117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 2293

To establish procedures related to the coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID—19) in correctional facilities.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APRIL 1, 2021

Ms. Barragán (for herself, Mr. Cárdenas, and Mrs. Hayes) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To establish procedures related to the coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) in correctional facilities.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Federal Correctional
- 5 Facilities COVID-19 Response Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.
- 7 In this Act:
- 8 (1) CORRECTIONAL FACILITY.—The term "cor-
- 9 rectional facility" includes—

1	(A) Federal prisons, including all prison,
2	correctional, and detention facilities run by the
3	Bureau of Prisons; and
4	(B) privately owned or privately operated
5	prison, correctional, and detention facilities con-
6	tracted by Federal entities, including the Bu-
7	reau of Prisons, to house Federal incarcerated
8	persons.
9	(2) Correctional facility employee.—The
10	term "correctional facility employee" means any in-
11	dividual employed at a correctional facility housing
12	Federal incarcerated persons, including—
13	(A) a Federal employee;
14	(B) an employee of a privately owned or
15	privately operated prison, correctional, or deten-
16	tion facility contracted by a Federal entity to
17	house Federal incarcerated persons; and
18	(C) an employee of a private company con-
19	tracted to provide goods and services at a cor-
20	rectional facility.
21	(3) COVID-19 DIAGNOSTIC TEST.—The term
22	"COVID-19 diagnostic test" mean a test—
23	(A) that is an in vitro diagnostic product
24	(as defined in section 809.3 of title 21, Code of
25	Federal Regulations, or any successor thereto)

1	for the detection of SARS-CoV-2 or the diag-
2	nosis of the virus that causes COVID-19; and
3	(B) the administration of which—
4	(i) is approved, cleared, or authorized
5	under section 510(k), 513, 515, or 564 of
6	the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act
7	(21 U.S.C. 360(k), 360c, 360e, 360bbb-3);
8	(ii) the developer has requested, or in-
9	tends to request, emergency use authoriza-
10	tion under section 564 of the Federal
11	Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C.
12	360bbb-3), unless and until the emergency
13	use authorization request under such sec-
14	tion 564 has been denied or the developer
15	of such test does not submit a request
16	under such section within a reasonable
17	timeframe;
18	(iii) is developed in and authorized by
19	a State that has notified the Secretary of
20	Health and Human Services of its inten-
21	tion to review tests intended to diagnose
22	COVID-19; or
23	(iv) is another test that the Secretary
24	determines appropriate in guidance.

1	(4) COVID-19 PANDEMIC.—The term
2	"COVID-19 pandemic" means the period beginning
3	on the date of enactment of this Act and ending on
4	the date that is 1 year after the date on which the
5	public health emergency declaration under section
6	319 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C.
7	247d) with respect to COVID-19 terminates.
8	(5) High risk incarcerated person.—The
9	term "high risk incarcerated person" means an indi-
10	vidual who meets the definition of "incarcerated per-
11	son" under this section who—
12	(A) is 50 years old or older;
13	(B) has chronic kidney disease;
14	(C) has chronic obstructive pulmonary dis-
15	ease;
16	(D) is immunocompromised;
17	(E) has obesity;
18	(F) has a heart condition, such as coro-
19	nary artery disease or cardiomyopathy;
20	(G) has sickle cell disease;
21	(H) has type 1 or type 2 diabetes mellitus;
22	(I) has moderate to severe asthma;
23	(J) has cerebrovascular disease;
24	(K) has cystic fibrosis;

1	(L) has hypertension or high blood pres-
2	sure;
3	(M) has a neurological condition such as
4	dementia or Parkinson's Disease;
5	(N) has liver disease;
6	(O) is pregnant;
7	(P) has pulmonary fibrosis;
8	(Q) has thalassemia;
9	(R) is a smoker;
10	(S) has a disability; or
11	(T) meets any other characteristic identi-
12	fied by the Centers for Disease Control and
13	Prevention as putting individuals at increased
14	risk of developing severe illness from COVID-
15	19.
16	(6) Incarcerated Person.—The term "incar-
17	cerated person" means an individual involuntarily
18	confined or detained in a correctional facility.
19	(7) Signs and symptoms of covid—19.—The
20	term "signs and symptoms of COVID-19" means
21	fever or chills, cough, shortness of breath or dif-
22	ficulty breathing, fatigue, muscle or body aches,
23	headache, new loss of taste or smell, sore throat,
24	congestion or runny nose, nausea or vomiting, diar-
25	rhea, and any other medical condition or reaction

1	identified by the Centers for Disease Control and
2	Prevention as being a physical reaction to the con-
3	traction of the severe acute respiratory syndrome
4	coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2).
5	SEC. 3. MANDATED COVID-19 TESTING AND VACCINATION
6	AT CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES.
7	(a) Testing of Incarcerated Persons.—
8	(1) In General.—Each correctional facility
9	shall—
10	(A) not later than 15 days after the date
11	of enactment of this Act—
12	(i) provide each incarcerated person in
13	the facility with the option to take a
14	COVID-19 diagnostic test, regardless of
15	whether the incarcerated person exhibits
16	symptoms of COVID-19, at no cost to the
17	incarcerated person;
18	(ii) provide each incarcerated person
19	with the results of the diagnostic test, re-
20	gardless of the results, including an inter-
21	pretation of what the test results mean in
22	the incarcerated person's preferred lan-
23	guage;
24	(iii) provide each incarcerated person
25	who tests positive for COVID-19 with nec-

1	essary medical care (as outlined in the Na-
2	tional Institutes of Health COVID-19
3	Treatment Guidelines), including COVID-
4	19 tests to monitor recovery if indicated by
5	the Centers for Disease Control and Pre-
6	vention, and housing in a medical isolation
7	unit under the care of medical profes-
8	sionals, at no cost to the incarcerated per-
9	son;
10	(iv) place each asymptomatic incarcer-
11	ated person who is exposed to a positive
12	case in quarantine until testing is com-
13	pleted consistent with Centers for Disease
14	Control and Prevention guidance; and
15	(v) place each symptomatic incarcer-
16	ated person into medical isolation while
17	awaiting test results; and
18	(B) during the period beginning not later
19	than 45 days after the date of enactment of
20	this Act and ending on the last day of the
21	COVID-19 pandemic—
22	(i) conduct weekly COVID-19 diag-
23	nostic testing of incarcerated persons in
24	the facility in accordance with the guide-
25	lines developed under section 6, regardless

1	of whether such incarcerated persons ex-
2	hibit symptoms of COVID-19, at no cost
3	to incarcerated persons;
4	(ii) conduct COVID-19 diagnostic
5	testing for any incarcerated person with
6	COVID-19 symptoms, or for any incarcer-
7	ated person who is a close contact of a
8	known COVID-19 case, in accordance with
9	the guidelines developed under section 6;
10	(iii) provide each incarcerated person
11	with the results of the diagnostic tests, re-
12	gardless of the results, including an inter-
13	pretation of what the test results mean in
14	the incarcerated person's preferred lan-
15	guage;
16	(iv) provide each incarcerated person
17	who tests positive for COVID-19 with nec-
18	essary medical care (as outlined in the Na-
19	tional Institutes of Health COVID-19
20	Treatment Guidelines), including COVID-
21	19 tests to monitor recovery if indicated by
22	the Centers for Disease Control and Pre-
23	vention, and housing in a medical isolation
24	unit under the care of medical profes-

sionals, at no cost to the incarcerated per-

1	son, in accordance with the guidelines de-
2	veloped under section 6;
3	(v) quarantine each incarcerated per-
4	son exposed to a positive COVID-19 case
5	in accordance with the guidelines developed
6	under section 6; and
7	(vi) establish a procedure through
8	which incarcerated people can opt out of
9	COVID-19 testing, in accordance with the
10	guidelines developed under section 6.
11	(2) New entrants.—During the period begin-
12	ning not later than 45 days after the date of enact-
13	ment of this Act and ending on the last day of the
14	COVID-19 pandemic, each correctional facility
15	shall—
16	(A) provide each incarcerated person newly
17	admitted or transferred to the facility with an
18	optional COVID-19 diagnostic test within 24
19	hours of entering the facility, regardless of
20	whether the incarcerated person exhibits symp-
21	toms of COVID-19, at no cost to the incarcer-
22	ated person; and
23	(B) immediately quarantine each incarcer-
24	ated person newly admitted or transferred to
25	the facility within 24 hours of entering the fa-

1	cility, consistent with Centers for Disease Con-
2	trol and Prevention guidance, until the incar-
3	cerated person has been confirmed to be nega-
4	tive for COVID-19, in accordance with the
5	guidelines developed under section 6.
6	(b) Testing of Correctional Facility Employ-
7	EES.—
8	(1) In general.—Each correctional facility
9	shall—
10	(A) not later than 15 days after the date
11	of enactment of this Act—
12	(i) provide each correctional facility
13	employee with a required COVID-19 diag-
14	nostic test, regardless of whether the em-
15	ployee exhibits symptoms of COVID-19, at
16	no cost to the employee; and
17	(ii) provide each correctional facility
18	employee who tests positive for COVID-19
19	with unlimited paid administrative leave
20	for the purpose of recovering from
21	COVID-19, and no cost COVID-19 diag-
22	nostic testing for the purpose of moni-
23	toring recovery if indicated by the Centers
24	for Disease Control and Prevention, until

1	the employee tests negative for COVID-19;
2	and
3	(B) during the period beginning not later
4	than 45 days after the date of enactment of
5	this Act and ending on the last day of the
6	COVID-19 pandemic—
7	(i) conduct required weekly COVID-
8	19 diagnostic testing of each correctional
9	facility employee in the facility, in accord-
10	ance with the guidelines developed under
11	section 6, regardless of whether the em-
12	ployee exhibits symptoms of COVID-19, at
13	no cost to the employee;
14	(ii) provide each correctional facility
15	employee who tests positive for COVID-19
16	with unlimited paid leave for the purpose
17	of recovering from COVID-19, and no cost
18	COVID-19 diagnostic testing for the pur-
19	pose of monitoring recovery if indicated by
20	the Centers for Disease Control and Pre-
21	vention, until the employee tests negative
22	for COVID-19; and
23	(iii) provide each correctional facility
24	employee who is exposed to a positive
25	COVID-19 case with guaranteed paid

1	leave to quarantine, consistent with Cen-
2	ters for Disease Control and Prevention
3	guidance, or until the employee has been
4	confirmed to be negative for COVID-19.
5	(c) Vaccination of Incarcerated Persons.—
6	Each correctional facility shall—
7	(1) not later than 45 days after the date of en-
8	actment of this Act—
9	(A) begin providing each incarcerated per-
10	son in the facility with the option to take a
11	COVID-19 vaccine; and
12	(B) begin providing each incarcerated per-
13	son in the facility with information, offered in
14	the incarcerated persons' preferred language, on
15	the type of COVID-19 vaccine offered, possible
16	side effects of the COVID-19 vaccine, and edu-
17	cational materials on the benefits of COVID-19
18	and other vaccinations.
19	(d) Vaccination of Correctional Facility Em-
20	PLOYEES.—Each correctional facility shall—
21	(1) not later than 45 days after the date of en-
22	actment of this Act—
23	(A) begin providing each correctional facil-
24	ity employee with the option to take a COVID-
25	19 vaccine: and

1	(B) begin providing each correctional facil-
2	ity employee with information on the type of
3	COVID-19 vaccine offered, possible side effects
4	of the COVID-19 vaccine, and educational ma-
5	terials on the benefits of COVID-19 and other
6	vaccinations.
7	(e) Privacy.—Any data collected, stored, received, or
8	published under this section shall—
9	(1) be so collected, stored, received, or pub-
10	lished in a manner that protects the privacy of indi-
11	viduals whose information is included in the data;
12	(2) be de-identified or anonymized in a manner
13	that protects the identity of all individuals whose in-
14	formation is included in the data;
15	(3) comply with privacy protections provided
16	under the regulations promulgated under section
17	264(c) of the Health Insurance Portability and Ac-
18	countability Act of 1996 (42 U.S.C. 1320d–2 note);
19	and
20	(4) be limited in use for the purpose of public

(4) be limited in use for the purpose of public health and be protected from all other internal use by any entity that collects, stores, or receives the data, including use of the data in determinations of eligibility (or continued eligibility) in health plans, and from any other inappropriate uses.

1	(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
2	authorized to be appropriated to relevant medical and pub-
3	lic officials such sums as are necessary to procure and ad-
4	minister the COVID-19 diagnostic tests and provide the
5	medical care required in this section.
6	SEC. 4. COVID-19 DATA COLLECTION AT CORRECTIONAL
7	FACILITIES.
8	(a) Data Collection.—During the period begin-
9	ning not later than 45 days after the date of enactment
10	of this Act and ending on the last day of the COVID-
11	19 pandemic, each correctional facility shall submit weekly
12	reports to the Department of Justice, the Centers for Dis-
13	ease Control and Prevention, and the public health author-
14	ity of the State in which the facility is located on the fol-
15	lowing:
16	(1) Testing numbers.—COVID-19 diagnostic
17	testing, including cumulative and new (since the pre-
18	vious report) counts of—
19	(A) the number of incarcerated persons
20	tested for COVID-19, disaggregated by routine
21	weekly testing, symptomatic testing, close con-
22	tact testing, recovery monitoring testing, and
23	new entrant testing;
24	(B) the number of correctional facility em-
25	ployees tested for COVID-19, disaggregated by

1	routine weekly testing, symptomatic testing,
2	close contact testing, and recovery monitoring
3	testing; and
4	(C) the COVID-19 diagnostic test devel-
5	oper, test name, and type of test (molecular,
6	antigen, or other) for each COVID-19 diag-
7	nostic test conducted.
8	(2) Test results.—COVID-19 diagnostic
9	testing outcomes, including cumulative and new
10	(since the previous report) counts of—
11	(A) the number of confirmed active cases
12	of COVID-19 among incarcerated persons,
13	disaggregated by routine weekly testing, symp-
14	tomatic testing, close contact testing, recovery
15	monitoring testing, and new entrant testing;
16	(B) the number of confirmed negative
17	cases of COVID-19 among incarcerated per-
18	sons, disaggregated by routine weekly testing,
19	symptomatic testing, close contact testing, re-
20	covery monitoring testing, and new entrant
21	testing;
22	(C) the number of confirmed active cases
23	of COVID-19 among correctional facility em-
24	ployees, disaggregated by routine weekly test-

1	ing, symptomatic testing, close contact testing,
2	and recovery monitoring testing;
3	(D) the number of confirmed negative
4	cases of COVID-19 among correctional facility
5	employees, disaggregated by routine weekly
6	testing, symptomatic testing, close contact test-
7	ing, and recovery monitoring testing;
8	(E) the number of tests pending results
9	disaggregated by incarcerated persons and cor-
10	rectional facility employees;
11	(F) the average time between testing an
12	incarcerated person for COVID-19 and receiv-
13	ing the results of the test; and
14	(G) the average time between testing a
15	correctional facility employee for COVID-19
16	and receiving the results of the test.
17	(3) Case outcomes.—COVID-19 case out-
18	comes, including cumulative and new (since the pre-
19	vious report) counts of—
20	(A) the number of incarcerated persons
21	hospitalized for a case of COVID-19;
22	(B) the number of incarcerated persons
23	who have recovered from COVID-19;

1	(C) the number of incarcerated persons
2	currently in quarantine or medical isolation for
3	COVID-19, respectively;
4	(D) the number of incarcerated persons
5	who have completed quarantine or been released
6	from medical isolation, respectively;
7	(E) the number of incarcerated persons
8	who have died from a confirmed or suspected
9	case of COVID-19;
10	(F) the number of correctional facility em-
11	ployees hospitalized for a case of COVID-19;
12	(G) the number of correctional facility em-
13	ployees who have recovered from COVID-19;
14	and
15	(H) the number of correctional facility em-
16	ployees who have died from a case of COVID-
17	19.
18	(4) Release of incarcerated persons.—
19	Data related to the release of incarcerated persons,
20	including individuals released to home confinement
21	and pursuant to compassionate release, as a result
22	of the COVID-19 public health emergency.
23	(5) Daily population.—Average daily popu-
24	lation, disaggregated by incarcerated persons and
25	correctional facility employees.

1	(6) Vaccinations.—Data related to distribu-
2	tion of the COVID-19 vaccine, including—
3	(A) the policies of the facility relating to
4	the distribution of the COVID-19 vaccination
5	to incarcerated persons and correctional facility
6	staff, including how the facility is prioritizing
7	distribution, both among correctional facility
8	staff and incarcerated persons, and any changes
9	or updates made to the policies;
10	(B) the total number of COVID-19 vac-
11	cine doses that the facility has received up to
12	the date of the report;
13	(C) the total number and percentage of in-
14	carcerated persons who—
15	(i) have been offered a COVID-19
16	vaccine;
17	(ii) have received a first dose of the
18	COVID-19 vaccine up to the date of the
19	report;
20	(iii) are fully vaccinated, either be-
21	cause the person received a second dose of
22	the COVID-19 vaccine or because the
23	COVID-19 vaccine the person received re-
24	quired only 1 dose;

1	(iv) declined the COVID-19 vaccine
2	and
3	(v) are housed in a skilled nursing
4	level housing unit or hospice and have—
5	(I) not received the COVID-19
6	vaccine;
7	(II) accepted the COVID-19 vac-
8	cine; and
9	(III) declined the COVID-19
10	vaccine;
11	(D) the total number and percentage of
12	correctional facility staff who—
13	(i) have been offered a COVID-19
14	vaccine;
15	(ii) have received a first dose of the
16	COVID-19 vaccine in up to the date of the
17	report;
18	(iii) are fully vaccinated, either be-
19	cause the person received a second dose of
20	the COVID-19 vaccine or because the
21	COVID-19 vaccine the person received re-
22	quired only 1 dose; and
23	(iv) declined the COVID-19 vaccine
24	and

- 1 (E) in the case of incarcerated persons and 2 correctional facility staff described in subpara-3 graph (C)(iv) or (D)(iv), respectively, the 3 4 most common reasons given for declining the 5 COVID-19 vaccine.
- 6 (b) DISAGGREGATION OF DATA.—The data described 7 in this section shall be disaggregated by sex, sexual ori-8 entation, gender identity, age, race, ethnicity, disability, 9 and geography (including county and State).
- 10 (c) Public Reporting.—The Secretary of Health 11 and Human Services, acting through the Director of the 12 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, shall make 13 publicly available on the internet the most recent and his-14 toric information reported weekly under subsection (a) in 15 a machine-readable format.
- 16 (d) COVID-19 Symptom Tracking and Medical RECORD RETENTION.—During the period beginning not later than 45 days after the date of enactment of this Act 18 19 and ending on the last day of the COVID-19 pandemic, each correctional facility shall systemically track and 20 21 record the signs and symptoms of COVID-19 among in-22 carcerated persons and correctional center employees. As 23 part of the tracking system, correctional facilities shall— 24 (1) document and retain a record of each re-25 quest from incarcerated persons for medical care, in-

1	cluding medical care for the signs and symptoms of
2	COVID-19;
3	(2) conduct weekly screenings, in conjunction
4	with the testing requirements described in section 3.
5	of incarcerated persons for signs and symptoms of
6	COVID-19 and maintain records of the results of
7	such screenings for each incarcerated person; and
8	(3) present for review, as requested at any time
9	by the Secretary of Health and Human Services or
10	the Attorney General, records collected under para-
11	graphs (1) and (2) .
12	(e) Incarcerated Persons Data.—The data de-
13	scribed in this section with respect to incarcerated persons
14	who are serving a term of imprisonment and who are in-
15	fected with COVID-19 shall include, to the extent prac-
16	ticable, the term of imprisonment imposed on the incarcer-
17	ated persons, the time served, and the release date.
18	(f) Privacy.—Any data collected, stored, received, or
19	published under this section shall—
20	(1) be so collected, stored, received, or pub-
21	lished in a manner that protects the privacy of indi-
22	viduals whose information is included in the data;
23	(2) be de-identified or anonymized in a manner
24	that protects the identity of all individuals whose in-
25	formation is included in the data;

- 1 (3) comply with privacy protections provided 2 under the regulations promulgated under section 3 264(c) of the Health Insurance Portability and Ac-4 countability Act of 1996 (42 U.S.C. 1320d–2 note);
- 5 and
- 6 (4) be limited in use for the purpose of public 7 health and be protected from all other internal use 8 by any entity that collects, stores, or receives the 9 data, including use of such data in determinations of 10 eligibility (or continued eligibility) in health plans, 11 and from any other inappropriate uses.
- 12 (g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
- 13 authorized to be appropriated to the Centers for Disease
- 14 Control and Prevention such sums as are necessary to
- 15 publicize the data as described in this section.
- 16 SEC. 5. CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND INVESTIGA-
- 17 TION DEPLOYMENT.
- 18 (a) IN GENERAL.—Correctional facilities shall report
- 19 to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention in-
- 20 stances when 3 or more incarcerated persons or correc-
- 21 tional facility employees present new COVID-19 cases
- 22 within 72 hours of each other, within 24 hours of identi-
- 23 fying the third case.
- 24 (b) Deployment of Staff.—In such instances, the
- 25 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention shall deploy

1	staff with experience in preventing the spread of infectious
2	diseases in congregate settings to the facility for the pur-
3	pose of mitigating and preventing the spread of COVID-
4	19 at the facility.
5	SEC. 6. UPDATED BUREAU OF PRISONS GUIDELINES ON
6	HANDLING COVID-19 IN CORRECTIONAL FA-
7	CILITIES.
8	(a) UPDATED COVID-19 GUIDELINES.—Not later
9	than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the
10	Department of Justice, acting through the Bureau of Pris-
11	ons and in consultation with the Centers for Disease Con-
12	trol and Prevention, shall release updated guidelines on
13	the management of COVID-19 in correctional facilities.
14	(b) Expert Consultation.—
15	(1) In general.—In developing the guidelines
16	described in subsection (a), the Department of Jus-
17	tice shall consult with no fewer than 10 experts in
18	public health and correctional facility management,
19	which shall include—
20	(A) academics with medical and public
21	health expertise;
22	(B) advocates for imprisoned populations;
23	(C) public health officials;
24	(D) tribal leaders or their representatives;
25	and

- 1 (E) labor representatives of correctional fa-2 cility employees. 3 (2) Publicly available.—Recommendations 4 from and correspondence with individuals described 5 in paragraph (1) shall be made publicly available. 6 (c) Contents.—The guidelines described in sub-7 section (a) shall, at a minimum, include— 8 (1) requirements that correctional facilities con-9 duct voluntary COVID-19 diagnostic tests on, and 10 quarantine consistent with Centers for Disease Con-11 trol and Prevention guidance all new incarcerated 12 persons who enter the facility during the COVID-19 13 pandemic, including incarcerated persons being held 14 at the facility while in transit between other facili-15 ties;
 - (2) guidance on how facilities should conduct weekly testing of incarcerated persons and correctional facility employees, including guidance on how to conduct pooled sample testing in lieu of individual testing, if appropriate, and guidance on how to identify the appropriate type of diagnostic test to use, consistent with the most up-to-date public health information and guidance on preventing the spread of COVID-19:

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- (3) guidance on how correctional facilities should handle incarcerated persons who refuse to receive COVID-19 tests, such as through implementing time-based or symptom-based isolation and quarantine strategies;
 - (4) requirements that correctional facilities, once a single case of COVID-19 is detected within the facility, screen every incarcerated person and correctional facility employee for signs and symptoms of COVID-19 within 24 hours;
 - (5) guidance for correctional facilities on maximum occupational capacity, social distancing best practices, and how to reduce the incarcerated person population within the facility, including updated guidance on the proactive release of incarcerated persons, with special consideration given to high-risk incarcerated persons;
 - (6) guidance for correctional facilities on how to establish and implement cohorting strategies to minimize the spread of COVID-19 in facilities, with special consideration given to the cohorting of high-risk incarcerated persons;
 - (7) guidance for correctional facilities on how to establish and implement contact tracing efforts to identify, track, and prevent the spread of COVID—

- 1 19 among the contacts of incarcerated persons and 2 correctional facility employees who test positive for 3 COVID-19;
 - (8) guidance for correctional facilities on how to—
 - (A) humanely and effectively quarantine incarcerated persons exposed to COVID-19 and humanely and effectively medically isolate and provide medical care to incarcerated persons who contract COVID-19, including a prohibition on the use of punitive solitary confinement and other punitive measures as a means of treating and medically isolating incarcerated persons, with special consideration given to the quarantining and medical isolation and treatment of high-risk incarcerated persons;
 - (B) authorize the provision of materials, such as books, television shows, magazines, and movies to, increase recreation hours for, and expand programming and phone and email communication privileges for incarcerated persons in medical isolation to minimize the similarity of punitive solitary confinement and other punitive measures with medical quarantine; and

- 1 (C) confirm that incarcerated persons and 2 correctional facility employees who have con-3 tracted COVID-19 have recovered for the pur-4 pose of releasing them from medical isolation;
 - (9) guidance for correctional facilities on the proper cleaning and disinfecting of the facility to prevent the spread of COVID-19;
 - (10) guidance for correctional facilities on proper ventilation and air filtration strategies to prevent the spread of COVID-19;
 - (11) guidance on the proper daily, weekly, and monthly allowance for incarcerated persons of personal protective equipment and face coverings, hand sanitizer, soap, cleaning items, and other materials that could reduce the spread of COVID–19 in facilities, which shall be provided to incarcerated persons at no cost, including information on how to update existing guidelines within facilities on the limitation of incarcerated persons' access to such materials;
 - (12) guidance for correctional facilities on how to educate incarcerated persons, and the medical facilities treating those incarcerated persons for COVID-19, on the healthcare rights of the incarcerated persons under Federal and State law and the minimum ethical standards of care, including the

- use of medical isolation that does not include solitary confinement;
 - (13) recommendations for correctional facilities on how to increase communication between incarcerated persons and friends and family outside of the facility during the COVID–19 pandemic, including guidance on how to suspend fees for phone calls and electronic communications and expand visitation (including virtual visitation) options;
 - (14) requirements that correctional facilities communicate, not less frequently than biweekly, and in such a manner that permits for feedback from incarcerated persons, to incarcerated persons the steps being taken to address the COVID–19 pandemic in the facility;
 - (15) guidance for correctional facilities on how to connect incarcerated persons released from confinement as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic with post-release resources, such as health insurance, primary care providers, other health professionals, and quarantine facilities, with sensitivity to the immigration status of incarcerated persons; and
 - (16) guidance for correctional facilities on how to equitably distribute COVID-19 vaccinations to incarcerated persons and correctional facility staff,

1	with the goal of maximizing COVID-19 safety with-
2	in correctional facilities and reducing health dispari-
3	ties among correctional facility populations.
4	SEC. 7. REPORT TO CONGRESS.
5	Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment
6	of this Act, the Attorney General shall submit to Congress
7	a report on prevention, mitigation, and control activities
8	relating to the spread of COVID-19 in prisons conducted
9	by the Department of Justice and the Bureau of Prisons,
10	disaggregated by facility when applicable, that includes in-
11	formation on—
12	(1) efforts of correctional facilities to comply
13	with the Interim Guidance on Management of
14	Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) in Correc-
15	tional and Detention Facilities issued by the Centers
16	for Disease Control and Prevention (referred to in
17	this section as the "Interim Guidelines"), includ-
18	ing—
19	(A) information on steps that have been
20	and continue to be taken with respect to oper-
21	ational preparedness, including—
22	(i) with respect to communication and
23	coordination—
24	(I) developing information shar-
25	ing systems with partners:

1	(II) reviewing and revising for
2	COVID-19 existing influenza, all-haz-
3	ards, and disaster plans;
4	(III) coordinating with local law
5	enforcement and court officials as
6	necessary; and
7	(IV) encouraging all persons in
8	the facility, including through posting
9	signs, to take action to protect them-
10	selves from COVID-19;
11	(ii) with respect to personnel prac-
12	tices—
13	(I) reviewing sick leave policies of
14	each employer that operates within
15	the facility;
16	(II) identifying duties that can be
17	performed remotely;
18	(III) planning for staff absences;
19	(IV) offering revised duties to
20	staff at increased risk for severe ill-
21	ness from COVID-19;
22	(V) making plans to change staff
23	duty assignments to prevent unneces-
24	sary movement between housing units
25	during a COVID-19 outbreak;

1	(VI) offering the seasonal influ-
2	enza vaccines to all incarcerated per-
3	sons and correctional facility staff;
4	and
5	(VII) offering and administering
6	COVID-19 vaccines to all incarcer-
7	ated persons and correctional facility
8	staff; and
9	(iii) with respect to operations, sup-
10	plies, and personal protective equipment
11	(referred to in this clause as "PPE") prep-
12	arations—
13	(I) ensuring that sufficient stocks
14	of hygiene supplies, cleaning supplies,
15	PPE, and medical supplies (consistent
16	with the healthcare capabilities of the
17	facility) are on hand and available,
18	and having a plan in place to restock
19	as needed;
20	(II) making contingency plans for
21	possible PPE shortages during the
22	COVID-19 pandemic;
23	(III) relaxing restrictions on al-
24	lowing alcohol-based hand sanitizer;

1	(IV) providing a no-cost supply
2	of soap to incarcerated persons suffi-
3	cient to allow frequent hand washing;
4	(V) establishing a respiratory
5	protection program, if not already in
6	place;
7	(VI) ensuring that correctional
8	facility staff and incarcerated persons
9	are trained to correctly don, doff, and
10	dispose of PPE that they will need to
11	use within the scope of their respon-
12	sibilities; and
13	(VII) setting up designated PPE
14	donning and doffing areas outside all
15	spaces where PPE will be used;
16	(B) information on steps that have been
17	and continue to be taken with respect to pre-
18	vention, including—
19	(i) to prevent COVID-19 cases among
20	incarcerated persons—
21	(I) implementing social distanc-
22	ing strategies to increase the physical
23	space between incarcerated persons,
24	which, to the extent practicable, shall

1	be 6 feet between all individuals, re-
2	gardless of symptoms;
3	(II) minimizing the mixing of in-
4	dividuals from different housing units;
5	and
6	(III) providing up-to-date infor-
7	mation about COVID-19 to incarcer-
8	ated persons;
9	(ii) to prevent COVID-19 cases
10	among correctional facility staff—
11	(I) reminding staff to stay at
12	home if they are sick;
13	(II) performing verbal screening
14	and temperature checks for all staff
15	daily upon entry; and
16	(III) providing up-to-date infor-
17	mation about COVID-19 to staff, in-
18	cluding information about sick leave
19	policies; and
20	(iii) to prevent COVID-19 cases
21	among visitors—
22	(I) communicating with potential
23	visitors to discourage contact visits;

1	(II) conducting verbal screenings
2	and temperature checks for visitors,
3	and requiring face coverings; and
4	(III) promoting non-contact visits
5	and providing access to free virtual
6	visitation options;
7	(C) information on steps that have been
8	and continue to be taken with respect to
9	COVID-19 case management, including—
10	(i) with respect to infection control,
11	ensuring proper infection control protocols
12	are in place;
13	(ii) with respect to medical isolation—
14	(I) placing incarcerated individ-
15	uals with confirmed or suspected
16	cases of COVID-19 in medical isola-
17	tion;
18	(II) ensuring that medical isola-
19	tion for COVID-19 is distinct from
20	punitive solitary confinement;
21	(III) keeping to an absolute min-
22	imum the movement outside the med-
23	ical isolation space of incarcerated in-
24	dividuals with confirmed or suspected
25	cases of COVID-19; and

1	(IV) safely cohorting, if nec-
2	essary, COVID-19-infected incarcer-
3	ated individuals; and
4	(iii) with respect to provision of
5	care—
6	(I) ensuring that incarcerated
7	persons receive medical evaluation and
8	treatment at the first signs of
9	COVID-19 symptoms, including in
10	cases where a facility is not able to
11	provide such evaluation and treatment
12	onsite;
13	(II) providing incarcerated indi-
14	viduals with onsite healthcare; and
15	(III) providing incarcerated indi-
16	viduals with healthcare services in the
17	community, as necessary; and
18	(D) all other aspects of the Interim Guid-
19	ance;
20	(2) the process for determining which incarcer-
21	ated persons qualify for home confinement, including
22	listing every factor that is taken into consideration,
23	and how the factors are weighed to determine quali-
24	fication, including—

1	(A) how many incarcerated persons have
2	been reviewed for home confinement;
3	(B) how many incarcerated persons have
4	qualified for and have been moved into home
5	confinement, and the average length of time be-
6	tween review, approval, and transfer;
7	(C) how the prior convictions of an incar-
8	cerated person are used to determine who quali-
9	fies for home confinement, including whether
10	certain convictions are weighed more heavily
11	than others, and whether a prior conviction re-
12	gardless of severity automatically bars an incar-
13	cerated person from qualifying for home con-
14	finement; and
15	(D) demographic data of the incarcerated
16	persons who are considered for home confine-
17	ment and of the incarcerated persons who are
18	ultimately chosen for home confinement
19	disaggregated by age, race, gender, ethnicity,
20	level of offense, how much time remains or
21	their sentence, and whether the individual is
22	high risk for COVID-19;
23	(3) the process for determining which incarcer-
24	ated persons qualify for compassionate release, in-

cluding listing every factor that is taken into consid-

1	eration, and how the factors are weighed to deter-
2	mine qualification, including—
3	(A) how many incarcerated persons have
4	been reviewed for compassionate release;
5	(B) how many incarcerated persons have
6	qualified for compassionate release
7	disaggregated by compassionate releases ap-
8	proved by the Bureau of Prisons and compas-
9	sionate releases granted by courts, and the av-
10	erage length of time between review, approval
11	and release;
12	(C) how the prior convictions of an incar-
13	cerated person are used to determine who quali-
14	fies for compassionate release, including wheth-
15	er certain convictions are weighed more heavily
16	than others, and whether a prior conviction re-
17	gardless of severity automatically bars an incar-
18	cerated person from qualifying for compas-
19	sionate release; and
20	(D) demographic data of the incarcerated
21	persons who are considered for compassionate
22	release and of the incarcerated persons who are
23	ultimately chosen for compassionate release

disaggregated by age, race, gender, ethnicity,

1	level of offense, and how much time remains on
2	their sentence;

- (4) the process of providing information to families and emergency contacts of incarcerated persons who have tested positive for COVID-19, including how long it takes on average for families and emergency contacts to be notified after initial diagnosis, and how often facilities follow up with families and emergency contacts to update them on the health condition of the incarcerated person;
- (5) resource limitations, if any, that have inhibited the ability of the Department of Justice and Bureau of Prisons to fully implement the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's Interim Guidelines; and
- (6) what actions are being taken to modernize the electronic health records systems of the Bureau of Prisons.

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