117TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 9431

To enable incarcerated persons to petition a Federal court for a second look at sentences longer than 10 years, where the person is not a danger to the safety of any person or the community and has shown they are ready for reentry, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

DECEMBER 6, 2022

Ms. Bass (for herself, Ms. Norton, and Ms. Pressley) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To enable incarcerated persons to petition a Federal court for a second look at sentences longer than 10 years, where the person is not a danger to the safety of any person or the community and has shown they are ready for reentry, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- This Act may be cited as the "Second Look Act of
- 5 2022".

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 2 (a) Findings Related to the United States
- 3 CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM.—Congress finds the fol-
- 4 lowing:
- 5 (1) Although the United States has less than 5
- 6 percent of the world's population, the United States
- 7 holds approximately 19 percent of the world's incar-
- 8 cerated population and has the highest rate of incar-
- 9 ceration in the world, with more than 1,700,000
- people incarcerated in State and Federal prisons and
- local jails.
- 12 (2) The prison population of the United States
- has increased by more than 270 percent over a 40-
- 14 year period preceding the date of enactment of this
- 15 Act.
- 16 (3) The United States incarcerates citizens of
- the United States at 5 to 10 times the rate of other
- industrialized nations.
- 19 (4) The face of incarceration in the United
- States is not exclusively male. Although less than 5
- 21 percent of women in the world live in the United
- States, the United States houses nearly 30 percent
- of the world's incarcerated women.
- 24 (5) The growth of the incarceration of women
- in the United States has outpaced that of men by
- nearly 2-to-1, growing more than 475 percent be-

- tween 1980 and 2020. Fifty-eight percent of incarcerated women are mothers of minor children and most are the primary caretakers for their children.
- 4 (6) The overall prison population of the United 5 States peaked in 2009 and declined at an annual 6 rate of 1 percent during the subsequent decade. At 7 this pace, it would take until 2078, or 56 years, to 8 reduce the prison population by 50 percent.
 - (7) In 2020, the prison population declined by 15 percent in response to safety precautions related to the COVID-19 pandemic, but some prison populations have since bounced back up.
- 13 (8) Nearly 50 percent of the United States 14 Federal prison population in 2022 is incarcerated 15 for a drug trafficking offense.
- 16 (b) Findings Related to the Need for a Sec-17 ond Look.—Congress finds the following:
- 18 (1) A second look at the sentences for incarcer-19 ated individuals is needed.
- 20 (2) Life sentences of imprisonment and long 21 sentences without the possibility of review violate 22 human rights standards.
- 23 (3) One out of 7 incarcerated individuals is cur-24 rently serving a life sentence or a virtual life sen-25 tence of 50 years or longer. More than 25 percent

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of those individuals are sentenced to life without pa-
role. One out of every 15 women in prison, or nearly
7,000 women, is serving a life sentence or virtual life
sentence.
(4) In 2020, 147,920 people were serving a life
sentence or virtual life sentence in the United
States, and 55,945 people were serving a sentence of
life without parole, compared to a total of 63 people
serving a life sentence without the possibility of re-
lease in the United Kingdom.
(5) Mandatory minimum penalties continue to
result in long sentences in the Federal prison sys-
tem, and—
(A) as of 2016—
(i) 55.7 percent of the Federal prison
population had been sentenced under a
mandatory minimum provision; and
(ii) 25 percent of Federal prisoners
serving life or virtual life sentences have
been convicted of nonviolent crimes, includ-
ing 30 percent for a drug crime; and
(B) in 2021, the average sentence length
for individuals who were convicted of an offense
carrying a mandatory minimum penalty was

months of imprisonment.

1	(6) Among those individuals serving life without
2	parole sentences, 40 percent have been convicted of
3	a drug related crime.
4	(7) The United States has much more punitive
5	sentencing laws than the rest of the world, as—
6	(A) sentence lengths in most European
7	countries rarely exceed 20 years;
8	(B) Norway abolished life sentences in
9	1981, and under Norwegian law, the maximum
10	prison term is 21 years;
11	(C) in Denmark and Sweden, individuals
12	serving life sentences can be released after 12
13	years and 18 years of imprisonment, respec-
14	tively; and
15	(D) in Latin America, only 6 out of 19
16	countries maintain statutes that allow life im-
17	prisonment.
18	(8) With the abolition of parole under the Sen-
19	tencing Reform Act of 1984 (Public Law 98–473;
20	98 Stat. 1987), there are extremely limited options
21	for review of Federal sentences, which differs greatly
22	from the rest of the world, as—
23	(A) Belgium requires a parole review of life
24	sentences after 10 years;

1	(B) Germany requires a parole review of
2	life sentences after 15 years; and
3	(C) the International Criminal Court re-
4	quires a parole review of life sentences after 25
5	years.
6	(9) An incarcerated individual should not be
7	precluded from receiving a second look review of
8	their sentence because of the nature of the crime for
9	which the individual was convicted, as—
10	(A) individuals tend to age out of criminal
11	activity starting around 25 years of age;
12	(B) released individuals over the age of 50
13	have a very low recidivism rate;
14	(C) several studies, State policies and pro-
15	grams, and the National Institute of Correc-
16	tions of the Bureau of Prisons consider incar-
17	cerated individuals aged 50 and above to be el-
18	derly;
19	(D) incarcerated people age at an acceler-
20	ated rate because they are more likely than the
21	general public to experience stresses including
22	long histories of alcohol and drug misuse, insuf-
23	ficient diet, lack of medical care, financial
24	struggles, and stress of maintaining safety
25	while behind bars;

1	(E) the Office of the Inspector General of
2	the Department of Justice has found that
3	"aging inmates commit less misconduct while
4	incarcerated and have a lower rate of re-arrest
5	once released" and has recommended the early
6	release of aging inmates to help manage the in-
7	mate population and reduce costs at the Bureau
8	of Prisons;
9	(F) the cost to State taxpayers to incar-
10	cerate the approximately 250,000 individuals
11	aged 50 or older behind bars as of the date of
12	enactment of this Act is approximately
13	\$16,000,000,000 each year;
14	(G) incarceration of individuals beyond the
15	age during which the individuals are likely to
16	commit crime is a drain on taxpayer dollars
17	that does nothing to increase public safety;
18	(H) individuals are capable of redemption;
19	and
20	(I) in the words of Bryan Stevenson, "each
21	of us is more than the worst thing we've ever

done".

1	SEC. 3. MODIFICATION OF CERTAIN TERMS OF IMPRISON-
2	MENT.
3	(a) In General.—Subchapter C of chapter 229 of
4	title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting after
5	section 3626 the following:
6	"SEC. 3627. MODIFICATION OF CERTAIN TERMS OF IMPRIS-
7	ONMENT.
8	"(a) In General.—Notwithstanding any other pro-
9	vision of law, a court may reduce a term of imprisonment
10	imposed upon a defendant if—
11	"(1) the imposed term of imprisonment was
12	more than 10 years;
13	"(2) the defendant has served not less than 10
14	years in custody for the offense; and
15	"(3) the court finds, after considering the fac-
16	tors set forth in subsection (c), that—
17	"(A) the defendant—
18	"(i) is not a danger to the safety of
19	any person or the community; and
20	"(ii) demonstrates readiness for re-
21	entry; and
22	"(B) the interests of justice warrant a sen-
23	tence modification.
24	"(b) Supervised Release.—

1	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Any defendant whose sen-
2	tence is reduced pursuant to subsection (a), shall be
3	ordered to serve—
4	"(A) the term of supervised release in-
5	cluded as part of the original sentence imposed
6	on the defendant; or
7	"(B) in the case of a defendant whose
8	original sentence did not include a term of su-
9	pervised release, a term of supervised release
10	not to exceed the authorized terms of super-
11	vised release described in section 3583.
12	"(2) Conditions of supervised release.—
13	The conditions of supervised release and any modi-
14	fication or revocation of the term of supervised re-
15	lease shall be in accordance with section 3583.
16	"(c) Factors and Information To Be Consid-
17	ERED IN DETERMINING WHETHER TO MODIFY A TERM
18	OF IMPRISONMENT.—
19	"(1) In general.—The court, in determining
20	whether to reduce a term of imprisonment pursuant
21	to subsection (a)—
22	"(A) may consider the factors described in
23	section 3553(a), including the nature of the of-
24	fense and the history and characteristics of the
25	defendant: and

1	"(B) shall consider—
2	"(i) the age of the defendant at the
3	time of the offense;
4	"(ii) the age of the defendant at the
5	time of the sentence modification petition
6	and relevant data regarding the decline in
7	criminality as the age of a defendant in-
8	creases;
9	"(iii) any presentation of argument
10	and evidence by counsel for the defendant
11	"(iv) a report and recommendation of
12	the Bureau of Prisons, including informa-
13	tion on whether the defendant has substan-
14	tially complied with the rules of each insti-
15	tution in which the defendant has been
16	confined and whether the defendant has
17	completed any educational, vocational, or
18	other prison program, where available;
19	"(v) any report and recommendation
20	of the United States attorney for any dis-
21	trict in which an offense for which the de-
22	fendant is imprisoned was prosecuted;
23	"(vi) whether the defendant has dem-
24	onstrated maturity, rehabilitation, and a

1	fitness to reenter society sufficient to jus-
2	tify a sentence reduction;
3	"(vii) any statement, which may be
4	presented orally or otherwise, by any vic-
5	tim of an offense for which the defendant
6	is imprisoned or by a family member of the
7	victim if the victim is deceased;
8	"(viii) any report from a physical,
9	mental, or psychiatric examination of the
10	defendant conducted by a licensed health
11	care professional;
12	"(ix) the family and community cir-
13	cumstances of the defendant, including any
14	history of abuse, trauma, or involvement in
15	the child welfare system, and the potential
16	benefits to children and family members of
17	reunification with the defendant;
18	"(x) the role of the defendant in the
19	offense and whether, and to what extent,
20	an adult was involved in the offense if the
21	defendant was a juvenile at the time of the
22	offense;
23	"(xi) the diminished culpability of ju-
24	veniles as compared to that of adults, and
25	the hallmark features of youth, including

immaturity, impetuosity, and failure to ap-
preciate risks and consequences, if the de-
fendant was a juvenile at the time of the
offense; and
"(xii) any other information the court
determines relevant to the decision of the
court.
"(2) REBUTTABLE PRESUMPTION.—In the case
of a defendant who is 50 years of age or older on
the date on which the defendant files an application
for a sentence reduction under subsection (a), there
shall be a rebuttable presumption that the defendant
shall be released.
"(d) Limitation on Applications Pursuant to
This Section.—
"(1) SECOND APPLICATION.—Not earlier than
5 years after the date on which an order denying re-
lease on an initial application under this section be-
comes final, a court shall entertain a second applica-
tion by the same defendant under this section.
"(2) Third application.—Not earlier than 2
years after the date on which an order entered by
a court on a second application under paragraph (1)
becomes final, a court shall entertain a third appli-

cation by the same defendant under this section.

1	"(3) Final application.—A court shall enter-
2	tain a final application if the defendant—
3	"(A) is 50 years of age or older; and
4	"(B) has exhausted the sentencing modi-
5	fication process.
6	"(e) Procedures.—
7	"(1) Notice.—Not later than 30 days after the
8	date on which the 10th year of imprisonment begins
9	for a defendant sentenced to more than 10 years of
10	imprisonment for an offense, the Bureau of Prisons
11	shall provide written notice of this section to—
12	"(A) the defendant; and
13	"(B) the sentencing court, the United
14	States attorney, and the Federal Public De-
15	fender or Executive Director of the Community
16	Defender Organization for the judicial district
17	in which the sentence described in this para-
18	graph was imposed.
19	"(2) Application.—
20	"(A) In general.—An application for a
21	sentence reduction under this section shall be
22	filed in the judicial district in which the sen-
23	tence was imposed as a motion to reduce the
24	sentence of the defendant pursuant to this sec-

1	tion and may include affidavits or other written
2	material.
3	"(B) Requirement.—A motion to reduce
4	a sentence under this section shall be filed with
5	the sentencing court and a copy shall be served
6	on the United States attorney for the judicial
7	district in which the sentence was imposed.
8	"(3) Expanding the record; hearing.—
9	"(A) Expanding the record.—After the
10	filing of a motion to reduce a sentence under
11	this section, the court may direct the parties to
12	expand the record by submitting additional
13	written materials relating to the motion.
14	"(B) Hearing.—
15	"(i) In general.—The court shall,
16	upon request of the defendant or the Gov-
17	ernment, conduct a hearing on the motion,
18	at which the defendant and counsel for the
19	defendant shall be given the opportunity to
20	be heard.
21	"(ii) Evidence.—In a hearing under
22	this section, the court shall allow parties to
23	present evidence.
24	"(iii) Defendant's presence.—At
25	a hearing under this section, the defendant

1 shall be present unless the defendant 2 waives the right to be present. The requirement under this clause may be satis-3 fied by the defendant appearing by video teleconference. 6 "(iv) Counsel.—A defendant who is 7 unable to afford counsel is entitled to have 8 counsel appointed, at no cost to the de-9 fendant, to represent the defendant for the 10 application and proceedings under this sec-11 tion, including any appeal, unless the de-12 fendant expressly waives the right to coun-13 sel after being fully advised of their rights 14 by the court. "(v) FINDINGS.—The court shall state 15 16 in open court, and file in writing, the rea-17 sons for granting or denying a motion 18 under this section. 19 "(C) APPEAL.—The Government or the 20 defendant may file a notice of appeal in the dis-21 trict court for review of a final order under this 22 section. The time limit for filing such appeal 23 shall be governed by rule 4(a) of the Federal

Rules of Appellate Procedure.

1	"(4) Crime victims rights.—Upon receiving
2	an application under paragraph (2), the United
3	States attorney shall provide any notifications re-
4	quired under section 3771.
5	"(f) Annual Report.—
6	"(1) In general.—Not later than 1 year after
7	the date of enactment of the Second Look Act of
8	2022, and once every year thereafter, the United
9	States Sentencing Commission shall submit to the
10	Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate and the
11	Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Rep-
12	resentatives a report on requests for sentence reduc-
13	tions under this section.
14	"(2) Contents.—Each report required to be
15	published under paragraph (1) shall include, for the
16	1-year period preceding the report—
17	"(A) the number of—
18	"(i) incarcerated individuals who were
19	granted a sentence reduction under this
20	section; and
21	"(ii) incarcerated individuals who
22	were denied a sentence reduction under
23	this section;
24	"(B) the number of incarcerated individ-
25	uals released from prison under this section;

1	"(C) the demographic characteristics, in-
2	cluding race and gender, of—
3	"(i) the incarcerated individuals who
4	applied for a sentenced reduction under
5	this section;
6	"(ii) the incarcerated individuals who
7	were granted a sentence reduction under
8	this section; and
9	"(iii) the incarcerated individuals who
10	were released under this section;
11	"(D) the location, categorized by Federal
12	circuit and State, of—
13	"(i) the incarcerated individuals who
14	applied for a reduction under this section;
15	"(ii) the incarcerated individuals who
16	were granted a reduction under this sec-
17	tion; and
18	"(iii) the incarcerated individuals who
19	were released under this section;
20	"(E) the average sentence reduction grant-
21	ed under this section;
22	"(F) the number of incarcerated individ-
23	uals 50 years of age or older who applied for
24	a sentence reduction under this section;

1	"(G) the number of incarcerated individ-
2	uals who are 50 years of age or older who were
3	granted a sentence reduction under this section;
4	and
5	"(H) the number of incarcerated individ-
6	uals 50 years of age or older who were released
7	from prison under this section.
8	"(3) Attorney general cooperation.—The
9	Attorney General shall—
10	"(A) assist and provide information to the
11	United States Sentencing Commission in the
12	performance of the duties of the Commission
13	under this subsection; and
14	"(B) promptly respond to requests from
15	the Commission.".
16	(b) Table of Sections.—The table of sections for
17	subchapter C of chapter 229 of title 18, United States
18	Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to
19	section 3626 the following:
	"3627. Modification of certain terms of imprisonment.".
20	(c) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
21	Section 3582(c) of title 18, United States Code, is amend-
22	ed—
23	(1) in paragraph (1)(B), by striking "and" at
24	the end

1	(2) in paragraph (2), by striking the period at
2	the end and inserting "; and"; and
3	(3) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(3) the court may reduce a term of imprison-
5	ment in accordance with section 3627.".
6	(d) APPLICABILITY.—The amendments made by this
7	section shall apply to any conviction entered before, on,
8	or after the date of enactment of this Act.

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