

### **Scrum Board**

- Added six section which are
  - a. To Do
  - b. In Process
  - c. Blocked
  - d. Testing
  - e. Deployment
  - f. Done
- Milestones created (Sprint)

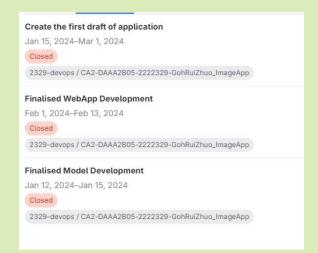
. . . .

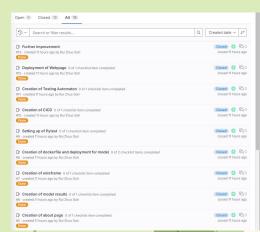
3. 13 overall issue boards





. . . .







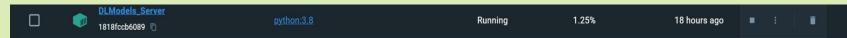


### 1. 6 separate branches were created

main [ default	
FurtherImprove_Development [6] d8e237d1 · final changes · 16 minutes ago	73 0
Wireframe_Development [%] 934594e5 · Update History Page.drawio · 12 hours ago	31 0
CICD_Development [ a ] 8133445e · changes · 1 day ago	93 0
Testing_App [4] 6a2c3851 · add webapp · 1 day ago	106 0
Web_Development [a] 6a2c3851 · add webapp · 1 day ago	106 0
Model_Development [c]  feb250ab · added model development · 1 day ago	107 0

### **Image Model Development**

<sup>1.</sup> \*\*All models and webapp are done in docker container



#### **Model Creation**

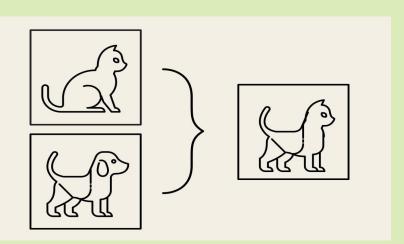
- 1. Baseline Dense Model (31 x 31 model)
- 2. CNN Baseline 1 Model (31 x 31 model)
- 3. CNN Baseline 2 Model (128 x 128 model)
  - a. Initial Convolutional Block
  - b. Three more convolutional block
  - c. 1 dense layer
- 4. Custom VGG 16 model (128 x 128 model)
  - a. Increase of layers
  - Starts at a lower number of filters
  - c. Change in conv block (reduce to 3 from 5)
  - d. Added regularisation

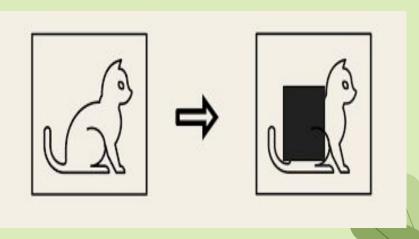
And many others...

# **Image Model Improvement**

### **Special Techniques for data augmentation**

- 1. CutMix
  - a. Cut and paste random patches between the training images/
- 2. CutOut
  - a. Cut out certain parts of the image and input black parts onto it
- 3. Image Data Generator
  - a. Random rotating here

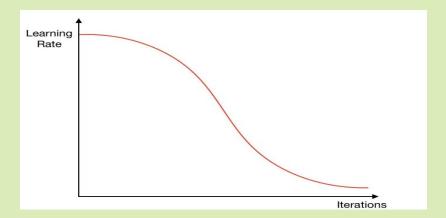






### Learning Rate Scheduler

- 1. Idea is to adjust the learning rate as the iterations increases
- 2. Start out with relatively high learning rates for several iterations in the beginning to quickly approach a local minimum
  - a. Then gradually decrease the learning rate as we get closer to the minimum, ending with several small learning rate iterations
- 3. Goal of neural network is to find the minimum of the loss function hence this is important to not let the model skip the minimum point





### **Image Model Improvement**

#### **1**.28 x 128 and 31 x 31 Images (Auto Encoder)

- 1. With autoencoder, we try to remove the outliers from the dataset
- 2. Below shows the separation of the data and only non outliers was use in training of model
- 3. However, for both image size, the validation score did not improve likely due to the images being very clear and concise

```
X_train_small_expanded = tf.expand_dims(X_train_small, -1)
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, Conv2DTranspose, InputLayer
encoder = Sequential(
   InputLayer(input shape=X train small expanded.shape[1:]).
   Conv2D(16, (3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same', strides=2),
    Conv2D(8, (3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same', strides=2)
decoder = Sequential(
   Conv2DTranspose(8, kernel size=3, strides=2, activation='relu', paddi
   Conv2DTranspose(16, kernel size=3, strides=2, activation='relu', pad
    Conv2D(1, kernel size=(3, 3), activation='sigmoid', padding='same'
   Cropping2D(cropping=((1, 0), (1, 0)))
autoencoder = Sequential([encoder, decoder])
autoencoder.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='binary_crossentropy')
history = autoencoder.fit(
   X train small expanded, X train small expanded,
    epochs=100,
    batch size=128.
    validation split=0.1
```



# **Image Model (Final)**

#### 31 x 31 Images

- 1. Best Model: CNN1 with cutmix
- 2. Achieved 97.2 validation and test accuracy
- Model is best at prediction Bottle Gourd and worst at Potato in terms of f1 score
- 4. Cohen Kappa score is also at 97%

#### 128 x 128 Images

- 1. **Best Model:** CNN2 with cutmix
- 2. Achieved 99.2 validation and 98.8 test accuracy
- 3. Model is best at prediction Bottle Gourd and worst at Radish in terms of f1 score
- 4. Cohen Kappa score is also at 98.75%

### **Model (Final with Deployment)**

#### 31 x 31 Images

- 1. **Best Model:** CNN1 with cutmix
- 2. Achieved 97.2 validation and test accuracy
- 3. Model is best at prediction Bottle Gourd and worst at Potato in terms of f1 score ← → ℃ (25 dl-model-o6iu.onrender.com/v1/models/small
- 4. Cohen Kappa score is also at 97%

#### 128 x 128 Images

- 1. Best Model: CNN2 with cutmix
- Achieved 99.2 validation and 98.8 test accuracy
- 3. Model is best at prediction Bottle Gourd and worst at Radish in terms of f1 score
- 4. Cohen Kappa score is also at 98.75%

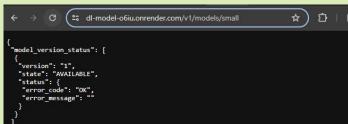
```
FROM tensorFlow/serving

# Copy the model development directory to the container
CODY /ModelDevelopment /

# Copy the models.comfig file to the container from the ModelDevelopment directory
CODY ModelDevelopment/models/img_classifier/models.comfig /models.comfig

# Expose ports
EXPOSE # ADM
EXPOSE # DATE
EXPOSE # DATE
# Set up the entrypoint script
RM each * #/Min/Mash Nurvi
tensorFlow model_server \
--pest_maj port-FOMET \
--model_comfig_ffle=/models.comfig \
**Spr* > vusr/bin/ff_serving_entrypoint.sh \
## & chmod **x /usr/bin/ff_serving_entrypoint.sh \
## & chmod **x /usr/bin/ff_serving_entrypoint.sh \
## ADM
```

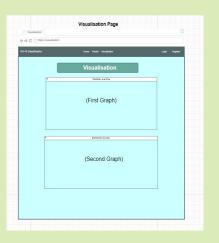




### **Wireframes**

. Clean and concise design were used here

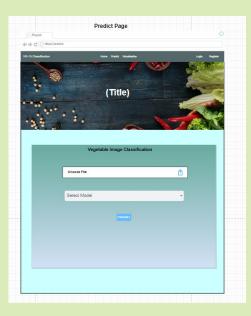














### **Deploying two Models**

- 1. Deploy two models for user
- 2. Models can be switch with the use of dropdown menu

```
return redirect(url_for('predict'))

if model_choice == 'big':
    image = tf.image.resize(image, [128, 128])
    model_url = 'https://dl-model-o6iu.onrender.com/v1/models/big:predict'

else:
    image = tf.image.resize(image, [31, 31])
    model_url = 'https://dl-model-o6iu.onrender.com/v1/models/small:predict'
```

# Choose Model: 128 x 128 Model 128 x 128 Model 31 x 31 Model

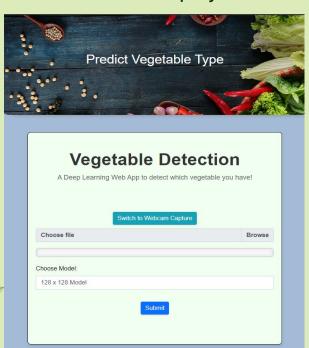
# Web Development (Home)

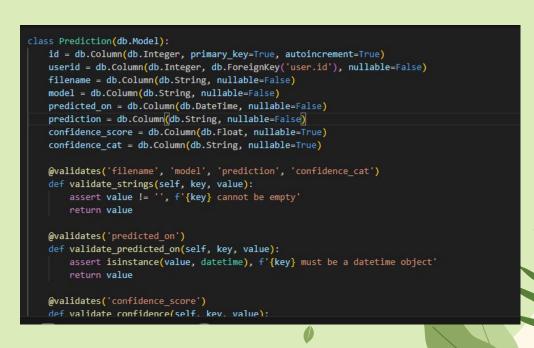
- 1. Home page design with the use of vegetable images here
- 2. Added an introduction
- Provided idea of our model



# Web Development (Predict)

- Prediction page was designed with the idea of providing user to seamless switch between models
- 2. Provide user input which is the upload of models here
- 3. Deployed with the use of flask framework

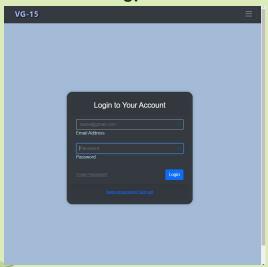




# Web Development (Login and Sign up)

- 1. Login Page provides a clean and responsive look
- 2. It provides additional option for password resetting and all
- 3. Provides redirecting to register page if user has not log in before
- 4. Deployed with flask framework

5.





```
# but the logic route

# paper portet/login', methods:['eff','RoST'] )

# So up the login form here

form * cogin()

# If methods is equal to post

If request.tented = "BOST';

# Vulidate on admit here

If form.vulidate,m_admit();

# Filter the year by their if

user * Bost-compr.filter.by(soul - form.smail.data).first()

# Following tools

# Filter the year by their if

user * Bost-compr.filter.by(soul - form.smail.data).first()

# Filter the year by their if

user * Bost-compr.filter.by(soul - form.smail.data).first()

# Filter the year by their if

user * Bost-comp.filter.by(soul - form.smail.data).first()

# Filter the year by their if

# Comp. admit the year by their if

# Filter the year by the year by their if

# Filter they year by their if
```

```
# Set the registration methods ("GET", "POST"))

def register():

# Set up the form for registration

# It is post method

# It is a post method

# If remainded, on, admit();

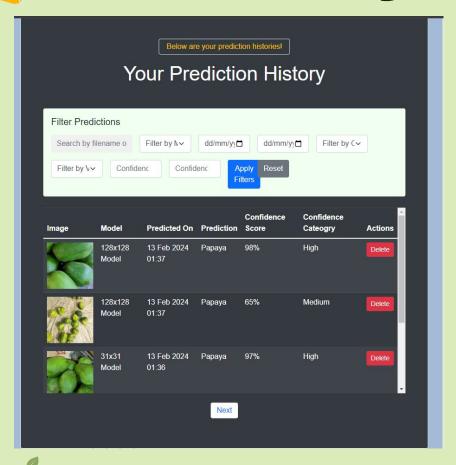
# Check for existing user here

# Stating_user = User.query.filter.by(small-form.email)

# If the form well-till user

# If the form of the form o
```

### Web Page (History)



 Prediction History was stored

#### Additional

- Provide next and back option where each page only show 5 predictions
- 2. Providing searching and filtering function
- 3.



# **Validity Testing**

#### Non-Api

- 1. Test\_add\_prediction\_entry\_directly
  - a. Test entry are placed into database

#### Rest api test

- 2. Test\_add\_prediction\_entry
  - a. Test entry that are place into the database with the use of api here
- 3. Test\_api\_get\_entry
  - a. Test to validate getting the correct entries back
- 4. Test links
  - a. test link whether it is able to pass the test and the correct status code
- 5. Test\_logged\_in\_links
  - a. Test the links after login can be access
- 6. test\_predict\_vegetable\_type\_big/small
  - a. Test for prediction of image here
- 7. Test\_add\_user
  - a. Test for adding user here
- 8. Test\_user\_login\_api
  - a: Test for ability to login here

### **Expected Failure Testing**

#### Non-Api

- 1. Test\_email\_exist
  - a. Test for duplicate emails

#### Rest api test

- 2. Test\_missing\_models
  - a. Test for missing models provided here
- 3. Test\_missing\_values
  - a. Test for missing
- 4. Test links
  - a. test link whether it is able to pass the test and the correct status code
- 5. Test\_get\_entry\_404
  - a. Test whether able to get entry that are invalid
- 6. test\_invalid credentials

### **Consistency Testing**

#### Non-Api

- 1. Test\_consistent\_entry
  - a. Test for consistent entry of same data

#### Rest api test

- 2. Test\_prediction\_consistency
  - a. Test for continuous prediction here

# **Unexpected Failure Testing**

#### Non-Api

- Test\_prediction\_database
  - a. Unexpected database connection error to test app against database failures
- 2. Test\_query\_failure
  - a. Test for invalid queries

### **Range Testing**

#### Non-Api

- Test\_prediction\_confidence\_r
  - a. Test for invalid confidence score
- 2. Test\_prediction\_userid
  - a. Test for invalid user id here



### **Some Examples**

```
part less and the control of the control of the decidate with great and control of the decidate with great and control of the control of the
```

```
. This test is to provide unexpected database connection error to test at test.mark.xfall(reason="Database connection error", strict=True) test.mark.xsfall(reason="Database connection error", strict=True) test.prediction_database(monkeypatch):

def mock_comult("ang. "Nbangs):
    raise Exception("Database connection error")

monkeypatch.setattr(db.session, "comsit", mock_commit)

with pytest.raises(Exception) as exc_info:
    new_prediction = Prediction(userid=1, filename='image.png', model='/db.session.add(new_prediction)
db.session.commit()
assert "Database error" in str(exc_info.value), "Unexpected failure"
```

. . . .

Test for validity

Test for validity

Test for unexpected f

Test for expected

```
test_data = collect_img()

@pytest.mark.usefixtures("authenticated_client")

@ytest.mark.parametrize("class_name_image_path", test_data[:1])

def test_prediction_consistency(authenticated_client, class_name, image_r
encoded_image = encode_images(image_path)

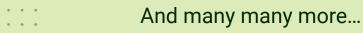
data = {"image": encoded_image, "modelChoice": "big"}

for __in range(5):
    response = authenticated_client.post("/api/predict", json=data)
    assert response.status_code == 200
    response_body = response_body
    assert "prediction" in response_body
    assert response_body["prediction"] == class_name, "Prediction sho
```

Test for consistency

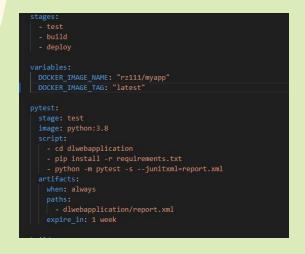
#### Test for validity

Test for range



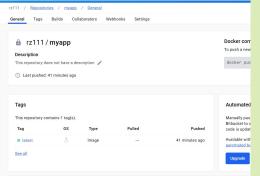


### **CICD Development**





Continuous Integration here with the use of pytest



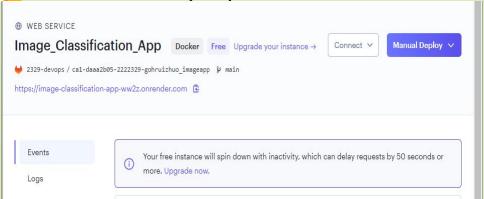
Continuous Deployment here with the use of docker hub and render

#### Deployed Image on docker hub

- 1. Provide better tracker
- 2. Better maintainability here with the use of docker image tag

### **CICD Development**

1. Deployed on render



https://image-classification-app-ww2z.onrender.com Scan to access here



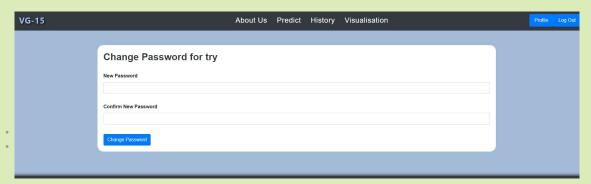






- 1. Created a user profile page that enables the change of password
- 2. Provision of change password
- 3. Provision of reset password





### **Additional Features**

- Provided visualisation page to visualisation results and habits here
- 2. Able to predict with the use of webcam here too



Switch to File Upload
Start Camera Stop Camera Capture Image
8 x 128 Model
Submit
<b>\</b>



- 1. Provdie full testing automation
- 2. This test is from registration to login to prediction to log out
- 3. Below shows the workflow

