Channel

Resource

Marginal Problems



Chung-Yun Hsieh





C-Y Hsieh, M Lostaglio, A Acín, Phys. Rev. Research 4, 013249 (2022)

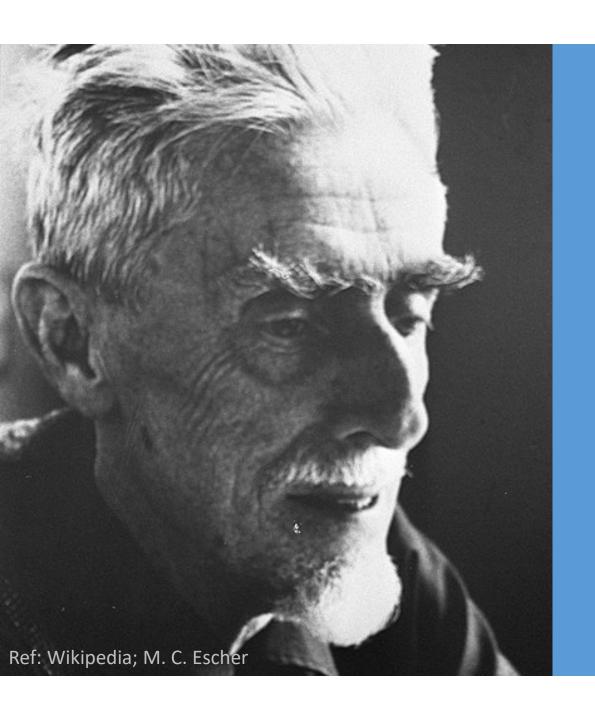
# Channel

### Resource

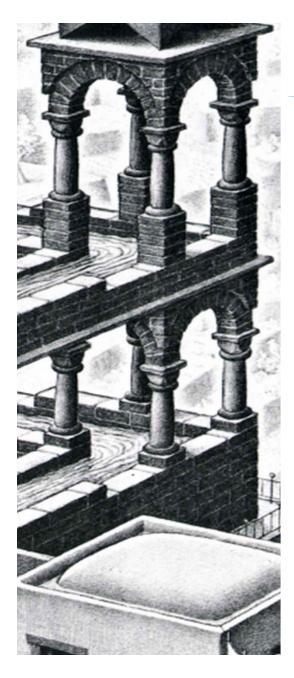
### Marginal Problems

C-Y Hsieh, G N M Tabia, Y-C Yin, Y-C Liang, arXiv:2202.03523

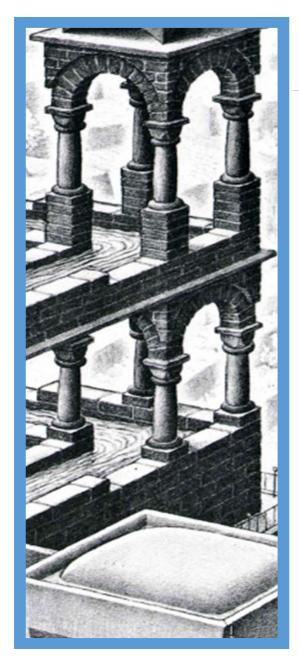
## What's that? Marginal Problems



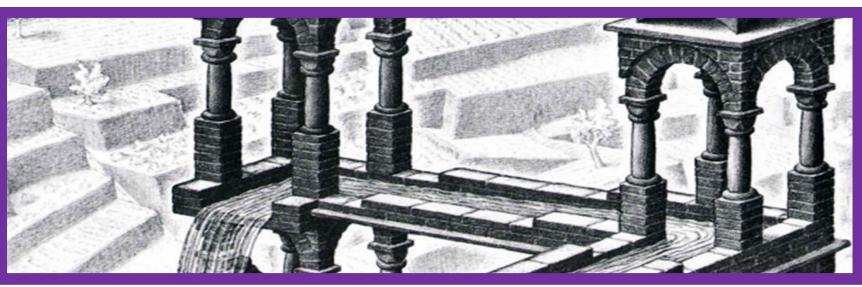
Arts by M. C. Escher



M. C. Escher, Cascada (Waterfall) (1961)

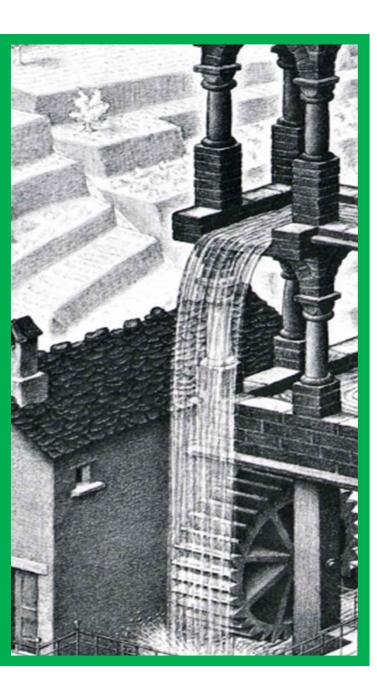


M. C. Escher, Cascada (Waterfall) (1961)



M. C. Escher, Cascada (Waterfall) (1961)



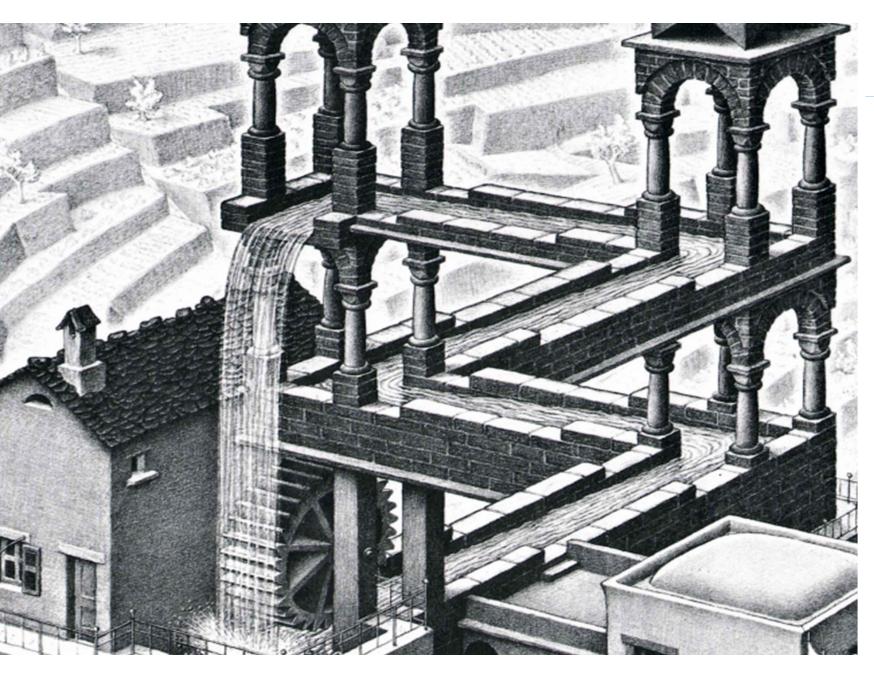




M. C. Escher, Cascada (Waterfall) (1961)

### ΟΔ□

Can they coexist?



M. C. Escher, Cascada (Waterfall) (1961)

Locally compatible

Globally incompatible



Locally compatible

Globally incompatible

### Marginal Problem



Can they coexist?

### Marginal Problem

#### Probability Distr.

Can they coexist?

### Classical Marginal Problem

#### Quantum States

Can they coexist?

### State Marginal Problem

#### Quantum States

Can they coexist?

J Tura, R Augusiak, A B Sainz, T Vértesi, M Lewenstein, A Acín, Science **344**, 1256 (2014).

> M Navascués, F Baccari, A Acín, Quantum **5**, 589 (2021).

### State Marginal Problem



Nonlocality Detection

Entanglement theory 1

### Static Marginal Problem

## Dynamical Marginal Problem

#### Quantum dynamics

Can they coexist?

# Channel Marginal Problem

## Channel

### Resource

### Marginal Problems

C-Y Hsieh, M Lostaglio, A Acín, Phys. Rev. Research 4, 013249 (2022)

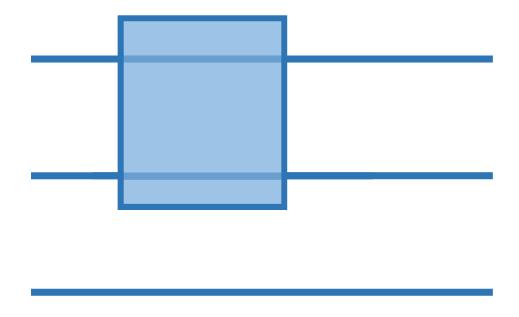
Channel

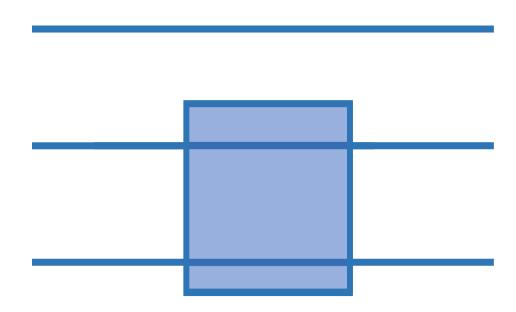
Resource

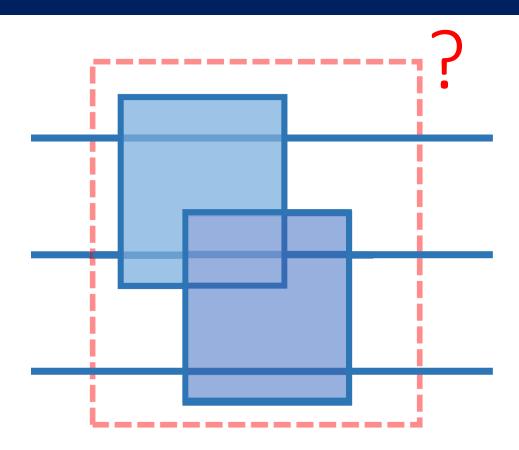
Marginal Problems

A Dynamical Generalization of State Marginal Problems

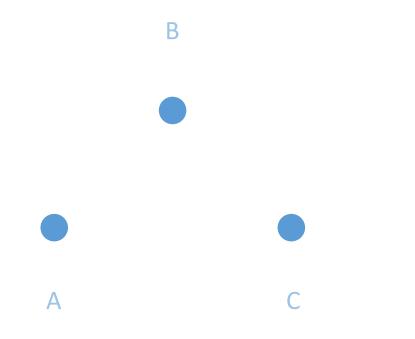


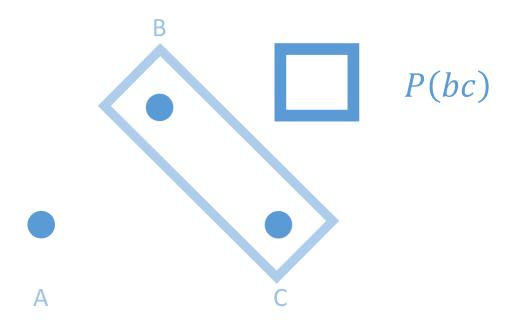


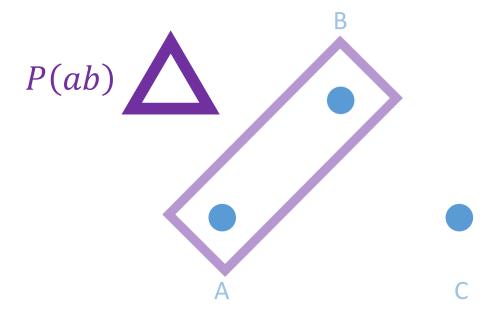


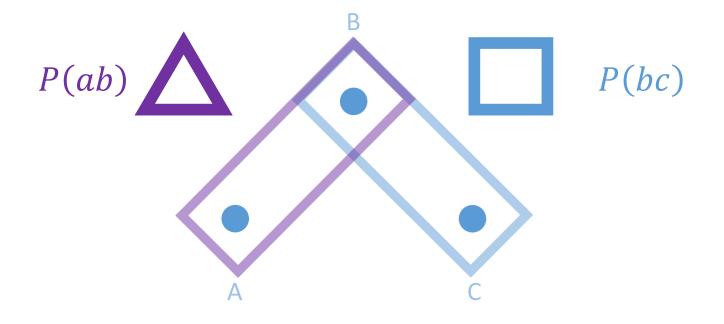


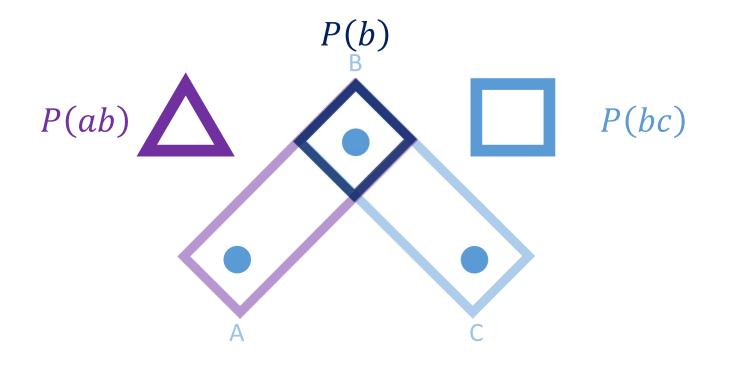
But... Why Quantum Marginal Problem? Why Dynamical Marginal Problem?

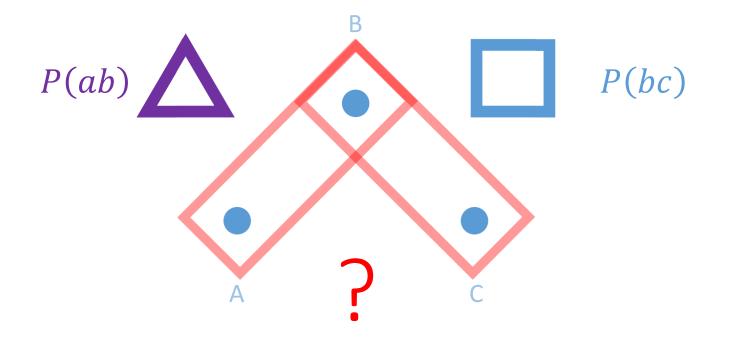


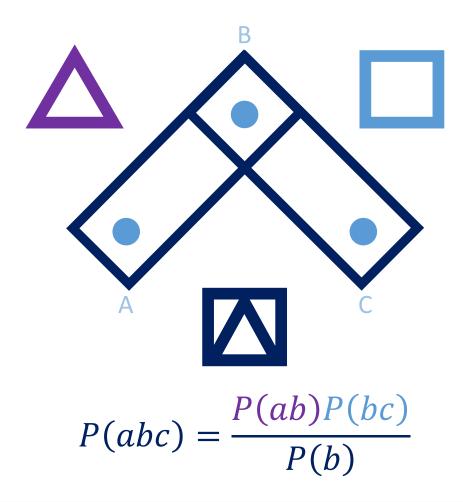




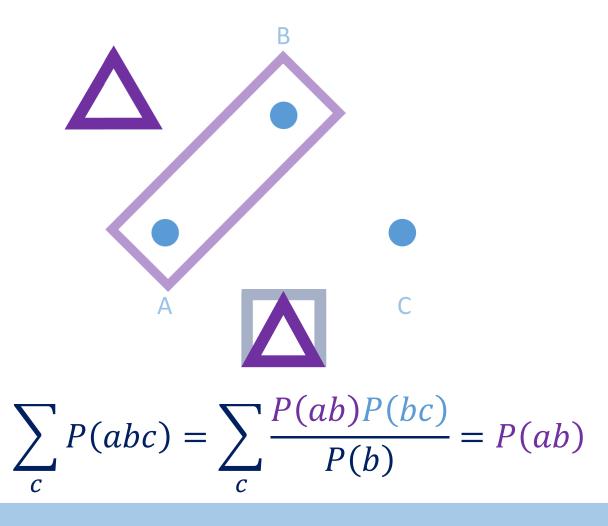








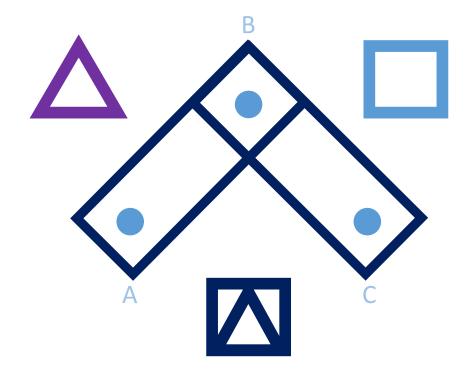
### Classical



### Classical

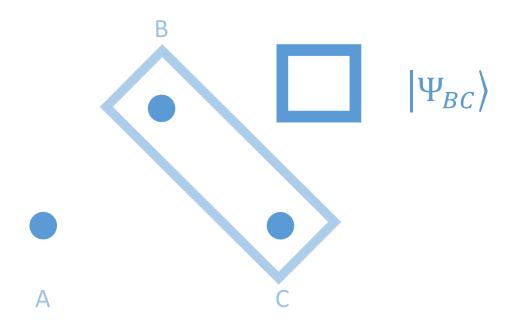
A
$$\sum_{a} P(abc) = \sum_{a} \frac{P(ab)P(bc)}{P(b)} = P(bc)$$

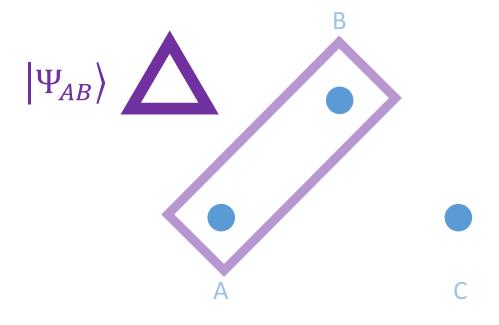
#### Classical

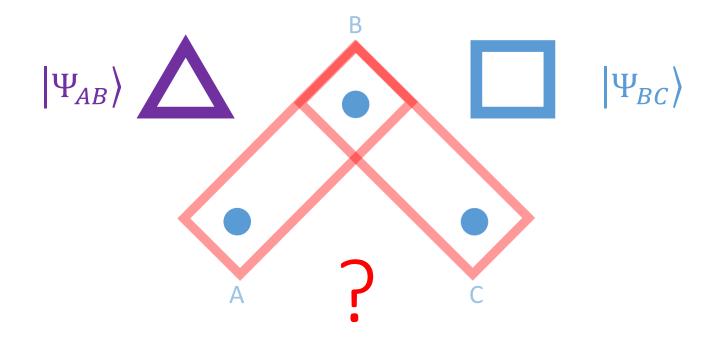


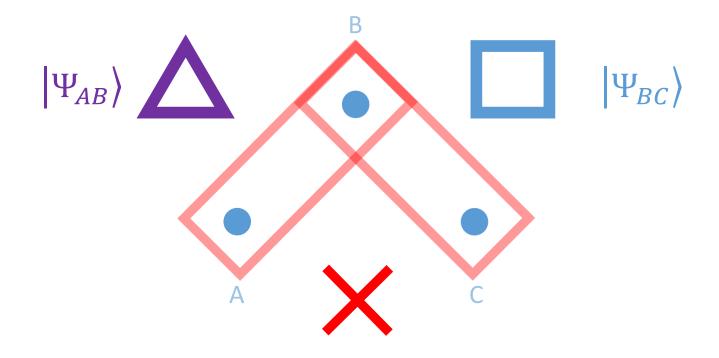
In AB/BC setting, both static and dynamical classical marginal problems are trivial Locally compatible —— Globally compatible

#### Classical

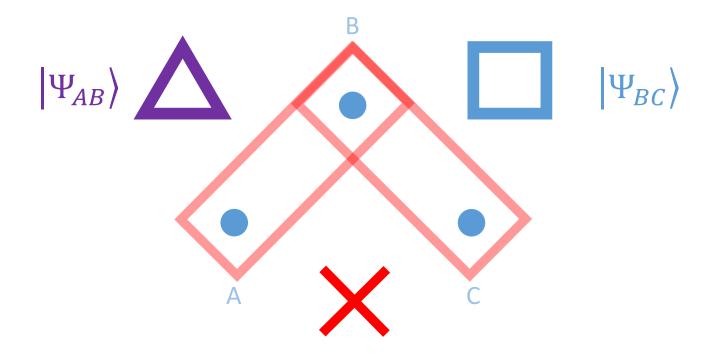






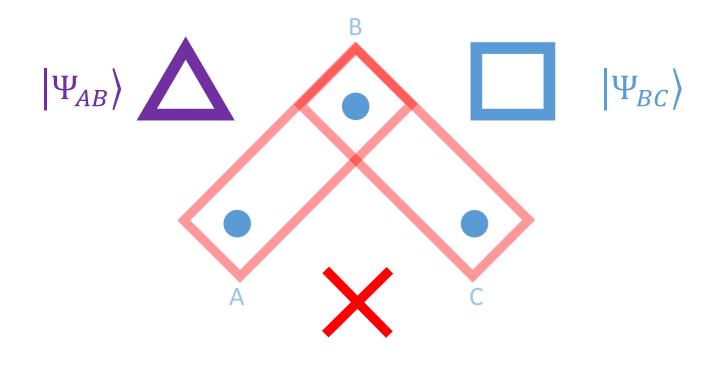


Entanglement is monogamous!



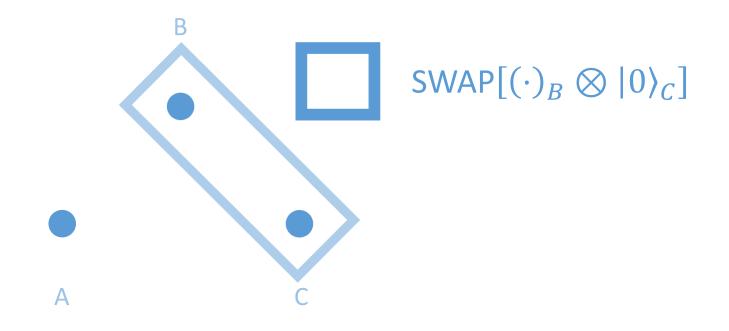
AB/BC state marginal problem is nontrivial: e.g. entanglement monogamy

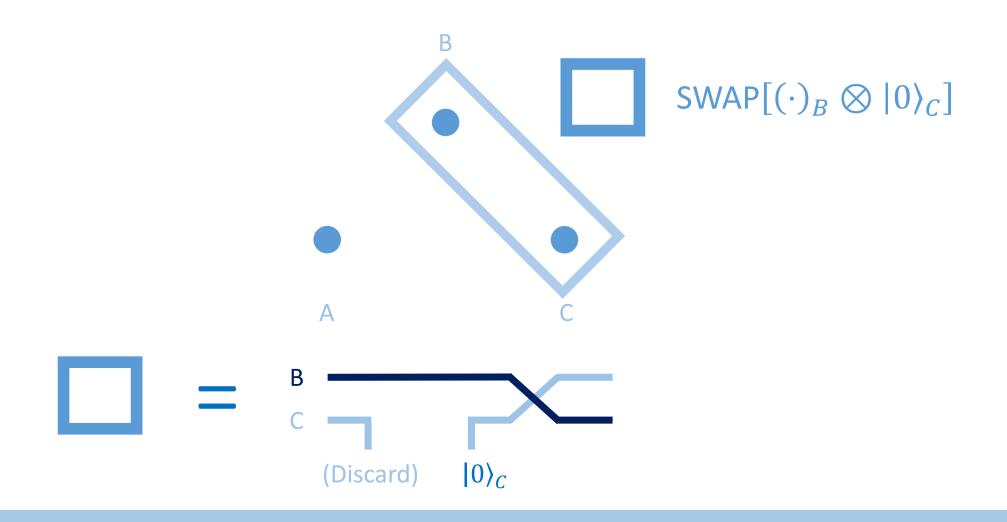
#### Why Quantum Marginal Problem?

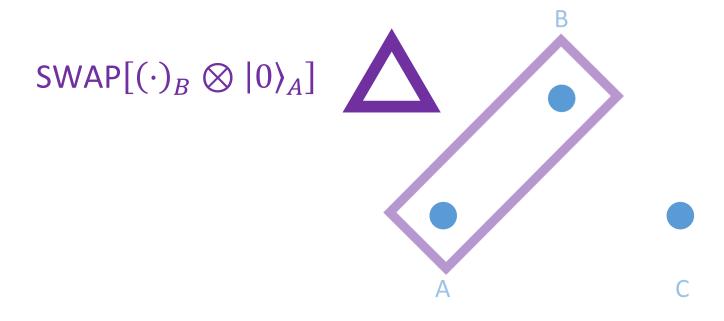


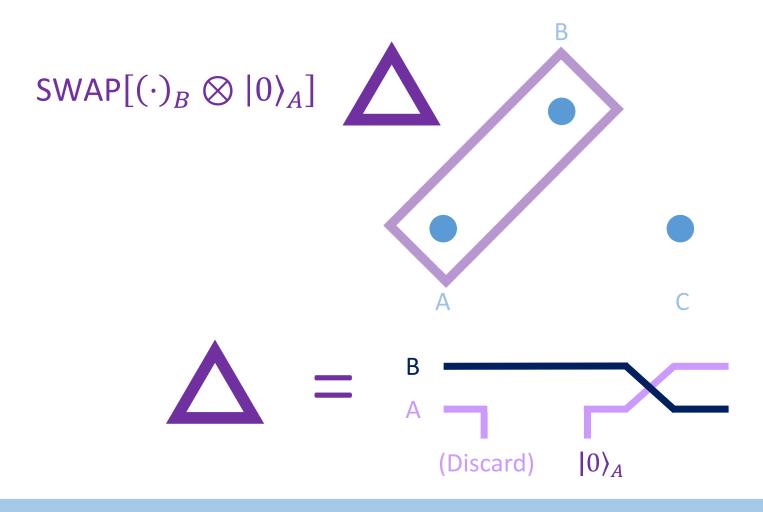
AB/BC state marginal problem is nontrivial: e.g. entanglement monogamy

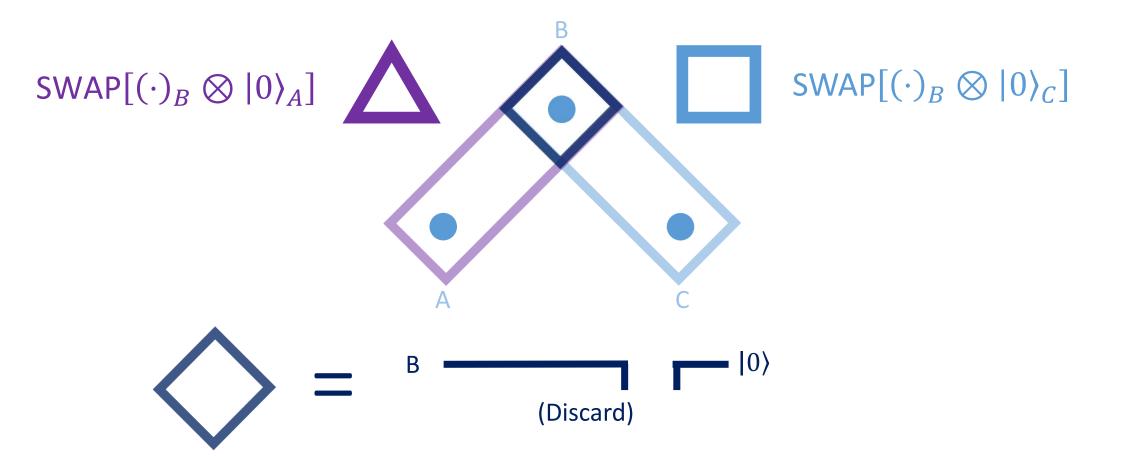
#### Marginal Problem: Quantum > Classical



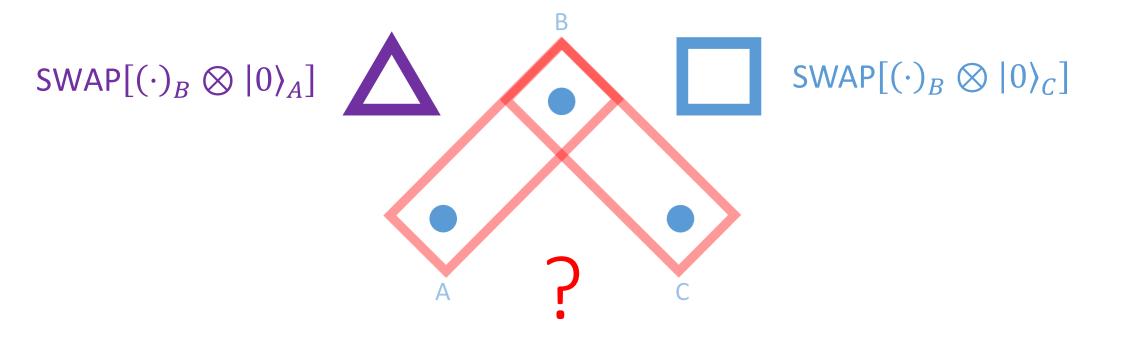


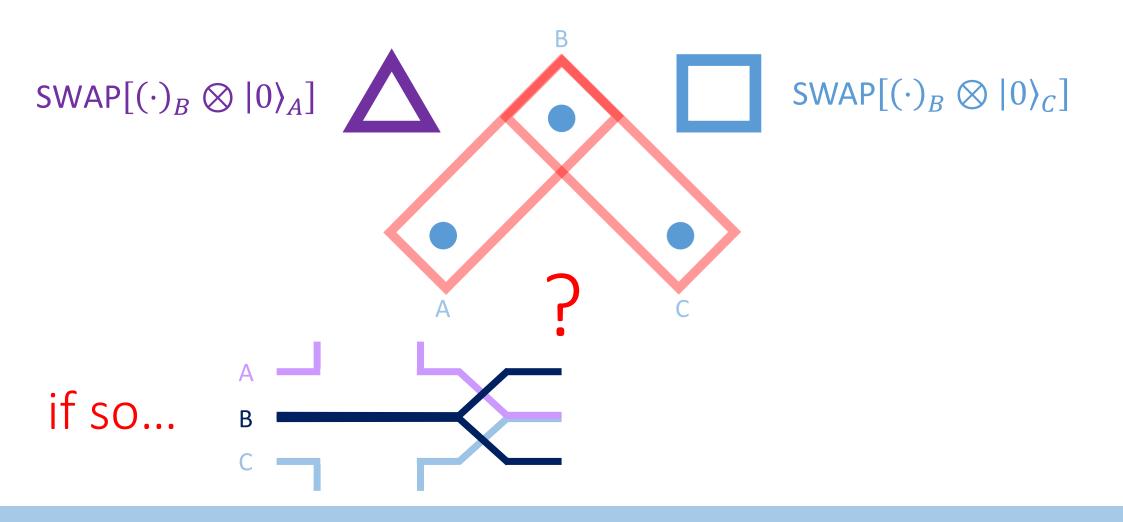


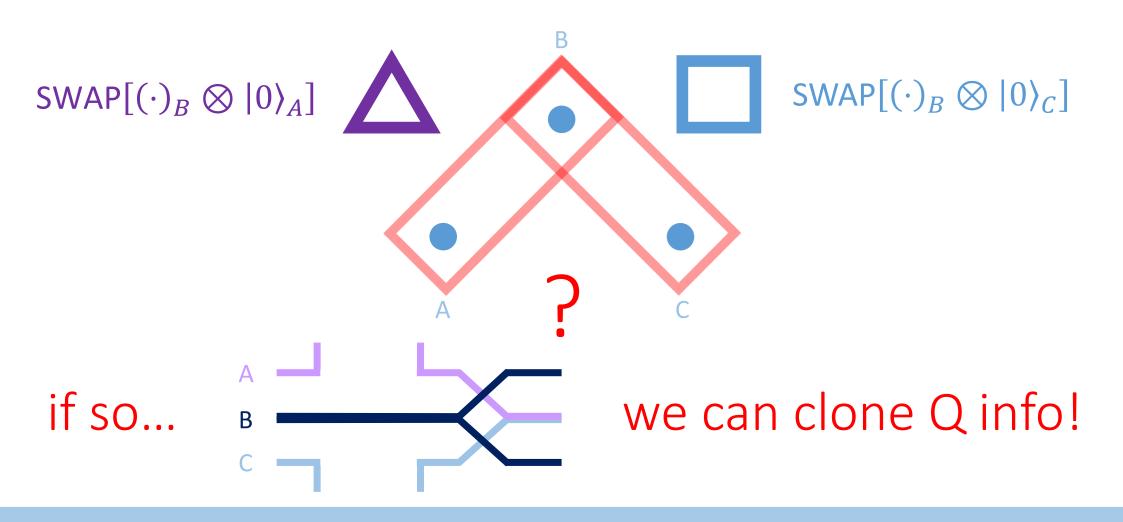


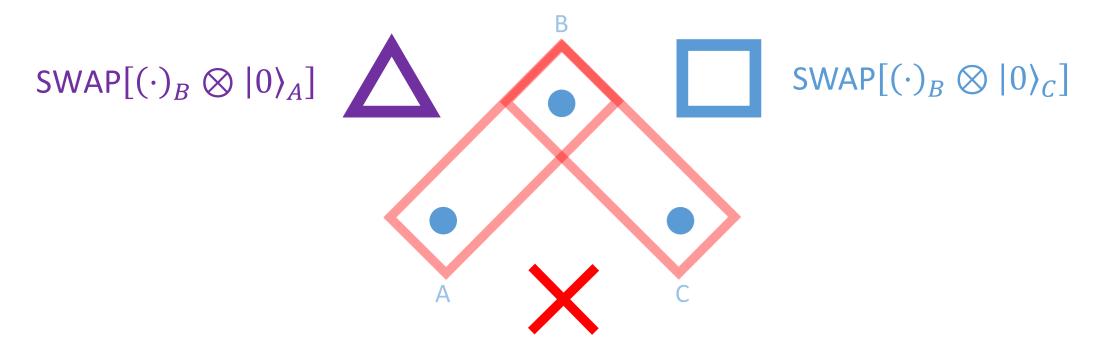


### Classical

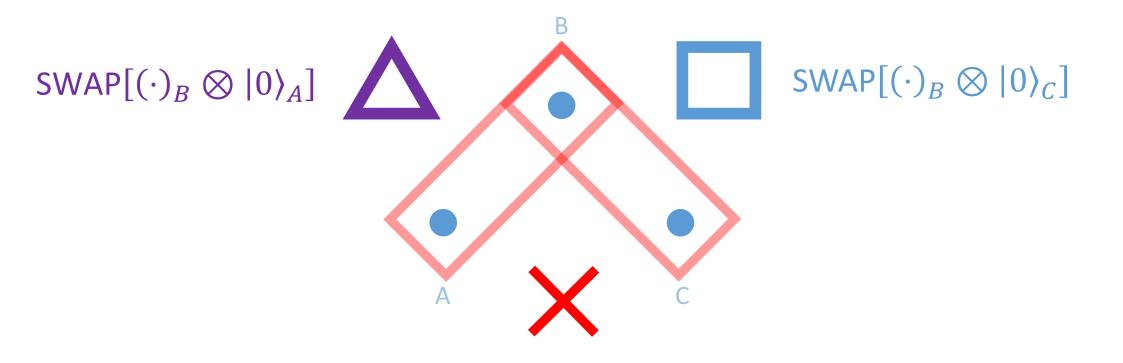






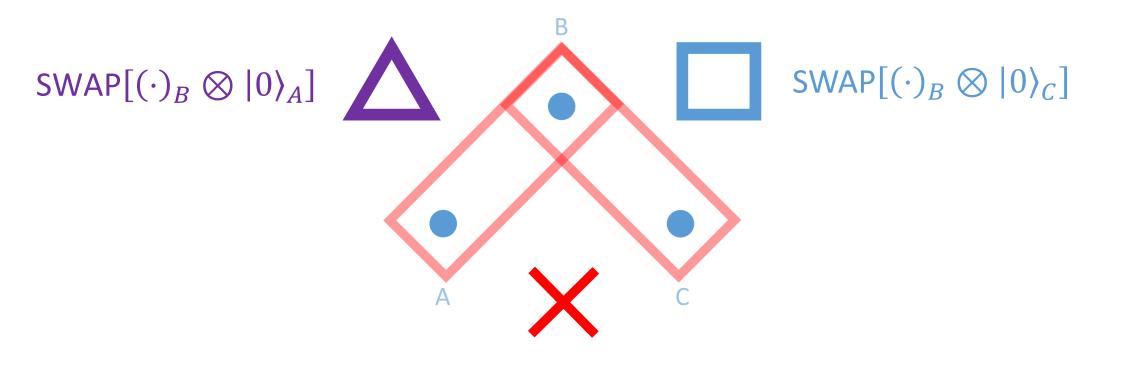


Quantum information cannot be cloned!



AB/BC dynamical marginal problem is nontrivial: e.g. no-cloning theorem

## Why Dynamical Marginal Problem?



AB/BC dynamical marginal problem is nontrivial: e.g. no-cloning theorem

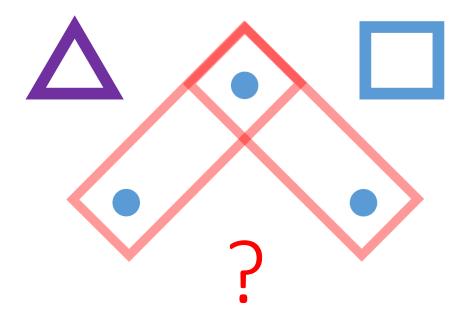
#### Marginal Problem: Dynamical ≠ Static

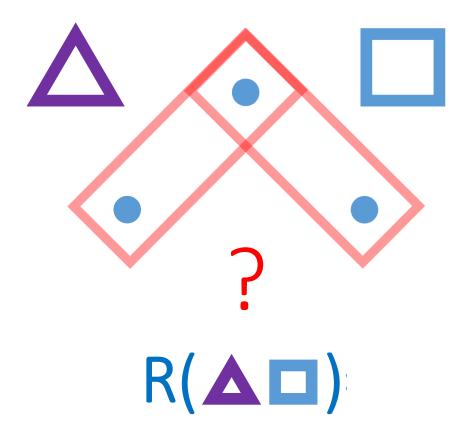
#### Qualitative Phenomenon

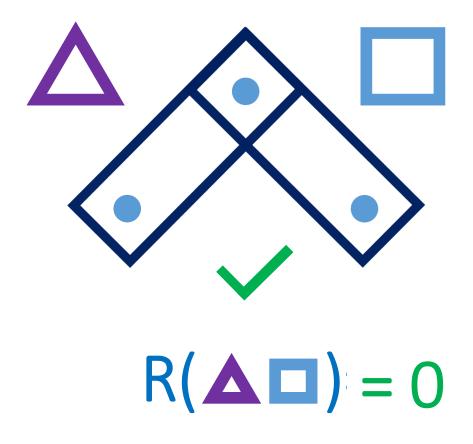
# Quantitative Study

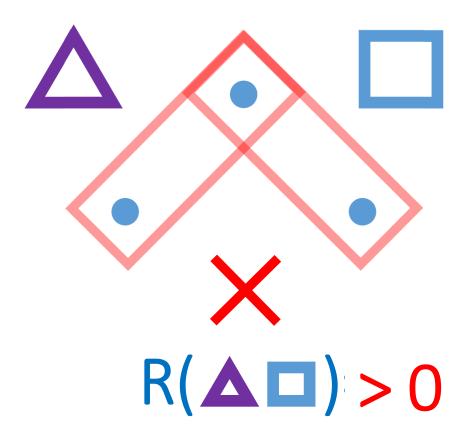
## Quantitative Study

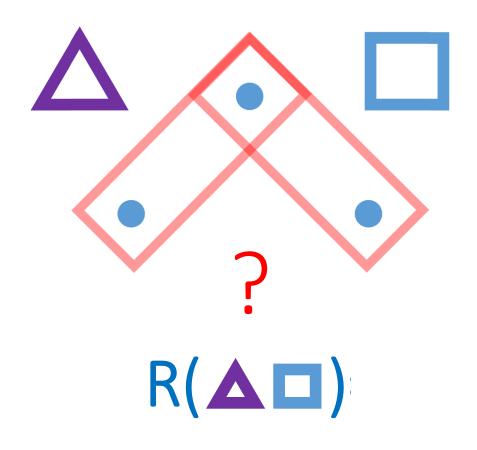
Given dynamics, how incompatible they are?

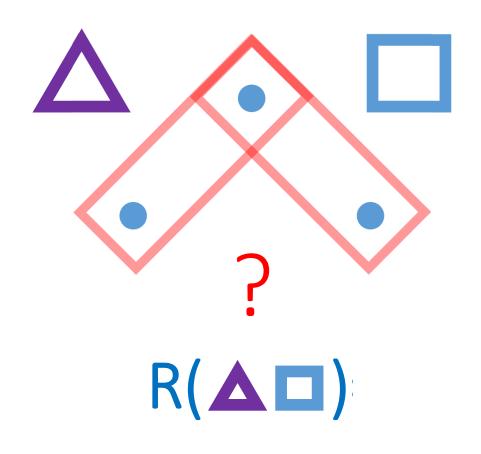












Advantages in state discrimination tasks

# Incompatibility is useful

# Can compatibility also be useful?

# Can compatibility certify a resource?

# Kesource Channel Marginal Problems

C-Y Hsieh, G N M Tabia, Y-C Yin, Y-C Liang, arXiv:2202.03523

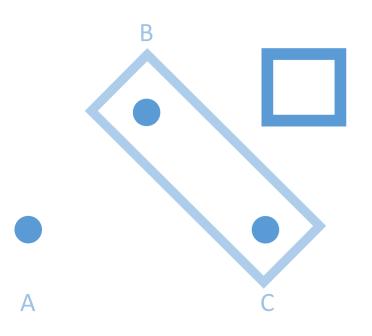
#### Example

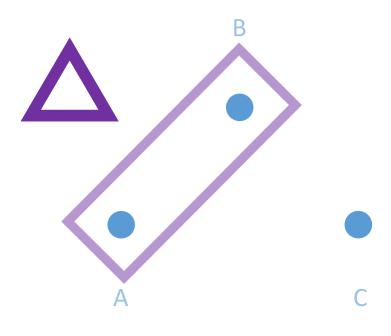
# Transitivity of Q Resources

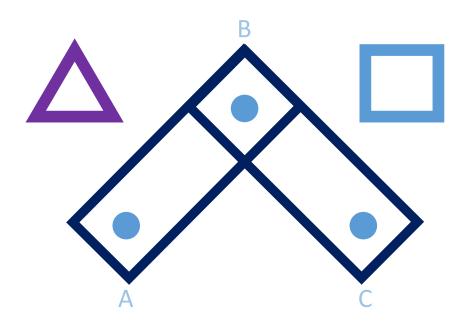
B

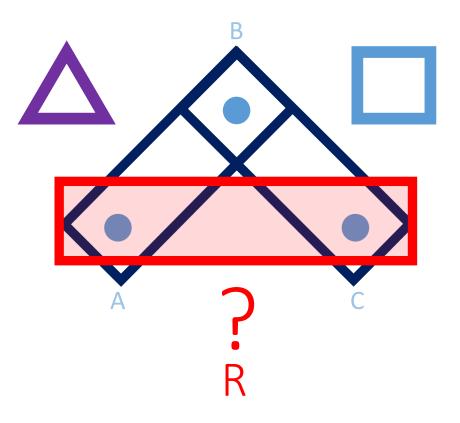
A

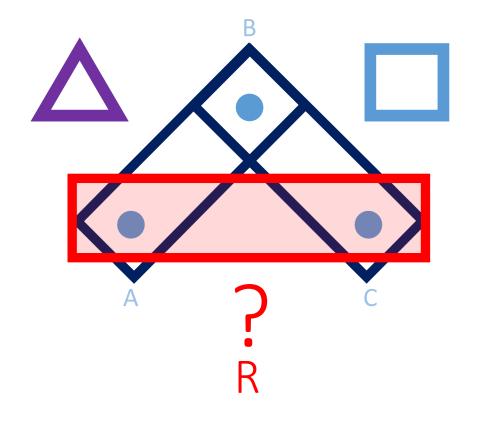
C





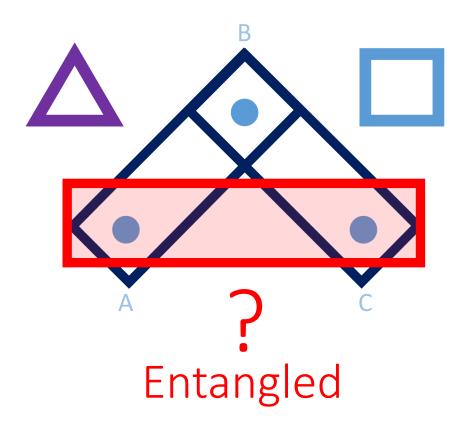


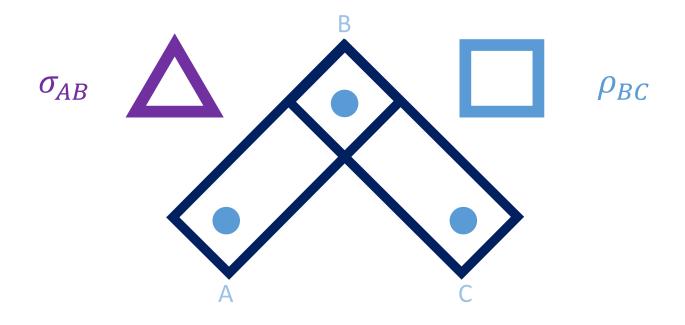


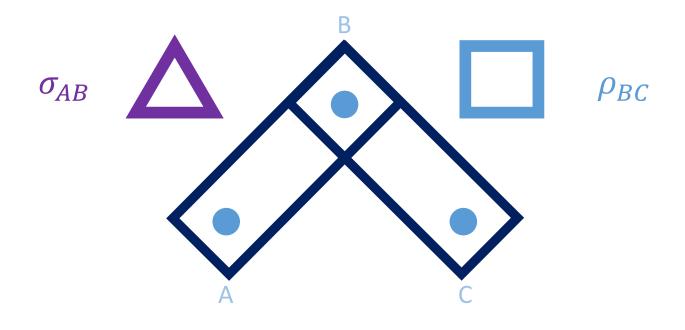


Given states in AB & BC, can they guarantee that AC marginal state is a resource?

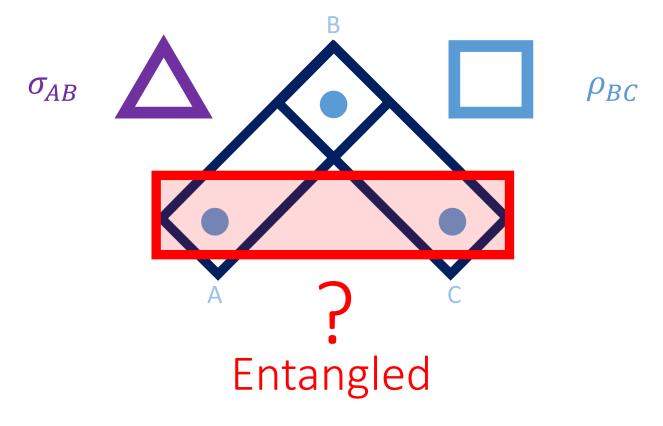
46



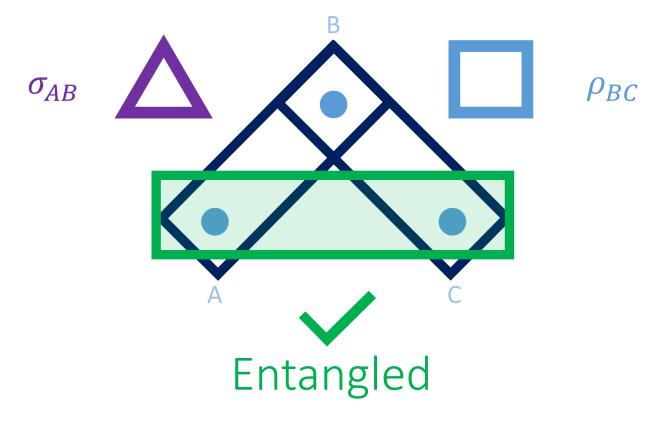




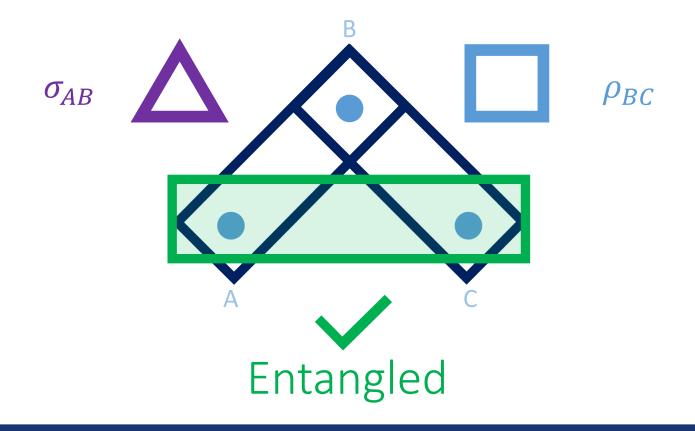
$$\forall \eta_{ABC}$$
 s.t.  $\operatorname{tr}_A(\eta_{ABC}) = \rho_{BC}$ ,  $\operatorname{tr}_C(\eta_{ABC}) = \sigma_{AB}$ 



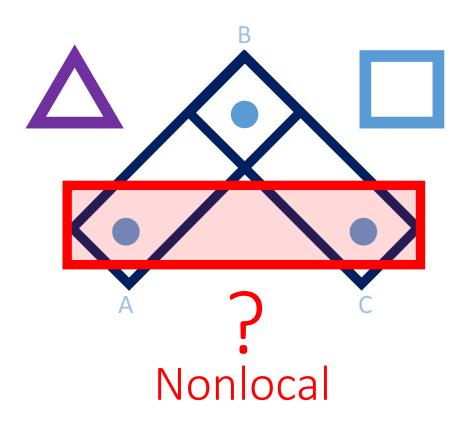
$$\forall \eta_{ABC}$$
 s.t.  $\operatorname{tr}_A(\eta_{ABC}) = \rho_{BC}$ ,  $\operatorname{tr}_C(\eta_{ABC}) = \sigma_{AB} \longrightarrow \operatorname{tr}_B(\eta_{ABC})$ 

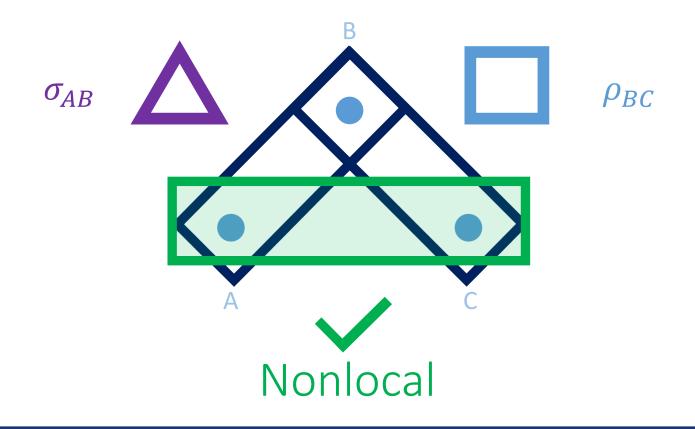


$$\forall \eta_{ABC}$$
 s.t.  $\operatorname{tr}_A(\eta_{ABC}) = \rho_{BC}$ ,  $\operatorname{tr}_C(\eta_{ABC}) = \sigma_{AB}$   $\operatorname{tr}_B(\eta_{ABC})$  is entangled



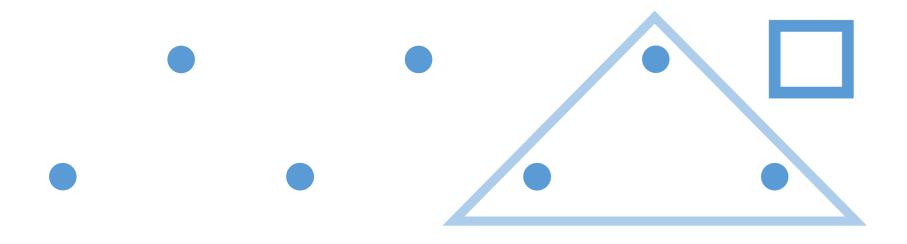
There exist compatible  $\sigma_{AB}$ ,  $\rho_{BC}$  such that every  $\eta_{ABC}$  compatible with them must have entangled marginal in BC

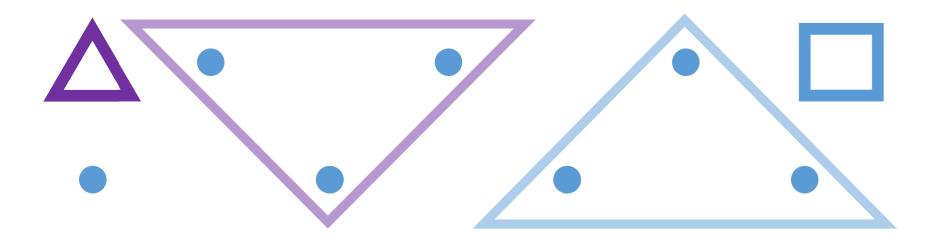


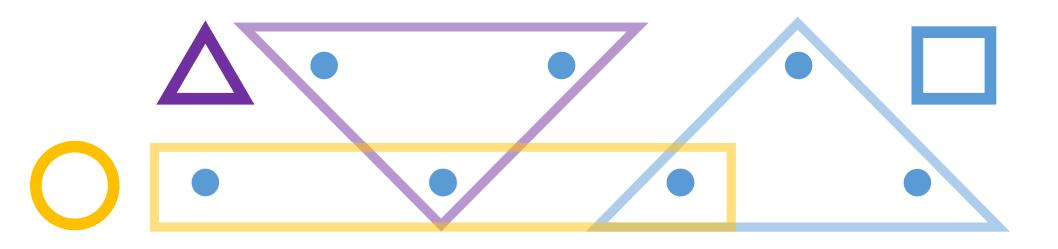


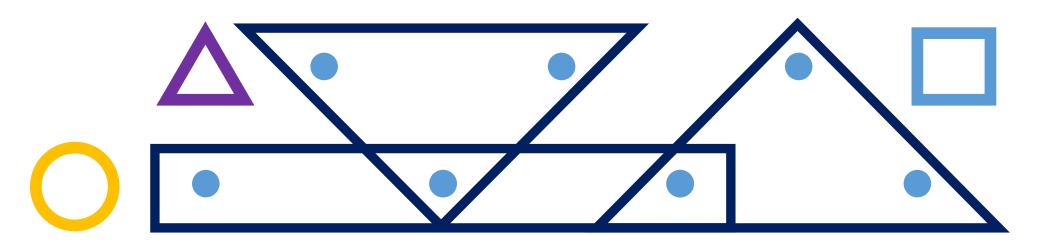
There exist compatible  $\sigma_{AB}$ ,  $\rho_{BC}$  such that every  $\eta_{ABC}$  compatible with them must have nonlocal marginal in BC

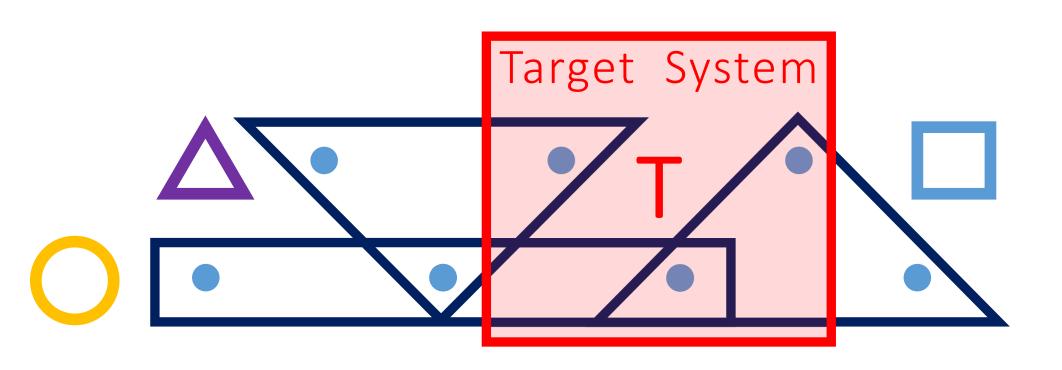


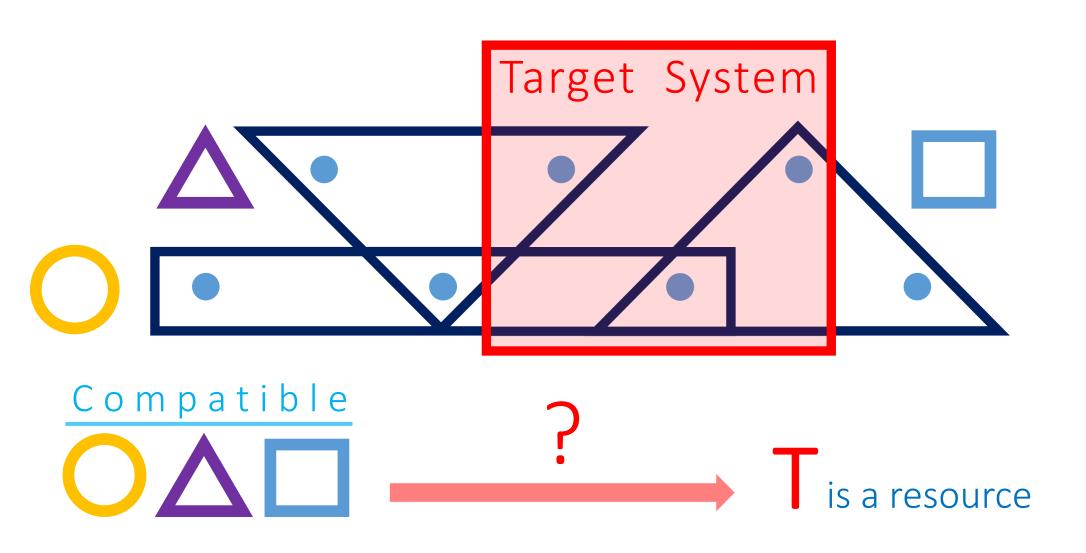


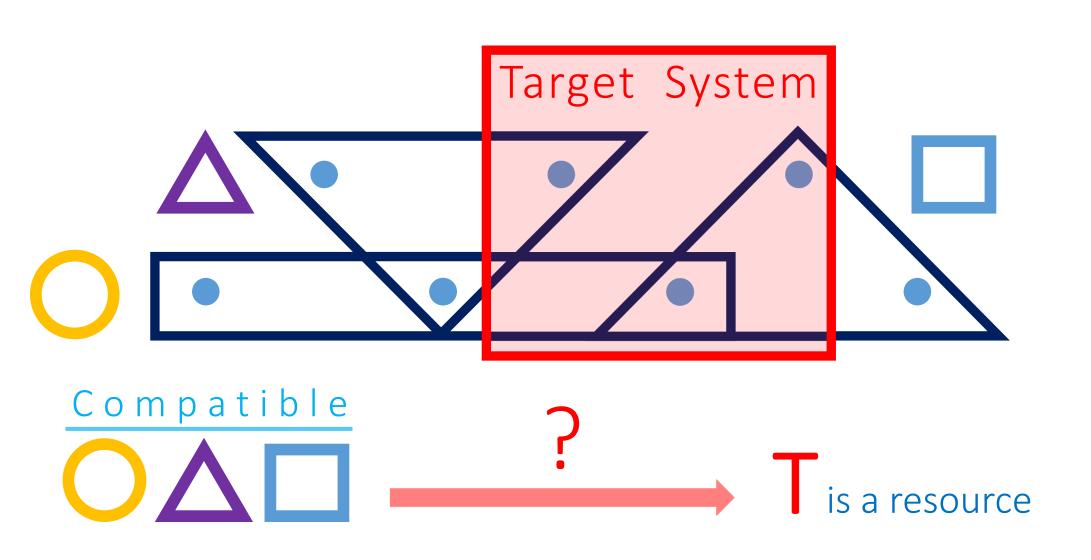


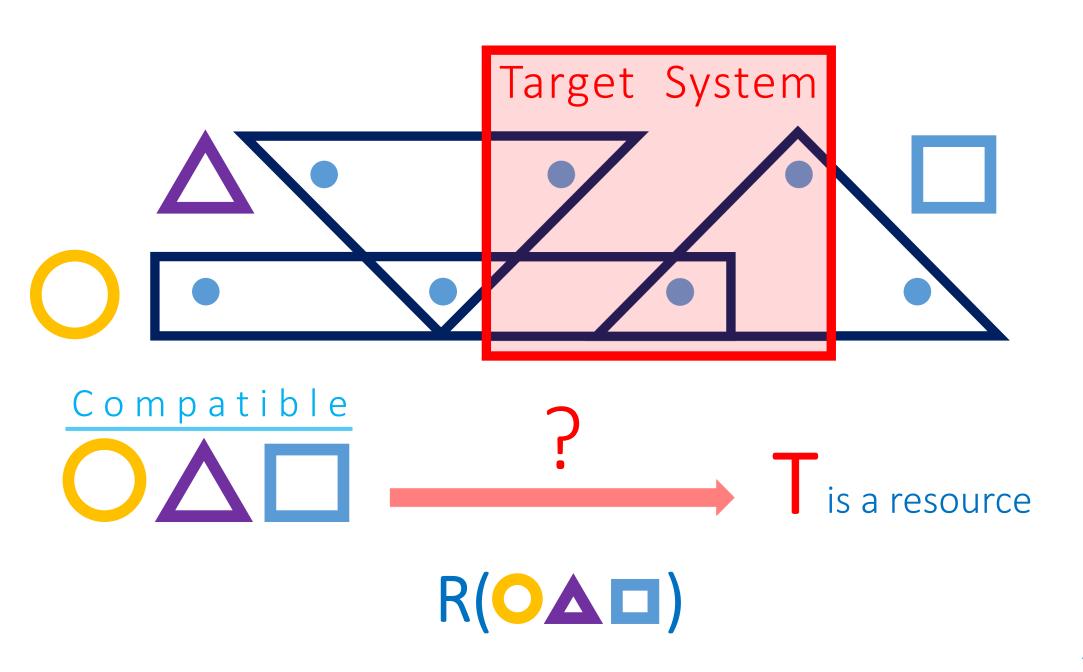


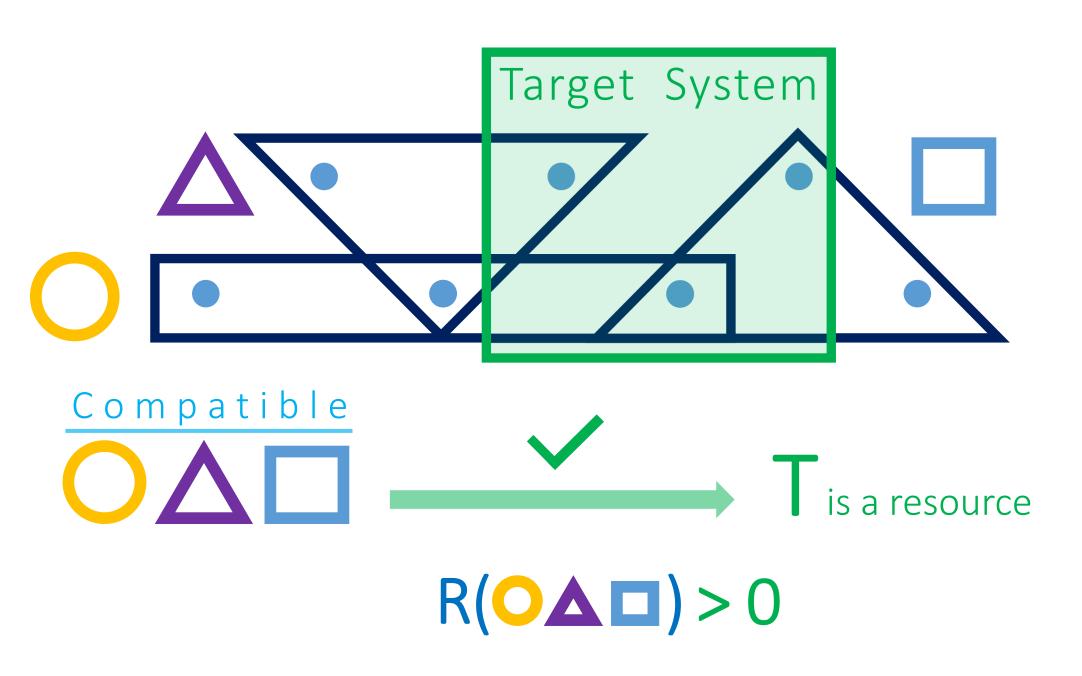


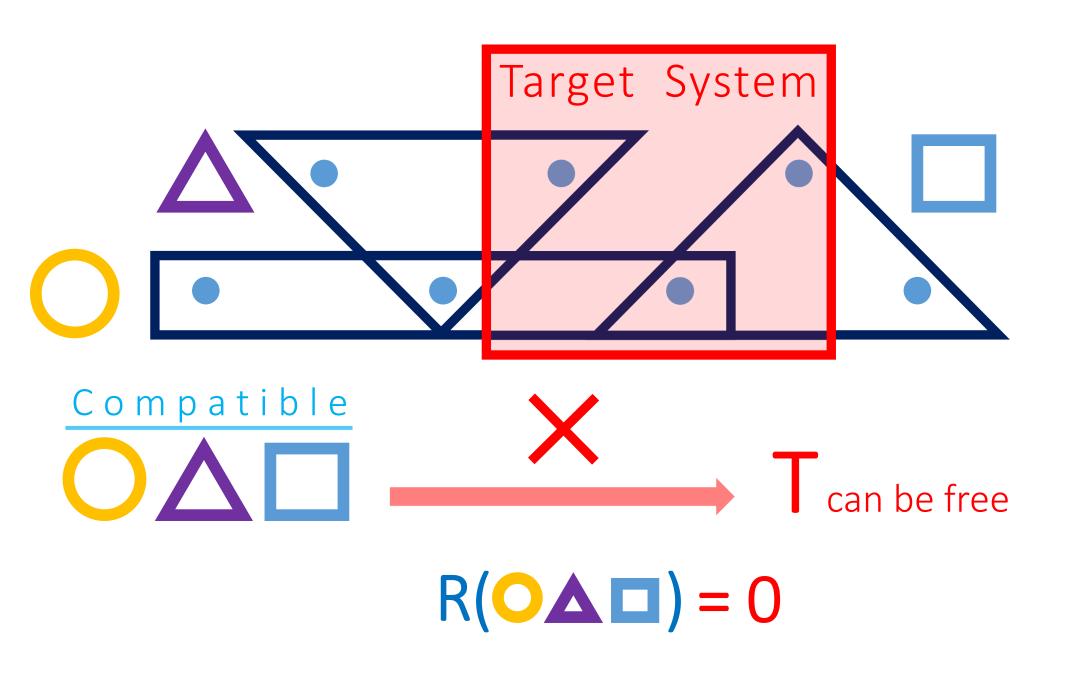












### Take-Home Messages



Can they coexist?



Can they coexist?

○▲□ = Q DynamicsQuantum ChannelMarginal Problems

Quantum > Classical Dynamical ≠ Static

Phys. Rev. Research 4, 013249 (2022)



Can they coexist?

○▲□ = Q DynamicsQuantum ChannelMarginal Problems

Quantum > Classical Dynamical ≠ Static

Phys. Rev. Research 4, 013249 (2022)

Compatible



Can they certify target R?



Can they coexist?

O▲□ = Q DynamicsQuantum ChannelMarginal Problems

Quantum > Classical Dynamical ≠ Static

*Phys. Rev. Research* **4**, 013249 (2022)

Compatible



Can they certify target R?

○ ▲ □ = Q States & Q Dynamics

Resource Marginal Problems

R(O△□) Quantitative

Advantages in Discrimination Tasks

arXiv:2202.03523

# Appendix

# Appendix What are Channels?

Completely-Positive Trace-Preserving Linear Map

Completely-Positive Trace-Preserving Linear Map



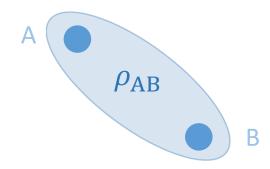
Completely-Positive Trace-Preserving Linear Map

$$\rho$$
 —  $\varepsilon$  —  $\varepsilon(\rho)$ 

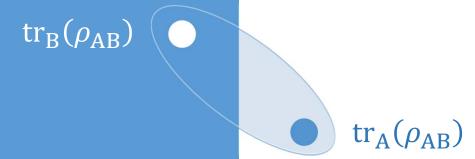
# Appendix What are Marginals?

Marginal

# Marginal



# Marginal



## Marginal of Channel?

