# National Council for Vocational Awards



# Spreadsheet Methods Level 2 Practical Examination

**Duration: Two Hours** 

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1. Attempt all four tasks in order.
- 2. Read the paper throughout before you carry out any of the tasks.
- 3. Enter your name and Examination Number clearly on all printouts.
- 4. Printing may be carried out, under supervision, after the time allowed for the practical examination but no alterations may be made to saved files.
- 5. The use of calculators is strictly forbidden.
- 6. The following specifications apply to all tasks:
  - (i) The main and second headings should be centrally aligned over the data.
  - (ii) Column widths should be set to appropriate values.
  - (iii) Column headings should be centrally aligned.
  - (iv) Side headings should be right aligned.
  - (v) All text (character) data should be left aligned (unless otherwise indicated).
  - (vi) All numeric data should be centrally aligned (unless otherwise indicated).
  - (vii) All monetary data should be displayed in currency format with one decimal place (unless otherwise indicated).
  - (viii) All printouts should show row/column identifiers.

#### Introduction

Full Cover Insurance is a small insurance company who specialise in a limited sector of the insurance market. You are required to produce a confidential report for 1996 and then to carry out two modifications to that report. Finally you are required to produce a pie chart to show the breakdown of the profit for the company.

Task 1 30 marks

1.1 Set up the spreadsheet and input the data as shown in Figure 1 below.

		Full Cover Insura	nce	<u> </u>	
·	C	onfidential Report	1996	<u> </u>	<u>,,,</u>
	······································			Claim	Gross
Category	Type	Value	Premium	Provision	Profit
1	Private Property	£490.6		£47.8	
2	Commercial Property	£762.4		£62.2	
3	Private Cars	£124.7		£9.8	
4	Commercial Fleet	£184.2		£13.2	
5	Livestock	£78.5		£6.4	<u></u>
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Total Cla	aim Provision:		· <u> </u>
			Total	Gross Profit:	
Name:					<u></u>
Exam No:					

Figure 1

- 1.2 The Premium should be calculated as 10% of the Value.
- 1.3 Calculate the Gross Profit as Premium minus Claim Provision.
- Use the SUM function to calculate the **Total Claim Provision** as the sum of the **Claim Provisions**.
- Use the SUM function to calculate the **Total Gross Profit**, as the sum of the **Gross Profit** figures
- 1.6 Insert your Name and Examination Number in the second column, beside the appropriate label.
- 1.7 Save the spreadsheet under the filename REPORT1, for printing now or later.

Task 2 25 marks

2.1 (a) Move your name and examination number to the fourth column.

(b) Hide the second column (**Type**) and the third column (**Value**). (The shaded area indicates the two hidden columns, and will not appear on your screen in Figure 2 below).

2.2 Input the additional information as shown in **Bold** print in **Figure 2**. Move side headings as required.

			Full Cove	r Insurance			
						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>
	E. O 100 10000 100000. 200001		Confidentia	l Report 1996			<u> </u>
		Premium		Outstanding	Average	Claim	Gross
Category		Rate	Premium	Claims	Claim	Provision	Profi
1				1.36	•		<b>-</b>
2				1.04			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
3			· · · ·	0.71			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
4				1.12			
5				0.68			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							•
				Total Claim	Provision:	vision:	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					Total Gross Profit:		
					· <u>··</u> ·		
Category:		1	2	3	4	5	
Avg. Claim:		65%	78%	112%	72%	121%	
					·		
Name:			······································				•
Exam No:							

#### Figure 2

2.3 (a) Use the IF function to insert the **Premium Rate** figures based on the following information:

If the Category is 5, then the Premium Rate is 18%,

Otherwise the Premium Rate is 14%.

- (b) Display the Premium Rates as percentage and align centrally.
- 2.4 (a) Delete the values in the **Premium** column.
  - (b) Calculate the Premium as the Value multiplied by the Premium Rate.

(Note: You may have to temporarily unhide a column for this task).

- Use the LOOKUP function to insert the average claim as the **Avg. Claim** from the table, multiplied by the Premium and insert into the column under the **Average Claim** column heading.
- 2.6 (a) Delete the values in the Claim Provision column.
  - (b) Calculate the Claim Provision as the Outstanding Claims multiplied by the Average Claim.
- 2.7 Save the spreadsheet under the filename **REPORT2**, for printing now or later. (This printout will be of a selected area, to print the whole spreadsheet but not first and second headings)

Task 3

3.1 Input the additional information as shown in **Bold** print in **Figure 3** below. Move side headings as required.

		· •	Full Cov	er Insurance				
	<del></del>							
			Confidenti	al Report 199	6		-	<u> </u>
	Premium		Outstanding	Average	Claim	Fixed		Gross
Category	Rate	Premium	Claims	Claim	Provision	Costs	Comm.	Profit
1			1.36	-		£0.25		
2			1.04			£1.44		
3			0.71			£0.51		
4			1.12			£0.72		
5			0.68			£1.13		
			Total Clair	n Provision:		,		
						Total Gre	oss Profit:	
Fixed Assets:	£24.22				Profit	fit after Depreciation:		
Depreciation:						Dividend:		
Category:	1	2	3	4	5			
Avg. Claim:	65%	78%	112%	72%	121%			
<u> </u>								
Name:								
Exam No.								

#### Figure 3

3.2 Use the IF function to calculate the Comm. on the following basis:

If the **Premium** is greater than 70, then the **Comm** is 15% of the **Premium**, If the **Premium** is between 31 and 70, then the **Comm** is 10% of the **Premium**, Otherwise the **Comm** is 5% of the **Premium** 

- 3.3 (a) Delete the values in the Gross Profit column.
  - (b) Recalculate the Gross Profit figures as the Premium minus the Claim Provision, minus the Fixed Costs and minus the Comm.
- 3.4 Calculate the **Depreciation** using the Straight Line Depreciation function, based on the following information:

Cost of fixed assets as displayed in Fixed Assets:,

Salvage(Scrap) value of fixed assets = £ 2.5,

The expected Life of the assets = 15 years.

- 3.5 Calculate the **Profit after Depreciation** as the **Total Gross Profit** minus the **Depreciation** and insert in the appropriate cell.
- 3.6 Sort the spreadsheet in ascending order on the Premium column.
- 3.7 Calculate the **Dividend** on the following basis:

If the Total Claims Provision is greater than twenty five times the Total Gross Profit then there is no Dividend.

Otherwise the **Dividend** is calculated as a percentage of the **Gross Profits** for the individual **Categories** as follows: 8% of 5 + 10% of 4 + 2% of 2.

3.8 Save the spreadsheet under the filename **REPORT3** for printing now or later. Produce two printouts (in landscape orientation, if your printer accommodates such) of REPORT3 to show (i) Values and (ii) formulas and cell references.

Task 4

4.1 Produce a **Pie Chart** (either 2D or 3D), from the spreadsheet REPORT3 to show the Gross Profit for each Category.

- (a) The values should be taken from the Gross Profit column.
- (b) The pie chart should have the heading Profit Distribution.
- (c) Each section of the pie chart should be labelled with the **Type** and percentage of the profit for each **Type**.
- Save the Pie Chart under the filename **PROFIT** (either separately or as part of the spreadsheet **REPORT3**), for printing now or later.

(Note: If you have not calculated the Gross Profit figures then you may insert the following alternative figures in the Gross Profit column, for the purpose of producing the Pie Chart: £ 2.0, £4.0, £6.0, £8.0 and £22.0)

## CHECK LIST OF REQUIREMENTS

At	the end of the examination you shou	uld h	ave the following items:	Γick 🗸
1.	The following <b>files</b> saved on disk:	(a) (b) (c) (d)	REPORT1 REPORT2 REPORT3 PROFIT	
	The following printouts: (showing row/column identifiers)	(a) (b) (c) (d)	REPORT1. REPORT2. REPORT3, to show all <u>values</u> . REPORT3, to show all <u>formula</u> and cell references. The Pie Chart (PROFIT).	

3. Return your disk, printouts and this examination paper to the supervisor at the end of the examination.