

Reproducing the Third Figure from Lunch Talk: Comparing Young stars at Galactic Center using (Using Fall-2020 Version of SPISEA from fork)

Here, I will be attempting to reproduce the third figure from my lunch talk on 3/4/2021.

For the first two cells, I will be establishing the functions used to read out the data file containing step K' band luminosity function. The original code for the function in this cell can be found in `jlu_python/jlu/papers/lu_gc_imf.py` on the Moving Universe Lab's computers.

In [1]:

[illegible]

[illegible]

```

119     _in.close()
120
121     return d

```

The following line loads data from /Users/jlu/work/gc/imf/klf/current/klf_r_0.0_30.0.dat. Recall I use the noWR option as the corresponding figure

```

In [2]: 1 import numpy as np
        2 result = load_klf_by_radius()
        3 result.KLF_ext_cmp_sp_im_noWR
        4 magBin = result.Kp[1] - result.Kp[0]
        5 idx = np.where(result.Kp < 16)[0]

```

Now, I create the BPASS isochrone for that specific age. $10^{6.78}$ years of age (around 6 million years). Out of that, I will create a cluster using an IMF of $\alpha = 1.7$. (Note that, when I create my BPASS cluster, I assume that there are no stars with $200 M_{\odot}$; that is physically difficult to have for a Population I system, which have relatively high metallicity.)

```

In [3]: 1 from spisea import synthetic
        2 BPASS_iso = synthetic.Isochrone_Binary(6.78, 2.7,
        3                                           8000, 0.0, filters=['nirc2,Kp'])

```

```

Changing to logg=5.00 for T=113729 logg=5.40
Changing to logg=3.50 for T= 27428 logg=3.36
Changing to logg=3.50 for T= 28471 logg=3.47
Changing to T= 50000 for T=171676 logg=5.85
Changing to logg=5.00 for T=171676 logg=5.85
Changing to logg=3.50 for T= 27428 logg=3.36
Changing to logg=3.50 for T= 27428 logg=3.36
Changing to logg=3.50 for T= 26250 logg=3.24
Changing to logg=3.50 for T= 26382 logg=3.26
Changing to logg=3.50 for T= 26250 logg=3.24
Changing to T= 50000 for T=171933 logg=5.86
Changing to logg=5.00 for T=171933 logg=5.86
Changing to logg=3.50 for T= 27428 logg=3.36
Changing to T= 50000 for T=132850 logg=5.43
Changing to logg=5.00 for T=132850 logg=5.43
Changing to T= 50000 for T=172910 logg=5.87
Changing to logg=5.00 for T=172910 logg=5.87
Changing to T= 50000 for T=144521 logg=5.57
Changing to logg=5.00 for T=144521 logg=5.57
Changing to logg=4.00 for T= 34533 logg=3.99

```

```
In [4]: 1 from spisea import imf, ifmr
2 import numpy as np
3 custom_IMF = imf.imf.IMF_broken_powerlaw(np.array([1, 200]),
4                                           np.array([-1.7]),
5                                           multiplicity=
6                                           (imf.multiplicity.
7                                           MultiplicityResolvedDK()))
8 import time
9 t1 = time.time()
10 BPASS_Cluster = synthetic.Binary_Cluster(BPASS_iso, custom_IMF,
11                                           170000,
12                                           ifmr=ifmr.IFMR_Speral5())
13 t2 = time.time()
14 t_time = t2 - t1
```

```
/opt/anaconda3/envs/astroconda/lib/python3.7/site-packages/astropy/table/column.py:1020: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in greater_equal
result = getattr(super(), op)(other)
```

```
In [5]: 1 area = 116.098 # arcsec^2
2 # The scaling factor we use to turn number of stars in a magnitude bin
3 # to area (arcsecond^2) density of stars in a magnitude bin.
4 scaleFactorBPS = ((170000/
5                    BPASS_Cluster.star_systems['systemMass'].sum()) /
6                    area)
7 print(scaleFactorBPS)
```

```
0.013839288597784945
```

In the next cell, I make sure that I am NOT including WR stars in my plots and that I am not including stars with magnitudes greater than cutoff ($K' = 15.5$)

```
In [6]: 1 tot1 =(BPASS_Cluster.star_systems['m_nirc2_Kp']
2          [np.where((-BPASS_Cluster.star_systems['isWR']) &
3                    (BPASS_Cluster.star_systems['m_nirc2_Kp'] <=15.5))[0]])
```

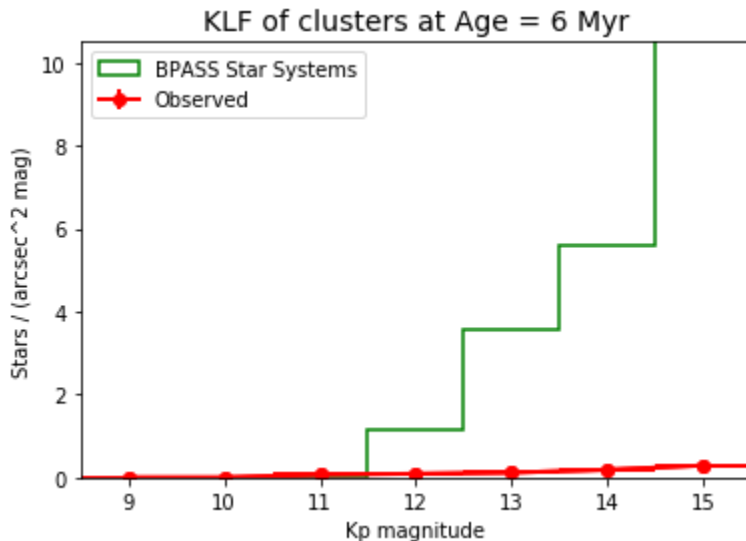
Below, I produce my first plot that demonstrates the problem with BPASS's IMF. I also set up bins and BPASS weights, which I will use in the next figure.

```

In [7]: 1 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
2 # Primary star fluxes
3 klf_mag_bins = np.arange(9.0, 17, 1.0)
4 binsKp = klf_mag_bins
5 binEdges = binsKp[0:-1] + (binsKp[1:] - binsKp[0:-1]) / 2.0
6
7 weightsBPS = np.array([1.0 for x in totl])
8 weightsBPS *= scaleFactorBPS
9 (n1, b1, p1) = plt.hist(totl, bins=binEdges, weights=weightsBPS,
10                          histtype='step', color='green',
11                          label='BPASS Star Systems', align='mid',
12                          linewidth=1.5)
13 plt.errorbar(result.Kp[idx],
14              result.KLF_ext_cmp_sp_im_noWR[idx],
15              fmt='ro-', xerr=magBin/2.0, linewidth=2)
16 plt.errorbar(result.Kp[idx], result.KLF_ext_cmp_sp_im_noWR[idx],
17              fmt='ro-', yerr=result.eKLF_ext_cmp_sp_im_noWR[idx],
18              linewidth=2,
19              label='Observed')
20 plt.legend(loc='upper left', numpoints=1)
21 plt.ylim(0, 10.5)
22 plt.xlim(8.5, 15.5)
23 plt.xlabel('Kp magnitude')
24 plt.ylabel('Stars / (arcsec^2 mag)')
25 plt.title('KLF of clusters at Age = %d Myr' % (10**((6.78 - 6))),
26           fontsize=14)

```

Out[7]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'KLF of clusters at Age = 6 Myr')



Now I create the MIST v1 cluster and then make the final figure of the talk.

```
In [8]: 1 MIST_iso = synthetic.IsochronePhot(6.78, 2.7, 8000, 0.0,
2                                           min_mass = 1.0,
3                                           max_mass = 150,
4                                           filters=['nirc2,Kp'])
5 MIST_Cluster = synthetic.ResolvedCluster(MIST_iso, custom_IMF,
6                                           170000,
7                                           ifmr=ifmr.IFMR_Speral5())
```

Found 24 stars out of mass range

Found 610 companions out of stellar mass range

```

In [9]: 1 import matplotlib.pyplot as py
2 # Primary star fluxes
3 klf_mag_bins = np.arange(9.0, 17, 1.0)
4 binsKp = klf_mag_bins
5 binEdges = binsKp[0:-1] + (binsKp[1:] - binsKp[0:-1]) / 2.0
6 area = 116.098 # arcsec^2
7 # Setting up framework so that I can scale the number of stars in mass bin
8 # into density: number of stars per square arcsecond.
9
10 mist_scale = ((17000/ MIST_Cluster.star_systems['systemMass'].sum()) /
11               area)
12 totl2 = (MIST_Cluster.star_systems['m_nirc2_Kp']
13          [np.where(MIST_Cluster.star_systems['m_nirc2_Kp'] <=
14                  15.5)[0]])
15 weightsMST = np.array([1.0 for x in totl2])
16 weightsMST *= mist_scale
17 # Binning
18 binnd_tot1 = np.digitize(totl1, binEdges)
19 binnd_tot2 = np.digitize(totl2, binEdges)
20 count1 = [0 for x in range(len(binEdges))]
21 count2 = [0 for x in range(len(binEdges))]
22
23 # binning each of these stars into where they should be
24 for x in range(len(binnd_tot1)):
25     if not (binnd_tot1[x] >= len(count1) or binnd_tot1[x] <= 0):
26         count1[binnd_tot1[x]-1] += 1
27
28 for x in range(len(binnd_tot2)):
29     if not (binnd_tot2[x] > len(count2) or binnd_tot2[x] <= 0):
30         count2[binnd_tot2[x]-1] += 1
31
32 # Applying weights on star counts in each bin
33 binnd_tot2 = weightsMST * binnd_tot2
34
35 py.hist(totl2, bins=binEdges, histtype='step',
36         weights=weightsMST, color='green', label='MISTv.1 Model',
37         align='mid', linewidth=1.5)
38 py.hist(totl1, bins=binEdges, histtype='step',
39         weights=weightsBPS/20, color='blue',
40         label='(BPASS Model KLF) * 1/20',
41         align='mid', linewidth=1.5)
42 py.errorbar(result.Kp[idx], result.KLF_ext_cmp_sp_im_noWR[idx],
43             fmt='ro-', xerr=magBin/2.0, capsize=0, linewidth=2)
44 py.errorbar(result.Kp[idx], result.KLF_ext_cmp_sp_im_noWR[idx],
45             fmt='ro-', yerr=result.eKLF_ext_cmp_sp_im_noWR[idx],
46             linewidth=2,
47             label='Observed')
48 py.ylim(0, 1.1)
49 py.xlim(8.5, 15.5)
50 py.xlabel('Kp magnitude')
51 py.ylabel("stars / (arcsecond^2 mag)")
52 py.title("KLF's at Age = %d Myr" % (10**(6.78 - 6)), fontsize=14)
53 py.legend(loc='upper left', numpoints=1)

```

Out[9]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7fc1033e6ba8>

