### 117TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# H. R. 7859

To create a Council on Emergency Response Protocols to ensure the establishment of accessible, developmentally appropriate, culturally aware, and trauma-informed emergency response protocols in public schools, early child care and education settings, and institutions of higher education, and for other purposes.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

May 19, 2022

Ms. WILD (for herself and Mr. FITZPATRICK) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Education and Labor

# A BILL

To create a Council on Emergency Response Protocols to ensure the establishment of accessible, developmentally appropriate, culturally aware, and trauma-informed emergency response protocols in public schools, early child care and education settings, and institutions of higher education, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Promoting Responsible
- 5 Emergency Protocols for All Students Act" or the "PREP
- 6 for All Students Act of 2022".

# 1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

2	Congress finds the following:
3	(1) The lack of accessible, developmentally ap-
4	propriate, culturally aware, and trauma-informed
5	emergency response protocols for children and youth
6	in public schools, early child care and education set-
7	tings, and institutions of higher education is not a
8	trivial issue:
9	(A) In 2016, there were 12,032,000 chil-
10	dren from ages 3 to 5 enrolled in preprimary
11	education programs, and almost one-quarter of
12	children under the age of 5 are in some form
13	of child care arrangement, including nurseries,
14	child care centers, and preschools.
15	(B) In the 2017–2018 school year—
16	(i) 14 percent of students in grades
17	kindergarten through grade 12 had a dis-
18	ability; and
19	(ii) 11 percent of students in
20	postbaccalaureate programs self-identified
21	as having a disability.
22	(2) As of the date of enactment of this Act, lit-
23	tle has been done to integrate specific populations,
24	such as children and youth at various developmental
25	stages or children and youth with disabilities, into
26	emergency preparedness planning.

- 1 (3) In 2018 alone, there were 108 natural dis-2 asters in the United States, including severe thun-3 derstorms, floods, wildfires, droughts, earthquakes, 4 and other extreme weather.
  - (4) During the 16 academic years from 2000 through 2015, there were 85 fatal fires in dormitories, fraternities, sororities, and off-campus housing, resulting in 118 fatalities—an average of approximately 7 per school year.
  - (5) The risks associated with natural and manmade disasters have a disproportionate impact on individuals with disabilities. People with disabilities are 2 to 4 times more likely to die or sustain critical injuries during a disaster than people without disabilities.
  - (6) Technology plays an increasingly vital role in emergency communications but remains largely inaccessible for many individuals with disabilities.
  - (7) The rise of gun violence and gun violencerelated deaths has contributed to the expansion of school security technologies and devices. While such technologies and devices have the potential to save lives, they have largely been developed without consideration of the needs of students at various developmental stages or students with disabilities. Thus,

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- there may be inherent biases within these technologies and devices that disadvantage or create bias toward specific populations.
  - (8) As of the date of enactment of this Act, 92 percent of schools nationwide have an active shooter lockdown protocol. More than 1,000,000 elementaryage children experienced a lockdown in the 2017–2018 school year, and among that group, at least 220,000 were in kindergarten or prekindergarten.
  - (9) While the Department of Homeland Security active shooter emergency guidelines recommend that students and personnel in school and early child care and education settings "Run, Hide, and Fight", these strategies can exacerbate danger for young children in prekindergarten and child care centers, and can exclude and put at risk students with a wide range of disabilities.
  - (10) At the height of the 2019 novel coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic, emergency closures of early education centers, elementary schools, secondary schools, and institutions of higher education created great disruptions in learning and cast a light on educational institutions' lack of preparedness protocols for public health emergencies.

- (11) During the pandemic, early care and education remains indispensable for the development of children and for millions of health care workers, first responders, educators, and essential personnel, and it is imperative that early care and education centers and schools have emergency preparedness plans to ensure the safety of students and educators.
  - (12) Emergency preparation drills and real-life lockdowns where danger may be external can create undue stress, fear, and trauma in children, youth, employees, and other specific populations in schools, early child care and education settings, and institutions of higher education.
  - (13) Traumatic events have a long-lasting and profound sensory impact on young children, as birth to age 5 is a critical developmental age. Frightening visual stimuli, loud noises, violent movements, and other sensations associated with an unpredictable frightening event, such as in an emergency preparation drill or lockdown, can cause substantial stress. Unlike older children, young children cannot express in words whether they feel afraid, overwhelmed, or helpless, and may have difficulty regulating their behavior and emotions after experiencing trauma.

1 (14) There is an increasing need to ensure the 2 establishment of accessible, developmentally appro-3 priate, culturally aware, and trauma-informed emer-4 gency response protocols, including gun violence re-5 sponse and prevention protocols, natural disaster 6 preparedness procedures, fire drills, and other emergency preparation drills or lockdown procedures, in 7 8 public schools, early child care and education set-9 tings, and institutions of higher education.

#### 10 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

In this Act:

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- 12 (1) ESEA DEFINITIONS.—The terms "elemen13 tary school", "local educational agency", "para14 professional", "school leader", "secondary school",
  15 and "specialized instructional support personnel"
  16 have the meanings given the terms in section 8101
  17 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of
  18 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801).
  - (2) Accessible.—The term "accessible", when used with respect to an emergency response protocol, means a protocol that—
- 22 (A) is developed in full compliance with 23 title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 24 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12131 et seq.) and the Reha-

1	bilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 701 et seq.):
2	and
3	(B) accounts for a comprehensive range of
4	disabilities, including children and youth who
5	use non-speech modes of communication.
6	(3) COUNCIL.—The term "Council" means the
7	Council on Emergency Response Protocols estab-
8	lished under section 4.
9	(4) Culturally Aware.—The term "cul-
10	turally aware", when used with respect to an emer-
11	gency response protocol, means a protocol that—
12	(A)(i) incorporates the roles of first re-
13	sponder personnel, law enforcement personnel,
14	school resource officers, and other authorities in
15	the communities where the students live and at-
16	tend school;
17	(ii) takes into account the use and preva-
18	lence of firearms in such communities; and
19	(iii) is cognizant of the ways in which Afri-
20	can-American students and students of other
21	racial or ethnic minority groups are more likely
22	to face disciplinary action in schools;
23	(B) is designed to be sensitive to and re-
24	spect cultural differences and differences in cus-
25	toms and worldview, and

1	(C) considers the ways in which certain
2	emergency events have disparate impact on Af-
3	rican Americans, Native peoples, and other ra-
4	cial and ethnic minorities.
5	(5) Developmentally appropriate.—The
6	term "developmentally appropriate", when used with
7	respect to an emergency response protocol, means a
8	protocol that is appropriate for children's ages and
9	physical, social, sensory, and emotional develop-
10	mental statuses.
11	(6) DISABILITY.—The term "disability" has the
12	meaning given the term in section 3 of the Ameri-
13	cans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C.
14	12102).
15	(7) Institution of higher education.—The
16	term "institution of higher education" has the
17	meaning given the term in section 102 of the Higher
18	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1002).
19	(8) Trauma-informed.—The term "trauma-
20	informed", when used with respect to an emergency
21	response protocol, means a protocol that—
22	(A) recognizes the prevalence of trauma
23	and the role that trauma plays in the lives of

children, youth, and survivors of trauma;

1	(B) considers the physical, psychological,
2	and emotional well-being of individuals during
3	and after an emergency event; and
4	(C) takes an approach that actively com-
5	bats the traumatization or retraumatization of
6	children, youth, and survivors of trauma.
7	SEC. 4. ESTABLISHMENT OF COUNCIL ON EMERGENCY RE-
8	SPONSE PROTOCOLS.
9	(a) Establishment.—There is established a Council
10	on Emergency Response Protocols.
11	(b) Composition.—
12	(1) Chairperson.—The Secretary of Edu-
13	cation, in an expeditious manner, shall appoint an
14	individual who represents one of the categories de-
15	scribed in paragraph (2) to serve as a member and
16	chairperson of the Council.
17	(2) Appointed members.—By not later than
18	90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the
19	chairperson of the Council shall appoint a member
20	to the Council for each of the following categories
21	(except for the category represented by the chair-
22	person):
23	(A) An executive director or a representa-
24	tive from a national organization representing
25	individuals with disabilities

1	(B) An executive director or a representa-
2	tive from a national organization representing
3	early child care educators.
4	(C) The executive director or a representa-
5	tive from a national organization representing
6	law enforcement officials.
7	(D) The executive director or a representa-
8	tive from an organization focused on emergency
9	preparedness training in early child care.
10	(E) A member of an organization rep-
11	resenting teachers, school leaders, specialized
12	instructional support personnel, and paraprofes-
13	sionals.
14	(F) A member of an organization rep-
15	resenting school-based child welfare and mental
16	health professionals.
17	(G) An individual with a physical, sensory,
18	intellectual, developmental, mental health, or
19	other disability who has demonstrated disability
20	advocacy experience in kindergarten through
21	grade 12 education.
22	(H) An individual with a physical, sensory,
23	intellectual, developmental, mental health, or
24	other disability who has been enrolled in an in-

stitution of higher education for at least a year

1	during the 5 years prior to the date of the indi-
2	vidual's appointment to the Council.
3	(I) An individual with a physical, sensory,
4	intellectual, developmental, mental health, or
5	other disability who has been enrolled in an in-
6	stitution of higher education for a year prior to
7	the date of the individual's appointment to the
8	Council.
9	(J) A parent or guardian of a child in an
10	early child care and education program.
11	(K) A parent or guardian of a child with
12	a physical, sensory, intellectual, or develop-
13	mental disability in—
14	(i) an early child care and education
15	program; or
16	(ii) a public elementary school or sec-
17	ondary school.
18	(3) Federal members.—
19	(A) DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION MEM-
20	BERS.—The following officers of the Depart-
21	ment of Education shall serve as members of
22	the Council:
23	(i) The Assistant Secretary of the Of-
24	fice of Planning, Evaluation and Policy
25	Development.

1	(ii) The Assistant Secretary of the Of-
2	fice of Special Education and Rehabilita-
3	tive Services.
4	(iii) The Assistant Secretary for Civil
5	Rights.
6	(iv) The Director of the Office of In-
7	novation and Early Learning.
8	(v) The Director of the Office of Spe-
9	cial Education Programs.
10	(B) HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES MEM-
11	BERS.—The following officers of the Adminis-
12	tration for Children and Families of the De-
13	partment of Health and Human Services shall
14	serve as members of the Council:
15	(i) The Director of the Office of Child
16	Care.
17	(ii) The Director of the Office of
18	Head Start.
19	(C) FEMA MEMBER.—The Administrator
20	of the Federal Emergency Management Agency
21	shall serve as a member of the Council.
22	(4) Additional requirements for rep-
23	RESENTATION.—The chairperson shall, to the best
24	of the chairperson's ability, promote representation
25	among the membership of the Council, including—

- 1 (A) ensuring that not less than one of the
  2 members appointed under paragraph (2) has di3 rectly experienced, as a student, gun violence or
  4 another emergency event in which a lockdown
  5 protocol was enforced in an educational setting
  6 that was the primary target of the emergency
  7 event; and
  - (B) ensuring diversity among members appointed under such paragraph with regard to race, ethnicity, disability, gender identity and expression, age, sexual orientation, primary language, and other demographic characteristics.

# (c) Meetings.—

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- (1) Initial meeting.—The Council shall hold its first meeting not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act.
- 17 (2) Frequency.—The Council shall meet at the call of the chairperson.
- 19 (3) QUORUM.—A majority of the members of 20 the Council shall constitute a quorum, but a lesser 21 number of members may hold hearings.

#### 22 **SEC. 5. DUTIES.**

23 (a) Hearing.—The Council shall hold a hearing with 24 relevant stakeholders, including students and educators, 25 principals and other school leaders, child care experts, dis-

- 1 ability advocates, civil rights advocates, law enforcement,
- 2 security experts, and others, not later than 120 days after
- 3 the date of enactment of this Act.
- 4 (b) Study and Review.—The Council shall—
- 5 (1) study emergency response protocols, includ-6 ing gun violence response and prevention protocols, 7 natural disaster preparedness procedures, fire drills, 8 and other emergency preparation drills or lockdown 9 procedures, for educational settings including early 10 child care and education settings, elementary schools 11 and secondary schools, and institutions of higher 12 education; and
  - (2) conduct a complete and thorough review of the relevant literature and research surrounding emergency response protocols in such educational settings and the impact that emergency response protocols can have on specific populations of children, youth, and employees, including the effects on children living in poverty and children of color.
- 20 (c) RECOMMENDATIONS AND GUIDELINES.—After 21 completing the study and review described in subsection 22 (b), the Council shall provide—
- 23 (1) recommendations that ensure that States, 24 early child care and education settings, local edu-25 cational agencies, and institutions of higher edu-

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cation are provided with accurate information about the needs of specific populations of children, youth, and employees during emergencies;

(2) guidelines for States, early child care and education settings, local educational agencies, and institutions of higher education to use in developing and implementing emergency response protocols, including gun violence response and prevention protocols, natural disaster preparedness procedures, fire drills, and other emergency preparation drills or lockdown procedures, that are inclusive and accessible; and

# (3) guidelines—

(A) for the development and implementation of accessible, developmentally appropriate, culturally aware, and trauma-informed emergency response protocols, including gun violence response and prevention protocols, natural disaster preparedness procedures, fire drills, and other emergency preparation drills or lockdown procedures, that include information about—

(i) preparedness drills, including discussions and seminars on emergency preparedness, workshops, and full-scale emergency simulations;

1	(ii) emergency communications;
2	(iii) training for educators, early child
3	care and education staff, administrators,
4	and support personnel, including—
5	(I) training addressing implicit
6	biases on the basis of race, national
7	origin, socioeconomic status, religion,
8	disability, and sex (including sexual
9	orientation and gender identity); and
10	(II) other training to ensure the
11	nondiscriminatory application of pro-
12	tocols and treatment of students;
13	(iv) the use of technology; and
14	(v) other issues determined appro-
15	priate by the Council;
16	(B) for the use of Federal funds by States,
17	early child care and education programs, local
18	educational agencies, and institutions of higher
19	education to develop and implement emergency
20	response protocols, including gun violence re-
21	sponse and prevention protocols, natural dis-
22	aster preparedness procedures, fire drills, and
23	other emergency preparation drills or lockdown
24	procedures, that are inclusive and accessible;
25	and

1	(C) for States to create and develop rec-
2	ommendations for oversight for public elemen-
3	tary schools and secondary schools, early child
4	care and education settings, and institutions of
5	higher education to ensure any emergency re-
6	sponse protocols—
7	(i) are inclusive and accessible;
8	(ii) protect student privacy; and
9	(iii) avoid exacerbating risk for chil-
10	dren and youth with disabilities, young
11	children, employees, and other specific pop-
12	ulations.
13	(d) REPORT.—By not later than 18 months after the
14	date of enactment of this Act, the Council shall prepare
15	and submit to Congress a detailed report that contains—
16	(1) findings from stakeholders related to the
17	challenges faced by children and youth with disabil-
18	ities, young children, and other specific populations
19	with regard to emergency response protocols, includ-
20	ing gun violence response and prevention protocols,
21	natural disaster preparedness procedures, fire drills,
22	and other emergency preparation drills or lockdown
23	procedures; and
24	(2) the recommendations and guidelines de-
25	scribed in subsection (c).

#### SEC. 6. POWERS OF COUNCIL.

- 2 (a) Hearings.—The Council may hold such hear-
- 3 ings, sit and act at such times and places, take such testi-
- 4 mony, and receive such evidence as the Council considers
- 5 advisable to carry out this Act.
- 6 (b) Information From Federal Agencies.—
- 7 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Council may secure di-
- 8 rectly from a Federal department or agency such in-
- 9 formation as the Council considers necessary to
- 10 carry out this Act.
- 11 (2) Furnishing information.—On request of
- the chairperson of the Council, the head of the de-
- partment or agency shall furnish the information to
- the Council.
- 15 (c) Postal Services.—The Council may use the
- 16 United States mails in the same manner and under the
- 17 same conditions as other departments and agencies of the
- 18 Federal Government.
- 19 SEC. 7. COUNCIL PERSONNEL MATTERS.
- 20 (a) Compensation of Members.—Only members of
- 21 the Council representing categories described in subpara-
- 22 graphs (G) through (K) of section 4(b)(2) shall be com-
- 23 pensated for their work for the Council. Such members
- 24 may receive compensation at a rate equal to the daily
- 25 equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay prescribed for
- 26 level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of

- 1 title 5, United States Code, for each day (including travel
- 2 time) during which the members are engaged in the per-
- 3 formance of the duties of the Council.
- 4 (b) Travel Expenses.—A member of the Council
- 5 shall be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu
- 6 of subsistence, at rates authorized for employees of agen-
- 7 cies under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United
- 8 States Code, while away from their homes or regular
- 9 places of business in the performance of services for the
- 10 Council.
- 11 (c) Staff.—
- 12 (1) In General.—The chairperson of the
- 13 Council may, without regard to the civil service laws
- 14 (including regulations), appoint and terminate an ex-
- ecutive director and such other additional personnel
- as may be necessary to enable the Council to per-
- form its duties, except that the employment of an
- 18 executive director shall be subject to confirmation by
- the Council.
- 20 (2) Compensation.—The chairperson of the
- 21 Council may fix the compensation of the executive
- director and other personnel without regard to chap-
- ter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of title 5,
- 24 United States Code, relating to classification of posi-
- 25 tions and General Schedule pay rates, except that

- 1 the rate of pay for the executive director and other
- 2 personnel may not exceed the rate payable for level
- Wof the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of
- 4 that title.
- 5 (d) Detail of Government Employees.—A Fed-
- 6 eral Government employee may be detailed to the Council
- 7 without reimbursement, and such detail shall be without
- 8 interruption or loss of civil service status or privilege.
- 9 (e) Procurement of Temporary and Intermit-
- 10 Tent Services.—The chairperson of the Council may
- 11 procure temporary and intermittent services under section
- 12 3109(b) of title 5, United States Code, at rates for individ-
- 13 uals that do not exceed the daily equivalent of the annual
- 14 rate of basic pay prescribed for level V of the Executive
- 15 Schedule under section 5316 of that title.
- 16 SEC. 8. TERMINATION OF COUNCIL.
- 17 The Council shall terminate 60 days after the date
- 18 on which the Council submits the report required under
- 19 section 5(d).
- 20 SEC. 9. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
- 21 (a) In General.—There is authorized to be appro-
- 22 priated to the Council to carry out this Act a total of
- 23 \$500,000 for fiscal years 2023 and 2024.

- 1 (b) AVAILABILITY.—Any sums appropriated under
- 2 subsection (a) shall remain available, without fiscal year

3 limitation, until expended.

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