117TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 8799

To promote freedom of information and counter censorship and surveillance in North Korea, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SEPTEMBER 9, 2022

Mr. Wenstrup (for himself, Mr. Connolly, and Mr. Barr) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and in addition to the Committee on the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To promote freedom of information and counter censorship and surveillance in North Korea, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Otto Warmbier Coun-
- 5 tering North Korean Censorship and Surveillance Act of
- 6 2021".

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS; SENSE OF CONGRESS.

- 2 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-3 ings:
- 4 (1) The information landscape in North Korea 5 is the most repressive in the world, consistently 6 ranking last or near-last in the annual World Press 7 Freedom Index.
 - (2) Under the brutal rule of Kim Jung Un, the country's leader since 2012, the North Korean regime has tightened controls on access to information, as well as enacted harsh punishments for consumers of outside media, including sentencing to time in a concentration camp and a maximum penalty of death.
 - (3) Such repressive and unjust laws surrounding information in North Korea resulted in the death of 22-year-old United States citizen and university student Otto Warmbier, who had traveled to North Korea in December 2015 as part of a guided tour.
 - (4) Otto Warmbier was unjustly arrested, sentenced to 15 years of hard labor, and severely mistreated at the hands of North Korean officials. While in captivity, Otto Warmbier suffered a serious medical emergency that placed him into a comatose

- state. Otto Warmbier was comatose upon his release in June 2017 and died 6 days later.
- 3 (5) Despite increased penalties for possession 4 and viewership of foreign media, the people of North 5 Korea have increased their desire for foreign media 6 content, according to a survey of 200 defectors con-7 cluding that 90 percent had watched South Korean 8 or other foreign media before defecting.
 - (6) On March 23, 2021, in an annual resolution, the United Nations General Assembly condemned "the long-standing and ongoing systematic, widespread and gross violations of human rights in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea" and expressed grave concern at, among other things, "the denial of the right to freedom of thought, conscience, and religion . . . and of the rights to freedom of opinion, expression, and association, both online and offline, which is enforced through an absolute monopoly on information and total control over organized social life, and arbitrary and unlawful state surveillance that permeates the private lives of all citizens".
 - (7) In 2018, Typhoon Yutu caused extensive damage to 15 broadcast antennas used by the United States Agency for Global Media in Asia, re-

- 1 sulting in reduced programming to North Korea.
- 2 The United States Agency for Global Media has re-
- 3 built 5 of the 15 antenna systems as of June 2021.
- 4 (b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
- 5 gress that—
- 6 (1) in the event of a crisis situation, particu-
- 7 larly where information pertaining to the crisis is
- 8 being actively censored or a false narrative is being
- 9 put forward, the United States should be able to
- quickly increase its broadcasting capability to deliver
- 11 fact-based information to audiences, including those
- in North Korea; and
- 13 (2) the United States International Broad-
- casting Surge Capacity Fund is already authorized
- under section 316 of the United States International
- 16 Broadcasting Act of 1994 (22 U.S.C. 6216), and ex-
- panded authority to transfer unobligated balances
- from expired accounts of the United States Agency
- for Global Media would enable the Agency to more
- 20 nimbly respond to crises.
- 21 SEC. 3. STATEMENT OF POLICY.
- It is the policy of the United States—
- 23 (1) to provide the people of North Korea with
- access to a diverse range of fact-based information;

1	(2) to develop and implement novel means of
2	communication and information sharing that in-
3	crease opportunities for audiences in North Korea to
4	safely create, access, and share digital and non-dig-
5	ital news without fear of repressive censorship, sur-
6	veillance, or penalties under law; and
7	(3) to foster and innovate new technologies to
8	counter North Korea's state-sponsored repressive
9	surveillance and censorship by advancing internet
10	freedom tools, technologies, and new approaches.
11	SEC. 4. UNITED STATES STRATEGY TO COMBAT NORTH KO
12	REA'S REPRESSIVE INFORMATION ENVIRON-
13	MENT.
14	(a) In General.—Not later than 180 days after the
15	date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall de-
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	velop and submit to Congress a strategy on combating
	velop and submit to Congress a strategy on combating
16 17	velop and submit to Congress a strategy on combating
16 17	velop and submit to Congress a strategy on combating North Korea's repressive information environment.
16 17 18	velop and submit to Congress a strategy on combating North Korea's repressive information environment. (b) Elements.—The strategy required by subsection
16 17 18 19	velop and submit to Congress a strategy on combating North Korea's repressive information environment. (b) Elements.—The strategy required by subsection (a) shall include the following:
16 17 18 19 20	velop and submit to Congress a strategy on combating North Korea's repressive information environment. (b) Elements.—The strategy required by subsection (a) shall include the following: (1) An assessment of the challenges to the free
116 117 118 119 220 221	velop and submit to Congress a strategy on combating North Korea's repressive information environment. (b) Elements.—The strategy required by subsection (a) shall include the following: (1) An assessment of the challenges to the free flow of information into North Korea created by the
116 117 118 119 220 221 222	velop and submit to Congress a strategy on combating North Korea's repressive information environment. (b) Elements.—The strategy required by subsection (a) shall include the following: (1) An assessment of the challenges to the free flow of information into North Korea created by the censorship and surveillance technology apparatus of

- services responsible for the implementation of North Korea's repressive laws regarding foreign media consumption.
 - (3) A detailed description of the agencies and other government entities and key officials of foreign governments that assist, facilitate, or aid North Korea's repressive censorship and surveillance state.
 - (4) A review of existing public-private partnerships that provide circumvention technology and an assessment of the feasibility and utility of new tools to increase free expression, circumvent censorship, and obstruct repressive surveillance in North Korea.
 - (5) A description of and funding levels required for current United States Government programs and activities to provide access for the people of North Korea to a diverse range of fact-based information.
 - (6) An update of the plan required by section 104(a)(7)(A) of the North Korean Human Rights Act of 2004 (22 U.S.C. 7814(a)(7)(A)).
 - (7) A description of Department of State programs and funding levels for programs that promote internet freedom in North Korea, including monitoring and evaluation efforts.
- (8) A description of grantee programs of the
 United States Agency for Global Media in North

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- 1 Korea that facilitate circumvention tools and broad-2 casting, including monitoring and evaluation efforts.
- 3 (9) A detailed assessment of how the United 4 States International Broadcasting Surge Capacity 5 Fund authorized under section 316 of the United 6 States International Broadcasting Act of 1994 (22) 7 U.S.C. 6216) has operated to respond to crisis situa-8 tions in the past, and how authority to transfer un-9 obligated balances from expired accounts would help 10 the United States Agency for Global Media in crisis 11 situations in the future.
 - (10) A detailed plan for how the authorization of appropriations under section 7 will operate alongside and augment existing programming from the relevant Federal agencies and facilitate the development of new tools to assist that programming.
- 17 (c) FORM OF STRATEGY.—The strategy required by 18 subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but 19 may include the matters required by paragraphs (2) and 20 (3) of subsection (b) in a classified annex.

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1	SEC. 5. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO PER-
2	SONS RESPONSIBLE FOR NORTH KOREA'S RE-
3	PRESSIVE CENSORSHIP AND SURVEILLANCE
4	STATE.
5	(a) In General.—The President may impose the
6	following sanctions with respect to any foreign person that
7	the President determines knowingly engaged in, facili-
8	tated, or was responsible for censorship by the Govern-
9	ment of North Korea or the Workers' Party of Korea iden-
10	tified under paragraph (2) or (3) of section 4(b):
11	(1) Blocking of Property.—The President
12	may exercise all of the powers granted to the Presi-
13	dent under the International Emergency Economic
14	Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) to the extent
15	necessary to block and prohibit all transactions in
16	property and interests in property of the foreign per-
17	son if such property and interests in property are in
18	the United States, come within the United States, or
19	are or come within the possession or control of a
20	United States person.
21	(2) Ineligibility for visas, admission, or
22	PAROLE.—
23	(A) VISAS, ADMISSION, OR PAROLE.—In
24	the case of an alien, the alien may be—
25	(i) inadmissible to the United States;

1	(ii) ineligible to receive a visa or other
2	documentation to enter the United States;
3	and
4	(iii) otherwise ineligible to be admitted
5	or paroled into the United States or to re-
6	ceive any other benefit under the Immigra-
7	tion and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et
8	seq.).
9	(B) Current visas revoked.—
10	(i) IN GENERAL.—An alien described
11	in subparagraph (A) may be subject to rev-
12	ocation of any visa or other entry docu-
13	mentation regardless of when the visa or
14	other entry documentation is or was
15	issued.
16	(ii) Effect.—A revocation under
17	clause (i) shall—
18	(I) take effect consistent with
19	section 221 of the Immigration and
20	Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1201); and
21	(II) cancel any other valid visa or
22	entry documentation that is in the
23	alien's possession.
24	(b) Implementation; Penalties.—

- 1 (1) IMPLEMENTATION.—The President may ex-2 ercise all authorities provided under sections 203 3 and 205 of the International Emergency Economic 4 Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1702 and 1704) to carry out
- 6 (2) Penalties.—A person that violates, at-7 tempts to violate, conspires to violate, or causes a 8 violation of subsection (a)(1) or any regulation, li-9 cense, or order issued to carry out that subsection 10 shall be subject to the penalties set forth in sub-11 sections (b) and (c) of section 206 of the Inter-12 national Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 13 U.S.C. 1705) to the same extent as a person that 14 commits an unlawful act described in subsection (a) 15 of that section.
- 16 (c) National Security Waiver.—The President
 17 may waive the imposition of sanctions under subsection
 18 (a) with respect to a person if the President—
 - (1) determines that such a waiver is in the national security interests of the United States; and
- 21 (2) submits to the appropriate congressional 22 committees a notification of the waiver and the rea-23 sons for the waiver.
- 24 (d) Exceptions.—

this section.

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- 1 (1) INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES.—This section 2 shall not apply with respect to activities subject to 3 the reporting requirements under title V of the Na-4 tional Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3091 et seq.) 5 or any authorized intelligence activities of the United 6 States.
 - (2) Law enforcement activities.—Sanctions under this section shall not apply with respect to any authorized law enforcement activities of the United States.
 - (3) EXCEPTION TO COMPLY WITH INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS.—Subsection (a)(2) shall not apply with respect to the admission of an alien to the United States if such admission is necessary to comply with the obligations of the United States under the Agreement regarding the Headquarters of the United Nations, signed at Lake Success June 26, 1947, and entered into force November 21, 1947, between the United Nations and the United States, under the Convention on Consular Relations, done at Vienna April 24, 1963, and entered into force March 19, 1967, or under other international agreements.
 - (4) Exception relating to importation of goods.—

1	(A) IN GENERAL.—The authority or a re-
2	quirement to impose sanctions under this sec-
3	tion shall not include the authority or a require-
4	ment to impose sanctions on the importation of
5	goods.
6	(B) Good defined.—In this paragraph,
7	the term "good" means any article, natural or
8	manmade substance, material, supply, or manu-
9	factured product, including inspection and test
10	equipment, and excluding technical data.
11	(e) Definitions.—In this section:
12	(1) Admission; admitted; alien.—The terms
13	"admission", "admitted", and "alien" have the
14	meanings given those terms in section 101 of the
15	Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101).
16	(2) Appropriate congressional commit-
17	TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
18	mittees" means—
19	(A) the Committee on Foreign Relations,
20	the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
21	Urban Affairs, and the Select Committee on In-
22	telligence of the Senate; and
23	(B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the
24	Committee on Financial Services, and the Per-

1	manent Select Committee on Intelligence of the
2	House of Representatives.
3	(3) Foreign person.—The term "foreign per-
4	son" means any person that is not a United States
5	person.
6	(4) United states person.—The term
7	"United States person" means—
8	(A) a United States citizen or an alien law-
9	fully admitted to the United States for perma-
10	nent residence;
11	(B) an entity organized under the laws of
12	the United States or any jurisdiction within the
13	United States; or
14	(C) any person in the United States.
15	SEC. 6. REPORT ON ENFORCEMENT OF SANCTIONS WITH
16	RESPECT TO NORTH KOREA.
17	(a) In General.—Not later than 180 days after the
18	date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter
19	through 2024, the Secretary of State and the Secretary
20	of the Treasury shall jointly submit to the appropriate
21	congressional committees (as defined in section 5(e)) a re-
22	port on sanctions-related activities and enforcement un-
23	dertaken by the United States Government with respect
24	to North Korea during the period described in subsection

1	(1) an assessment of activities conducted by
2	persons in North Korea or the Government of North
3	Korea that would require mandatory designations
4	pursuant to the North Korea Sanctions and Policy
5	Enhancement Act of 2016 (22 U.S.C. 9201 et seq.);
6	and
7	(2) sanctions-related enforcement or other sanc-
8	tions-related actions undertaken by the United
9	States Government pursuant to that Act.
10	(b) Period Described.—The period described in
11	this subsection is—
12	(1) in the case of the first report required by
13	subsection (a), the period beginning on January 1,
14	2021, and ending on the date on which the report
15	is required to be submitted; and
16	(2) in the case of each subsequent report re-
17	quired by subsection (a), the one-year period pre-
18	ceding submission of the report.
19	SEC. 7. PROMOTING FREEDOM OF INFORMATION AND
20	COUNTERING CENSORSHIP AND SURVEIL-
21	LANCE IN NORTH KOREA.
22	(a) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
23	are authorized to be appropriated to the United States
24	Agency for Global Media \$10,000,000 for each of fiscal

years 2022 through 2026 to provide increased broad-2 casting and grants for the following purposes: 3 (1) To promote the development of internet 4 freedom tools, technologies, and new approaches, in-5 cluding both digital and non-digital means of infor-6 mation sharing related to North Korea. 7 (2) To explore public-private partnerships to 8 counter North Korea's repressive censorship and 9 surveillance state. 10 (3) To develop new means to protect the pri-11 vacy and identity of individuals receiving media from 12 the United States Agency for Global Media and 13 other outside media outlets from within North Korea. 14 15 (4) To bolster existing programming from the 16 United States Agency for Global Media by restoring 17 the broadcasting capacity of damaged antennas 18 caused by Typhoon Yutu in 2018. 19 (b) ANNUAL REPORTS.—Section 104(a)(7)(B) of the 20 North Korean Human Rights Act of 2004 (22 U.S.C. 21 7814(a)(7)(B)) is amended— 22 (1) in the matter preceding clause (i)— 23 (A) by striking "1 year after the date of 24 the enactment of this paragraph" and inserting "September 30, 2022"; and

1	(B) by striking "Broadcasting Board of
2	Governors" and inserting "Chief Executive Of-
3	ficer of the United States Agency for Global
4	Media''; and
5	(2) in clause (i), by inserting after "this sec-
6	tion" the following: "and sections 4 and 7 of the
7	Otto Warmbier Countering North Korean Censor-
8	ship and Surveillance Act of 2021"

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