#### 117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# H. R. 1225

To improve diversity and inclusion in the workforce of national security agencies, and for other purposes.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

February 23, 2021

Mr. Connolly (for himself, Mr. Meeks, Mr. Castro of Texas, Mr. Lynch, and Mr. Sherman) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and in addition to the Committees on Armed Services, Intelligence (Permanent Select), the Judiciary, Homeland Security, Agriculture, and Financial Services, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

# A BILL

To improve diversity and inclusion in the workforce of national security agencies, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "National Security Di-
- 5 versity and Inclusion Workforce Act of 2021".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress finds the following:

- (1) The greatest national asset of the United States in protecting the homeland and advancing the interests of the United States abroad is the talent and diversity of the national security workforce.
  - (2) The United States has made important progress toward harnessing the extraordinary range of backgrounds, cultures, perspectives, skills, and experiences of the population of the United States toward keeping the United States safe and strong.
  - (3) The 2015 National Security Strategy recognized that the diversity of the national security workforce of the United States is a strategic asset that enhances the ability of the United States to lead on the global stage.
  - (4) In March 2011, the Military Leadership Diversity Commission demonstrated that minorities and women are still underrepresented among the top leadership of the Armed Forces, as compared with the members they lead.
  - (5) Although African Americans, Latinos or Hispanics, Native Americans, and Asians represent 34 percent of the workforce of the United States, in 2016, only 10 and 13 percent, respectively, of the senior positions in the civil service and the Foreign

- 1 Service at the Department of State were occupied by 2 members of these groups.
- 3 (6) As of 2015, African Americans, Latinos or 4 Hispanics, Native Americans, and Asians rep-5 resented only 22 percent of the officer corps of the 6 Armed Forces, far less than the enlisted forces they 7 lead, 40 percent of the members of which are from 8 these groups.
  - (7) In the intelligence community, African Americans, Latinos or Hispanics, Native Americans, and Asians represented 24 percent of the employees, but only 11 percent of the senior positions.
  - (8) The percentages of Latinos or Hispanics as part of the overall Federal workforce and in senior positions in the Federal workforce are even lower, at 8 percent and 4 percent, respectively, as compared to the general population of the United States, which is 17 percent Latino or Hispanic.
  - (9) Latinos or Hispanics represented only a fraction of the senior positions at the Department of State, 3 percent and 5 percent, respectively, for positions in the civil service and Foreign Service, only 1 percent for the officer corps of the Armed Forces, and 3 percent for senior positions in the intelligence community.

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(10) With regard to gender diversity, of the individuals in senior positions in the civil service or the Foreign Service at the Department of State 39 percent and 31 percent are female, respectively. For the Department of Defense, 24 percent of the individuals in senior civilian positions are female, of the senior grades of the Armed Forces, 8 percent of the officers are female, and 12 percent of enlisted members of the Armed Forces are females. Of the individuals in senior positions in the intelligence community, 29 percent are female, compared to the overall Federal workforce, which is 33.7 percent female.

(11) In concert with the findings of the Military Leadership Diversity Commission, the amendments made by section 519 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2013 (Public Law 112–239; 126 Stat. 1721) mandated that the Armed Forces develop and implement a plan to accurately measure the efforts of the Department of Defense and Coast Guard to "achieve a dynamic, sustainable level of members of the armed forces (including reserve components) that, among both commissioned officers and senior enlisted personnel of each armed force, will reflect the diverse population of the United States eligible to serve in the armed forces,

- including gender specific, racial, and ethnic populations.".
- 3 (12) The amendments made by section 1011 of the Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention 5 Act of 2004 (Public Law 108–458; 118 Stat. 3643) 6 called on the intelligence community to prescribe 7 personnel policies and programs that ensure its per-8 sonnel "are sufficiently diverse for purposes of the 9 collection and analysis of intelligence through the re-10 cruitment and training of women, minorities, and in-11 dividuals with diverse ethnic, cultural, and linguistic 12 backgrounds".
  - (13) The Department of State Authorities Act, Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–323), urges the State Department to promote a diverse representation among mid- and senior-level career professionals and section 101 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3901) urges the Department of State to develop policies to encourage the entry into and advancement in the Foreign Service by persons from all segments of American society.

#### 22 SEC. 3. STATEMENT OF POLICY.

- It is the policy of the United States that—
- 24 (1) in order to protect the homeland and ad-25 vance the interests of the United States abroad, na-

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- tional security agencies of the Federal Government must have a workforce that reflects the rich composition and talent of its citizenry;
  - (2) the skills, knowledge, perspectives, ideas, and experiences of all of the members of the workforce of national security agencies contribute to the vitality and success of their national security mission;
    - (3) promoting diversity and inclusion within the national security workforce must be a joint effort and requires engagement by senior leadership, managers, and the entire workforce, as well as effective collaboration among those responsible for human resources, equal employment opportunity, and diversity and inclusion issues; and
    - (4) as the United States becomes more diverse and the challenges it faces more complex, the United States must continue to invest in policies to recruit, retain, and develop the best and brightest from all segments of the population of the United States.

#### 21 SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.

In this Act:

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23 (1) APPLICANT FLOW DATA.—The term "appli-24 cant flow data" means data that tracks the rate of

1	applications for job positions among demographic
2	categories.
3	(2) Appropriate congressional commit-
4	TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
5	mittees" means—
6	(A) the Committee on Foreign Relations,
7	the Committee on Armed Services, the Com-
8	mittee on Homeland Security and Govern-
9	mental Affairs, the Select Committee on Intel-
10	ligence, and the Committee on Appropriations
11	of the Senate; and
12	(B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the
13	Committee on Armed Services, the Committee
14	on Homeland Security, the Permanent Select
15	Committee on Intelligence, and the Committee
16	on Appropriations of the House of Representa-
17	tives.
18	(3) DIVERSITY.—The term "diversity" means
19	diversity of persons based on gender, race, ethnicity,
20	disability status, veteran status, sexual orientation,
21	gender identity, national origin, and other demo-
22	graphic categories.
23	(4) Foreign service.—The term "Foreign

Service" has the meaning given that term in section

1	102 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C.
2	3902).
3	(5) Intelligence community.—The term
4	"intelligence community" has the meaning given
5	that term in section 3 of the National Security Act
6	of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003).
7	(6) NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY.—The term
8	"national security agency" means—
9	(A) the Department of State;
10	(B) the United States Agency for Inter-
11	national Development;
12	(C) the Department of Defense;
13	(D) the Armed Forces;
14	(E) each element of the intelligence com-
15	munity;
16	(F) the Office of International Affairs and
17	the Office of Critical Infrastructure Protection
18	of the Department of the Treasury;
19	(G) the National Security Division of the
20	Department of Justice and the Federal Bureau
21	of Investigation;
22	(H) the Department of Homeland Secu-
23	rity;
24	(I) the Foreign Agricultural Service of the
25	Department of Agriculture; and

1	(J) any other Federal agency that is pri-
2	marily engaged in diplomacy, development, de-
3	fense, intelligence, law enforcement, or home-
4	land security.
5	(7) Member of the foreign service.—The
6	term "member of the Foreign Service" means a
7	member of the Foreign Service described in section
8	103 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C.
9	3903).
10	(8) Workforce.—The term "workforce"
11	means an individual serving in a position—
12	(A) in the civil service (as defined in sec-
13	tion 2101 of title 5, United States Code);
14	(B) as a member of the Foreign Service; or
15	(C) as an officer or enlisted member of an
16	armed force.
17	SEC. 5. COLLECTION, ANALYSIS, AND DISSEMINATION OF
18	WORKFORCE DATA.
19	(a) Initial Reporting.—
20	(1) In general.—Not later than 180 days
21	after the date of enactment of this Act, and subject
22	to paragraph (3), the head of each national security
23	agency shall make available to the public, the appro-
24	priate congressional committees, and the workforce
25	of the national security agency a report which in-

1	cludes aggregate demographic data and other infor-
2	mation regarding the diversity and inclusion efforts
3	of the workforce of the national security agency.
4	(2) Contents.—A report made available under
5	paragraph (1)—
6	(A) shall include unclassified reports and
7	barrier analyses relating to diversity and inclu-
8	sion efforts;
9	(B) shall include aggregate demographic
10	data—
11	(i) by segment of the workforce of the
12	national security agency and grade or
13	rank;
14	(ii) relating to attrition and promotion
15	rates;
16	(iii) that addresses the compliance of
17	the national security agency with validated
18	inclusion metrics, such as the New Inclu-
19	sion Quotient index score; and
20	(iv) that provides demographic com-
21	parisons to the relevant nongovernmental
22	labor force and the relevant civilian labor
23	force;
24	(C) shall include an analysis of applicant
25	flow data, including the percentage and level of

- positions for which data are collected, and a discussion of any resulting policy changes or recommendations;

  (D) shall include demographic data relat-
  - (D) shall include demographic data relating to participants in professional development programs of the national security agency and the rate of placement into senior positions for participants in such programs;
  - (E) shall include any voluntarily collected demographic data relating to the membership of any external advisory committee or board to which individuals in senior positions in the national security agency appoint members; and
  - (F) may include data in proportions or percentages to account for concerns relating to the protection of classified information.
  - (3) Intelligence community.—The elements of the intelligence community may make available a single report with respect to the diversity and inclusion efforts of the workforce of the elements of the intelligence community under this subsection.
- 22 (b) UPDATES.—After making available a report 23 under subsection (a), the head of each national security 24 agency shall annually provide a report (which may be provided as part of an annual report required under another

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- 1 provision of law) to the workforce of the national security
- 2 agency (including senior leadership), the public, and the
- 3 appropriate congressional committees that includes—
- 4 (1) demographic data and information on the 5 status of diversity and inclusion efforts of the na-6 tional security agency;
  - (2) an analysis of applicant flow data, including the percentage and level of positions for which data are collected, and a discussion of any resulting policy changes or recommendations; and
  - (3) demographic data relating to participants in professional development programs of the national security agency and the rate of placement into senior positions for participants in such programs.
- 15 (c) Expand the Collection and Analysis of 16 Voluntary Applicant Flow Data.—
- 17 (1) IN GENERAL.—The head of each national security agency shall develop a system to collect and analyze applicant flow data for as many positions within the national security agency as practicable, in order to identify areas for improvement in attracting diverse talent, with particular attention to senior and management positions.
- 24 (2) Phased implementation.—The collection 25 of applicant flow data may be implemented by the

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1	head of a national security agency in a phased ap-
2	proach commensurate with the resources available to
3	the national security agency.
4	(d) Identify Additional Categories for Vol-
5	UNTARY DATA COLLECTION OF CURRENT EMPLOYEES.—
6	(1) In general.—The head of each national
7	security agency may submit to the Office of Manage
8	ment and Budget and to the appropriate congres-
9	sional committees the recommendation of the head
10	regarding whether the national security agency
11	should voluntarily collect more detailed data on de-
12	mographic categories in addition to the race and eth-
13	nicity categories specified in the statistical policy di-
14	rective issued by the Office of Management and
15	Budget entitled "Standards for Maintaining, Col-
16	lecting, and Presenting Federal Data on Race and
17	Ethnicity".
18	(2) Process.—In making a recommendation
19	under paragraph (1), the head of a national security
20	agency shall—
21	(A) engage in close consultation with inter-
22	nal stakeholders, such as employee resource or
23	affinity groups;

1	(B) ensure that there is clear communica-
2	tion with the workforce of the national security
3	agency—
4	(i) to explain the purpose of the po-
5	tential collection of such data; and
6	(ii) regarding legal protections relat-
7	ing to any anticipated use of such data;
8	and
9	(C) ensure adherence to relevant standards
10	and guidance issued by the Federal Govern-
11	ment.
12	SEC. 6. PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT OPPORTUNITIES
13	AND TOOLS.
13 14	AND TOOLS.  (a) CONDUCT STAY AND EXIT INTERVIEWS OR SUR-
14	(a) Conduct Stay and Exit Interviews or Sur-
14 15	(a) Conduct Stay and Exit Interviews or Surveys.—
14 15 16	(a) Conduct Stay and Exit Interviews or Surveys.—  (1) Retained members.—Each national secu-
14 15 16 17	(a) Conduct Stay and Exit Interviews or Surveys.—  (1) Retained members.—Each national security agency shall conduct periodic interviews with a
14 15 16 17 18	(a) Conduct Stay and Exit Interviews or Surveys.—  (1) Retained members.—Each national security agency shall conduct periodic interviews with a representative cross-section of the members of the
14 15 16 17 18	(a) Conduct Stay and Exit Interviews or Surveys.—  (1) Retained members.—Each national security agency shall conduct periodic interviews with a representative cross-section of the members of the workforce of the national security agency to—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) Conduct Stay and Exit Interviews or Surveys.—  (1) Retained members.—Each national security agency shall conduct periodic interviews with a representative cross-section of the members of the workforce of the national security agency to—  (A) understand the reasons of the mem-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) Conduct Stay and Exit Interviews or Surveys.—  (1) Retained members.—Each national security agency shall conduct periodic interviews with a representative cross-section of the members of the workforce of the national security agency to—  (A) understand the reasons of the members for remaining in a position in the national

- 1 other issues affecting the decision of the mem-2 bers to remain.
- 3 (2) DEPARTING MEMBERS.—Each national se-4 curity agency shall provide an opportunity for an 5 exit interview or survey to each member of the work-6 force of the national security agency who separates 7 from service with the national security agency, to 8 understand better the reasons of the member for leaving. 9
- 10 (3) Use of analysis from interviews and SURVEYS.—Each national security agency shall ana-12 lyze and use information obtained through interviews 13 and surveys under paragraphs (1) and (2), including 14 to evaluate—
  - (A) if and how the results of the interviews differ by gender, race, national origin, sexual orientation, gender identity, disability status, and other demographic categories; and
- 19 (B) whether to implement any policy 20 changes or make any recommendations as part 21 of a report required under section 5.
- 22 (b) Expand Provision of Professional Devel-OPMENT AND CAREER ADVANCEMENT OPPORTUNITIES.— 23
- 24 (1) IN GENERAL.—Each national security agen-25 cy is authorized to expand professional development

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1	opportunities that support the mission needs of the
2	national security agency, such as—
3	(A) academic programs;
4	(B) private-public exchanges; and
5	(C) detail assignments to relevant positions
6	in—
7	(i) private or international organiza-
8	tions;
9	(ii) State, local, and tribal govern-
10	ments;
11	(iii) other branches of the Federal
12	Government; or
13	(iv) professional schools of inter-
14	national affairs.
15	(2) Training for senior positions.—
16	(A) In general.—Each national security
17	agency shall offer, or sponsor members of the
18	workforce of the national security agency to
19	participate in, a Senior Executive Service can-
20	didate development program or other program
21	that trains members of the workforce of the na-
22	tional security agency on the skills required for
23	appointment to senior positions in the national
24	security agency.

1	(B) REQUIREMENTS.—In determining
2	which members of the workforce of the national
3	security agency are granted professional devel-
4	opment or career advancement opportunities, a
5	national security agency shall—
6	(i) ensure any program offered or
7	sponsored by the national security agency
8	under subparagraph (A) comports with the
9	requirements of subpart C of part 412 of
10	title 5, Code of Federal Regulations, or
11	any successor thereto, including merit
12	staffing and assessment requirements;
13	(ii) consider the number of expected
14	vacancies in senior positions as a factor in
15	determining the number of candidates to
16	select for such programs;
17	(iii) understand how participation in
18	any program offered or sponsored by the
19	national security agency under subpara-
20	graph (A) differs by gender, race, national
21	origin, sexual orientation, gender identity,
22	disability status, and other demographic
23	categories; and
24	(iv) actively encourage participation
25	from a range of demographic categories,

1	especially from categories with consistently
2	low participation.

- (3) Tracking data.—Each national security agency shall—
  - (A) track demographic data relating to participants in professional development programs and the rate of placement into senior positions for participants in such programs; and
  - (B) evaluate such data on an annual basis to look for ways to improve outreach and recruitment for such programs consistent with merit system principles.

### (c) Assignment Restrictions.—

(1) In general.—Each national security agency that places assignment restrictions on members of the workforce of the national security agency or otherwise prohibits certain geographic assignments due to a security determination shall ensure a review process exists for such a restriction or prohibition that is consistent with part 147 of title 32, Code of Federal Regulations (relating to adjudicative guidelines for determining eligibility for access to classified information), or any successor thereto, and any applicable counterintelligence considerations.

1 (2) Notice.—Each national security agency 2 shall ensure that members of the workforce of the 3 national security agency affected by a restriction or 4 prohibition described in paragraph (1) are informed 5 of the right to seek review and the process for doing 6 so.

#### 7 SEC. 7. LEADERSHIP ENGAGEMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY.

- 8 (a) Reward and Recognize Efforts To Pro-9 mote Diversity and Inclusion.—
  - (1) In general.—Each national security agency shall implement performance and advancement requirements that reward and recognize the efforts of individuals in senior positions and supervisors in the national security agency in fostering an inclusive environment and cultivating talent consistent with merit system principles, such as through participation in mentoring programs or sponsorship initiatives, recruitment events, and other similar opportunities.
    - (2) Outreach events.—Each national security agency shall create opportunities for individuals in senior positions and supervisors in the national security agency to participate in outreach events and to discuss issues relating to diversity and inclusion

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1	with the workforce on a regular basis, including with
2	employee resource groups.
3	(b) Collect and Disseminate Voluntary Demo-
4	GRAPHIC DATA OF EXTERNAL ADVISORY COMMITTEES
5	AND BOARDS.—Each national security agency that has an
6	external advisory committee or board to which individuals
7	in senior positions in the national security agency appoint
8	members is strongly encouraged by Congress to—
9	(1) collect voluntary demographic data from the
10	members of committee or board; and
11	(2) ensure the external advisory committee or
12	board is developed, reviewed, and carried out by
13	teams that represent the diversity of the organiza-
14	tion.
15	(e) Expand Training on Bias, Inclusion, and
16	FLEXIBLE WORK POLICIES.—
17	(1) In general.—Each national security agen-
18	cy shall—
19	(A) expand the provision of training on
20	bias, including implicit or unconscious bias,
21	micro-inequities, inclusion, and flexible work
22	policies to the workforce of the national security
23	agency: and

1	(B) make micro-inequities and bias train-
2	ing, including on implicit or unconscious bias,
3	mandatory for—
4	(i) individuals in senior positions in
5	the national security agency;
6	(ii) other individuals holding manage-
7	ment positions in the national security
8	agency; and
9	(iii) individuals in positions at the na-
10	tional security agency having responsibil-
11	ities relating to outreach, recruitment, hir-
12	ing, career development, promotion, or se-
13	curity clearance adjudication.
14	(2) Phased implementation.—The provision
15	of training required under paragraph (1) may be im-
16	plemented in a phased approach commensurate with
17	the resources of the national security agency.
18	(3) Low inclusion scores.—Each national
19	security agency shall make available training on im-
20	plicit or unconscious bias for members of the work-
21	force of a bureau, directorate, division, office, or
22	other component of the national security agency the
23	inclusion scores of which, such as those measured by

the New Inclusion Quotient index score, rank below

- the average for the national security agency for a period of 3 years or longer.
- 3 (4) BEST PRACTICES.—Each national security
  4 agency shall give special attention to ensuring the
  5 continuous incorporation of research-based best
  6 practices in training provided under this subsection,
  7 including best practices relating to addressing the
  8 intersection between certain demographics and job
  9 positions.

#### 10 SEC. 8. RECRUITMENT.

- 11 (a) In General.—Each national security agency
- 12 should—
- 13 (1) continue to seek a diverse and talented pool of applicants;
- 15 (2) have diversity recruitment as a goal of the 16 human resources department or equivalent entity, 17 with outreach at appropriate colleges, universities, 18 and diversity organizations and professional associa-
- 19 tions; and
- (3) intensify, identify, and build relationships
  with qualified potential minority candidates.
- 22 (b) Scope.—The diversity recruitment initiatives de-23 scribed in subsection (a) should include—
- 24 (1) recruiting at historically Black colleges and 25 universities, Hispanic-serving institutions, women's

1	colleges, and colleges that typically serve majority
2	minority populations;
3	(2) sponsoring and recruiting at job fairs in
4	urban communities;
5	(3) placing job advertisements in newspapers
6	magazines, and job sites oriented toward diverse
7	groups;
8	(4) providing opportunities through highly re-
9	spected, international leadership programs, that
10	focus on diversity recruitment and retention; and
11	(5) cultivating partnerships with organizations
12	dedicated to the advancement of the profession of
13	international affairs and national security to advance
14	shared diversity goals.
15	SEC. 9. GENERAL PROVISIONS.
16	(a) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this Act
17	shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect—
18	(1) the authority granted by law to an executive
19	department, agency, or the head thereof, or the sta-
20	tus of that executive department or agency within
21	the Federal Government; or
22	(2) the functions of the Director of the Office
23	of Management and Budget relating to budgetary
24	administrative, or legislative proposals.

- 1 (b) IMPLEMENTATION.—This Act shall be imple-
- 2 mented consistent with applicable law.
- 3 (c) NO PRIVATE RIGHT OF ACTION.—This Act is not
- 4 intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, sub-
- 5 stantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by
- 6 any party against the United States, its departments,
- 7 agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or
- 8 any other person.

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