

**Problem 1. (1 point)**

Determine whether the following system has no solution, an infinite number of solutions or a unique solution.

$$\begin{aligned} ?1. & \begin{cases} 3x - 7y = 7 \\ 6x + 6y = 2 \\ -21x - 31y = 0 \end{cases} \\ ?2. & \begin{cases} -15x - 15y = 10 \\ -9x - 9y = 6 \\ -21x - 21y = 14 \end{cases} \\ ?3. & \begin{cases} 3x - 7y = 7 \\ 6x + 6y = 2 \\ -21x - 31y = -1 \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

Answer(s) submitted:

- NO SOLUTION
- INFINITE SOLUTIONS
- UNIQUE SOLUTION

submitted: (correct)

recorded: (correct)

**Problem 2. (1 point)**

Give a geometric description of the following systems of equations

$$\begin{aligned} ?1. & \begin{cases} x + 3y + 9z = 3 \\ -x - 4y - 13z = 1 \\ 4x + 12y + 40z = 7 \end{cases} \\ ?2. & \begin{cases} 7x - 5y + z = 3 \\ 3x - y - 3z = 4 \\ -5x - y + 13z = -16 \end{cases} \\ ?3. & \begin{cases} 6x - 15y - 6z = -6 \\ -10x + 25y + 10z = 10 \\ 12x - 30y - 12z = -12 \end{cases} \\ ?4. & \begin{cases} 7x - 5y + z = 3 \\ 3x - y - 3z = 4 \\ -5x - y + 13z = -13 \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

Answer(s) submitted:

- THREE PLANES INTERSECTING AT A POINT
- THREE PLANES WITH NO COMMON INTERSECTION
- THREE IDENTICAL PLANES
- THREE PLANES INTERSECTING IN A LINE

submitted: (correct)

recorded: (correct)

**Problem 3. (1 point)**

Determine whether the following matrices are in reduced echelon form, echelon form (that is, pivots need not be 1 and rows above pivots need not be reduced to zero), or not in echelon form.

$$1. \begin{bmatrix} -10 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 10 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

- A. Echelon Form
- B. Reduced Echelon Form
- C. Not in Echelon Form

$$2. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

- A. Echelon Form
- B. Reduced Echelon Form
- C. Not in Echelon Form

$$3. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

- A. Echelon Form
- B. Reduced Echelon Form
- C. Not in Echelon Form

$$4. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -8 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

- A. Echelon Form
- B. Reduced Echelon Form
- C. Not in Echelon Form

Answer(s) submitted:

- A
- B
- B
- C

submitted: (correct)

recorded: (correct)

**Problem 4. (1 point)**

The system

$$\begin{cases} 2x + 2y - z = 2 \\ -3x - 2y + 3z = -2 \\ 2x + 2y = -4 \end{cases}$$

has the solution  $x = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ ,  $y = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ ,  $z = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ .

Answer(s) submitted:

- -12
- 10
- -6

submitted: (correct)

recorded: (correct)

**Problem 5. (1 point)**

Solve the system:

$$\begin{cases} 4x + 5y = a \\ -3x - 4y = b \end{cases}$$

$x = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

$y = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

Answer(s) submitted:

- $4a + 5b$
- $-3a - 4b$

submitted: (correct)

recorded: (correct)

**Problem 6. (1 point)**

The solution set of the linear system

$$\begin{cases} w - 5x - 5y - 13z = -13 \\ -2w + 13x + 10y + 32z = 32 \end{cases}$$

may be written as  $\vec{v}_1 + s\vec{v}_2 + t\vec{v}_3$ ,  $s, t \in \mathbb{R}$  for some vectors  $\vec{v}_1$ ,  $\vec{v}_2$ , and  $\vec{v}_3 \in \mathbb{R}^4$ . Find  $\vec{v}_1$ ,  $\vec{v}_2$ , and  $\vec{v}_3$ .

$$\vec{v}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \\ \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \\ \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \\ \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \end{bmatrix}; \vec{v}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \\ \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \\ \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \\ \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \end{bmatrix}; \vec{v}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \\ \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \\ \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \\ \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \end{bmatrix};$$

Answer(s) submitted:

- $\begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}; \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}; \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

submitted: (correct)

recorded: (correct)

**Problem 7. (1 point)**

$$\begin{cases} x - 2y + 8z = 3 \\ -5x + 5y - 50z = -30 \\ -7x + 9y - 66z = k \end{cases}$$

In order for the system of equations above to be a consistent system,  $k$  must be equal to  $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ .

Answer(s) submitted:

- -36

submitted: (correct)

recorded: (correct)

**Problem 8. (1 point)**

Determine the value of  $k$  for which the system

$$\begin{cases} x + y + 4z = 0 \\ x + 2y - 3z = -2 \\ 3x + 8y + kz = -9 \end{cases}$$

has no solutions.

$k = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

Answer(s) submitted:

- -23

submitted: (correct)

recorded: (correct)

**Problem 9. (1 point)**

Determine all values of  $h$  and  $k$  for which the system

$$\begin{cases} 9x + 8y = h \\ -4x + ky = -6 \end{cases}$$

has no solution.

$k = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

$h \neq \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

Answer(s) submitted:

- $-\frac{32}{9}$
- $\frac{27}{2}$

submitted: (correct)

recorded: (correct)

**Problem 10. (1 point)**

Suppose that the following

$$\begin{cases} -9x + 6y = 15 \\ -21x + 14y = k \\ -15x + 10y = 25 \end{cases}$$

is a consistent system. Then  $k = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

Answer(s) submitted:

- 35

submitted: (correct)

recorded: (correct)

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**Problem 11. (1 point)**

Let  $k, h$  be unknown constants and consider the linear system:

$$\begin{array}{rcrcrcrcl} 5x & - & 7y & = & h \\ -4x & + & ky & = & -9 \end{array}$$

This system has a unique solution whenever  $k \neq$  \_\_\_\_.

If the given system does **not** have a unique solution, then it will be consistent for how many value(s) of  $h$ ?

- A. no values
- B. a unique value
- C. infinitely many values

*Answer(s) submitted:*

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- $\frac{28}{5}$
- B

submitted: (correct)

recorded: (correct)

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**Problem 12. (1 point)**

Find the RREF of the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -4 & -4 & -9 \\ 2 & -8 & -8 & -17 \\ -2 & 9 & 10 & 21 \end{bmatrix}$ .

$$\text{rref}(A) = \begin{bmatrix} \_ & \_ & \_ & \_ \\ \_ & \_ & \_ & \_ \\ \_ & \_ & \_ & \_ \end{bmatrix}$$

*Answer(s) submitted:*

- $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

submitted: (correct)

recorded: (correct)