H. R. 1992

To require the Secretary of Energy to establish programs for carbon dioxide capture, transport, utilization, and storage, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

March 17, 2021

Mr. Veasey (for himself, Mr. McKinley, Mrs. Bustos, Mr. Stauber, Ms. Sewell, and Ms. Cheney) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology, and in addition to the Committees on Energy and Commerce, and Transportation and Infrastructure, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To require the Secretary of Energy to establish programs for carbon dioxide capture, transport, utilization, and storage, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Storing CO2 and Lowering Emissions Act" or the
- 6 "SCALE Act".

1	(b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for
2	this Act is as follows:
	Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents. Sec. 2. Findings.
	TITLE I—UTILIZATION OF CARBON OXIDES
	Sec. 101. Carbon utilization program.
	TITLE II—TRANSPORTATION OF CAPTURED CARBON
	Sec. 201. Carbon capture technology program. Sec. 202. Carbon dioxide transportation infrastructure finance and innovation.
	TITLE III—GEOLOGIC STORAGE OF CAPTURED CARBON
	Sec. 301. Carbon storage validation and testing. Sec. 302. Secure geologic storage permitting.
3	SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
4	Congress finds that—
5	(1) the industrial sector is integral to the econ-
6	omy of the United States—
7	(A) providing millions of jobs and essential
8	products; and
9	(B) demonstrating global leadership in
10	manufacturing and innovation;
11	(2) carbon capture and storage technologies are
12	necessary for reducing hard-to-abate emissions from
13	the industrial sector, which emits nearly 25 percent
14	of carbon dioxide emissions in the United States;
15	(3) carbon removal and storage technologies, in-
16	cluding direct air capture, must be deployed at
17	large-scale in the coming decades to remove carbon
18	dioxide directly from the atmosphere;

1	(4) large-scale deployment of carbon capture,
2	removal, utilization, transport, and storage—
3	(A) is critical for achieving mid-century cli-
4	mate goals; and
5	(B) will drive regional economic develop-
6	ment, technological innovation, and high-wage
7	employment;
8	(5) carbon capture, removal, and utilization
9	technologies require a backbone system of shared
10	carbon dioxide transport and storage infrastructure
11	to enable large-scale deployment, realize economies
12	of scale, and create an interconnected carbon man-
13	agement market;
14	(6) carbon dioxide transport infrastructure and
15	permanent geological storage are proven and safe
16	technologies with existing Federal and State regu-
17	latory frameworks;
18	(7) carbon dioxide transport and storage infra-
19	structure share similar barriers to deployment pre-
20	viously faced by other types of critical national infra-
21	structure, such as high capital costs and chicken-
22	and-egg challenges, that require Federal and State
23	support, in combination with private investment, to

be overcome; and

1	(8) each State should take into consideration,
2	with respect to new carbon dioxide transportation in-
3	frastructure—
4	(A) qualifying the infrastructure as pollu-
5	tion control devices under applicable laws (in-
6	cluding regulations) of the State; and
7	(B) establishing a waiver of ad valorem
8	and property taxes for the infrastructure for a
9	period of not less than 10 years.
10	TITLE I—UTILIZATION OF
11	CARBON OXIDES
12	SEC. 101. CARBON UTILIZATION PROGRAM.
13	Section 969A of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42
14	U.S.C. 16298a) is amended—
15	(1) in subsection (a)—
16	(A) by redesignating paragraphs (3) and
17	(4) as paragraphs (4) and (5), respectively; and
18	(B) by inserting after paragraph (2) the
19	following:
20	"(3) to develop or obtain, in coordination with
21	other applicable Federal agencies and standard-set-
22	ting organizations, standards and certifications, as
23	appropriate, to facilitate the commercialization of
24	the products and technologies described in para-
25	graph (2);";

1	(2) in subsection (b)—
2	(A) by redesignating paragraph (2) as
3	paragraph (3);
4	(B) by inserting after paragraph (1) the
5	following:
6	"(2) Grant Program.—
7	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year
8	after the date of enactment of the Storing CO2
9	and Lowering Emissions Act, the Secretary
10	shall establish a program to provide grants to
11	eligible entities to use in accordance with sub-
12	paragraph (D).
13	"(B) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—To be eligible
14	to receive a grant under this paragraph, an en-
15	tity shall be—
16	"(i) a State;
17	"(ii) a unit of local government; or
18	"(iii) a public utility or agency.
19	"(C) APPLICATIONS.—Eligible entities de
20	siring a grant under this paragraph shall sub-
21	mit to the Secretary an application at such
22	time, in such manner, and containing such in-
23	formation as the Secretary determines to be ap-
24	propriate.

1	"(D) Use of funds.—An eligible entity
2	shall use a grant received under this paragraph
3	to procure and use commercial or industrial
4	products that—
5	"(i) use or are derived from anthropo-
6	genic carbon oxides; and
7	"(ii) demonstrate significant net re-
8	ductions in lifecycle greenhouse gas emis-
9	sions compared to incumbent technologies,
10	processes, and products."; and
11	(C) in paragraph (3) (as so redesignated),
12	by striking "paragraph (1)" and inserting "this
13	subsection"; and
14	(3) in subsection (d), by striking paragraphs
15	(1) through (5) and inserting the following:
16	"(1) \$64,000,000 for fiscal year 2021;
17	"(2) \$65,250,000 for fiscal year 2022;
18	"(3) \$66,562,500 for fiscal year 2023;
19	" (4) \$67,940,625 for fiscal year 2024; and
20	"(5) $$69,387,656$ for fiscal year 2025.".
21	TITLE II—TRANSPORTATION OF
22	CAPTURED CARBON
23	SEC. 201. CARBON CAPTURE TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM.
24	Section 962 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42
25	U.S.C. 16292) is amended—

1	(1) in subsection $(b)(2)$ —
2	(A) in subparagraph (C), by striking
3	"and" at the end;
4	(B) in subparagraph (D), by striking "pro-
5	gram." and inserting "program for carbon cap-
6	ture technologies; and"; and
7	(C) by adding at the end the following:
8	"(E) a front-end engineering and design
9	program for carbon dioxide transport infra-
10	structure necessary to enable deployment of
11	carbon capture, utilization, and storage tech-
12	nologies."; and
13	(2) in subsection $(d)(1)$ —
14	(A) in subparagraph (C)(ii), by striking
15	"and" at the end;
16	(B) in subparagraph (D), by striking the
17	period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
18	(C) by adding at the end the following:
19	"(E) for activities under the front-end en-
20	gineering and design program described in sub-
21	section (b)(2)(E), \$20,000,000 for each of fis-
22.	cal years 2022 through 2025 "

1	SEC. 202. CARBON DIOXIDE TRANSPORTATION INFRA-
2	STRUCTURE FINANCE AND INNOVATION.
3	(a) In General.—Title IX of the Energy Policy Act
4	of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16181 et seq.) is amended by adding
5	at the end the following:
6	"Subtitle J—Carbon Dioxide Trans-
7	portation Infrastructure Fi-
8	nance and Innovation
9	"SEC. 999A. DEFINITIONS.
10	"In this subtitle:
11	"(1) CIFIA PROGRAM.—The term 'CIFIA pro-
12	gram' means the carbon dioxide transportation in-
13	frastructure finance and innovation program estab-
14	lished under section 999B(a).
15	"(2) COMMON CARRIER.—The term 'common
16	carrier' means a transportation infrastructure oper-
17	ator or owner that—
18	"(A) publishes a publicly available tariff
19	containing the just and reasonable rates, terms,
20	and conditions of nondiscriminatory service;
21	and
22	"(B) holds itself out to provide transpor-
23	tation services to the public for a fee.
24	"(3) Contingent commitment.—The term
25	'contingent commitment' means a commitment to

1	obligate funds from future available budget author-
2	ity that is—
3	"(A) contingent on those funds being made
4	available in law at a future date; and
5	"(B) not an obligation of the Federal Gov-
6	ernment.
7	"(4) ELIGIBLE PROJECT COSTS.—The term 'eli-
8	gible project costs' means amounts substantially all
9	of which are paid by, or for the account of, an obli-
10	gor in connection with a project, including—
11	"(A) the cost of—
12	"(i) development-phase activities, in-
13	cluding planning, feasibility analysis, rev-
14	enue forecasting, environmental review,
15	permitting, preliminary engineering and
16	design work, and other preconstruction ac-
17	tivities;
18	"(ii) construction, reconstruction, re-
19	habilitation, replacement, and acquisition
20	of real property (including land relating to
21	the project and improvements to land), en-
22	vironmental mitigation, construction con-
23	tingencies, and acquisition and installation
24	of equipment (including labor); and

1	"(iii) capitalized interest necessary to
2	meet market requirements, reasonably re-
3	quired reserve funds, capital issuance ex-
4	penses, and other carrying costs during
5	construction; and
6	"(B) transaction costs associated with fi-
7	nancing the project, including—
8	"(i) the cost of legal counsel and tech-
9	nical consultants; and
10	"(ii) any subsidy amount paid in ac-
11	cordance with section 999B(c)(3)(B)(ii) or
12	section 999C(b)(6)(B)(ii).
13	"(5) Federal Credit Instrument.—The
14	term 'Federal credit instrument' means a secured
15	loan or loan guarantee authorized to be provided
16	under the CIFIA program with respect to a project.
17	"(6) Lender.—The term 'lender' means any
18	non-Federal qualified institutional buyer (as defined
19	in section 230.144A(a) of title 17, Code of Federal
20	Regulations (or a successor regulation), commonly
21	known as Rule 144A(a) of the Securities and Ex-
22	change Commission and issued under the Securities
23	Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77a et seq.)), including—
24	"(A) a qualified retirement plan (as de-
25	fined in section 4974(c) of the Internal Revenue

1	Code of 1986) that is a qualified institutional
2	buyer; and
3	"(B) a governmental plan (as defined in
4	section 414(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of
5	1986) that is a qualified institutional buyer.
6	"(7) Letter of interest.—The term 'letter
7	of interest' means a letter submitted by a potential
8	applicant prior to an application for credit assistance
9	in a format prescribed by the Secretary on the
10	website of the CIFIA program that—
11	"(A) describes the project and the location,
12	purpose, and cost of the project;
13	"(B) outlines the proposed financial plan,
14	including the requested credit and grant assist-
15	ance and the proposed obligor;
16	"(C) provides a status of environmental re-
17	view; and
18	"(D) provides information regarding satis-
19	faction of other eligibility requirements of the
20	CIFIA program.
21	"(8) LOAN GUARANTEE.—The term 'loan guar-
22	antee' means any guarantee or other pledge by the
23	Secretary to pay all or part of the principal of, and
24	interest on, a loan or other debt obligation issued by
25	an obligor and funded by a lender.

1	"(9) Master Credit Agreement.—The term
2	'master credit agreement' means a conditional agree-
3	ment that—
4	"(A) is for the purpose of extending credit
5	assistance for—
6	"(i) a project of high priority under
7	section $999B(c)(3)(A)$; or
8	"(ii) a project covered under section
9	999B(c)(3)(B);
10	"(B) does not provide for a current obliga-
11	tion of Federal funds; and
12	"(C) would—
13	"(i) make a contingent commitment of
14	a Federal credit instrument or grant at a
15	future date, subject to—
16	"(I) the availability of future
17	funds being made available to carry
18	out the CIFIA program; and
19	"(II) the satisfaction of all condi-
20	tions for the provision of credit assist-
21	ance under the CIFIA program, in-
22	cluding section 999C(b);
23	"(ii) establish the maximum amounts
24	and general terms and conditions of the
25	Federal credit instruments or grants;

1	"(iii) identify the 1 or more revenue
2	sources that will secure the repayment of
3	the Federal credit instruments;
4	"(iv) provide for the obligation of
5	funds for the Federal credit instruments or
6	grants after all requirements have been
7	met for the projects subject to the agree-
8	ment, including—
9	"(I) compliance with all applica-
10	ble requirements specified under the
11	CIFIA program, including sections
12	999B(d) and 999C(b)(1); and
13	"(II) the availability of funds to
14	carry out the CIFIA program; and
15	"(v) require that contingent commit-
16	ments shall result in a financial close and
17	obligation of credit or grant assistance by
18	not later than 4 years after the date of
19	entry into the agreement or release of the
20	commitment, as applicable, unless other-
21	wise extended by the Secretary.
22	"(10) Obligor.—The term 'obligor' means a
23	corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, gov-
24	ernmental entity, agency, or instrumentality, or
25	other entity that is primarily liable for payment of

- the principal of, or interest on, a Federal credit instrument.
- "(11) PRODUCED IN THE UNITED STATES.—
 The term 'produced in the United States', with respect to iron and steel, means that all manufacturing processes for the iron and steel, including the application of any coating, occurs within the United States.
 - "(12) Project.—The term 'project' means a project for common carrier carbon dioxide transportation infrastructure or associated equipment, including pipeline, shipping, rail, or other transportation infrastructure and associated equipment, that will transport or handle carbon dioxide captured from anthropogenic sources or ambient air, as the Secretary determines to be appropriate.
 - "(13) Project obligation' means any note, bond, debenture, or other debt obligation issued by an obligor in connection with the financing of a project, other than a Federal credit instrument.
- 22 "(14) SECURED LOAN.—The term 'secured 23 loan' means a direct loan or other debt obligation 24 issued by an obligor and funded by the Secretary in

1	connection with the financing of a project under sec-
2	tion 999C.
3	"(15) Subsidy amount.—The term 'subsidy
4	amount' means the amount of budget authority suf-
5	ficient to cover the estimated long-term cost to the
6	Federal Government of a Federal credit instru-
7	ment—
8	"(A) calculated on a net present value
9	basis; and
10	"(B) excluding administrative costs and
11	any incidental effects on governmental receipts
12	or outlays in accordance with the Federal Cred-
13	it Reform Act of 1990 (2 U.S.C. 661 et seq.).
14	"(16) Substantial completion.—The term
15	'substantial completion', with respect to a project,
16	means the date—
17	"(A) on which the project commences
18	transportation of carbon dioxide; or
19	"(B) of a comparable event to the event
20	described in subparagraph (A), as determined
21	by the Secretary and specified in the project
22	credit agreement.

1	"SEC. 999B. DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY AND
2	PROJECT SELECTION.
3	"(a) Establishment of Program.—The Secretary
4	shall establish and carry out a carbon dioxide transpor-
5	tation infrastructure finance and innovation program,
6	under which the Secretary shall provide for eligible
7	projects in accordance with this subtitle—
8	"(1) a Federal credit instrument under section
9	999C;
10	"(2) a grant under section 999D; or
11	"(3) both a Federal credit instrument and a
12	grant.
13	"(b) Eligibility.—
14	"(1) In general.—A project shall be eligible
15	to receive a Federal credit instrument or a grant
16	under the CIFIA program if—
17	"(A) the entity proposing to carry out the
18	project submits a letter of interest prior to sub-
19	mission of an application under paragraph (3)
20	for the project; and
21	"(B) the project meets the criteria de-
22	scribed in this subsection.
23	"(2) Creditworthiness.—
24	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Each project and obli-
25	gor that receives a Federal credit instrument or
26	a grant under the CIFIA program shall be

1	creditworthy, such that there exists a reason-
2	able prospect of repayment of the principal and
3	interest on the Federal credit instrument, as
4	determined by the Secretary under subpara-
5	graph (B).
6	"(B) Reasonable prospect of repay-
7	MENT.—The Secretary shall base a determina-
8	tion of whether there is a reasonable prospect
9	of repayment under subparagraph (A) on a
10	comprehensive evaluation of whether the obligor
11	has a reasonable prospect of repaying the Fed-
12	eral credit instrument for the eligible project,
13	including evaluation of—
14	"(i) the strength of the contractual
15	terms of an eligible project (if available for
16	the applicable market segment);
17	"(ii) the forecast of noncontractual
18	cash flows supported by market projections
19	from reputable sources, as determined by
20	the Secretary, and cash sweeps or other
21	structural enhancements;
22	"(iii) the projected financial strength
23	of the obligor—
24	"(I) at the time of loan close;
25	and

1	"(II) throughout the loan term,
2	including after the project is com-
3	pleted;
4	"(iv) the financial strength of the in-
5	vestors and strategic partners of the obli-
6	gor, if applicable; and
7	"(v) other financial metrics and anal-
8	yses that are relied on by the private lend-
9	ing community and nationally recognized
10	credit rating agencies, as determined ap-
11	propriate by the Secretary.
12	"(3) Applications.—To be eligible for assist-
13	ance under the CIFIA program, an obligor shall
14	submit to the Secretary a project application at such
15	time, in such manner, and containing such informa-
16	tion as the Secretary determines to be appropriate.
17	"(4) Eligible project costs.—A project
18	under the CIFIA program shall have eligible project
19	costs that are reasonably anticipated to equal or ex-
20	ceed \$100,000,000.
21	"(5) REVENUE SOURCES.—The applicable Fed-
22	eral credit instrument shall be repayable, in whole or
23	in part, from—
24	"(A) user fees;

1	"(B) payments owing to the obligor under
2	a public-private partnership; or
3	"(C) other revenue sources that also secure
4	or fund the project obligations.
5	"(6) Obligor will be identified later.—
6	A State, local government, agency, or instrumen-
7	tality of a State or local government, or a public au-
8	thority, may submit to the Secretary an application
9	under paragraph (3), under which a private party to
10	a public-private partnership will be—
11	"(A) the obligor; and
12	"(B) identified at a later date through
13	completion of a procurement and selection of
14	the private party.
15	"(7) Beneficial effects.—The Secretary
16	shall determine that financial assistance for each
17	project under the CIFIA program will—
18	"(A) attract public or private investment
19	for the project;
20	"(B) enable the project to proceed at an
21	earlier date than the project would otherwise be
22	able to proceed or reduce the lifecycle costs (in-
23	cluding debt service costs) of the project; or

1	"(C) enable the transportation of carbon
2	dioxide captured from anthropogenic sources or
3	ambient air.
4	"(8) Project readiness.—To be eligible for
5	assistance under the CIFIA program, the applicant
6	shall demonstrate a reasonable expectation that the
7	contracting process for construction of the project
8	can commence by not later than 90 days after the
9	date on which a Federal credit instrument or grant
10	is obligated for the project under the CIFIA pro-
11	gram.
12	"(c) Selection Among Eligible Projects.—
13	"(1) Establishment of application proc-
14	ESS.—The Secretary shall establish an application
15	process under which projects that are eligible to re-
16	ceive assistance under subsection (b) may—
17	"(A) receive credit assistance on terms ac-
18	ceptable to the Secretary, if adequate funds are
19	available (including any funds provided on be-
20	half of an eligible project under paragraph
21	(3)(B)(ii)) to cover the subsidy amount associ-
22	ated with the Federal credit instrument; and
23	"(B) receive grants under section 999D
24	if—

1	"(i) adequate funds are available to
2	cover the amount of the grant; and
3	"(ii) the Secretary determines that
4	the project is eligible under subsection (b)
5	of that section.
6	"(2) Priority.—In selecting projects to receive
7	credit assistance under subsection (b), the Secretary
8	shall give priority to projects that—
9	"(A) are large-capacity, common carrier
10	infrastructure;
11	"(B) have demonstrated demand for use of
12	the infrastructure by associated projects that
13	capture carbon dioxide from anthropogenic
14	sources or ambient air;
15	"(C) enable geographical diversity in asso-
16	ciated projects that capture carbon dioxide from
17	anthropogenic sources or ambient air, with the
18	goal of enabling projects in all major carbon di-
19	oxide-emitting regions of the United States; and
20	"(D) are sited within, or adjacent to, exist-
21	ing pipeline or other linear infrastructure cor-
22	ridors, in a manner that minimizes environ-
23	mental disturbance and other siting concerns.
24	"(3) Master credit agreements.—

1	"(A) Priority Projects.—The Secretary
2	may enter into a master credit agreement for a
3	project that the Secretary determines—
4	"(i) will likely be eligible for credit as-
5	sistance under subsection (b), on obtain-
6	ing—
7	"(I) additional commitments
8	from associated carbon capture
9	projects to use the project; or
10	"(II) all necessary permits and
11	approvals; and
12	"(ii) is a project of high priority, as
13	determined in accordance with the criteria
14	described in paragraph (2).
15	"(B) ADEQUATE FUNDING NOT AVAIL-
16	ABLE.—If the Secretary fully obligates funding
17	to eligible projects for a fiscal year and ade-
18	quate funding is not available to fund a Federal
19	credit instrument, a project sponsor (including
20	a unit of State or local government) of an eligi-
21	ble project may elect—
22	"(i)(I) to enter into a master credit
23	agreement in lieu of the Federal credit in-
24	strument; and

1	"(II) to wait to execute a Federal
2	credit instrument until the fiscal year for
3	which additional funds are available to re-
4	ceive credit assistance; or
5	"(ii) if the lack of adequate funding is
6	solely with respect to amounts available for
7	the subsidy amount, to pay the subsidy
8	amount to fund the Federal credit instru-
9	ment.
10	"(d) Federal Requirements.—
11	"(1) In general.—Nothing in this subtitle su-
12	persedes the applicability of any other requirement
13	under Federal law (including regulations).
14	"(2) NEPA.—Federal credit assistance may
15	only be provided under this subtitle for a project
16	that has received an environmental categorical exclu-
17	sion, a finding of no significant impact, or a record
18	of decision under the National Environmental Policy
19	Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.).
20	"(e) Use of American Iron, Steel, and Manu-
21	FACTURED GOODS.—
22	"(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
23	graph (2), no Federal credit instrument or grant
24	provided under the CIFIA program shall be made
25	available for a project unless all iron, steel, and

1	manufactured goods used in the project are pro-
2	duced in the United States.
3	"(2) Exceptions.—Paragraph (1) shall not
4	apply in any case or category of cases with respect
5	to which the Secretary determines that—
6	"(A) the application would be inconsistent
7	with the public interest;
8	"(B) iron, steel, or a relevant manufac-
9	tured good is not produced in the United States
10	in sufficient and reasonably available quantity,
11	or of a satisfactory quality; or
12	"(C) the inclusion of iron, steel, or a man-
13	ufactured good produced in the United States
14	will increase the cost of the overall project by
15	more than 25 percent.
16	"(3) Waivers.—If the Secretary receives a re-
17	quest for a waiver under this subsection, the Sec-
18	retary shall—
19	"(A) make available to the public a copy of
20	the request, together with any information
21	available to the Secretary concerning the re-
22	quest—
23	"(i) on an informal basis; and

1	"(ii) by electronic means, including on
2	the official public website of the Depart-
3	ment;
4	"(B) allow for informal public comment re-
5	lating to the request for not fewer than 15 days
6	before making a determination with respect to
7	the request; and
8	"(C) approve or disapprove the request by
9	not later than the date that is 120 days after
10	the date of receipt of the request.
11	"(4) Applicability.—This subsection shall be
12	applied in accordance with any applicable obligations
13	of the United States under international agreements.
14	"(f) Prevailing Rate of Wage.—
15	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall ensure
16	that each laborer and mechanic employed by a con-
17	tractor or subcontractor for a project financed, in
18	whole or in part, by a Federal credit instrument or
19	grant provided under the CIFIA program shall be
20	paid wages at rates not less than those prevailing on
21	the same type of work on similar construction
22	projects in the applicable locality, as determined by
23	the Secretary of Labor under subchapter IV of chap-
24	ter 31 of part A of subtitle II of title 40, United

1	States Code (commonly referred to as the 'Davis-
2	Bacon Act').
3	"(2) Authority of Secretary of Labor.—
4	With respect to the labor standards described in
5	paragraph (1), the Secretary of Labor shall have the
6	authority and functions described in Reorganization
7	Plan Numbered 14 of 1950 (64 Stat. 1267; 5
8	U.S.C. App.) and section 3145 of title 40, United
9	States Code.
10	"(g) Application Processing Procedures.—
11	"(1) Notice of complete application.—
12	Not later than 30 days after the date of receipt of
13	an application under this section, the Secretary shall
14	provide to the applicant a written notice describing
15	whether—
16	"(A) the application is complete; or
17	"(B) additional information or materials
18	are needed to complete the application.
19	"(2) Approval or denial of application.—
20	Not later than 60 days after the date of issuance of
21	a written notice under paragraph (1), the Secretary
22	shall provide to the applicant a written notice in-
23	forming the applicant whether the Secretary has ap-
24	proved or disapproved the application.

1	"(h) Development-Phase Activities.—Any Fed-
2	eral credit instrument provided under the CIFIA program
3	may be used to finance up to 100 percent of the cost of
4	development-phase activities, as described in section
5	999A(4)(A).
6	"SEC. 999C. SECURED LOANS.
7	"(a) AGREEMENTS.—
8	"(1) In general.—Subject to paragraph (2),
9	the Secretary may enter into agreements with 1 or
10	more obligors to make secured loans, the proceeds of
11	which shall be used—
12	"(A) to finance eligible project costs of any
13	project selected under section 999B;
14	"(B) to refinance interim construction fi-
15	nancing of eligible project costs of any project
16	selected under section 999B; or
17	"(C) to refinance long-term project obliga-
18	tions or Federal credit instruments, if the refi-
19	nancing provides additional funding capacity for
20	the completion, enhancement, or expansion of
21	any project that—
22	"(i) is selected under section 999B; or
23	"(ii) otherwise meets the requirements
24	of that section.

1	"(2) RISK ASSESSMENT.—Before entering into
2	an agreement under this subsection, the Secretary,
3	in consultation with the Director of the Office of
4	Management and Budget, shall determine an appro-
5	priate credit subsidy amount for each secured loan,
6	taking into account all relevant factors, including the
7	credit worthiness factors under section $999B(b)(2)$.
8	"(b) Terms and Limitations.—
9	"(1) In general.—A secured loan under this
10	section with respect to a project shall be on such
11	terms and conditions and contain such covenants,
12	representations, warranties, and requirements (in-
13	cluding requirements for audits) as the Secretary de-
14	termines to be appropriate.
15	"(2) MAXIMUM AMOUNT.—The amount of a se-
16	cured loan under this section shall not exceed an
17	amount equal to 80 percent of the reasonably antici-
18	pated eligible project costs.
19	"(3) PAYMENT.—A secured loan under this sec-
20	tion shall be payable, in whole or in part, from—
21	"(A) user fees;
22	"(B) payments owing to the obligor under
23	a public-private partnership; or
24	"(C) other revenue sources that also secure
25	or fund the project obligations.

1	"(4) Interest rate.—
2	"(A) In general.—Except as provided in
3	subparagraph (B), the interest rate on a se-
4	cured loan under this section shall be not less
5	than the yield on United States Treasury secu-
6	rities of a similar maturity to the maturity of
7	the secured loan on the date of execution of the
8	loan agreement.
9	"(B) Limited Buydowns.—
10	"(i) In general.—Subject to clause
11	(ii), the Secretary may lower the interest
12	rate of a secured loan under this section if
13	the interest rate has increased between the
14	period—
15	"(I) beginning on, as applica-
16	ble—
17	"(aa) the date on which an
18	application acceptable to the Sec-
19	retary is submitted for the appli-
20	cable project; or
21	"(bb) the date on which the
22	Secretary entered into a master
23	credit agreement for the applica-
24	ble project; and

1	"(II) ending on the date on
2	which the Secretary executes the Fed-
3	eral credit instrument for the applica-
4	ble project.
5	"(ii) Limitation.—The interest rate
6	of a secured loan may not be lowered pur-
7	suant to clause (i) by more than the lower
8	of—
9	"(I) $1\frac{1}{2}$ percentage points (150
10	basis points); and
11	"(II) an amount equal to the
12	amount of the increase in the interest
13	rate described in that clause.
14	"(5) MATURITY DATE.—The final maturity
15	date of the secured loan shall be the earlier of—
16	"(A) the date that is 35 years after the
17	date of substantial completion of the project;
18	and
19	"(B) if the useful life of the capital asset
20	being financed is of a lesser period, the date
21	that is the end of the useful life of the asset.
22	"(6) Nonsubordination.—
23	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
24	subparagraph (B), the secured loan shall not be
25	subordinated to the claims of any holder of

1	project obligations in the event of bankruptcy,
2	insolvency, or liquidation of the obligor.
3	"(B) Preexisting indenture.—
4	"(i) In General.—The Secretary
5	shall waive the requirement under subpara-
6	graph (A) for a public agency borrower
7	that is financing ongoing capital programs
8	and has outstanding senior bonds under a
9	preexisting indenture, if—
10	"(I) the secured loan is rated in
11	the A category or higher; and
12	"(II) the secured loan is secured
13	and payable from pledged revenues
14	not affected by project performance,
15	such as a tax-backed revenue pledge
16	or a system-backed pledge of project
17	revenues.
18	"(ii) Limitation.—If the Secretary
19	waives the nonsubordination requirement
20	under this subparagraph—
21	"(I) the maximum credit subsidy
22	amount to be paid by the Federal
23	Government shall be not more than
24	10 percent of the principal amount of
25	the secured loan; and

1	" (Π) the obligor shall be respon-
2	sible for paying the remainder of the
3	subsidy amount, if any.
4	"(7) Fees.—The Secretary may collect a fee on
5	or after the date of the financial close of a Federal
6	credit instrument under this section in an amount
7	equal to not more than \$1,000,000 to cover all or
8	a portion of the costs to the Federal Government of
9	providing the Federal credit instrument.
10	"(8) Maximum federal involvement.—The
11	total Federal assistance provided for a project under
12	the CIFIA program, including any grant provided
13	under section 999D, shall not exceed an amount
14	equal to 80 percent of the eligible project costs.
15	"(c) Repayment.—
16	"(1) Schedule.—The Secretary shall establish
17	a repayment schedule for each secured loan under
18	this section based on—
19	"(A) the projected cash flow from project
20	revenues and other repayment sources; and
21	"(B) the useful life of the project.
22	"(2) Commencement.—Scheduled loan repay-
23	ments of principal or interest on a secured loan
24	under this section shall commence not later than 5

1	years after the date of substantial completion of the
2	project.
3	"(3) Deferred payments.—
4	"(A) IN GENERAL.—If, at any time after
5	the date of substantial completion of a project,
6	the project is unable to generate sufficient reve-
7	nues in excess of reasonable and necessary op-
8	erating expenses to pay the scheduled loan re-
9	payments of principal and interest on the se-
10	cured loan, the Secretary may, subject to sub-
11	paragraph (C), allow the obligor to add unpaid
12	principal and interest to the outstanding bal-
13	ance of the secured loan.
14	"(B) Interest.—Any payment deferred
15	under subparagraph (A) shall—
16	"(i) continue to accrue interest in ac-
17	cordance with subsection (b)(4) until fully
18	repaid; and
19	"(ii) be scheduled to be amortized
20	over the remaining term of the loan.
21	"(C) Criteria.—
22	"(i) In general.—Any payment de-
23	ferral under subparagraph (A) shall be
24	contingent on the project meeting criteria
25	established by the Secretary.

1	"(ii) Repayment standards.—The
2	criteria established pursuant to clause (i)
3	shall include standards for the reasonable
4	prospect of repayment.
5	"(4) Prepayment.—
6	"(A) Use of excess revenues.—Any
7	excess revenues that remain after satisfying
8	scheduled debt service requirements on the
9	project obligations and secured loan and all de-
10	posit requirements under the terms of any trust
11	agreement, bond resolution, or similar agree-
12	ment securing project obligations may be ap-
13	plied annually to prepay the secured loan, with-
14	out penalty.
15	"(B) Use of proceeds of refi-
16	NANCING.—A secured loan may be prepaid at
17	any time without penalty from the proceeds of
18	refinancing from non-Federal funding sources.
19	"(d) Sale of Secured Loans.—
20	"(1) In General.—Subject to paragraph (2),
21	as soon as practicable after substantial completion of
22	a project and after notifying the obligor, the Sec-
23	retary may sell to another entity or reoffer into the

capital markets a secured loan for the project if the

- 1 Secretary determines that the sale or reoffering can 2 be made on favorable terms.
- "(2) Consent of Obligor.—In making a sale or reoffering under paragraph (1), the Secretary may not change any original term or condition of the secured loan without the written consent of the obligor.

8 "(e) Loan Guarantees.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may provide
 a loan guarantee to a lender in lieu of making a secured loan under this section if the Secretary determines that the budgetary cost of the loan guarantee
 is substantially the same as, or less than, that of a
 secured loan.
- "(2) TERMS.—The terms of a loan guarantee under paragraph (1) shall be consistent with the terms required under this section for a secured loan, except that the rate on the guaranteed loan and any prepayment features shall be negotiated between the obligor and the lender, with the consent of the Secretary.

22 "SEC. 999D. FUTURE GROWTH GRANTS.

23 "(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary may provide 24 grants to pay a portion of the cost differential, with re-25 spect to any projected future increase in demand for car-

- bon dioxide transportation by an infrastructure project de-2 scribed in subsection (b), between— 3 "(1) the cost of constructing the infrastructure 4 asset with the capacity to transport an increased 5 flow rate of carbon dioxide, as made practicable 6 under the project; and 7 "(2) the cost of constructing the infrastructure 8 asset with the capacity to transport carbon dioxide 9 at the flow rate initially required, based on commit-10 ments for the use of the asset. 11 "(b) Eligibility.—To be eligible to receive a grant under this section, an entity shall— 12 "(1) be eligible to receive credit assistance 13 14 under the CIFIA program; "(2) carry out, or propose to carry out, a 15 project for large-capacity, common carrier infra-16 17 structure with a probable future increase in demand 18 for carbon dioxide transportation; and 19 "(3) submit to the Secretary an application at 20 such time, in such manner, and containing such in-21 formation as the Secretary determines to be appro-22 priate.
- "(c) USE OF FUNDS.—A grant provided under this section may be used only to pay the costs of any additional flow rate capacity of a carbon dioxide transportation infra-

- 1 structure asset that the project sponsor demonstrates to
- 2 the satisfaction of the Secretary can reasonably be ex-
- 3 pected to be used during the 20-year period beginning on
- 4 the date of substantial completion of the project described
- 5 in subsection (b)(2).
- 6 "(d) Maximum Amount.—The amount of a grant
- 7 provided under this section may not exceed an amount
- 8 equal to 80 percent of the cost of the additional capacity
- 9 described in subsection (a).
- 10 "SEC. 999E. PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION.
- 11 "(a) Requirement.—The Secretary shall establish
- 12 a uniform system to service the Federal credit instruments
- 13 provided under the CIFIA program.
- 14 "(b) Fees.—The Secretary may collect fees on or
- 15 after the date of the financial close of a Federal credit
- 16 instrument provided under the CIFIA program, contin-
- 17 gent on authority being provided in appropriations Acts,
- 18 at a level that is sufficient to cover—
- 19 "(1) the costs of services of expert firms re-
- tained pursuant to subsection (d); and
- 21 "(2) all or a portion of the costs to the Federal
- Government of servicing the Federal credit instru-
- 23 ments.
- 24 "(c) Servicer.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may appoint 1 2 a financial entity to assist the Secretary in servicing the Federal credit instruments. 3 "(2) Duties.—A servicer appointed under 4 5 paragraph (1) shall act as the agent for the Sec-6 retary. "(3) Fee.—A servicer appointed under para-7 8 graph (1) shall receive a servicing fee, subject to ap-9 proval by the Secretary. 10 "(d) Assistance From Expert Firms.—The Sec-11 retary may retain the services of expert firms, including 12 counsel, in the field of municipal and project finance to assist in the underwriting and servicing of Federal credit 13 14 instruments. "(e) Expedited Processing.—The Secretary shall 15 implement procedures and measures to economize the time 16 17 and cost involved in obtaining approval and the issuance of credit assistance under the CIFIA program. 18 19 "SEC. 999F. STATE AND LOCAL PERMITS. 20 "The provision of credit assistance under the CIFIA" 21 program with respect to a project shall not— 22 "(1) relieve any recipient of the assistance of 23 any project obligation to obtain any required State 24 or local permit or approval with respect to the

project;

1	"(2) limit the right of any unit of State or local
2	government to approve or regulate any rate of re-
3	turn on private equity invested in the project; or
4	"(3) otherwise supersede any State or local law
5	(including any regulation) applicable to the construc-
6	tion or operation of the project.
7	"SEC. 999G. REGULATIONS.
8	"The Secretary may promulgate such regulations as
9	the Secretary determines to be appropriate to carry out
10	the CIFIA program.
11	"SEC. 999H. FUNDING.
12	"(a) Funding.—
13	"(1) In general.—There are authorized to be
14	appropriated to the Secretary to carry out this sub-
15	title, to remain available until expended—
16	"(A) \$600,000,000 for each of fiscal years
17	2022 and 2023; and
18	"(B) \$300,000,000 for each of fiscal years
19	2024 through 2026.
20	"(2) Spending and Borrowing Author-
21	ITY.—Spending and borrowing authority for a fiscal
22	year to enter into Federal credit instruments shall
23	be promptly apportioned to the Secretary on a fiscal-
24	year basis.

"(3) REESTIMATES.—If the subsidy amount of a Federal credit instrument is reestimated, the cost increase or decrease of the reestimate shall be borne by, or benefit, the general fund of the Treasury, consistent with section 504(f) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 661c(f)).

"(4) ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS.—Of the amounts made available to carry out the CIFIA program, the Secretary may use not more than \$9,000,000 (as indexed for United States dollar inflation from the date of enactment of the Storing CO2 and Lowering Emissions Act (as measured by the Consumer Price Index)) each fiscal year for the administration of the CIFIA program.

"(b) Contract Authority.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, execution of a term sheet by the Secretary of a Federal credit instrument that uses amounts made available under the CIFIA program shall impose on the United States a contractual obligation to fund the Federal credit investment.
- "(2) AVAILABILITY.—Amounts made available to carry out the CIFIA program for a fiscal year shall be available for obligation on October 1 of the fiscal year.".

1 (b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—The table of contents for the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (Public Law 109– 3 58; 119 Stat. 600) is amended— 4 (1) in the item relating to section 917, by strik-5 ing "Efficiency"; 6 (2) by striking the items relating to subtitle J 7 of title IX (relating to ultra-deepwater and uncon-8 ventional natural gas and other petroleum resources) 9 and inserting the following: "Subtitle J—Carbon Dioxide Transportation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation "Sec. 999A. Definitions. "Sec. 999B. Determination of eligibility and project selection. "Sec. 999C. Secured loans. "Sec. 999D. Future growth grants. "Sec. 999E. Program administration. "Sec. 999F. State and local permits." "Sec. 999G. Regulations. "Sec. 999H. Funding."; 10 and 11 (3) by striking the item relating to section 12 969B and inserting the following: "Sec. 969B. High efficiency turbines.". TITLE III—GEOLOGIC STORAGE 13 OF CAPTURED CARBON 14 SEC. 301. CARBON STORAGE VALIDATION AND TESTING. 16 Section 963 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42) U.S.C. 16293) is amended— 18 (1) in subsection (a)(1)(B), by striking "over a 10-year period"; 19

1	(2) in subsection (b)—
2	(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "and
3	demonstration" and inserting "demonstration,
4	and commercialization"; and
5	(B) in paragraph (2)—
6	(i) in subparagraph (G), by striking
7	"and" at the end;
8	(ii) in subparagraph (H), by striking
9	the period at the end and inserting ";
10	and"; and
11	(iii) by adding at the end the fol-
12	lowing:
13	"(I) evaluating the quantity, lo-
14	cation, and timing of geologic carbon
15	storage deployment that may be need-
16	ed, and developing strategies and re-
17	sources to enable the deployment.";
18	(3) by redesignating subsections (e) through (g)
19	as subsections (f) through (h), respectively;
20	(4) by inserting after subsection (d) the fol-
21	lowing:
22	"(e) Large-Scale Carbon Storage Commer-
23	CIALIZATION PROGRAM.—
24	"(1) In general.—The Secretary shall estab-
25	lish a commercialization program under which the

1 Secretary shall provide funding for the development 2 of new or expanded commercial large-scale carbon 3 sequestration projects and associated carbon dioxide 4 transport infrastructure, including funding for the 5 feasibility, site characterization, permitting, and con-6 struction stages of project development. 7 "(2) Applications; selection.— "(A) IN GENERAL.—To be eligible to enter 8 9 into an agreement with the Secretary for fund-10 ing under paragraph (1), an entity shall submit 11 to the Secretary an application at such time, in 12 such manner, and containing such information 13 as the Secretary determines to be appropriate. 14 "(B) APPLICATION PROCESS.—The Sec-15 retary shall establish an application process 16 that, to the maximum extent practicable— "(i) is open to projects at any stage of 17 18 development described in paragraph (1); 19 and "(ii) facilitates expeditious develop-20 21 ment of projects described in that para-22 graph. "(C) Project selection.—In selecting 23 24 projects for funding under paragraph (1), the 25 Secretary shall give priority to—

1	"(i) projects with substantial carbon
2	dioxide storage capacity; or
3	"(ii) projects that will store carbon di-
4	oxide from multiple carbon capture facili-
5	ties.";
6	(5) in subsection (f) (as so redesignated), in
7	paragraph (1), by inserting "with respect to the re-
8	search, development, demonstration program compo-
9	nents described in subsections (b) through (d)" be-
10	fore "give preference"; and
11	(6) in subsection (h) (as so redesignated)—
12	(A) in paragraph (5), by striking the pe-
13	riod at the end and inserting "; and";
14	(B) by redesignating paragraphs (1)
15	through (5) as subparagraphs (A) through (E),
16	respectively, and indenting appropriately;
17	(C) by inserting before subparagraph (A)
18	(as so redesignated) the following:
19	"(1) for activities under the research, develop-
20	ment, demonstration program components described
21	in subsections (b) through (d)—''; and
22	(D) by adding at the end the following:
23	"(2) for activities under the commercialization
24	program component described in subsection (e), to

1	remain available until expended, \$500,000,000 for
2	each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.".
3	SEC. 302. SECURE GEOLOGIC STORAGE PERMITTING.
4	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
5	(1) Administrator.—The term "Adminis-
6	trator" means the Administrator of the Environ-
7	mental Protection Agency.
8	(2) Class VI well.—The term "Class VI well"
9	means a well described in section 144.6(f) of title
10	40, Code of Federal Regulations (or successor regu-
11	lations).
12	(b) Geologic Sequestration Permitting.—For
13	the permitting of Class VI wells by the Administrator for
14	the injection of carbon dioxide for the purpose of geologic
15	sequestration in accordance with the requirements of the
16	Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300f et seq.) and
17	the final rule of the Administrator entitled "Federal Re-
18	quirements Under the Underground Injection Control
19	(UIC) Program for Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂) Geologic Se-
20	questration (GS) Wells" (75 Fed. Reg. 77230 (December
21	10, 2010)), there is authorized to be appropriated for each
22	of fiscal years 2022 through 2026, \$5,000,000.
23	(c) State Permitting Program Grants.—
24	(1) Establishment.—The Administrator shall
25	award grants to States that, pursuant to section

- 1 1422 of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 2 300h-1), receive the approval of the Administrator 3 for a State underground injection control program
- 4 for permitting Class VI wells for the injection of car-
- 5 bon dioxide.

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- (2) USE OF FUNDS.—A State that receives a grant under paragraph (1) shall use the amounts received under the grant to defray the expenses of the State related to the establishment and operation of a State underground injection control program described in paragraph (1).
 - (3) Authorization of appropriations.—
 There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
 this subsection, for the period of fiscal years 2022
 through 2026, \$50,000,000.

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