

Capstone Project

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1 Definition

1.1 Project Overview

Student provides a high-level overview of the project in layman 's terms. Background information such as the problem domain, the project origin, and related data sets or input data is given.

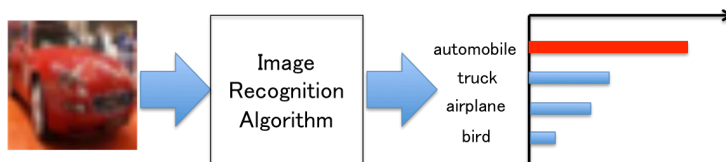


Figure 1: Image of the Algorithm

1.2 Problem Statement

The problem which needs to be solved is clearly defined. A strategy for solving the problem, including discussion of the expected solution, has been made.

The CIFAR-10 dataset

The CIFAR-10 dataset consists of 60000 32x32x3(width=height=32 and RGB=3) color images in 10 classes, with 6000 images. 50000 images are the training images and 10000 images are the test images.

The classes are completely mutually exclusive. There is no overlap within each image class.

In this task, I'll discuss the image recognition by Convolutional Neural Network(CNN).

1.3 Metrics

Metrics used to measure performance of a model or result are clearly defined. Metrics after class are justified based on the characteristics of the problem.

The objective in this problem is multi class classification. Therefore, the metrics will be 'cross entropy'

2 Analysis

2.1 Data Exploration

If a dataset is present, features and calculated statistics relevant to the problem have been reported and discussed, along with a sampling of the data. In lieu of a dataset, a thorough description of the input space or input data has been made. Abnormalities or characteristics about the data or input that need to be addressed have been identified.

2.2 Exploratory Visualization

A visualization has been provided that summarizes or extracts a relevant characteristic or feature about the dataset or input data with thorough discussion. Visual cues are clearly defined.

There are 60,000 of images in total. Figure(50,000 images for training data and 10,000 images for test data).2 shows the samples of the images. I plotted 10 images for each class.Figure.3 and Figure.4 shows the distribution of the data. For the training dataset, each class has 5,000 images and for the test dataset, each class has 1,000 images. The label 0 to 9 corresponds to 'Airplane','Automobile','Bird','Cat','Deer','Dog','Frog','Horse','Ship, and 'Truck'.

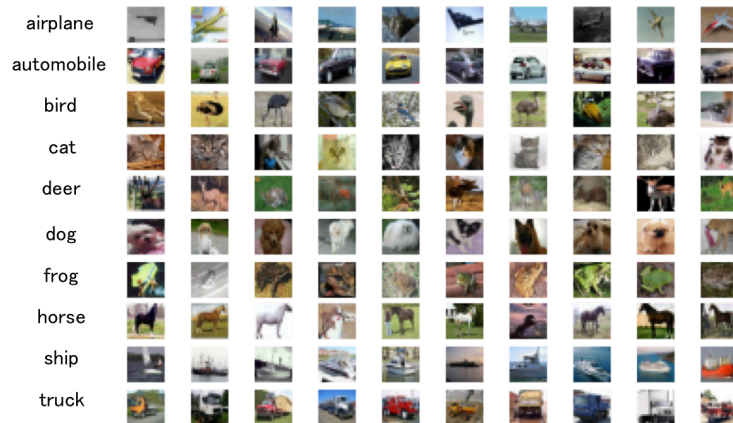


Figure 2: Sample of the Images

2.3 Algorithms and Techniques

Algorithms and techniques used in the project are thoroughly discussed and properly justified based on the characteristics of the problem.

2.4 Benchmark

Student clearly defines a benchmark result or threshold for comparing performances of solutions obtained.

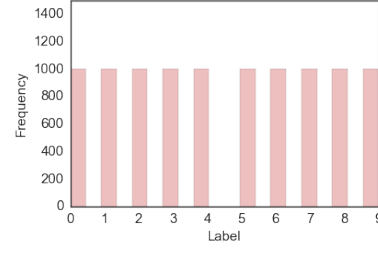
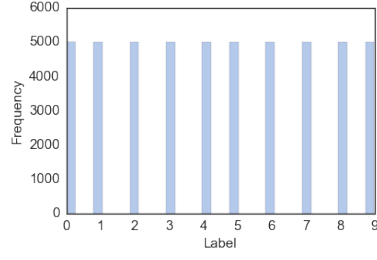


Figure 3: Distribution of Training Data Figure 4: Distribution of Test Data

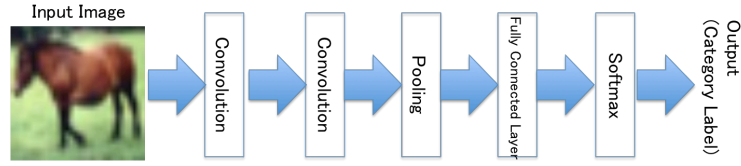


Figure 5: An example of CNN Architecture

3 Methodology

3.1 Data Preprocessing

All preprocessing steps have been clearly documented. Abnormalities or characteristics about the data or input that needed to be addressed have been corrected. If no data preprocessing is necessary, it has been clearly justified.

3.2 Implementation

The process for which metrics, algorithms, and techniques were implemented with the given datasets or input data has been thoroughly documented. Complications that occurred during the coding process are discussed.

3.3 Refinement

The process of improving upon the algorithms and techniques used is clearly documented. Both the initial and final solutions are reported, along with intermediate solutions, if necessary.

4 Result

4.1 Model Evaluation and Validation

The final model 's qualities such as parameters are evaluated in detail. Some type of analysis is used to validate the robustness of the model 's solution.

4.2 Justification

The final results are compared to the benchmark result or threshold with some type of statistical analysis. Justification is made as to whether the final model and solution is significant enough to have adequately solved the problem.

5 Conclusion

5.1 Free-Form Visualization

A visualization has been provided that emphasizes an important quality about the project with thorough discussion. Visual cues are clearly defined.

5.2 Reflection

Student adequately summarizes the end-to-end problem solution and discusses one or two particular aspects of the project they found interesting or difficult.

5.3 Improvement

Discussion is made as to how one aspect of the implementation could be improved. Potential solutions resulting from these improvements are considered and compared/contrasted to the current solution.