## 117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

## H. R. 4759

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide an investment credit for the conversion of office buildings into other uses.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

July 28, 2021

Mr. Gomez (for himself, Mr. Larson of Connecticut, and Mr. Kildee) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

## A BILL

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide an investment credit for the conversion of office buildings into other uses.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Revitalizing Down-
- 5 towns Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. CREDIT FOR QUALIFIED OFFICE CONVERSION.
- 7 (a) In General.—Section 46 of the Internal Rev-
- 8 enue Code of 1986 is amended by striking "and" at the
- 9 end of paragraph (5), by striking the period at the end

- 1 of paragraph (6) and inserting ", and", and by adding
- 2 at the end the following new paragraph:
- 3 "(7) the qualified office conversion credit.".
- 4 (b) Amount of Credit.—Subpart E of part IV of
- 5 subchapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code
- 6 of 1986 is amended by inserting after section 48C the fol-
- 7 lowing new section:
- 8 "SEC. 48D. QUALIFIED OFFICE CONVERSION CREDIT.
- 9 "(a) In General.—For purposes of section 46, the
- 10 qualified office conversion credit for any taxable year is
- 11 equal to 20 percent of the qualified conversion expendi-
- 12 tures with respect to a qualified converted building.
- 13 "(b) When Expenditures Taken Into Ac-
- 14 COUNT.—
- 15 "(1) In general.—Qualified conversion ex-
- penditures with respect to any qualified converted
- building shall be taken into account for the taxable
- year in which such qualified converted building is
- 19 placed in service.
- 20 "(2) Coordination with subsection (d).—
- 21 The amount which would (but for this subpara-
- graph) be taken into account under subparagraph
- (A) with respect to any qualified converted building
- shall be reduced (but not below zero) by any amount
- of qualified conversion expenditures taken into ac-

1	count under subsection (d) by the taxpayer or a
2	predecessor of the taxpayer (or, in the case of a sale
3	and leaseback described in section 50(a)(2)(C), by
4	the lessee), to the extent any amount so taken into
5	account has not been required to be recaptured
6	under section 50(a).
7	"(c) Definitions.—
8	"(1) Qualified converted building.—
9	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualified
10	converted building' means any building (and its
11	structural components) if—
12	"(i) prior to conversion, such building
13	was nonresidential real property (as de-
14	fined in section 168) which was leased, or
15	available for lease, to office tenants,
16	"(ii) such building has been substan-
17	tially converted from an office use to a res-
18	idential, retail, or other commercial use,
19	"(iii) in the case of conversion to a
20	residential use, such converted building
21	meets the requirements of subparagraph
22	(D),
23	"(iv) such building was initially placed
24	in service at least 25 years before the be-
25	ginning of the conversion, and

1	"(v) depreciation (or amortization in
2	lieu of depreciation) is allowable with re-
3	spect to such building.
4	"(B) Substantially converted de-
5	FINED.—
6	"(i) In general.—For purposes of
7	paragraph (1)(A)(ii), a building shall be
8	treated as having been substantially con-
9	verted only if the qualified conversion ex-
10	penditures during the 24-month period se-
11	lected by the taxpayer (at the time and in
12	the manner prescribed by regulation) and
13	ending with or within the taxable year ex-
14	ceed the greater of—
15	"(I) the adjusted basis of such
16	building (and its structural compo-
17	nents), or
18	"(II) \$15,000.
19	The adjusted basis of the building (and its
20	structural components) shall be determined
21	as of the beginning of the 1st day of such
22	24-month period, or of the holding period
23	of the building, whichever is later. For
24	purposes of the preceding sentence, the de-
25	termination of the beginning of the holding

1	period shall be made without regard to any
2	reconstruction by the taxpayer in connec-
3	tion with the conversion.
4	"(ii) Special rule for phased
5	CONVERSION.—In the case of any conver-
6	sion which may reasonably be expected to
7	be completed in phases set forth in archi-
8	tectural plans and specifications completed
9	before the conversion begins, clause (i)
10	shall be applied by substituting '60-month
11	period' for '24-month period'.
12	"(iii) Lessees.—The Secretary shall
13	prescribe by regulation rules for applying
14	this subparagraph to lessees.
15	"(C) Reconstruction.—Conversion in-
16	cludes reconstruction.
17	"(D) Residential conversion require-
18	MENTS.—
19	"(i) In General.—A building meets
20	the requirements of this subparagraph if—
21	"(I) 20 percent or more of the
22	residential units are both rent-re-
23	stricted and occupied by individuals
24	whose income is 80 percent or less of
25	area median gross income, or

1	"(II) such building is subject to a
2	written binding State or local agree-
3	ment with respect to the provision or
4	financing of affordable housing and
5	such agreement is documented in such
6	form and manner as the Secretary
7	may provide.
8	"(ii) Rent and income limita-
9	TION.—For purposes of this subparagraph,
10	rules similar to the rules of subsection (g)
11	of section 42 shall apply to determine
12	whether a unit is rent-restricted, treatment
13	of units occupied by individuals whose in-
14	comes rise above the limit, and the treat-
15	ment of units where Federal rental assist-
16	ance is reduced as tenant's income in-
17	creases.
18	"(2) Qualified conversion expenditures
19	DEFINED.—
20	"(A) In general.—For purposes of sub-
21	section (a), the term 'qualified conversion ex-
22	penditures' means any amount properly charge-
23	able to capital account—

1	"(i) for property for which deprecia-
2	tion is allowable under section 168 and
3	which is—
4	"(I) nonresidential real property
5	(as defined in section 168),
6	"(II) residential rental property
7	(as defined in section 168), or
8	"(III) an addition or improve-
9	ment to property described in clause
10	(i) or (ii), and
11	"(ii) in connection with the conversion
12	of a qualified converted building.
13	"(B) CERTAIN EXPENDITURES NOT IN-
14	CLUDED.—The term 'qualified conversion ex-
15	penditures' does not include—
16	"(i) Straight line depreciation
17	MUST BE USED.—Any expenditure with re-
18	spect to which the taxpayer does not use
19	the straight line method over a recovery
20	period determined under subsection (c) or
21	(g) of section 168. The preceding sentence
22	shall not apply to any expenditure to the
23	extent the alternative depreciation system
24	of section 168(g) applies to such expendi-

1	ture by reason of subparagraph (B) or (C)
2	of section $168(g)(1)$ .
3	"(ii) Cost of acquisition.—The
4	cost of acquiring any building or interest
5	therein.
6	"(iii) Enlargements.—Any expendi-
7	ture attributable to the enlargement of an
8	existing building.
9	"(iv) Tax-exempt use property.—
10	Any expenditure in connection with the
11	conversion of a building which is allocable
12	to the portion of such property which is (or
13	may reasonably be expected to be) tax-ex-
14	empt use property (within the meaning of
15	section 168(h)), except that—
16	"(I) '50 percent' shall be sub-
17	stituted for '35 percent' in paragraph
18	(1)(B)(iii) thereof, and
19	"(II) an eligible educational insti-
20	tution (as defined in section
21	529(e)(5)) shall not be treated as a
22	tax-exempt entity.
23	This clause shall not apply for purposes of
24	determining whether a building has been
25	substantially converted.

1	"(v) Expenditures of lessee.—
2	Any expenditure of a lessee of a building
3	if, on the date the conversion is completed,
4	the remaining term of the lease (deter-
5	mined without regard to any renewal peri-
6	ods) is less than the recovery period deter-
7	mined under section 168(c).
8	"(d) Progress Expenditures.—
9	"(1) IN GENERAL.—In the case of any building
10	to which this subsection applies, except as provided
11	in paragraph (3)—
12	"(A) if such building is self-converted
13	property, any qualified conversion expenditure
14	with respect to such building shall be taken into
15	account for the taxable year for which such ex-
16	penditure is properly chargeable to capital ac-
17	count with respect to such building, and
18	"(B) if such building is not self-converted
19	property, any qualified conversion expenditure
20	with respect to such building shall be taken into
21	account for the taxable year in which paid.
22	"(2) Property to which subsection ap-
23	PLIES.—

1	"(A) IN GENERAL.—This subsection shall
2	apply to any building which is being converted
3	by or for the taxpayer if—
4	"(i) the normal conversion period for
5	such building is 2 years or more, and
6	"(ii) it is reasonable to expect that
7	such building will be a qualified converted
8	building in the hands of the taxpayer when
9	it is placed in service.
10	Clauses (i) and (ii) shall be applied on the basis
11	of facts known as of the close of the taxable
12	year of the taxpayer in which the conversion be-
13	gins (or, if later, at the close of the first taxable
14	year to which an election under this subsection
15	applies).
16	"(B) Normal conversion period.—For
17	purposes of subparagraph (A), the term 'normal
18	conversion period' means the period reasonably
19	expected to be required for the conversion of
20	the building—
21	"(i) beginning with the date on which
22	physical work on the conversion begins (or,
23	if later, the first day of the first taxable
24	year to which an election under this sub-
25	section applies), and

1	"(ii) ending on the date on which it is
2	expected that the property will be available
3	for placing in service.
4	"(3) Special rules for applying para-
5	GRAPH (1).—For purposes of paragraph (1)—
6	"(A) Component parts, etc.—Property
7	which is to be a component part of, or is other-
8	wise to be included in, any building to which
9	this subsection applies shall be taken into ac-
10	count—
11	"(i) at a time not earlier than the
12	time at which it becomes irrevocably de-
13	voted to use in the building, and
14	"(ii) as if (at the time referred to in
15	clause (i)) the taxpayer had expended an
16	amount equal to that portion of the cost to
17	the taxpayer of such component or other
18	property which, for purposes of this sub-
19	part, is properly chargeable (during such
20	taxable year) to capital account with re-
21	spect to such building.
22	"(B) CERTAIN BORROWING DIS-
23	REGARDED.—Any amount borrowed directly or
24	indirectly by the taxpayer from the person con-

1	verting the property for him shall not be treat-
2	ed as an amount expended for such conversion.
3	"(C) Limitation for buildings which
4	ARE NOT SELF-CONVERTED.—
5	"(i) IN GENERAL.—In the case of a
6	building which is not self-converted, the
7	amount taken into account under para-
8	graph (1)(B) for any taxable year shall not
9	exceed the amount which represents the
10	portion of the overall cost to the taxpayer
11	of the conversion which is properly attrib-
12	utable to the portion of the conversion
13	which is completed during such taxable
14	year.
15	"(ii) Carryover of Certain
16	AMOUNTS.—In the case of a building which
17	is not a self-converted building, if for the
18	taxable year—
19	"(I) the amount which (but for
20	clause (i)) would have been taken into
21	account under paragraph (1)(B) ex-
22	ceeds the limitation of clause (i), then
23	the amount of such excess shall be
24	taken into account under paragraph

1	(1)(B) for the succeeding taxable
2	year, or
3	"(II) the limitation of clause (i)
4	exceeds the amount taken into ac-
5	count under paragraph (1)(B), then
6	the amount of such excess shall in-
7	crease the limitation of clause (i) for
8	the succeeding taxable year.
9	"(D) DETERMINATION OF PERCENTAGE OF
10	COMPLETION.—The determination under sub-
11	paragraph (C)(i) of the portion of the overall
12	cost to the taxpayer of the conversion which is
13	properly attributable to conversion completed
14	during any taxable year shall be made, under
15	regulations prescribed by the Secretary, on the
16	basis of engineering or architectural estimates
17	or on the basis of cost accounting records. Un-
18	less the taxpayer establishes otherwise by clear
19	and convincing evidence, the conversion shall be
20	deemed to be completed not more rapidly than
21	ratably over the normal conversion period.
22	"(E) No progress expenditures for
23	CERTAIN PRIOR PERIODS.—No qualified conver-
24	sion expenditures shall be taken into account

under this subsection for any period before the

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1	first day of the first taxable year to which an
2	election under this subsection applies.
3	"(F) No progress expenditures for
4	PROPERTY FOR YEAR IT IS PLACED IN SERVICE,
5	ETC.—In the case of any building, no qualified
6	conversion expenditures shall be taken into ac-
7	count under this subsection for the earlier of—
8	"(i) the taxable year in which the
9	building is placed in service, or
10	"(ii) the first taxable year for which
11	recapture is required under section
12	50(a)(2) with respect to such property,
13	or for any taxable year thereafter.
14	"(4) Self-converted building.—For pur-
15	poses of this subsection, the term 'self-converted
16	building' means any building if it is reasonable to
17	believe that more than half of the qualified conver-
18	sion expenditures for such building will be made di-
19	rectly by the taxpayer.
20	"(5) Election.—This subsection shall apply to
21	any taxpayer only if such taxpayer has made an
22	election under this paragraph. Such an election shall
23	apply to the taxable year for which made and all
24	subsequent taxable years. Such an election, once

1 made, may be revoked only with the consent of the 2 Secretary. 3 "(e) Denial of Double Benefit.—A credit shall not be allowed under this section for any qualified conver-5 sion expenditure for which a credit is allowed under sec-6 tion 42 or 47.". (c) Conforming Amendments.— 7 8 (1) Section 49(a)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenue 9 Code of 1986 is amended by striking "and" at the end of clause (iv), by striking the period at the end 10 of clause (v) and inserting ", and", and by adding 11 12 after clause (v) the following new clause: 13 "(vi) the portion of the basis of any 14 qualified converted property attributable to 15 qualified conversion expenditures under section 48D.". 16 17 (2) Section 50(a)(2)(E) of such Code is amend-18 striking "or 48C(b)(2)" and inserting "48C(b)(2), or 48D(d)". 19 20 (3) Section 50(b)(2) of such Code is amended by striking "and" at the end of subparagraph (C), 21 22 by striking the period at the end of subparagraph (D) and inserting "; and", and by adding after sub-23 24 paragraph (D) the following new subparagraph:

1	"(E) a qualified converted building to the
2	extent of that portion of the basis which is at-
3	tributable to qualified conversion expendi-
4	tures.".

- (4) Section 50(b)(3) is amended by inserting ", or, solely with respect to the qualified office conversion credit, an eligible educational institution (as defined in section 529(e)(5))" after "section 521".
- 9 (5) The table of sections for subpart E of part
  10 IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 of such Code is
  11 amended by inserting after the item relating to sec12 tion 48C the following new item:

"Sec. 48D. Qualified office conversion credit.".

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13 (d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by 14 this section shall apply to qualified conversion expendi-15 tures incurred after the date of enactment in taxable years 16 ending after such date.

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