρὸς τὸν θεόν. $(John\ 1{:}1{-}2)$

¹Such a connection between Sabbath and New Creation should come as no surprise when we see this in light of where Lev 23–27 already developed the theology of the Sabbath (with its inherent ties to the Creation, cf. Gen 2) to include the concept of the restoration for the land (i.e., "Sabbath for the land") and the end of Israel's exile, which in the theology of Isaiah has already been inextricably tied with the final salvation for not just Israel but the entire world.

 $^{^2}$ Such a connection between Sabbath and New Creation should come as no surprise when we see this in light of where Lev 23–27 already developed the theology of the Sabbath (with its inherent ties to the Creation, cf. Gen 2) to include the concept of the restoration for the land (i.e., "Sabbath for the land") and the end of Israel's exile.

This, in the theology of Isaiah, has already been inextricably tied with the final salvation for not just Israel but the entire world.

³Such a connection between Sabbath and New Creation should come as no surprise when we see this in light of where Lev 23–27 already developed the theology of the Sabbath (with its inherent ties to the Creation, cf. Gen 2) to include the concept of the restoration for the land (i.e., "Sabbath for the land") and the end of Israel's exile.

And here is a Hebrew word: חָרְבוֹת עוֹלָם.

This, in the theology of Isaiah, has already been inextricably tied with the final salvation for not just Israel but the entire world.