

## Pf of QR factorization

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} | & | & \dots & | \\ m_1 & m_2 & \dots & m_d \\ | & | & \dots & | \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} \uparrow \\ n \\ \downarrow \end{matrix}$$

Gram Schmidt  $\Rightarrow Q = \begin{bmatrix} | & | & \dots & | \\ q_1 & q_2 & \dots & q_d \\ | & | & \dots & | \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} \uparrow \\ n \\ \downarrow \end{matrix}$

其中  $q_1 = \frac{m_1}{\|m_1\|}$   $q_i^\perp = \text{proj}_{\text{span}(m_1, \dots, m_{i-1})} m_i$

$q_i = \frac{m_i - \sum_{k=1}^{i-1} (m_i \cdot q_k) q_k}{\|m_i - \sum_{k=1}^{i-1} (m_i \cdot q_k) q_k\|}$   $q_i^\perp \in \text{span}(m_1, \dots, m_{i-1})^\perp$

$\Rightarrow (q_1, \dots, q_d)$  orthonormal

因而  $Q$  为一个 orthogonal matrix

$$\Rightarrow S_{m \rightarrow Q} = \begin{bmatrix} | & | & \dots & | \\ [m_1]_Q & [m_2]_Q & \dots & [m_d]_Q \\ | & | & \dots & | \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} m_1 \cdot q_1 & m_2 \cdot q_1 & \dots & m_d \cdot q_1 \\ m_1 \cdot q_2 & m_2 \cdot q_2 & \dots & m_d \cdot q_2 \\ m_1 \cdot q_3 & m_2 \cdot q_3 & \dots & m_d \cdot q_3 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ m_1 \cdot q_d & m_2 \cdot q_d & \dots & m_d \cdot q_d \end{bmatrix}$$

因为  $q_i \perp \text{span}(m_1, \dots, m_{i-1})$

$\Rightarrow$  对于  $q_i \cdot m_j$ , 当  $i > j$  时为 0.

Pf of matrix product Thm:

对于两个 order basis  $(\vec{b}_1, \dots, \vec{b}_d)$  与  $(\vec{a}_1, \dots, \vec{a}_d)$  of  $W \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$

$$\begin{bmatrix} | & \dots & | \\ b_1 & \dots & b_d \\ | & \dots & | \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} | & \dots & | \\ a_1 & \dots & a_d \\ | & \dots & | \end{bmatrix} S_{B \rightarrow A}$$

$$S_{B \rightarrow A} = \begin{bmatrix} [b_1]_A & \dots & [b_d]_A \end{bmatrix}$$

Note:  $b_i = c_1 a_1 + \dots + c_d a_d$

$$\Rightarrow [b_i]_A = \begin{bmatrix} c_1 \\ c_2 \\ \vdots \\ c_d \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A S_{B \rightarrow A} = \begin{bmatrix} | & \dots & | \\ A[b_1]_A & \dots & A[b_d]_A \\ | & \dots & | \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A[b_i]_A = \begin{bmatrix} a_1 & \dots & a_d \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} c_1 \\ c_2 \\ \vdots \\ c_d \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= c_1 a_1 + \dots + c_d a_d = b_i$$

$$So A S_{B \rightarrow A} = \begin{bmatrix} | & \dots & | \\ b_1 & \dots & b_d \\ | & \dots & | \end{bmatrix} = B.$$