117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 4712

To promote desalination project development and drought resilience, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

July 27, 2021

Mr. Levin of California (for himself and Mr. Huffman) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Natural Resources, and in addition to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To promote desalination project development and drought resilience, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Desalination Develop-
- 5 ment Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. DESALINATION PROJECTS AUTHORIZATION.
- 7 Section 4(a) of the Water Desalination Act of 1996
- 8 (42 U.S.C. 10301 note; Public Law 104–298) is amended

1	by striking the second paragraph (1) (relating to projects)
2	and inserting the following:
3	"(2) Projects.—
4	"(A) DEFINITION OF ELIGIBLE DESALINA-
5	TION PROJECT.—In this paragraph, the term
6	'eligible desalination project' means any project
7	located in a Reclamation State that—
8	"(i) involves an ocean or brackish
9	water desalination facility—
10	"(I) constructed, operated, and
11	maintained by a State, Indian Tribe,
12	irrigation district, water district, or
13	other organization with water or
14	power delivery authority; or
15	"(II) sponsored or funded by any
16	State, department of a State, subdivi-
17	sion of a State, or public agency orga-
18	nized pursuant to State law, includ-
19	ing—
20	"(aa) direct sponsorship or
21	funding; or
22	"(bb) indirect sponsorship or
23	funding, such as by paying for
24	the water provided by the facility:

1	"(ii) provides a Federal benefit in ac-
2	cordance with the reclamation laws; and
3	"(iii) is consistent with all applicable
4	State and Federal resource protection laws
5	including the protection of marine pro-
6	tected areas.
7	"(B) Definition of designated desali-
8	NATION PROJECT.—The term 'designated de-
9	salination project' means an eligible desalina-
10	tion project that—
11	"(i) is an ocean desalination project
12	that uses a subsurface intake;
13	"(ii) has a total estimated cost of
14	\$80,000,000 or less; and
15	"(iii) is designed to serve a commu-
16	nity or group of communities that collec-
17	tively import more than 75 percent of their
18	water supplies.
19	"(C) Cost-sharing requirement.—
20	"(i) In general.—Subject to the re-
21	quirements of this paragraph, the Federal
22	share of an eligible desalination project
23	carried out under this subsection shall
24	be—

1	"(I) not more than 25 percent of
2	the total cost of the eligible desalina-
3	tion project; or
4	"(II) in the case of a designated
5	desalination project, the applicable
6	percentage determined in accordance
7	with clause (ii).
8	"(ii) Cost-sharing requirement
9	FOR CONSTRUCTION COSTS.—In the case
10	of a designated desalination project carried
11	out under this subsection, the Federal
12	share of the cost of construction of the
13	designated desalination project shall not
14	exceed the greater of—
15	"(I) 35 percent of the total cost
16	of construction, up to a Federal cost
17	of \$20,000,000; or
18	"(II) 25 percent of the total cost
19	of construction.
20	"(D) State role.—Participation by the
21	Secretary in an eligible desalination project
22	under this paragraph shall not occur unless—
23	"(i)(I) the eligible desalination project
24	is included in a State-approved plan; or

1	"(II) the participation has been re-
2	quested by the Governor of the State in
3	which the eligible desalination project is lo-
4	cated; and
5	"(ii) the State or local sponsor of the
6	eligible desalination project determines,
7	and the Secretary concurs, that—
8	"(I) the eligible desalination
9	project—
10	"(aa) is technically and fi-
11	nancially feasible;
12	"(bb) provides a Federal
13	benefit in accordance with the
14	reclamation laws; and
15	"(ce) is consistent with ap-
16	plicable State laws, State regula-
17	tions, State coastal zone manage-
18	ment plans and other State plans
19	such as California's Water Qual-
20	ity Control Plan for the Ocean
21	Waters in California;
22	"(II) sufficient non-Federal fund-
23	ing is available to complete the eligible
24	desalination project; and

1	"(III) the eligible desalination
2	project sponsors are financially sol-
3	vent; and
4	"(iii) the Secretary submits to Con-
5	gress a written notification of the deter-
6	minations under clause (ii) by not later
7	than 30 days after the date of the deter-
8	minations.
9	"(E) Environmental laws.—In partici-
10	pating in an eligible desalination project under
11	this paragraph, the Secretary shall comply with
12	all applicable environmental laws, including, but
13	not limited to, the National Environmental Pol-
14	icy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) and
15	State laws implementing the Coastal Zone Man-
16	agement Act.
17	"(F) Information.—In participating in
18	an eligible desalination project under this sub-
19	section, the Secretary—
20	"(i) may rely on reports prepared by
21	the sponsor of the eligible desalination
22	project, including feasibility or equivalent
23	studies, environmental analyses, and other
24	pertinent reports and analyses; but

1	"(ii) shall retain responsibility for
2	making the independent determinations de-
3	scribed in subparagraph (C).
4	"(G) Funding.—
5	"(i) Authorization of Appropria-
6	TIONS.—There is authorized to be appro-
7	priated to carry out this paragraph
8	\$260,000,000 for the period of fiscal years
9	2020 through 2024.
10	"(ii) Congressional approval ini-
11	TIALLY REQUIRED.—
12	"(I) In general.—Each initial
13	award under this paragraph for de-
14	sign and study or for construction of
15	an eligible desalination project shall
16	be approved by an Act of Congress.
17	"(II) RECLAMATION REC-
18	OMMENDATIONS.—The Commissioner
19	of Reclamation shall submit rec-
20	ommendations regarding the initial
21	award of preconstruction and con-
22	struction funding for consideration
23	under subclause (I) to—
24	"(aa) the Committee on Ap-
25	propriations of the Senate;

1	"(bb) the Committee on En-
2	ergy and Natural Resources of
3	the Senate;
4	"(cc) the Committee on Ap-
5	propriations of the House of Rep-
6	resentatives; and
7	"(dd) the Committee on
8	Natural Resources of the House
9	of Representatives.
10	"(iii) Subsequent funding
11	AWARDS.—After approval by Congress of
12	an initial award of preconstruction or con-
13	struction funding for an eligible desalina-
14	tion project under clause (ii), the Commis-
15	sioner of Reclamation may award addi-
16	tional preconstruction or construction
17	funding, respectively, for the eligible desali-
18	nation project without further congres-
19	sional approval.".
20	SEC. 3. PRIORITIZATION FOR PROJECTS.
21	Section 4 of the Water Desalination Act of 1996 (42)
22	U.S.C. 10301 note; Public Law 104–298) is amended by
23	striking subsection (c) and inserting the following:
24	"(c) Prioritization.—In carrying out demonstra-
25	tion and development activities under this section, the Sec-

1	retary and the Commissioner of Reclamation shall each
2	prioritize projects—
3	"(1) for the benefit of drought-stricken States
4	and communities;
5	"(2) for the benefit of States that have author-
6	ized funding for research and development of desali-
7	nation technologies and projects;
8	"(3) that demonstrably reduce a reliance on im-
9	ported water supplies that have an impact on species
10	listed under the Endangered Species Act of 1973
11	(16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.);
12	"(4) that, in a measurable and verifiable man-
13	ner, reduce a reliance on imported water supplies
14	from imperiled ecosystems such as the Sacramento-
15	San Joaquin River Delta;
16	"(5) that demonstrably leverage the experience
17	of international partners with considerable expertise
18	in desalination, such as the State of Israel;
19	"(6) that maximize use of renewable energy to
20	power desalination facilities;
21	"(7) that maximize energy efficiency so that the
22	lifecycle energy demands of desalination are mini-
23	mized;
24	"(8) located in regions that have employed
25	strategies to increase water conservation and the

1	capture and recycling of wastewater and stormwater;
2	and
3	"(9) that meet the following criteria if they are
4	ocean desalination facilities—
5	"(A) utilize a subsurface intake or, if a
6	subsurface intake is not technologically feasible,
7	an intake that uses the best available site, de-
8	sign, technology, and mitigation measures to
9	minimize the mortality of all forms of marine
10	life and impacts to coastal dependent resources;
11	"(B) are sited and designed to ensure that
12	the disposal of wastewaters including brine
13	from the desalination process—
14	"(i) are not discharged to impaired
15	bodies of water, or State or Federal Ma-
16	rine Protected Areas; and
17	"(ii) achieve ambient salinity levels
18	within a reasonable distance from the dis-
19	charge point;
20	"(C) are sited, designed, and operated in a
21	manner that maintains indigenous marine life
22	and a healthy and diverse marine community;
23	"(D) do not cause significant unmitigated
24	harm to aquatic life; and

"(E) include a construction and operation
plan designed to minimize loss of coastal habitat as well as aesthetic, noise, and air quality
impacts.".

5 SEC. 4. RECOMMENDATIONS TO CONGRESS.

In determining project recommendations to Congress under section 4(a)(2)(F)(ii)(II) of the Water Desalination Act of 1996, the Commissioner of Reclamation shall establish a priority scoring system that assigns priority scores to each project evaluated based on the prioritization criteria of section 4(c) of the Water Desalination Act of 1996 (42 U.S.C. 10301 note; Public Law 104–298).

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