

Problem 1. (1 point)

Consider the following three bases of \mathbb{R}^3 :

- (1) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$
- (2) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$
- (3) $\begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{3} \\ 1/\sqrt{3} \\ 1/\sqrt{3} \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{6} \\ 1/\sqrt{6} \\ -2/\sqrt{6} \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} \\ -1/\sqrt{2} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

Which of these bases are orthogonal?

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3

Which of these bases are orthonormal?

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3

Answer(s) submitted:

- BC
- C

submitted: (correct)

recorded: (correct)

Problem 2. (1 point)

Let a subspace V of \mathbb{R}^3 be spanned by $\begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} \\ 0 \\ 1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}$ and $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$. Find

the projection of $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$ onto V .

Projection = $\begin{bmatrix} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{bmatrix}$

Answer(s) submitted:

- $\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$

submitted: (correct)

recorded: (correct)

Problem 3. (1 point)

Let V be a subspace of \mathbb{R}^3 , with a basis given by $\{\vec{v}_1\} =$

$$\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} \\ 0 \\ 1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix} \right\}.$$

(a) What is the dimension of V^\perp ?

$\dim(V^\perp) = \text{---}$

(b) What is a vector \vec{v} in $V \cap V^\perp$?

$$\vec{v} = \begin{bmatrix} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{bmatrix}$$

(c) If $|\vec{w} \cdot \vec{v}_1| = 0.7$, consider the following propositions:

(i) $\vec{w} \in V$; (ii) $\vec{w} \in V^\perp$; or (iii) neither of these.

Which of these is possible?

- ?
- (i)
- (ii)
- (iii)
- (i) or (ii)
- (i) or (iii)
- (ii) or (iii)
- (i), (ii), or (iii)

Answer(s) submitted:

- 2
- $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$
- (i) or (iii)

submitted: (correct)

recorded: (correct)