H. R. 9341

To provide accountability for funding provided to the Internal Revenue Service and the Department of the Treasury under Public Law 117–169.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

NOVEMBER 17, 2022

Mr. Kelly of Pennsylvania introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committee on Rules, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To provide accountability for funding provided to the Internal Revenue Service and the Department of the Treasury under Public Law 117–169.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "IRS Funding Account-
- 5 ability Act".

1	SEC. 2. ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE SPENDING PLAN FOR IN-
2	CREASED INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE RE-
3	SOURCES.
4	(a) Limitation on Funding.—
5	(1) Initial plan.—
6	(A) In general.—None of the funds de-
7	scribed in paragraph (3) may be obligated dur-
8	ing the period—
9	(i) beginning on the date of the enact-
10	ment of this Act; and
11	(ii) ending on the date that is 60 days
12	after the spending plan described in sub-
13	section (b)(1)(A) has been submitted.
14	(B) Additional Moratorium.—If Con-
15	gress enacts a joint resolution of disapproval
16	described in subsection (c) with respect to the
17	Internal Revenue Service spending plan before
18	the date described in subparagraph (A)(ii),
19	then—
20	(i) the Commissioner of Internal Rev-
21	enue shall submit a new spending plan
22	under subsection (b)(1)(A); and
23	(ii) the period described in subpara-
24	graph (A) shall not end before the date
25	that is 60 days after such new spending
26	plan is submitted.

1	(2) Subsequent submissions.—
2	(A) IN GENERAL.—None of the funds de-
3	scribed in paragraph (3) may be obligated dur-
4	ing any period—
5	(i) beginning on the date Congress
6	has enacted a joint resolution of dis-
7	approval under subsection (c) with respect
8	to any spending plan described in sub-
9	section (b)(1)(B); and
10	(ii) ending on the date that is 60 days
11	after the date on which the Commissioner
12	of Internal Revenue has submitted a new
13	spending plan under such subsection.
14	(B) Additional Moratorium.—If Con-
15	gress enacts a joint resolution of disapproval
16	described in subsection (c) with respect to any
17	new spending plan submitted under subpara-
18	graph (A)(ii) before the date that is 60 days
19	after the date on which such new spending plan
20	has been submitted, then—
21	(i) the Commissioner of Internal Rev-
22	enue shall submit an additional new spend-
23	ing plan under subsection (b)(1)(B); and
24	(ii) the period described in subpara-
25	graph (A) shall not end before the date

1	that is 60 days after such additional new
2	spending plan is submitted.
3	(3) Funds described.—The funds described
4	in this paragraph are the following:
5	(A) Any funds made available under clause
6	(ii), (iii), or (iv) of section 10301(1)(A) of Pub-
7	lie Law 117–169.
8	(B) Any funds made available under sec-
9	tion $10301(1)(A)(i)$ of Public Law $117-169$
10	other than funds used for the following pur-
11	poses:
12	(i) Eliminating any correspondence or
13	return processing backlog.
14	(ii) Reducing call wait times for tax-
15	payers and tax professionals.
16	(b) Annual Comprehensive Spending Plan.—
17	(1) In general.—
18	(A) INITIAL PLAN.—Not later than 60
19	days after the date of the enactment of this
20	Act, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue
21	shall submit to the appropriate congressional
22	committees a spending plan described in para-
23	graph (2).
24	(B) Subsequent submissions.—

1	(i) IN GENERAL.—For each fiscal year
2	beginning after the plan described in sub-
3	paragraph (A) is submitted and ending
4	with fiscal year 2031, the Commissioner of
5	Internal Revenue shall submit to the ap-
6	propriate congressional committees a
7	spending plan described in paragraph (2)
8	on the date that the President submits the
9	budget required under section 1105(a) of
10	title 31, United States Code.
11	(ii) Reduction in Appropriation.—
12	(I) IN GENERAL.—In the case of
13	any failure to submit a plan required
14	under clause (i) by the date that is 7
15	days after the date the plan is re-
16	quired to be submitted, the amounts
17	made available under section
18	10301(1)(A)(ii) of Public Law 117-
19	169 shall be reduced by \$10,000,000
20	for each day after such required date
21	that report has not been submitted.
22	(II) REQUIRED DATE.—For pur-
23	poses of this clause, the term "re-
24	quired date" means, with respect to
25	any plan required under this subpara-

1	graph, the date that is 7 days after
2	such plan is required to be submitted.
3	(2) Spending plan.—
4	(A) IN GENERAL.—A spending plan de-
5	scribed in this subparagraph is a plan that—
6	(i) details how the funds appropriated
7	under section 10301(1) of Public Law
8	117–169 will be spent over—
9	(I) the period consisting of the
10	current fiscal year and the next 4 fis-
11	cal years ending before fiscal year
12	2032; and
13	(II) the period consisting of the
14	current fiscal year through the fiscal
15	year ending with fiscal year 2031 (if
16	such period includes any period not
17	described in subclause (I));
18	(ii) contains the information described
19	in subparagraph (B);
20	(iii) has been reviewed by—
21	(I) the Internal Revenue Service
22	Advisory Council;
23	(II) the Comptroller of the
24	United States:

1	(III) the National Taxpayer Ad-
2	vocate; and
3	(IV) the Director of the Office of
4	Management and Budget; and
5	(iv) has been approved by the officers
6	or entities described in subclauses (II) and
7	(IV) of clause (iii).
8	(B) Plan contents.—The information
9	described in this paragraph is the following:
10	(i) A detailed explanation of the plan,
11	including—
12	(I) costs and results to date, ac-
13	tual expenditures of the prior fiscal
14	year, actual and expected expenditures
15	of the current fiscal year, upcoming
16	deliverables and expected costs, and
17	total expenditures;
18	(II) clearly defined objectives,
19	timelines, and metrics for quan-
20	titatively measuring the plan's annual
21	progress, including with respect to
22	measuring improvements in taxpayer
23	services, revenue collection, informa-
24	tion technology, cybersecurity, and
25	taxpaver data protections; and

1	(III) a description of any dif-
2	ferences between metrics described in
3	subclause (II) and corresponding
4	metrics used by the National Tax-
5	payer Advocate, the Comptroller Gen-
6	eral of the United States, and Treas-
7	ury Inspector General for Tax Admin-
8	istration.
9	(ii) A detailed analysis of the perform-
10	ance of the Internal Revenue Service with
11	respect to the delivery of taxpayer services,
12	including—
13	(I) the Level of Service (LOS) of
14	phone lines (as a percent of phone
15	calls answered by an Internal Revenue
16	Service employee, not to include cour-
17	tesy disconnects or automated call
18	backs);
19	(II) the median and average wait
20	time to speak to a representative of
21	the Internal Revenue Service;
22	(III) the amount of unprocessed
23	taxpayer correspondence, including
24	tax returns, responses to Internal
25	Revenue Service notices, tax pay-

1	ments, and other similar types of cor-
2	respondence; and
3	(IV) the median and average
4	length of time for processing the
5	items described in subclause (III) and
6	processing refund claims.
7	(iii) An analysis identifying any in-
8	crease or decrease in total annual audits
9	and annual audit rates by income group
10	for the period beginning in 2018 and end-
11	ing with the year the report is submitted.
12	Such analysis shall include a detailed de-
13	scription of what constitutes an "audit" by
14	the Internal Revenue Service, and if the
15	definition of an "audit" used by the Inter-
16	nal Revenue Service differs from the defi-
17	nition used by the National Taxpayer Ad-
18	vocate, the Comptroller General of the
19	United States, or the Treasury Inspector
20	General for Tax Administration, there
21	shall also be included an analysis using
22	such divergent definition.
23	(iv) A categorizing of the number of
24	audits for each year in the analysis de-
25	scribed in clause (iv) which were—

1	(I) correspondence audits;
2	(II) office audits;
3	(III) field audits;
4	(IV) audits under the Tax Com-
5	pliance Measurement Program
6	(TCMP); and
7	(V) other audits.
8	(v) A description of all taxpayer com-
9	pliance actions or initiatives undertaken
10	using funding appropriated under section
11	10301(1)(A) of Public Law 117–169 that
12	do not rise to the level of an audit, with
13	each action broken out by the total number
14	of such actions undertaken for each income
15	group and as a percentage of taxpayers in
16	each income group.
17	(vi) An explanation of any unresolved
18	or outstanding recommendations made by
19	the Government Accountability Office and
20	Treasury Inspector General for Tax Ad-
21	ministration pertaining to taxpayer-data
22	privacy protections, Internal Revenue Serv-
23	ice taxpayer services, and Internal Revenue
24	Service technology modernization efforts

that are addressed by the plan and a description of how they are addressed.

- (vii) If such plan does not address any recommendations identified by Government Accountability Office and Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration as "high risk" or "priority", an explanation of why such recommendations are not addressed in the plan.
- (3) Testimony of relevant officials.—Not later than 30 days after any spending plan described in paragraph (2) has been submitted, the Secretary of the Treasury and the Commissioner of Internal Revenue shall testify in person before any of the appropriate congressional committees that request their testimony with respect to such spending plan.
- (4) REQUIREMENT TO NOTIFY OF EXCESS SPENDING.—The Commissioner of Internal Revenue shall immediately notify the appropriate congressional committees if actual obligations and expenditures for any account for any period for which projections are made in a plan submitted under paragraph (2) exceed the amount of obligations and expenditures projected for such account in such plan by 5 percent or more.

1	(c) Joint Resolution of Disapproval of the
2	IRS Comprehensive Spending Plan.—
3	(1) In general.—For purposes of this section,
4	the term "joint resolution of disapproval of the IRS
5	comprehensive spending plan" means only a joint
6	resolution introduced in the period beginning on the
7	date on which a spending plan submitted pursuant
8	to subsection (b)(1)(A) is received by the appro-
9	priate congressional committees and ending 60 days
10	thereafter (excluding days either House of Congress
11	is adjourned for more than 3 days during a session
12	of Congress), the matter after the resolving clause of
13	which is as follows: "That Congress disapproves the
14	plan submitted on by the Internal Rev-
15	enue Service relating to the comprehensive spending
16	plan under section 2(b)(1) of the IRS Funding Ac-
17	countability Act with respect to fiscal year".
18	(The blank spaces being appropriately filled in.).
19	(2) Application of congressional review
20	ACT DISAPPROVAL PROCEDURES.—
21	(A) IN GENERAL.—The rules of section
22	802 of title 5, United States Code, shall apply
23	to a joint resolution of disapproval of the IRS
24	comprehensive spending plan in the same man-

1	ner as such rules apply to a joint resolution de-
2	scribed in subsection (a) of such section.
3	(B) Exercise of Rulemaking Author-
4	ITY.—This section is enacted by Congress—
5	(i) as an exercise of the rulemaking
6	power of the Senate and House of Rep-
7	resentatives, respectively, and as such it is
8	deemed a part of the rules of each House
9	respectively, but applicable only with re-
10	spect to the procedure to be followed in
11	that House in the case of a joint resolution
12	of disapproval of the IRS comprehensive
13	spending plan described in paragraph (1)
14	and it supersedes other rules only to the
15	extent that it is inconsistent with such
16	rules; and
17	(ii) with full recognition of the con-
18	stitutional right of either House to change
19	the rules (so far as relating to the proce-
20	dure of that House) at any time, in the
21	same manner, and to the same extent as in
22	the case of any other rule of that House
23	SEC. 3. QUARTERLY REPORTS.
24	(a) Internal Revenue Service.—

- 1 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than the last day
 2 of each calendar quarter beginning during the appli3 cable period, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue
 4 shall submit to the appropriate congressional com5 mittees a report on any expenditures and obligations
 6 of funds appropriated under section 10301(1) of
 7 Public Law 117–169.
 - (2) Matters included.—The report provided under paragraph (1) shall include the following:
 - (A) A plain language description of the specific actions taken by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue utilizing any funds appropriated under section 10301(1) of Public Law 117–169.
 - (B) The obligations and expenditures during the quarter of funds appropriated under section 10301(1) of Public Law 117–169 and the expected expenditure of such funds in the subsequent quarter, including a comparison of obligations and expenditures between amounts spent for taxpayers services and amounts spent for examinations and collections by each division or office of the Internal Revenue Service, including the Large Business and International Division, the Small Business/Self Employed Di-

- vision, the Tax-Exempt and Government Entities Division, the Wage and Investment Division, the Criminal Investigation Office, the Whistleblower Office, and the Office of the Tax-payer Advocate.
 - (C) A description of any new full-time or full-time equivalent (FTE) employees, contractors, or other staff hired by the Internal Revenue Service, including the number of new hires, the primary function or activity type of each new hire, and the specific Division or Office to which each new hire is tasked.
 - (D) The number of new employees that have passed a security clearance compared to the number of new employees hired to a position requiring a security clearance, along with an indication of whether any new employee that has not passed a security clearance has access to taxpayer return information (as defined by section 6103(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986).
 - (E) A detailed description of any violation of the fair tax collection practices described in section 6304 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 by any employees, contractors, or other

- staff described in subparagraph (C) (including violations tracked in Automated Labor and Employee Relations Tracking System (ALERTS) of the Human Capital Office of the Internal Revenue Service).
 - (F) The status of recommendations provided by the Government Accountability Office and Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration identified as being addressed by the plan, including whether they have been resolved, are in progress, or open (including the expected date of completion for any recommendations identified as in progress or open).
 - (3) Reduction in appropriation.—In the case of any failure to submit a report required under paragraph (1) by the required date, the amounts made available under section 10301(1)(A)(ii) of Public Law 117–169 shall be reduced by \$1,000,000 for each day after such required date that report has not been submitted.

(b) DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY.—

(1) In General.—Not later than the last day of each calendar quarter beginning during the applicable period, the Secretary of the Treasury shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report containing the following information:

- (A) A plain-language description of the actions taken by the Secretary of the Treasury utilizing any funds appropriated under paragraph (1), (3), or (5) of section 10301 of Public Law 117–169. Any action which is described in a report made under subsection (a) may be described by reference to the action in such report.
- (B) A detailed description of the specific purposes to which the funds appropriated under section 10301(3) of Public Law 117–169 has been (or is expected to be) obligated.
- (C) A description of any new full-time or full-time equivalent (FTE) employees, contractors, or other staff hired by the Secretary utilizing funds appropriated under section 10301 of Public Law 117–169, including the number of new hires and whether the duties of each new hire includes any functions related to the Internal Revenue Service (including implementation of tax policies, enforcement, regulations, research, press or communications, or other purposes).

1	(D) A detailed description and explanation
2	of any changes to the most recent Priority
3	Guidance Plan of the Department of the Treas-
4	ury and the Internal Revenue Service involving
5	guidance projects that utilize any funds appro-
6	priated under section 10301 of Public Law
7	117–169 or which are related to the implemen-
8	tation of any provision of or amendment made
9	by such Public Law.
10	(E) A description of any new initiatives
11	planned to be undertaken by the Department of
12	the Treasury within the existing or subsequent
13	fiscal year which will (or may) utilize funds ap-
14	propriated under section 10301 of Public Law
15	117–169.
16	(2) REDUCTION IN APPROPRIATION.—In the
17	case of any failure to submit a report required under
18	paragraph (1) by the required date—
19	(A) the amounts made available under
20	paragraph (3) of section 10301 of Public Law
21	117–169 shall be reduced by \$666,667 for each
22	day after such required date that report has not
23	been submitted, and
24	(B) the amounts made available under

paragraph (5) of section 10301 of Public Law

1	117–169 shall be reduced by \$333,333 for each
2	day after such required date that report has not
3	been submitted.
4	(c) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
5	(1) APPLICABLE PERIOD.—The term "applica-
6	ble period" means the period beginning after the
7	date the report under subparagraph (A) is due and
8	ending on September 30, 2031.
9	(2) Required date.—The term "required
10	date" means, with respect to any report required to
11	be submitted under subsection (a) or (b), the date
12	that is 7 days after the date the report is required
13	to be submitted.
	to be submitted. SEC. 4. APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DE-
13 14 15	
14	SEC. 4. APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DE-
14 15	SEC. 4. APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.
14 15 16 17	SEC. 4. APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DE- FINED. For purposes of this Act, the term "appropriate con-
14 15 16	SEC. 4. APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DE- FINED. For purposes of this Act, the term "appropriate con- gressional committees" means—
14 15 16 17	SEC. 4. APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DE- FINED. For purposes of this Act, the term "appropriate con- gressional committees" means— (1) the Committee on Finance of the Senate;
14 15 16 17 18	FINED. For purposes of this Act, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means— (1) the Committee on Finance of the Senate; (2) the Committee on Appropriations of the
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 4. APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DE- FINED. For purposes of this Act, the term "appropriate con- gressional committees" means— (1) the Committee on Finance of the Senate; (2) the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate;
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	FINED. For purposes of this Act, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means— (1) the Committee on Finance of the Senate; (2) the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; (3) the Committee on Ways and Means of the