117TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 7587

To strengthen the partnership between the nonprofit organizations and the Federal Government, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

April 26, 2022

Ms. McCollum (for herself and Mr. Upton) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Oversight and Reform, and in addition to the Committees on Education and Labor, and Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To strengthen the partnership between the nonprofit organizations and the Federal Government, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Nonprofit Sector
- 5 Strength and Partnership Act of 2022".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 The Congress finds that:

- 1 (1) The nonprofit sector is a trusted partner in 2 working with American communities, strengthening 3 civil society, and ensuring that all people living in 4 the United States have the opportunity to thrive.
 - (2) The Nation relies on the nonprofit sector on its ability to harness and direct the generosity, service, and volunteerism of the American people.
 - (3) Nonprofit organizations are a significant and highly diverse sector of the United States economy that includes 1,800,000 organizations as of 2020, according to the Internal Revenue Service. United States nonprofit organizations contributed \$1.2 trillion to the economy in 2020 and accounted for 5.9 percent of the Gross Domestic Product of the United States, according to Bureau of Economic Analysis data interpreted by Independent Sector.
 - (4) Collectively, the nonprofit sector engages through and is supported by more than 12 million workers, 20 million board members, 63 million volunteers, and 170 million donors. In 2017, United States nonprofits employed 12.5 million paid workers and paid over \$670 billion in wages.
 - (5) 92 percent of the 501(c)(3) public charities in the United States have an annual budget of less

- than \$1,000,000 according to data provided by the Internal Revenue Service.
 - (6) While no Federal agency regularly collects systematic employment data on the nonprofit sector, at the local level, nonprofits are a time-tested mechanism for delivering critical community services.
 - (7) In order to maximize the nonprofit sector's ability to utilize Federal investments to respond to community need, the Federal Government should take steps to encourage, support, and promote volunteerism and charitable giving.
 - (8) National service programs provide an essential vehicle for Americans of all ages anxious to serve their communities and transform their own lives in the process. Service programs also provide a critical pipeline of emerging leaders into the workforce, including the nonprofit workforce.
 - (9) Like for-profit entities, the nonprofit sector is challenged during times of economic downturns. As employers and providers of services to countless Americans, the sustainability of this sector is of great national importance, yet the Federal Government provides significant support to for-profit businesses through the Small Business Administration

- and other agencies and programs that are not accessible to nonprofit organizations.
- 3 (10) Despite the importance of the nonprofit 4 sector to the United States economy and to the suc-5 cess of many Federal, State, and local policy initia-6 tives, no Federal agency or office has responsibility 7 for evaluating, building, or maintaining the capacity 8 of the nonprofit sector.

9 SEC. 3. PURPOSES.

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- The purposes of this Act are the following:
 - (1) To enhance the ability of the nonprofit sector to address public challenges and maximize opportunities to improve quality of life in the communities where nonprofit organizations work.
 - (2) To strengthen communities across the United States by making the Federal Government a more productive partner with nonprofit organizations through the establishment of better Federal coordination with respect to, enhanced transparency with respect to, and greater support for the work of nonprofit organizations.
 - (3) Collect, assemble, and make available Federal data and research on the nonprofit sector and to generate new data and research where necessary

1	to support the development of effective Federal pol-
2	icy.
3	(4) Raise awareness of the nonprofit sector and
4	the vital civic, social, and economic contributions
5	nonprofit organizations make to the United States
6	SEC. 4. WHITE HOUSE OFFICE ON NONPROFIT SECTOR
7	PARTNERSHIP.
8	(a) Establishment.—There is established in the
9	Executive Office of the President an Office on Nonprofit
10	Sector Partnership (in this section referred to as the "Of-
11	fice"). The Office will be led by a Nonprofit Advisor.
12	(b) Functions.—The Office shall—
13	(1) strengthen and develop policies and actions
14	which enhance the sector's ability to address na-
15	tional and community priorities;
16	(2) identify and promote policies that increase
17	and sustain charitable giving, volunteerism, and na-
18	tional service to support the capacity of the non-
19	profit sector;
20	(3) publish, based upon regular consultation
21	with the nonprofit sector, policy options and rec-
22	ommendations for leveraging the unique partnership
23	between the Federal Government and the nonprofit

sector to accelerate repair and rebuilding across

- 1 America, particularly with respect to underserved 2 and marginalized communities;
 - (4) identify barriers and policies that hinder, increase, or sustain opportunities for nonprofits to operate internationally both on their own or in partnership with the Federal Government;
 - (5) coordinate, across relevant Federal agencies, the task of compiling, producing and making publicly available key existing Federal data sources of relevance to the nonprofit sector. This will include data on the economic health and impact of the nonprofit sector (including employment and wage data), data on Federal funding of the nonprofit sector (including grants and contracts), Census data, and data on aggregated types of revenue, volunteering and civic engagement and be published publicly annually;
 - (6) direct a Federal agency, to be determined by the Nonprofit Advisor within 180 days, to initiate, in consultation with States, a competitive grant process to build a single online portal, such that charities can fulfill State registration and reporting requirements for States that choose to participate through a single filing. An eligible grant recipient must be a nonprofit organization with gov-

1	erning board members possessing experience working
2	to align charitable registration requirements across
3	States. In evaluating applications for this portal, the
4	Federal agency shall consider whether the applica-
5	tion will—
6	(A) enable smaller charities to respond to
7	disasters in their communities by raising funds
8	from multiple States;
9	(B) empower the public to make respon-
10	sible donations, especially to help those in need
11	during natural disasters or other crises of na-
12	tional significance;
13	(C) eliminate costly inefficiencies for char-
14	ities operating or fundraising in multiple
15	States;
16	(D) help nonprofits meet existing registra-
17	tion and filing requirements;
18	(E) ensure appropriate cybersecurity
19	standards are being met or exceeded;
20	(F) preserve the public's trust in non-
21	profits; and
22	(G) establish a sustainable funding mecha-
23	nism that is not reliant on Federal funding for
24	ongoing costs; and

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1	(7) convene a commission on Federal grant re-
2	form composed of individuals representing Federal
3	grantmaking agencies, pass-through entities, and
4	nonprofit grantees and subgrantees to offer rec-
5	ommendations to streamline and improve the oper-
6	ational relationship between all levels of government
7	and the nonprofit sector. In addition, the sector's ac-
8	cess to, participation in and performance in Federal,
9	State, and local government contracting and funding
10	shall be assessed—
11	(A) the commission members shall be ap-
12	pointed by the President and be drawn from the
13	nonprofit sector to include designees with sub-
14	stantial and diverse experience in Federal,
15	State, and local governmental grantmaking
16	processes, and shall include proportional rep-

(B) the report of the commission shall include recommendations on—

ethnic and geographic diversity;

(i) improving provisions of the Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for

resentation from small, medium, and large non-

profit organizations as determined by annual

expenses, and include meaningful racial, gender,

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Federal Awards (OMB Uniform Guidance), (2 C.F.R. 200), related to racial, gender, ethnic inclusion in grantmaking processes, and to negotiation of indirect costs, including a de minimis indirect cost rate;

(ii) promoting Federal agency compliance with the OMB Uniform Guidance to preserve the integrity of Federal programs while allowing nonprofit organizations streamlined access to Federal funding opportunities, expressly in the areas of payment by pass-through entities and others of indirect cost rates and establishment of a clearinghouse of agency decisions or other means for maintaining consistent interpretation of the OMB Uniform Guidance;

(iii) reviewing Federal statutes and regulations to identify inconsistent requirements and restrictions on payment of "administrative costs" and other terms and definitions, and consider the impact of inconsistent or conflicting rules on organizations seeking Federal and State pass-

1	through grants on their operations and
2	sustainability;
3	(iv) assessing how grant agreements
4	and reimbursements can be modified to en-
5	able and incentivize nonprofits to utilize
6	government grant funds to provide relevant
7	professional development to employees
8	working on those grants, and to ensure
9	that interns and those in apprenticeships
10	working on government grants or contracts
11	are paid rather than unpaid; and
12	(v) reporting its recommendations on
13	the foregoing to the President and Con-
14	gress, no later than 18 months after enact-
15	ment, and addressing how grant and con-
16	tract agreements and reimbursements
17	should be modified to enable nonprofit
18	grant recipients to respond to issues of na-
19	tional significance; and
20	(C) at the direction of the President, but
21	no later than 5 years after the release of the re-
22	port described in subparagraph (B) of this
23	paragraph, the commission shall reconvene to
24	further review the operational relationship be-

1	tween all levels of government and the nonprofit
2	sector and evaluate it for improvement.
3	(c) Administration.—The President shall appoint
4	a Nonprofit Advisor within 90 days of enactment of this
5	legislation. The Nonprofit Advisor shall, in addition to
6	being Director of the Office, serve as the head of the Inter-
7	agency Council, co-chair of the Advisory Council, and re-
8	sponsible to carry out the provisions of this section and
9	coordinate with executive departments as appropriate with
10	respect to the mission of the Office and related govern-
11	mental entities.
12	SEC. 5. INTERAGENCY COUNCIL ON NONPROFIT SECTOR
13	PARTNERSHIP.
13 14	PARTNERSHIP. (a) Establishment.—There is established in the ex-
14	(a) Establishment.—There is established in the ex-
14 15	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the executive branch an independent entity to be known as the
14 15 16 17	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the executive branch an independent entity to be known as the Interagency Council on Nonprofit Sector Partnership.
14 15 16 17	 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the executive branch an independent entity to be known as the Interagency Council on Nonprofit Sector Partnership. (b) MEMBERSHIP.—The Council shall be composed of
14 15 16 17 18	 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the executive branch an independent entity to be known as the Interagency Council on Nonprofit Sector Partnership. (b) Membership.—The Council shall be composed of the head of each cabinet agency, or their designee in additional entities of the sector partnership.
14 15 16 17 18	 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the executive branch an independent entity to be known as the Interagency Council on Nonprofit Sector Partnership. (b) MEMBERSHIP.—The Council shall be composed of the head of each cabinet agency, or their designee in addition to the—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the executive branch an independent entity to be known as the Interagency Council on Nonprofit Sector Partnership. (b) MEMBERSHIP.—The Council shall be composed of the head of each cabinet agency, or their designee in addition to the— (1) Corporation for National and Community
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the executive branch an independent entity to be known as the Interagency Council on Nonprofit Sector Partnership. (b) MEMBERSHIP.—The Council shall be composed of the head of each cabinet agency, or their designee in addition to the— (1) Corporation for National and Community Service;

1	(5) Institute of Museum and Library Services;
2	and
3	(6) other agencies as determined by the Presi-
4	dent.
5	(c) Responsibilities.—The Interagency Council,
6	shall issue biennial reports providing specific recommenda-
7	tions on how the nonprofit sector can best leverage and
8	accelerate Federal investments to rebuild American com-
9	munities and to offer specific recommendations for
10	strengthening, promoting, and improving the overall abil-
11	ity of the nonprofit sector to address issues of national
12	significance. These recommendations shall include consid-
13	eration of—
14	(1) improving Federal research and data access
15	and transparency, including by collecting and dis-
16	seminating disaggregated data and research relevant
17	to the ability of the nonprofit sector to respond to
18	societal need;
19	(2) consulting and partnering with nonprofits
20	as an engine of employment, preparing Americans
21	for their first jobs or new jobs, deploying national
22	service members to rebuild communities while ac-
23	quiring valuable professional and civic skills and ca-
24	reer guidance;

- 1 (3) legislation, regulation, and other action to-2 ward these goals, including changes to the structure 3 of the Interagency Council;
 - (4) Federal efforts that could have an impact on charitable giving, volunteerism, and national service;
 - (5) Federal investments that could bolster the civic infrastructure of the United States, which in includes its workforce, volunteer force, capacity of nonprofit institutions, and the norms and practices that help communities solve problems; and
- 12 (6) how Federal technology policies and funding 13 might be more effectively aligned with the nonprofit 14 sector and the communities it serves.
- 15 (d) Administration.—The Interagency Council 16 shall be chaired by the Nonprofit Advisor and may accept 17 staff detailed from Federal agencies to support coordina-18 tion and implementation efforts. The Interagency Council 19 shall meet no fewer than four times per year.

20 SEC. 6. ADVISORY BOARD ON THE NONPROFIT SECTOR.

21 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is hereby established 22 under the Federal Advisory Committee Act, (Public Law 23 92–463), an Advisory Board on the Nonprofit Sector, co-24 chaired by the Nonprofit Advisor and a designee from the 25 nonprofit sector, as appointed by the President and Con-

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1	gress as described below, except for subsection (b)(2)(B)
2	of this section.
3	(b) Membership.—
4	(1) Number and appointment.—The Advi-
5	sory Board shall be composed of 16 members as fol-
6	lows:
7	(A) The Nonprofit Advisor and seven addi-
8	tional members shall be appointed by the Presi-
9	dent.
10	(B) Two members shall be appointed by
11	the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
12	(C) Two members shall be appointed by
13	the minority leader of the House of Representa-
14	tives.
15	(D) Two members shall be appointed by
16	the majority leader of the Senate.
17	(E) Two members shall be appointed by
18	the minority leader of the Senate.
19	(2) With the exception of the Nonprofit Advi-
20	sor, membership of the Advisory Board shall be
21	drawn from the nonprofit sector to include designees
22	with substantial and diverse experience and points of
23	view in the issues facing the nonprofit sector. This
24	shall include leading national organizations that rep-
25	resent the interests of the broad sector, as well as

proportional representation to the extent possible from representatives of large, medium and small nonprofit and philanthropic organizations as determined by annual expenses and include meaningful racial, gender, ethnic and geographic diversity. The terms of members to the Advisory Board shall be staggered between three and four years and renewable for one term.

- (A) VACANCIES.—A vacancy on the Board shall be filled in the manner in which the original appointment was made.
- (B) Basic pay and travel expenses.—
 With the exception of the Nonprofit Advisor, all
 Voting Board members shall, and nonvoting
 members may, be appointed as special Government employees and receive a consultant fee
 and be reimbursed for travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, in the same
 manner as provided under the Federal Advisory
 Committee Act, unless such compensation and
 reimbursement are waived.
- (C) Co-chairs.—The President shall designate the Nonprofit Advisor as a co-chair of the Advisory Board and select and additional Co-chair from among the members of the

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1	Board, who may not be members of the same
2	political party.
3	(c) Functions.—The Advisory Board shall issue bi-
4	ennial reports to Congress, as well as advise the President
5	and the Interagency Council on matters involving policy
6	affecting nonprofit sector, volunteerism, service, and other
7	related topics. The Advisory Board shall meet regularly,
8	upon the call of the co-chairs, and shall—
9	(1) respond to requests from the President or
10	the President's designee for information, analysis,
11	evaluation, or advice;
12	(2) solicit information and ideas from a broad
13	range of stakeholders;
14	(3) in its biennial report, provide information
15	on the state of the nonprofit sector, volunteerism
16	charitable giving and national service, as well as
17	feedback on the effect of Federal policies on each;
18	(4) in its biennial report, provide recommenda-
19	tions on legislative, regulatory, and executive actions
20	to improve and support the nonprofit sector and its
21	partnerships with the Federal Government;
22	(5) in its biennial report, provide recommenda-
23	tions on long-term opportunities to strengthen the
24	nonprofit sector, volunteerism, and national service
25	through Federal actions and policy; and

- 1 (6) in its biennial report, include a statement 2 analyzing how any recommendations would impact 3 the disparities between members of different racial 4 and ethnic groups.
- 5 (d) Administration.—The heads of executive de-
- 6 partments and agencies shall provide the Advisory Board
- 7 with information concerning appropriate matters when re-
- 8 quested by the Advisory Board Co-Chairs and as required
- 9 for the purpose of carrying out the Advisory Board's func-
- 10 tions, unless otherwise prohibited by law.

11 SEC. 7. VOLUNTEERISM AND CHARITABLE GIVING.

- 12 (a) Treasury Department.—The Secretary of the
- 13 Department of the Treasury shall—
- 14 (1) analyze and publicly release the impact of
- 15 relevant statutes, regulations, and other actions on
- charitable giving specifically and the nonprofit sector
- generally, including analysis disaggregated by demo-
- graphic factors whenever possible; and
- 19 (2) examine the reconstitution of the Advisory
- 20 Committee on Tax Exempt and Government Enti-
- 21 ties.
- 22 (b) Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor
- 23 Statistics.—The Bureau of Labor Statistics shall within
- 24 two years of enactment, issue a biennial report on trends
- 25 in the non-stipended volunteer force.

- 1 (c) Corporation for National and Community
- 2 Service.—The Corporation for National and Community
- 3 Service shall—

- (1) issue a comprehensive report assessing how CNCS can best be structured and resourced to sup-port the unique needs and potential of both the non-stipended volunteer force and the national service community. This assessment shall also consider how underserved and marginalized communities can ac-cess service programs. CNCS shall share that report with Congress within six months of enactment and issue updates every two years, thereafter;
 - (2) review existing programs such as the Volunteer Generation Fund and the Nonprofit Capacity Building Program to determine how these programs might be strengthened and/or expanded to ensure, among other critical functions, they will support a wide diversity of nonprofits to build capacity to engage, sustain, and support the volunteer force, and to share such recommendations with Congress within six months of enactment;
 - (3) within 90 days of enactment, solicit input from the nonprofit sector and the public about enhancing and revising the Current Population Survey with supplements on—

1	(A) volunteerism;
2	(B) charitable giving; and
3	(C) civic engagement; and
4	(4) within six months of enactment, present the
5	findings of the input described in paragraph (3) to
6	Congress and the Office on the Nonprofit Sector.
7	SEC. 8. NATIONAL SERVICE.
8	The Corporation for National and Community Serv
9	ice shall—
10	(1) by no later than one year from the date of
11	enactment, make recommendations to Congress or
12	updating Service Year Fellowships to broaden access
13	to national service to underserved and marginalized
14	communities and provide increased capacity for al
15	section 501(c)(3) nonprofits in moments of increased
16	need; and
17	(2) by no later than two years from the date of
18	enactment, redesign and relaunch the eGrants sys-
19	tem, including user testing that engages organiza-
20	tions who are not current grantees and that rep-
21	resent or reach underserved and marginalized com-
22	munities to test barriers to submitting for a grant
23	SEC. 9. GOVERNMENT RESEARCH AND DATA.
24	(a) Treasury Department.—The Secretary of the
25	Department of the Treasury shall—

- 1 (1) in consultation with the Advisory Com-2 mittee, make recommendations to Congress on how 3 to formulate the way data is recorded concerning government grants, contracts, and reimbursements 5 to nonprofit organizations on Form 990, Return of 6 Organization Exempt from Income Tax, to increase 7 the utility and clarity of Form 990 information. The 8 IRS will also take steps to improve public access to 9 990 e-filed data, providing the schema and metadata 10 necessary to facilitate public use;
 - (2) revoke the use of form 1023–EZ for nonprofit filing status and initiate a process to replace it, based upon recommendations from the Advisory Board, the nonprofit sector, representatives of the National Association of State Charities Officials and government examinations; and
 - (3) in consultation with stakeholders in the nonprofit sector, including the Advisory Board, consider and publicly release recommendations, funding needs, and activities to improve the nonprofit sector and to preserve integrity within the sector and on behalf of the general public.
- 23 (b) Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor 24 Statistics.—The Bureau of Labor Statistics shall in-25 clude nonprofit organizations as a distinct category of em-

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1	ployer in quarterly reports from its Quarterly Census of
2	Employment and Wages. Within 90 days of enactment,
3	the Bureau of Labor Statistics shall transmit a plan to
4	Congress that will accomplish this goal.
5	(c) Department of Commerce, Bureau of Eco-
6	NOMIC ANALYSIS.—The Bureau of Economic Analysis
7	shall in consultation with the Advisory Committee, create
8	a Satellite Account on Nonprofit and Related Institutions
9	and Volunteer Work within its national accounts program.
10	This account shall be published no less frequently than
11	on a biennial basis.
12	(d) White House, Office of Management and
13	BUDGET.—The Office of Management and Budget shall—
14	(1) solicit information from all relevant Federal
15	agencies that collect existing data on the nonprofit
16	sector in all published reports and publicly available
17	tables and datasets and direct these agencies to in-
18	clude existing data disaggregated by the following
19	factors—
20	(A) the number of clients served by non-
21	profit organizations, including existing data on

the race, gender, age, income level, languages

spoken and geographic location of such clients;

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1	(B) existing data on types of revenues, ex-
2	penses, and operating reserves by nonprofit or-
3	ganizations of various sizes and missions;
4	(C) the volunteer hours contributed to non-
5	profit organizations by individuals in the United
6	States; and
7	(D) other factors in existing data as deter-
8	mined in consultation with the Advisory Board;
9	and
10	(2) conduct an impact assessment of how gov-
11	ernment data collection, algorithm use and accuracy
12	may have a discriminatory or disparate impact on
13	nonprofit issues or communities they serve, particu-
14	larly underserved and marginalized communities.
15	SEC. 10. NONPARTISAN CIVIC ENGAGEMENT AND ADVO-
16	CACY.
17	The Government Accountability Office shall, within
18	1 year of enactment and after gathering input from the
19	Advisory Board and the broader nonprofit sector, issue a
20	report to Congress on—
21	(1) opportunities to clarify the difference be-
22	tween nonpartisan civic engagement and the current
23	prohibition on political campaign intervention for or-
24	ganizations organized under section $501(c)(3)$ of
25	title 26, United States Code; and

1 (2) the role of the current "facts and cir-2 cumstances" standard for tax-exempt entities orga-3 nized under provisions of the Internal Revenue Code 4 other than section 501(c)(3) of title 26, United 5 States Code. 6 SEC. 11. DEFINITIONS. 7 In this Act: 8 (1) Nonprofit.—The term "nonprofit" or 9 "nonprofit organization" shall include the definition 10 included in section 501(c)(3) of title 26, United 11 States Code, and in addition shall mean a group or-12 ganized for purposes other than generating profit 13 and in which no part of the organization's income is 14 distributed to its members, directors, or officers. 15 (2) Pass-through entity.—The term "passthrough entity" shall include the definition included 16 17 in section 200.1 of title 2, Code of Federal Regula-18 tions, a non-Federal entity that provides a subaward 19 to a subrecipient to carry out part of a Federal pro-20 gram. 21 (3) Nonprofit advisor.—The term "Non-22

- profit Advisor" means an individual who is—
- 23 (A) designated as an Assistant to the President; 24

1	(B) has experience working in the non-
2	profit sector and government; and
3	(C) has demonstrated a commitment to
4	strengthening the partnership between the Fed-
5	eral Government and the nonprofit sector.
6	(4) Current population survey.—The term
7	"Current Population Survey" means the jointly
8	sponsored survey administered by the Census Bu-
9	reau and the Bureau of Labor Statistics and ap-
10	proved by the Office of Management and Budget
11	(OMB Number 0607–0049).
12	(5) Underserved and marginalized com-
13	MUNITIES.—The term "underserved and
14	marginalized communities" means individuals who
15	are—
16	(A) American Indian or Alaska Native,
17	Asian, Black or African American, Hispanic or
18	Latino, or Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Is-
19	lander, according to Office of Management and
20	Budget Statistical Policy Directive No. 15,
21	Race and Ethnic Standards for Federal Statis-
22	tics and Administrative Reporting;
23	(B) rural populations;
24	(C) individuals with disabilities;
25	(D) low-income or homeless individuals;

1	(E) individuals with mental health or sub-
2	stance related disorders;
3	(F) victims of abuse or trauma;
4	(G) lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender
5	individuals; or
6	(H) refugees or migrants.
7	SEC. 12. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
8	There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
9	the provisions of this Act $$50,000,000$ for fiscal year 2023
10	and such sums as necessary for each of fiscal years 2024
11	through 2027.

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