Module 2 - Lecture 8

## **Integration Testing**



#### **Review**

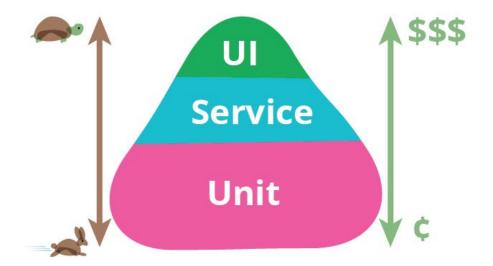
- JDBC

- DAO Pattern



## **Testing overview**

- Unit -> Integration (Service) -> End-to-end (UI)
- Runtime increases from bottom to top
- Maintenance and troubleshooting increases from bottom to top





#### **Integration Testing**

- **Integration Testing** is a broad category of tests that validate the integration between units of code or code and outside dependencies, such as databases or network resources.

#### Integration Tests

- Often use the same tools as unit tests (i.e. JUnit)
- Usually slower than unit tests
- More complex to write, maintain, and debug
- May have dependencies on outside resources like files or a database



#### Tests should be...

- **Repeatable**: If the test passes/fails on first execution, it should pass/fail on second execution if no code has changed.
- **Independent**: A test should be able to be run on it's own, independently of other tests, OR together with other tests and have the same result either way.
- Obvious: When a test fails, it should be as obvious as possible why it failed.

#### How do we handle the data?

If we run a bunch of INSERT, UPDATE, or DELETE statements in a test, won't that screw up the repeatable and independent parts?

- How do we solve for this?



#### **Transactions!**

Recall that a **transaction** is a single unit of work. When it is successful, it should be committed. Transactions can also be rolled back. We will do exactly that to prevent our changes from being realized!



# Where does the database we test against reside?



### **LET'S CODE!**



## QUESTIONS?

