## 117TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

## H. R. 6827

To authorize appropriations to accelerate the procurement and deployment of computed tomography equipment to enhance detection capabilities for carry-on baggage, and for other purposes.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

February 25, 2022

Mr. Katko (for himself, Mr. Thompson of Mississippi, Mr. Gimenez, and Mrs. Watson Coleman) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Homeland Security

## A BILL

- To authorize appropriations to accelerate the procurement and deployment of computed tomography equipment to enhance detection capabilities for carry-on baggage, and for other purposes.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
  - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
  - 4 This Act may be cited as the "Securing the Check-
  - 5 point Property Screening System (S-CPSS) Act of 2022".

1	SEC. 2. PROCUREMENT AND DEPLOYMENT EFFORTS OF
2	COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY EQUIPMENT AT
3	AIRPORT CHECKPOINTS.
4	(a) TSA Briefing.—Not later than 180 days after
5	the date of the enactment of this Act and annually there-
6	after for five years, the Administrator shall brief the ap-
7	propriate congressional committees regarding planned
8	procurement and deployment efforts of computed tomog-
9	raphy equipment at airport checkpoints through the
10	Checkpoint Property Screening System program to en-
11	hance detection capabilities for carry-on baggage. Such
12	briefing shall include information relating to the following:
13	(1) The amount of computed tomography
14	equipment TSA could procure under the authoriza-
15	tion of appropriations in each of fiscal years 2022,
16	2023, 2024, 2025, and 2026.
17	(2) The amount of computed tomography
18	equipment TSA could deploy in each of such fiscal
19	years.
20	(3) A procurement and deployment plan, to-
21	gether with a funding and execution plan, to com-
22	plete the deployment of computed tomography equip-
23	ment, disaggregated by all base, mid, and full sized
24	units of such equipment, at airport checkpoints by
25	not later than September 30, 2026.

- 1 (4) Whether additional funding will be nec-2 essary in fiscal year 2026.
- (5) A plan for maximizing competition and in novation within the Checkpoint Property Screening
  System program, including by supporting the participation of small businesses.
  - (6) A plan to set aside funds for small businesses within the Checkpoint Property Screening System program, to the extent practicable, as determined by the Administrator, or if not practicable a description of challenges in doing so.
  - (7) A description of how each award made under the Checkpoint Property Screening System program within the immediately preceding year satisfies Department of Homeland Security and TSA operational requirements, including requirements for detection, safety, cybersecurity, interoperability, availability, and throughput, as well as other relevant standards.
  - (8) A description of how each award made under the Checkpoint Property Screening System program within the immediately preceding year satisfies Department of Homeland Security and TSA requirements for testing and evaluation.

1	(b) AWARD-SPECIFIC BRIEFINGS.—If TSA intends to
2	make an award to a system that does not satisfy the
3	Checkpoint Property Screening System program key per-
4	formance parameters, the Administrator shall brief the ap-
5	propriate congressional committees at least two weeks
6	prior to any such award regarding why such award is nec-
7	essary and in the best interest of national security and
8	good government.
9	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—
10	(1) In general.—There is authorized to be
11	appropriated \$1,641,400,000 to TSA for procure-
12	ment and deployment of computed tomography
13	equipment at airport checkpoints through the Check-
14	point Property Screening System program to en-
15	hance detection capabilities for carry-on baggage as
16	follows:
17	(A) $$257,000,000$ for fiscal year 2022.
18	(B) \$336,000,000 for fiscal year 2023.
19	(C) \$343,000,000 for fiscal year 2024.
20	(D) \$350,000,000 for fiscal year 2025.
21	(E) \$355,400,000 for fiscal year 2026.
22	(2) Small business research and develop-
23	MENT.—
24	(A) In general.—In addition to funds
25	authorized to be appropriated in accordance

1	with paragraph (1), there is authorized to be
2	appropriated \$82,077,000 to TSA to provide to
3	small businesses in support of research and de-
4	velopment of technologies under consideration
5	for the Checkpoint Property Screening System
6	program, as follows:
7	(i) \$12,850,000 for fiscal year 2022
8	(ii) \$16,800,000 for fiscal year 2023.
9	(iii) \$17,150,000 for fiscal year 2024.
10	(iv) \$17,500,000 for fiscal year 2025.
11	(v) $$17,777,000$ for fiscal year $2026$
12	(B) ELIGIBILITY.—To be eligible to receive
13	funding under subparagraph (A), a small busi-
14	ness referred to in such subparagraph shall
15	demonstrate an ability to produce technologies
16	supporting the advancement of checkpoint secu-
17	rity screening, as determined by the Adminis-
18	trator.
19	(3) AVAILABILITY.—Amounts authorized to be
20	appropriated pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (2) are
21	authorized to remain available until expended.
22	(d) Definitions.—In this section:
23	(1) Administrator.—The term "Adminis-
24	trator" means the Administrator of the Transpor-
25	tation Security Administration

1	(2) Appropriate congressional commit-
2	TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
3	mittees" means—
4	(A) the Committee on Homeland Security
5	of the House of Representatives;
6	(B) the Committee on Homeland Security
7	and Governmental Affairs and the Committee
8	on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of
9	the Senate;
10	(C) the Committee on Appropriations of
11	the House of Representatives; and
12	(D) the Committee on Appropriations of
13	the Senate.
14	(3) TSA.—The term "TSA" means the Trans-
15	portation Security Administration.