现在你的位置为 5°E,但N 用-17 vector [5 7 E R *表示位. 现在你使用一个encode来加密你的太企 $\int Y_1 = 71 + 37_2$ $V_2 = 271 + 57_2$ 这个办家方位则为「炒」 我们做了一个bansformation///> 使得; (0,1) in (/1,/2) (3,5) in (x1, x2) (1/2) ih (x1, x2)(0.1.1.).(4)

像换了一个坐标系(Y,,X),但坐标不换,比如纸的把(0,1)从(X,,X)坐标 map到(Y,,X)坐标.仍是(四1),但(Y,,X)下的(0,1)在(X,,X2)下为(3,5),同样,(Y,,X2)下(5,约在(X1,X2)下为(3),220)

Def (D2-1.1 Linear Transformations

A function I: RM-R' is called a linear transformation if

YZERM, 7 nxm matrix A s-t.

TG)=AR

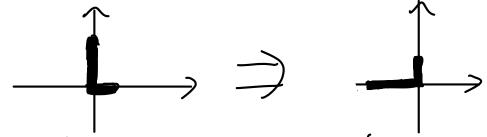
ex. $y = \chi_1^2 + \chi_2^2 + \chi_3^2$ input: $\begin{bmatrix} \chi_1 \\ \chi_2 \end{bmatrix}$ autifut, $[\chi_2]$

A: [x1 x2 x3]

可以发现 (y=Ax) 文 是 x 的 个 Linear transformation

(プーxivitxivitxivitxivitxivit)

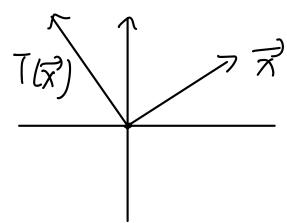
$$\begin{array}{cccc}
A &= \begin{bmatrix} \overrightarrow{\nabla}_{1} & \overrightarrow{\nabla}_{2} & \dots & \overrightarrow{\nabla}_{n} \end{bmatrix} \\
& &= \begin{bmatrix} \overrightarrow{\nabla}_{1} & \overrightarrow{\nabla}_{2} & \dots & \overrightarrow{\nabla}_{n} \end{bmatrix} \\
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& &= \begin{bmatrix} \overrightarrow{\nabla}_{1} & \dots & \overrightarrow{\nabla}_{n} & \dots & \overrightarrow{\nabla}_{n}$$



每个点都被 counterclackuise notate 3 90°.

新生 对知 T(又) 长度相同

$$\left(\sqrt{\chi_1^2 + \chi_2^2} = \sqrt{(-\chi_2)^2 + (\chi_1)^2}\right)$$



の PEO便放一个 T(マ)=Aマ, A= $\begin{bmatrix} 123\\456\\789 \end{bmatrix}$

$$\text{let}\vec{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} \implies T(\vec{x}) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$let \vec{\lambda} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow T(\vec{\lambda}) = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Consider a linear bons T: RM-> R^.

let
$$\vec{e_i} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
 it component.

$$\Rightarrow A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ T(ev) & T(ez) & \cdots & T(em) \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Shit. Write
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

Def (2) (Ei, Ez, ... em) items vector space

R 63 (standard vector.)

而成中的包,包,到朝门,从来denote。

Thm (221.3)

(b) $\forall \vec{v} \in \mathbb{R}^m$ and scalar k, $T(k\vec{v}) = kT(\vec{v})$

Def 2.1.4 Distribution vectors
and (bransition matrices)

1. 知为1 V2. 全部>0 A square matrix A 为一升 transition motrix if 它的每十 col vector都是 distribution vector.