117TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 8496

To prohibit the Secretary of Education, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Attorney General from cancelling student loans except as specifically authorized by law.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

July 26, 2022

Mr. Grothman introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Education and Labor, and in addition to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To prohibit the Secretary of Education, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Attorney General from cancelling student loans except as specifically authorized by law.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Fairness for Respon-
- 5 sible Borrowers Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress finds the following:

1	(1) The executive branch does not have the
2	statutory authority to cancel student loans on a
3	large scale.
4	(2) Student loan forgiveness is unfair to those
5	who have already paid off their loans and to those
6	who did not attend college.
7	(3) Student loan forgiveness is inherently re-
8	gressive and would disproportionately benefit upper-
9	class Americans.
10	(4) An undergraduate degree is by no means
11	the only option for a successful career path.
12	(5) Community and technical colleges are a fan-
13	tastic way for students to learn a valuable skill set
13 14	tastic way for students to learn a valuable skill set without taking on a large debt burden.
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14 15	without taking on a large debt burden. SEC. 3. PROHIBITION ON MASS CANCELLATION OF STU
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114 115 116 117 118	without taking on a large debt burden. SEC. 3. PROHIBITION ON MASS CANCELLATION OF STUDENT LOANS. (a) PROHIBITION.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Education, the
114 115 116 117 118 119 220	without taking on a large debt burden. SEC. 3. PROHIBITION ON MASS CANCELLATION OF STUDENT LOANS. (a) PROHIBITION.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Education, the Secretary of the Treasury, or the Attorney General
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	without taking on a large debt burden. SEC. 3. PROHIBITION ON MASS CANCELLATION OF STUDENT LOANS. (a) PROHIBITION.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Education, the Secretary of the Treasury, or the Attorney General shall not take any action to cancel or forgive the

paragraph (1) shall not apply to targeted Federal

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- 1 student loan forgiveness, cancellation, or repayment
- 2 programs carried out under the Higher Education
- 3 Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.).
- 4 (b) Definitions.—In this section, the term "covered
- 5 loan" means—
- 6 (1) a loan made, insured, or guaranteed under
- 7 part B, D, or E of title IV of the Higher Education
- 8 Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1071 et seq.; 1087a et seq.;
- 9 1087aa et seq.) before, on, or after the date of en-
- actment of this Act; or
- 11 (2) a loan under the Health Education Assist-
- ance Loan Program under title VII of the Public
- Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 292 et seq.) made be-
- fore, on, or after the date of enactment of this Act.
- 15 (c) LIMITATION.—The Secretary of Education, the
- 16 Secretary of the Treasury, or the Attorney General may
- 17 not implement, or publish in any form, any regulation, or
- 18 take any action, that modifies, alters, amends, cancels,
- 19 discharges, forgives, or defers the repayment of any stu-
- 20 dent debt not expressly permitted within statute or regula-
- 21 tion, regarding covered loans, except to the extent that
- 22 such regulation or action reflects the clear and unequivocal
- 23 intent of Congress in legislation.