# Lab 5 Report – Ryan King

### Lab 4 Part 1:

Part 1 was done entirely by ChatGPT with minor adjustments from me.

https://chatgpt.com/share/d01ec6a4-4b10-4875-9c17-2cd909e838e3

"Write a program for a raspi-4 that takes two arguments, (the number of times to print a message and a message to print in morse code) and displays it on an LED"

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Here's the complete Python script:
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           DASH_DURATION = 0.6 # Duration of a dash in seconds

SYMBOL_SPACE = 0.2 # Space between symbols in a character

CHAR_SPACE = 0.6 # Space between characters

WORD_SPACE = 1.4 # Space between words
             LED_PIN = 18
               GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BCM)
                 GPIO.setup(LED_PIN, GPIO.OUT)
                                time.sleep(DOT_DURATION)
GPIO.output(LED_PIN, GPIO.LOW)
                                time.sleep(DASH_DURATION)
                                  GPIO.output(LED_PIN, GPIO.LOW)
                                   time.sleep(SYMBOL_SPACE)
                                                   if char == '
                                                        elif char in MORSE_CODE_DICT:
    for symbol in MORSE_CODE_DICT[char]:
                                                                                       elif symbol == '-':
                                                                       time.sleep(CHAR_SPACE)
                                  repetitions = int(sys.argv[1])
                                                                    flash_message(message)

time.sleep(WORD_SPACE * 3) # Space between repetitions
```

#### Lab 4 Part 2:

Part 2 I just used the lecture and copy-pasted the morse code list dictionary from part 1 with some find replaces commands to make it work in C.

#### Lab 4 Part 3:

Part 3 I used my part 2 code and asked ChatGPT for help disabling the watchdog so I could run the adc check loop as fast as possible.

https://chatgpt.com/share/2281cb77-172d-428e-8389-ef2b7267a246

None of the code it gave worked so I didn't use any. I ended up using this forum online:

https://esp32.com/viewtopic.php?t=27170

Re: How to disable WDT for a task?

Q by Maxzillian » Thu Apr 07, 2022 1:57 pm



Unfortunately the only way to really resolve this one is to either disable the idle watchdog or use a delay (that lets the CPU temporarily return to idle) like you've found.

If you want to disable the idle watchdog you could turn it off in your sdkconfig: CONFIG\_ESP\_TASK\_WDT\_CHECK\_IDLE\_TASK\_CPU0=y
CONFIG\_ESP\_TASK\_WDT\_CHECK\_IDLE\_TASK\_CPU1=y

Alternatively you could increase the watchdog timeout, but it's already set to a very hefty 5 seconds: CONFIG\_ESP\_TASK\_WDT\_TIMEOUT\_S=5

Personally I don't recommend either of the both and would instead focus on why the task requires so much CPU time; IE can it run slower or optimized better.

Another thing to consider is what is the priority of your task? If it's set to 0 it'll never yield to the idle task and you'll quickly hit the watchdog.

## Part 3 Report:

Maximum transmission speed: ~800 characters per second

Aka: 11,111 dots per second, 3,703 dashes per second.

Testing phrase: ""we all make choices but in the end our choices make us"

Pass/Fail conditions. It works 100% of the time with a dot set to 0.1 milliseconds. With a dot at 0.09 milliseconds, its around 95%. At 0.08 milliseconds it only gets about 75% of characters correct.

Fail time: 65676 microseconds (822 characters per second)

Pass time: 67832 microseconds (796 characters per second)

(Max-min)/min = (822-796)/796 = 3%