

CST8916 Assignment 1

Real-time stock market monitoring application

Group 16

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Introduction

Project Goal: Build a real-time stock market monitoring application

Core Technologies:

REST API: Traditional request-response model

GraphQL: Flexible query-based API

WebSockets: Real-time bidirectional communication

System Features:

Search for stocks

Subscribe to real-time stock updates

Data visualization

Section 1: REST and GraphQL for Data Requests and Updates

REST API vs. GraphQL

REST API

- Representational State Transfer
- HTTP Methods
 - GET Retrieve stock data.
 - POST Add new stock records.
 - PUT/PATCH Update existing stock data.
 - DELETE Remove stock entries.

GraphQL

- Query language for APIs
- Key Operations
 - Queries Fetch stock data with specific fields.
 - Mutations Add, update, or delete stock records.
 - Subscriptions Real-time updates via WebSockets.

Section 1: REST and GraphQL for Data Requests and Updates

REST API vs. GraphQL: Comparative Analysis

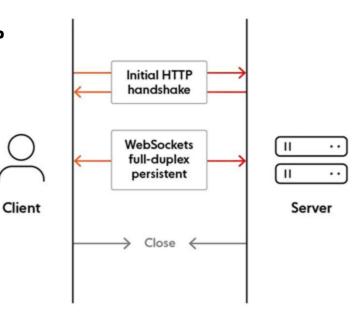
Feature	REST API	GraphQL
Endpoints	Multiple endpoints	Single endpoint
Data Fetching	Fixed response format	Customizable response
Real-time Support	Requires polling	Supports subscriptions
Performance	Can over-fetch or under-fetch data	Optimized for efficiency
Error Handling	HTTP status codes	GraphQL error field

Section 2: WebSockets for Real-time Communication

WebSocket

A WebSocket is a persistent, two-way(full-duplex) TCP connection between the server and the client.

- Over TCP
- Persistent connection
- Full-duplex (bi-directional)
- Event-driven
- Low latency



Section 2: WebSockets for Real-time Communication

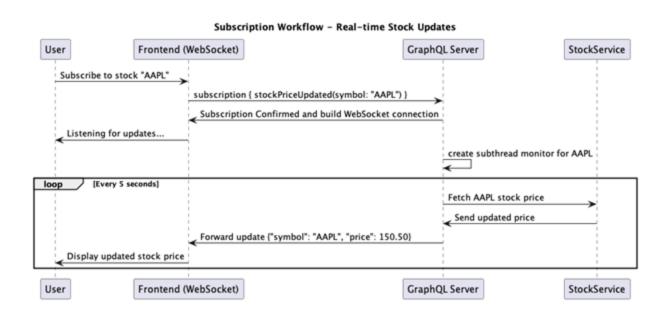
Why Use WebSockets

Feature	REST API	GraphQL Queries	WebSockets
Mechanism	Request-response	Request-response	Persistent connection
Real-time Support	Requires polling	Requires polling	Native real-time updates
Performance	Slower due to repeated requests	Medium (reduces over- fetching)	Fastest – instant updates
Server Load	High (frequent polling)	Medium (efficient queries)	Low (push-based updates)
Best For	Static data fetching	Optimized data selection	Real-time stock price tracking

Section 2: WebSockets for Real-time Communication

Workflow in our use case

- User subscribes to stock updates.
- Frontend sends a subscription request (GraphQL Subscription/WebSockets).
- Server confirms the request and establishes a WebSocket connection.
- Background process monitors stock prices and detects changes.
- Real-time updates are pushed to the subscribed clients via WebSockets.
- Frontend updates UI dynamically without reloading.



Section 3: Technology Recommendation and Justification

- Hybrid Approach: Combining REST API, GraphQL, and WebSockets.
- Technology Roles in the System:
 - REST API: Fetch bulk stock data from external sources.
 - GraphQL Queries: Allow flexible, client-driven data selection.
 - GraphQL Subscriptions (WebSockets): Enable realtime stock updates.

Factor	REST API	GraphQL Queries	GraphQL Subscription
API Wrapping	 Encapsulat es third- party APIs Standardize s data format Supports caching 	_	
Real-time Support	_	_	 Best for real-time updates Low-latency push via WebSocket s
Ease of Use	Simple and Widely supported	Flexible Queries	_

Live Demo

Thank You All