H. R. 5635

To provide for the establishment of an interagency working group to combat the theft of United States intellectual property, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

OCTOBER 20, 2021

Ms. Houlahan (for herself and Ms. Malliotakis) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To provide for the establishment of an interagency working group to combat the theft of United States intellectual property, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Intellectual Property
- 5 Violators Accountability and Transparency Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. SENSE OF CONGRESS.
- 7 It is the sense of Congress that—
- 8 (1) the United States global leadership position
- 9 has benefitted immeasurably from the public and
- 10 private sector's unparalleled track record of fostering

- an environment capable of marshaling capital, developing new technologies, and producing new innovations;
 - (2) the changing nature of the world economy, with ever more globalization and increasing returns to scale on new technologies, has made it more important than ever to stay on the cutting edge of the technological frontier;
 - (3) the People's Republic of China continues to be a leading violator of intellectual property rights in the world as documented by the United States Trade Representative's 2021 Special 301 Report, and estimates place the cost of intellectual property theft by China of between \$200 and \$600 billion per year;
 - (4) the growing scope of research dollars per innovative discovery make the harms and costs of intellectual property theft more acute now than any time in history;
 - (5) the importance of protecting the intellectual property of United States technology and telecommunications firms is of paramount importance to the dynamism and resilience of the United States economy and the preservation of United States national security; and

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1	(6) United States national security is threat-
2	ened by widespread intellectual property theft, and it
3	is crucial that the United States Government, in co-
4	ordination with the private sector, act to curtail
5	thieves of American ingenuity.
6	SEC. 3. WORKING GROUP ON UNITED STATES INTELLEC-
7	TUAL PROPERTY PROTECTION.
8	(a) Establishment.—Not later than 90 days after
9	the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall
10	establish an interagency working group—
11	(1) to combat the theft of United States intel-
12	lectual property; and
13	(2) examine how the tools and levers of foreign
14	policy, including the use of existing authorities, can
15	be used to protect United States intellectual prop-
16	erty.
17	(b) Membership; Chairperson.—The interagency
18	working group established pursuant to subsection (a)
19	shall—
20	(1) be composed of the head or designee of each
21	Federal department or agency that the President de-
22	termines to be appropriate; and
23	(2) be chaired by the Secretary of State or the
24	Secretary's designee.

1 SEC. 4. REPORT.

- 2 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the
- 3 date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State,
- 4 in consultation with the interagency working group estab-
- 5 lished pursuant to section 3(a), shall submit to the Com-
- 6 mittee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives
- 7 and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate
- 8 a report that includes the following:
- 9 (1) An identification of major foreign state-in-
- 10 fluenced or state-owned enterprises that the Sec-
- 11 retary credibly determines have engaged in or bene-
- 12 fitted from significant acts or series of acts of intel-
- lectual property theft against United States persons.
- 14 (2) An identification of the markets in which
- such foreign enterprises sell products or services
- that incorporate or are derived from stolen United
- 17 States intellectual property.
- 18 (3) A determination of whether the actions
- taken by such foreign enterprises have resulted in
- enforcement actions, and if they have not, an anal-
- 21 ysis of whether there are gaps in the enforcement
- framework or other rationale for the lack of enforce-
- 23 ment actions in these cases.
- 24 (4) Any proposed new authorities Congress
- could provide to the President to combat intellectual
- property theft by such foreign enterprises.

- 1 (b) FORM.—The report required by subsection (a)
- 2 shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include

3 a classified annex.

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