



Comhairle na nDámhachtainí Breisoideachais agus Oiliúna  
**Further Education and Training Awards Council**

# **Computer Programming C20013**

**May 2011**

# **Duration: Two Hours**

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:**

*Answer any **three** questions*

*All questions carry equal marks*

**Answer the questions using the spaces in this exam booklet**

**Return this question & answer paper when finished**

**This written exam counts as 40% of the total module**

NAME (PRINT): \_\_\_\_\_

PPS NUMBER: \_\_\_\_\_

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

### Question 1. Total 40 marks.

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(a) This program contains 6 errors that will stop it from compiling. List the errors.

**6 \* 5 marks**

```
#!/user/bin/perl
$first name = "";
$loop = 1;
while ($loop <= 3)
{
    Print "Type your name; ":
    $first_name = <STDIN>;
    if ($first_name eq "Bill") {
        print "You are Bill";
    }
    elseif ($first_name eq "Adam") {
        print "You are Adam";
    }
    else
        print "Hello, $forst_name";
    }
    $loop=$loop+1;
}
```

1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	

(b) There is an error in this code. Is it a *syntax* error or a *semantic* error? **10 marks**

```
$data = <STDIN>;
if ($data = 10) {
    print "Ten."; }
```

**Question 2. Total 40 marks.**

(a) Write the general form of the *if...elsif...else* statement: **15 marks**

(b) Write the general form of the **while** statement: **5 marks**

(c) The following perl code will compile and run but for any of at least 4 reasons will not generate the desired output. Why?

**4 \* 5 marks**

```
#!/usr/bin/perl
# A short demonstration program.
# This program should write out all the numbers
# from 1 to 20, one number per line.
$control = 20;
$counter = 1;
while ($counter lt 20)
{
    # This next line prints the number
    print "$control\t";
    $counter=$counter+2;
}
```

1
2
3
4

**Question 3. Total 40 marks.**

(a) Indicate the values in each of the variables **\$a**, **\$b** and **\$c** after this program finishes:

**3 x 10 marks**

```
#!/usr/bin/perl
$n = 2;
$a = $n * 10;
while ($n <= 8)
{
    $c = $n * 2;
    $n++;
}
$b = $a + $c;
$c = $n * 2;
$t = $b;
$b = $a;
$a = $t;

print "$a, $b, $c\n";
```

<i>Variable</i>	<i>Value</i>
<b>\$a</b>	
<b>\$b</b>	
<b>\$c</b>	

(b) What screen output is generated by this short program:

**10 marks**

```
#!/usr/bin/perl
printf "%c%c%c%c%c%c%c%c%c%c%c%c%c%c%c%c%c\n",
35,75,101,101,112,32,73,116,32,83,105,109,112,108,101,35;
```

**Question 4. Total 40 marks.**

To convert <i>miles</i> to <i>kilometers</i> - <i>divide</i> by 5 and <i>multiply</i> by 8	$k=(m/5)*8$
To convert <i>kilometers</i> to <i>miles</i> - <i>divide</i> by 8 and <i>multiply</i> by 5	$m=(k/8)*5$

Write a perl program to:

- 1) Present a simple menu to show conversion options.
- 2) Take all steps to perform the conversion requested.

Include error checking. Indent and comment as appropriate.

**40 marks**

**Figure 1. The ASCII table.**

---

			032	SP	033	!	034	"	035	#	
036	\$	37.00%	038	&	039	'	040	(	041	)	
042	*	043	+	044	,	045	-	046	.	047	/
048	0	049	1	050	2	051	3	052	4	053	5
054	6	055	7	056	8	057	9	058	:	059	;
060	<	061	=	062	>	063	?	064	@	065	A
066	B	067	C	068	D	069	E	070	F	071	G
072	H	073	I	074	J	075	K	076	L	077	M
078	N	079	O	080	P	081	Q	082	R	083	S
084	T	085	U	086	V	087	W	088	X	089	Y
090	Z	091	[	092	\	093	]	094	^	095	_
096	`	097	a	098	b	099	c	100	d	101	e
102	f	103	g	104	h	105	i	106	j	107	k
108	l	109	m	110	n	111	o	112	p	113	q
114	r	115	s	116	t	117	u	118	v	119	w
120	x	121	y	122	z	123	{	124		125	}
126	~	127	□								
Printable alphanumeric and punctuation characters used in normal document text											



