Assignment: Homework 1	Assigned: 2020-08-28	Due: 2020-09-03

Question 1: form augmented matrix and solve using row operations.

$$x+y-z = -1$$
$$4x-3y+2z = 16$$
$$2x-2y-3z = 5$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 4 & -3 & 2 & 16 \\ 2 & -2 & -3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-4E_1 + E_2 \to E_2 \\ -2E_1 + E_3 \to E_3$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & -7 & 6 & 20 \\ 0 & -4 & -1 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} -\frac{1}{4}E_3 \rightarrow E_3 \\ E_2 \leftrightarrow E_3 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{4} & -\frac{7}{4} \\ 0 & -7 & 6 & 20 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$7E_2 + E_3 \rightarrow E_3$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{4} & -\frac{7}{4} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{24+7}{4} & \frac{80-49}{4} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{4} & -\frac{7}{4} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{31}{4} & \frac{31}{4} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{4}{31}E_3 \to E_3$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{4} & -\frac{7}{4} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-\frac{1}{4}E_3 + E_2 \to E_2$$

 $E_3 + E_1 \to E_1$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-E_2 + E_1 \rightarrow E_1$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(2, -2, 1)$$

Question 2: find the solution, or breifly explain why "No Solution".

$$\mathbf{2(a)} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 4 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 7 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

 E_3 : False Statement $0 = 4 \implies$ "No Solution"

$$\mathbf{2(b)} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 9 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x_1 + 3x_3 = 2$$

$$x_2 + 9x_3 = 5$$

$$(2 - 3x_3, 5 - 9x_3, x_3)$$

Question 3: scalar, matrix (size), or not defined.

A 3×3

B 4×5

C 5×5

D 4×2

 $E 3 \times 4$

3(a) tr(C)

$$C_{11} + C_{22} + C_{33}$$

Scalar

3(b) E^{T}

$$(3 \times 4)^T$$

Matrix (4×3)

3(c) tr(A)B

$$(A_{11} + A_{22} + A_{33})B$$

Matrix (4×5)

3(d) A - E

Matrix addition is only defined for matrices of the same size.

 \Longrightarrow Not defined

3(e) *AE*

$$(3 \times 3)(3 \times 4)$$

Matrix
$$(3 \times 4)$$

3(f) B^TD

$$(4 \times 5)^{T} (4 \times 2)$$
$$(5 \times 4)(4 \times 2)$$
$$\boxed{\text{Matrix } (5 \times 2)}$$

3(g) B - C

$$(4 \times 5) - (5 \times 5)$$

Matrix addition is only defined for matrices of the same size.

$$\Longrightarrow$$
 Not defined

3(h) E + 3A

$$(3 \times 4) + (3 \times 3)$$

Matrix addition is only defined for matrices of the same size.

$$\Longrightarrow$$
 Not defined

Question 4: Find p(A) for the polynomial $p(x) = 2x^3 - 4x + 2$ and the matrix $A = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 3 \\ 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$.

$$2\left[\begin{pmatrix} -2 & 3\\ 4 & 1\end{pmatrix}\begin{pmatrix} -2 & 3\\ 4 & 1\end{pmatrix}\begin{pmatrix} -2 & 3\\ 4 & 1\end{pmatrix}\right] - 4\begin{pmatrix} -2 & 3\\ 4 & 1\end{pmatrix} + 2\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0\\ 0 & 1\end{pmatrix} = 2\left[\begin{pmatrix} 16 & -3\\ -4 & 13\end{pmatrix}\begin{pmatrix} -2 & 3\\ 4 & 1\end{pmatrix}\right] - 4\begin{pmatrix} -2 & 3\\ 4 & 1\end{pmatrix} + 2\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0\\ 0 & 1\end{pmatrix} = 2\begin{pmatrix} -44 & 45\\ 60 & 1\end{pmatrix} - 4\begin{pmatrix} -2 & 3\\ 4 & 1\end{pmatrix} + 2\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0\\ 0 & 1\end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -88 & 90\\ 120 & 2\end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 8 & -12\\ -16 & -4\end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0\\ 0 & 2\end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -88 + 8 + 2 & 90 - 12\\ 120 - 16 & 2 - 4 + 2\end{pmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -78 & 78\\ 104 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$