#### 117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# H. R. 2158

To provide emergency relief assistance under a modified Community Development Block Grant program for communities facing economic damage from civil and social crises, and for other purposes.

### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

March 23, 2021

Ms. Omar (for herself, Ms. Norton, Mrs. Hayes, Mr. Jones, Mr. Bowman, Ms. Jacobs of California, Ms. McCollum, Mr. García of Illinois, Ms. Schakowsky, Mr. Mfume, Ms. Lee of California, Mrs. Watson Coleman, Mr. Panetta, Ms. Pressley, Ms. Tlaib, Mr. Hastings, Mr. Johnson of Georgia, Mr. Carson, Ms. Jayapal, and Mr. Ruppersberger) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Financial Services

# A BILL

To provide emergency relief assistance under a modified Community Development Block Grant program for communities facing economic damage from civil and social crises, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Holistic Economic Aid
- 5 for Low-Income Neighborhood Growth Act of 2021" or
- 6 the "HEALING Act of 2021".

#### SEC. 2. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

- 2 It is the sense of the Congress that—
- 1) funds made available under the Community
  Development Block Grant Program ("CDBG")
  should be used principally for low- and moderate-income neighborhoods and can be used for community
  revitalization in areas affected by social and civil unrest during 2020;
  - (2) CDBG funding must target historically disinvested communities of color that have suffered from long-standing systemic issues of racial injustice and economic inequality;
  - (3) minority-serving institutions should be prioritized in receiving and administering economic development grants for their communities;
  - (4) economic activities carried out using CDBG funds should be refocused on the implementation of direct anti-poverty programming with evidence of effectiveness, such as food security initiatives and basic income pilots, acquisition and rehabilitation of affordable housing, improvement to public facilities, including health centers, provision of public services, restoration of natural areas and other conservation efforts, and construction of clean energy infrastructure;

1 (5) minority-owned businesses should be 2 prioritized in receiving business development grants 3 to renovate their properties and create financial op-

portunities for their communities; and

(6) CDBG business activities should be re-6 focused on assisting private, for-profit businesses 7 that pursue job creation and retention efforts 8 through the employment of low- and moderate-in-9 come persons, adopt environmentally sustainable 10 practices to offer affordable goods and services to 11 low- and moderate-income neighborhoods, and pro-12 vide economic and technical assistance to other busi-13 nesses based in low- and moderate-income areas.

#### 14 SEC. 3. FUNDING.

- (a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There isauthorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Housing
- 17 and Urban Development \$11,000,000,000 for fiscal year
- 18 2022 for providing assistance under this Act.
- 19 (b) Non-Business Community Development
- 20 Funding.—Of any amounts made available pursuant to
- 21 subsection (a), 77 percent shall be available for assistance
- 22 under section 4 for community revitalization and economic
- 23 development activities.
- 24 (c) Civil Unrest Business Development Fund-
- 25 ING.—Of any amounts made available pursuant to sub-

- 1 section (a), 23 percent shall be available for assistance
- 2 under section 5 for business recovery and renovation ac-
- 3 tivities.
- 4 (d) Administrative Funding.—Of any amounts
- 5 available pursuant to subsection (a), the Secretary of
- 6 Housing and Urban Development may use not more than
- 7 1 percent for costs of administering the program under
- 8 this Act.
- 9 (e) Termination of Funds.—Upon the expiration
- 10 of the 2-year period beginning upon the date of the enact-
- 11 ment of this Act, any programming and rulemaking asso-
- 12 ciated with the program shall expire.
- 13 SEC. 4. NON-BUSINESS GRANTS FOR COMMUNITY REVITAL-
- 14 IZATION AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT.
- 15 (a) Grant Authority.—The Secretary shall use
- 16 amounts made available to carry out this section to make
- 17 grants to States, units of general local government, Indian
- 18 Tribes, insular areas, and eligible institutions serving or
- 19 owned by minorities for use to carry out eligible non-busi-
- 20 ness activities under subsection (e) in low- and moderate-
- 21 income areas.
- 22 (b) Reservation of Funding.—Of any amounts
- 23 made available to carry out this section, the Secretary
- 24 shall reserve for grants under this section—

1	(1) 76 percent for allocation in accordance with
2	subsection $(c)(1)$ ;
3	(2) 18 percent for allocation for minority-owned
4	and minority-serving entities in accordance with sub-
5	section $(e)(2)$ ; and
6	(3) 6 percent for allocation for Indian Tribes
7	and insular areas in accordance with subsection
8	(c)(3).
9	(c) Allocations.—
10	(1) Entitlement communities and non-
11	ENTITLEMENT AREAS.—Of the amount allocated
12	under subsection (b)(1)—
13	(A) 70 percent shall be allocated for enti-
14	tlement communities in accordance with the
15	formula under section 106(b) of the Housing
16	and Community Development Act of 1974 (42
17	U.S.C. 5306(b)); and
18	(B) 30 percent shall be allocated to States,
19	for use in nonentitlement areas, in accordance
20	with the formula under section $106(d)(1)$ of the
21	Housing and Community Development Act of
22	1974 (42  U.S.C.  5306(d)(1)).
23	(2) Competitive awards to minority-
24	OWNED ENTITIES.—

1	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Hous-
2	ing and Urban Development shall allocate the
3	amount allocated under subsection (b)(3) di-
4	rectly and on a competitive basis for grants to
5	eligible minority-owned entities and minority-
6	serving entities.
7	(B) Competition.—Allocation for non-
8	business grants under this paragraph shall be
9	made pursuant to a competition for such
10	grants, as the Secretary shall provide, that—
11	(i) takes into account the need for
12	grant assistance for the area in which, and
13	for the activities for which the grant
14	amounts will be used; and
15	(ii) provides grant amount only to ap-
16	plicants who will carry out activities as-
17	sisted with such grant amounts only in
18	low- and moderate-income areas.
19	(C) CDBG SPECIAL PURPOSE GRANTS.—
20	Of the amount allocated under subsection
21	(b)(2), not less than 33 percent shall be allo-
22	cated for grants under this section for minority-
23	serving entities.
24	(D) VOUCHER PROGRAM.—The Secretary
25	shall take such actions as may be necessary to

- ensure that grants under this paragraph are accessible to newer and smaller minority-owned
  entities and ensure that technical assistance is
  prioritized and provided to organizations with
  little or no grant-writing capacity.
  - (3) Competitive awards to indian tribes and insular areas.—
    - (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Housing and Urban Development shall allocate for grants to Indian Tribes and insular areas on a competitive basis the amount allocated under subsection (b)(4).
    - (B) REQUIREMENTS.—In making allocations under this paragraph, the Secretary shall, to the greatest extent practicable, ensure that each Indian Tribe and each insular area that satisfies low- to moderate-income requirements and unmet need criteria, as determined by the Secretary, receives such an allocation.
- 20 (d) COORDINATION.—The Secretary shall monitor 21 the reporting requirements and disclosures of allocated ex-22 penditures as set forth in section 6(e), to coordinate with 23 grantees and subgrantees to ensure there are no overpay-24 ments or duplication of benefits.
- 25 (e) Eligible Non-Business Activities.—

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- (1) Primary objectives.—Amounts from a grant under this section may be used by a grantee or subgrantee only for activities specified under paragraph (2) that—
  - (A) principally benefit households having incomes that do not exceed 50 percent of the median income of the area in which such households reside;
  - (B) aid in the prevention or elimination of slums or blight primarily for severely economically distressed communities (as such term is defined in section 610 of the National and Community Service Act of 199 (42 U.S.C. 12645d)), and historically disinvested communities, including high-poverty areas (as such term is defined in section 681.260 of title 20, Code of Federal Regulations) and persistent poverty counties (as such term is defined in the Department of Agriculture notice entitled "Implementation of Certain Provisions of Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2020 Specific to Persistent Poverty Counties" [Docket No. RBS-20-BUSINESS-0033], published in the Federal Register on August 21, 2020 (85 Fed. Reg. 51676));

- 1 (C) reduce the isolation and inequality of
  2 income groups within communities and geo3 graphical areas and the promotion of an in4 crease in the diversity and vitality of neighbor5 hoods through the spatial deconcentration of
  6 housing opportunities for persons of lower in7 come and the revitalization of deteriorating or
  8 deteriorated neighborhoods;
  - (D) conserve and expand the housing stock in order to provide a decent home and a suitable living environment for all persons, but principally those of low and moderate income, and expand the number of community land trust, cooperative, municipal, and public housing units as a ratio of total housing stock;
  - (E) expand and enhance the quantity and quality of community services, principally for persons of low and moderate income, that are evidenced-based and essential for sound community development and for the development of viable urban communities;
  - (F) improve the rational utilization of land and other natural resources and the better arrangement of residential, commercial, industrial, recreational, and other needed activity

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1	centers, including parks, green spaces, and
2	walking trails;
3	(G) conserve scarce energy resources, im-
4	prove energy efficiency, or provide alternative
5	and renewable energy sources, especially for en-
6	vironmental justice communities that have
7	harmful environmental quality issues;
8	(H) restore and preserve properties of spe-
9	cial value for historic, architectural, or esthetic
10	reasons;
11	(I) alleviate the physical and economic dis-
12	tress through the stimulation of private invest-
13	ment and community revitalization in areas
14	with population outmigration or a stagnating or
15	declining tax base;
16	(J) meet an urgent need by addressing
17	economic conditions that pose a serious and im-
18	mediate threat to the health and safety of resi-
19	dents; or
20	(K) prevent, prepare for, or respond to
21	coronavirus, based on public health needs, risk
22	of transmission of coronavirus, number of
23	coronavirus cases compared to the national av-
24	erage, and economic and housing market dis-

ruptions, and other factors.

1	(2) ACTIVITIES.—Activities specified under this
2	subsection are as follows:
3	(A) CDBG ACTIVITIES.—Except as pro-
4	vided in paragraph (3)(C) of this subsection,
5	any activity that is eligible for assistance under
6	section 105(a) of the Housing and Community
7	Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5305(a)).
8	(B) CDBG SPECIAL PURPOSE GRANTS AC-
9	TIVITIES.—Any activity that is eligible for as-
10	sistance under section 107 of such Act (42
11	U.S.C. 5307).
12	(C) Cash relief for affected house-
13	HOLDS.—Direct income payments by States or
14	units of general local government to households
15	having incomes that do not exceed 200 percent
16	of the Federal poverty level, provided that such
17	payments otherwise comply with subsection (a)
18	of this section.
19	(D) HISTORICAL ARCHIVING.—Activities to
20	conserve art, construct monuments, and pre-
21	serve memorials of contemporary civil rights
22	struggles, such as the George Floyd Memorial
23	in Minneapolis, Minnesota.
24	(E) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—Technical
25	assistance and outreach activities by grantees to

1	expand and diversify subgrantees funded with
2	amounts provided under this section.
3	(F) Innovative activities by minority-
4	OWNED ACTIVITIES.—Any activity that—
5	(i) is proposed by a grantee and ap-
6	proved by the Secretary; and
7	(ii) complies with subsection (a) of
8	this section.
9	(3) Prohibitions.—Amounts from a grant
10	under this section may not be used to provide assist-
11	ance for—
12	(A) any law enforcement agency or to sup-
13	port or assist any law enforcement activities;
14	(B) any discriminatory conduct or pro-
15	gramming, as prohibited by section 109(a) of
16	the Housing and Community Development Act
17	of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5309(a));
18	(C) any business support activity described
19	in section 105(a)(17) of such Act (42 U.S.C.
20	5305(a)(17)) or any other activity for business
21	development or business support; or
22	(D) any ineligible activity described in sec-
23	tion 570.207 of the Secretary's regulations (24
24	C.F.R. 570.207), but not including income pay-

1	ments authorized by paragraph (2)(C) of this
2	subsection.
3	SEC. 5. CIVIL UNREST BUSINESS RECOVERY GRANTS FOR
4	FINANCIAL RECOVERY AND BUSINESS DE-
5	VELOPMENT.
6	(a) Grant Authority.—The Secretary, in consulta-
7	tion with the Secretary of the Treasury and the Adminis-
8	trator of the Small Business Administration, shall carry
9	out a Civil Unrest Business Recovery Program under this
10	section to make grants to States, units of general local
11	government, Indian Tribes and insular areas to provide
12	assistance to eligible for-profit entities through local civil
13	unrest business recovery funds established for the delivery
14	of business recovery grants that primarily serve to com-
15	pensate damages from social and civil unrest during 2020
16	and also support business-led economic development.
17	(b) Reservation of Funding.—Of any amounts
18	made available to carry out this section, the Secretary
19	shall reserve—
20	(1) 80 percent for allocation in accordance with
21	subsection $(c)(1)$ ;
22	(2) 12 percent for allocation for States in ac-
23	cordance with subsection (b)(2); and

1 (3) 8 percent for allocation for Indian Tribes 2 and insular areas in accordance with subsection 3 (c)(3). 4 (c) Allocations.— (1) Formula for states and units of gen-6 ERAL LOCAL GOVERNMENT.—Of amount allocated 7 under subsection (b)(1)— 8 (A) 70 percent shall be allocated for enti-9 tlement communities in accordance with the 10 formula under section 106(b) of the Housing 11 and Community Development Act of 1974 (42) 12 U.S.C. 5306(b); and 13 (B) 30 percent shall be allocated for 14 States, for use in nonentitlement areas, in ac-15 cordance with the formula under section 16 106(d)(1) of the Housing and Community De-17 velopment Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5306(d)(1)). 18 (2) Rural Bonus formula for states.— 19 The Secretary shall allocate the amount allocated 20 under subsection (b)(2) to States, for use in non-21 entitlement areas having low-income or minority 22 populations, in accordance with the formula under 23 section 106(d)(1) of the Housing and Community

Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5306(d)(1)).

1	(3) Competitive awards to indian tribes
2	AND INSULAR AREAS.—
3	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Hous-
4	ing and Urban Development shall allocate to
5	Indian Tribes and insular areas on a competi-
6	tive basis the amount allocated under sub-
7	section (b)(3).
8	(B) REQUIREMENTS.—In making alloca-
9	tions under subsection (b)(3), the Secretary of
10	Housing and Urban Development shall, to the
11	greatest extent practicable, ensure that each In-
12	dian Tribe and each insular area that satisfies
13	low- to moderate-income requirements and
14	unmet need criteria, as determined by the Sec-
15	retary, receives such an allocation.
16	(d) State Allocations for Nonentitlement
17	Areas.—
18	(1) Equitable allocation.—To the greatest
19	extent practicable, a State shall allocate amounts al-
20	located under subsection (e)(1)(B) for use in non-
21	entitlement areas of the State on an equitable basis.
22	(2) Distribution of amounts.—
23	(A) DISCRETION.—Not later than 14 days
24	after the date on which a State receives

1 amounts for use in an nonentitlement area pur-2 suant to subsection (c)(1)(B), the State shall— 3 (i) distribute the amounts, or a por-4 tion thereof, to units of general local government or entities designated thereby, 6 that have established or will establish civil 7 unrest business recovery funds, for use 8 under subsection (e)(1); and 9 (ii) elect to reserve the amounts, or a 10 portion thereof, for use by the State under 11 subsection (e) for the benefit of eligible en-12 tities located in the nonentitlement area. 13 (B) Sense of congress.—It is the sense 14 of Congress that, in distributing the amounts 15 pursuant to subparagraph (A) for nonentitle-16 ment areas in which a civil unrest business re-17 covery fund has been established, a State 18 should, as quickly as practicable, distribute 19 amounts for use by such fund. 20 (e) Use of Allocated Amounts.—A State, unit 21 of general local government, entity designated by a unit of general local government, Indian Tribe, or insular area that receives an allocation under subsection (c), whether directly or indirectly, may use amounts from the allocation 25 only—

- 1 (1) to provide funding to a civil unrest business 2 recovery fund established in accordance with sub-3 section (f);
  - (2) to provide funding to support organizations that provide technical assistance to eligible entities;
  - (3) to cover administrative costs incurred by the State, unit of general local government, Indian Tribe, or insular area (or entity designated by the State, unit, tribe, or area), in establishing and administering a civil unrest business recovery fund, except that not more than 2 percent of the allocation under subsection (c) for the State, unit, tribe, or area may be used for the purpose under this paragraph; or
    - (4) to carry out technical assistance and outreach activities to expand and diversify subgrantees funded with amounts provided under this section.
- 18 (f) CIVIL UNREST BUSINESS RECOVERY FUND.—
  19 For purposes of this section, a civil unrest business recov20 ery fund shall be a fund—
- 21 (1) that is established by a State, a unit of gen-22 eral local government, an Indian Tribe, an insular 23 area, or an entity designated by a State, unit of gen-24 eral local government, Indian Tribe, or an insular 25 area;

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- (2) the proceeds of which are used only to make business recovery grants under subsection (g) to eligible entities operating within the area served by the fund in accordance with the needs of eligible entities and capacity of the program; and
  - (3) provides resources and services relating to such business recovery grants for eligible entities in the 10 most commonly spoken languages in the area in which the fund operates.

### (g) Business Recovery Grants.—

- (1) In general.—Amounts from business recovery grant under this section may be used only—
  - (A) for business economic development activities that are eligible for assistance under section 105(a)(17) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5305(a)(17)) or to repair, rehabilitate, or replace property, real or personal, of the eligible entity receiving the grant that was damaged, destroyed, or stolen during the covered period as a result of social and civil unrest during 2020; or
  - (B) only if the need for assistance for activities described in subparagraph (A) in the area served by the civil unrest business recovery

1	fund has been met, for activities described in
2	paragraph (4).
3	The Secretary may issue guidance to ensure that the
4	need for assistance for activities described in sub-
5	paragraph (A) is met before amounts may be used
6	as provided in paragraph (4).
7	(2) Low-income areas and hubzones.—Not-
8	withstanding any other provision in this Act, the
9	Secretary, in consultation with the Administrator of
10	the Small Business Administration, shall treat as
11	qualifying for purposes of paragraph (1) as areas of
12	affected social and civil unrest during 2020 and
13	shall give priority in allocations under subsection (b)
14	to—
15	(A) low-income communities;
16	(B) HUBZones; and
17	(C) any other area designated by the Small
18	Business Administration for a disaster loan re-
19	lating to social and civil unrest during 2020.
20	(3) Grant amount.—The amount of a busi-
21	ness recovery grant may not exceed the lesser of
22	\$1,000,000 or 100 percent of the amount required
23	to repair, rehabilitate, or replace property, real or
24	personal, including related labor cost offsets and re-

lated debt obligations incurred as a result of social

1	or civil unrest during 2020, of the eligible entity
2	that—
3	(A) was damaged, destroyed, or stolen dur-
4	ing the covered period as a result of the social
5	and civil unrest during 2020; and
6	(B) is not fully compensated for by—
7	(i) insurance;
8	(ii) private donation or loan;
9	(iii) a loan or grant from a State,
10	general local government, Indian Tribe, or
11	an insular area;
12	(iv) a disaster loan from the Small
13	Business Administration; or
14	(v) any other means.
15	(4) Secondary business development
16	USES.—Only to the extent provided in paragraph
17	(1)(B), a business recovery grant may be used by a
18	grantee or subgrantee, at the discretion of the grant-
19	ee or subgrantee, for business development and eco-
20	nomic support activities allowed under section
21	105(a)(17) of the Housing and Community Develop-
22	ment Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5305(a)(17)), if such
23	assistance is appropriate to carry out an economic
24	development project (that shall minimize, to the ex-

1	tent practicable, displacement of existing businesses
2	and jobs in neighborhoods) that—
3	(A) creates or retains jobs for low- and
4	moderate-income persons;
5	(B) prevents or eliminates slums and
6	blight;
7	(C) meet urgent needs;
8	(D) creates or retains businesses owned by
9	community residents;
10	(E) assists businesses that provide goods
11	or services needed by, and affordable to, low-
12	and moderate-income residents; or
13	(F) provides technical assistance to pro-
14	mote any of the activities under subparagraphs
15	(A) through (E).
16	(5) Treatment of duplication of bene-
17	FITS.—The Secretary shall require that in any case
18	in which amounts from a business recovery grant
19	will be used for real property renovation, the eligible
20	entity involved shall provide documentation to dem-
21	onstrate unmet need and damages as a result of so-
22	cial and civil unrest during 2020 to the satisfaction
23	of the Secretary, using data available from the Fed-
24	eral Government or other publicly available sources,
25	including State property damage claims and esti-

1	mates, private insurance policy claims and estimates,
2	and other cost estimates from local agencies in resi-
3	dential and commercial areas.
4	SEC. 6. DEADLINES AND REPORTING.
5	(a) Competitive Application Deadline.—Not
6	later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this
7	Act, the Secretary shall establish and make publicly avail-
8	able an application form for the competitive grant process
9	under section $4(c)(2)$ .
10	(b) HUD OBLIGATION DEADLINE.—Not later than
11	180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
12	Secretary shall begin disbursing amounts made available
13	to carry out this Act to States, units of general local gov-
14	ernments, Indian Tribes, and insular areas in accordance
15	with the allocation formulas under sections $4(c)$ and $5(c)$ .
16	(c) Local Business Funds Obligation Dead-
17	LINES.—
18	(1) States.—Of the amounts that a State
19	elects under section $5(d)(2)(A)(ii)$ to reserve for use
20	by the State under this paragraph—
21	(A) any amounts that the State provides to
22	a civil unrest business recovery fund under sec-
23	tion 5(e)(1) shall be obligated by the civil un-
24	rest business recovery fund for expenditure not
25	later than 75 days after the date on which the

1	State received the amounts from the Secretary;
2	and
3	(B) any amounts that the State chooses to
4	provide to a support organization under section
5	5(e)(2), or to use to pay for administrative
6	costs under section 5(e)(3), shall be obligated
7	by the State for expenditure not later than 75
8	days after the date on which the State received
9	the amounts from the Secretary.
10	(2) Entitlement communities.—Of the
11	amounts that an entitlement community receives
12	from the Secretary under section $5(c)(1)(A)$ —
13	(A) any amounts that the entitlement com-
14	munity provides to a civil unrest business recov-
15	ery fund under section $5(e)(1)$ shall be obli-
16	gated by the civil unrest business recovery fund
17	for expenditure not later than 75 days after the
18	date on which the entitlement community re-
19	ceived the amounts; and
20	(B) any amounts that the entitlement com-
21	munity chooses to provide to a support organi-
22	zation under section 5(e)(2), or to use to pay
23	for administrative costs under section 5(e)(3),
24	shall be obligated by the entitlement community

for expenditure not later than 75 days after the

date on which the entitlement community received the amounts.

- (3) Nonentitlement communities.—Of the amounts that a unit of general local government, or an entity designated thereby, located in a nonentitlement area receives from a State under section 5(d)(2)(A)(i)—
  - (A) any amounts that the unit of general local government entity provides to a civil unrest business recovery fund under section 5(e)(1) shall be obligated by the civil unrest business recovery fund for expenditure not later than 60 days after the date on which the unit of general local government or entity received the amounts; and
  - (B) any amounts that the unit of general local government or entity community chooses to provide to a support organization under section 5(e)(2), or to use to pay for administrative costs under section 5(e)(3), shall be obligated by the unit of general local government or entity for expenditure not later than 60 days after the date on which the unit of general local government or entity received the amounts.

- 1 (4) Recovery of unobligated funds.—If a 2 State, entitlement community, other unit of general 3 local government, entity designated by a unit of gen-4 eral local government, or civil unrest business recov-5 ery fund fails to obligate amounts by the applicable 6 deadline under paragraph (1), (2), or (3), the Sec-7 retary shall recover the portion of such amounts that 8 remain unobligated as of such deadline.
  - (5) Collaboration.—It is the sense of the Congress that—
    - (A) an entitlement community that receives amount allocated under section 5(c)(1) should collaborate with the applicable local entity responsible for economic development and small business development in establishing and administering a civil unrest business recovery fund; and
    - (B) States, units of general local government (including units of general local government located within and outside of nonentitlement areas), Indian Tribes, and insular areas that receive amounts under section 5(c)(2) and are located in the same region should collaborate in establishing and administering civil unrest business recovery funds.

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1	(d) Information Gathering.—When providing as-
2	sistance to an eligible entity with amounts received from
3	an allocation made under section 4 or 5, the entity pro-
4	viding the assistance shall—
5	(1) inquire—
6	(A) in the case of an eligible entity that is
7	a business entity or a nonprofit organization,
8	whether the entity is a minority-owned entity or
9	a women-owned entity; and
10	(B) in the case of an eligible entity who is
11	an individual, whether the individual is a minor-
12	ity or a woman;
13	(2) collect, in the case of an eligible entity that
14	is a business entity or a nonprofit organization, de-
15	mographic information, including race and ethnicity,
16	gender, disability status, housing status, family com-
17	position, and income level, regarding the households
18	being served by economic development activities and
19	other activities funded with amounts made available
20	pursuant to this Act; and
21	(3) maintain a record of the responses to each
22	inquiry conducted under paragraph (1), which the
23	entity shall promptly submit to the applicable State,
24	unit of general local government, Indian Tribe, or
25	insular area.

#### (e) Reporting.—

- (1) In General.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which a State, unit of general local government, Indian Tribe, or insular area initially receives an allocation made under section 4 or 5, and not later than 14 days after the date on which that State, unit of general local government, Indian Tribe, or insular area completes the full expenditure of amounts from such allocation, such State, unit of general local government, Indian Tribe, or insular area shall submit to the Secretary a report that includes information setting forth—
  - (A) the number of recipients of assistance made available from the allocation, disaggregated by race and ethnicity, gender, and income and assets;
  - (B) the total amount, and type, of assistance made available from the allocation;
  - (C) to the extent applicable, with respect to each recipient described in subparagraph (A), information regarding the industry of the recipient, the amount of assistance received by the recipient, the annual sales of the recipient, and the number of employees of the recipient;

- 1 (D) to the extent available from the infor2 mation collected under subsection (d), demo3 graphic information of the households receiving
  4 direct anti-poverty programming, such as cash
  5 assistance, disaggregated by race and ethnicity,
  6 gender, disability status, housing status, family
  7 composition, and income level as a percentage
  8 of the Federal poverty level;
  - (E) the zip code of each recipient described in subparagraph (A); and
  - (F) any other information that the Secretary, in the sole discretion of the Secretary, determines to be necessary to carry out this Act.
  - (2) Public availability.—As soon as is practicable after receiving each report submitted under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall make the information contained in the report, including all of the information described in subparagraph (A) through (F) of such paragraph, publicly available.
- 21 (f) Final Report.—Not later than September 30, 22 2023, the Secretary shall submit to the Congress a report 23 analyzing and assessing the program carried out under 24 this Act, which shall identify any advantages and disadvantages of the program, include comments and assess-

- 1 ments from localities and communities assisted, and in-
- 2 clude any recommendations for legislative changes to im-
- 3 prove more equitable outcomes under the program, such
- 4 as additional technical assistance, planning requirements,
- 5 and administrative support.
- 6 (g) EVALUATION.—Of amounts available under sec-
- 7 tion 3(d), the Secretary may use such amounts as may
- 8 be necessary to evaluate the effectiveness of activities
- 9 funded through grants under section 4, using a method-
- 10 ology that—
- 11 (1) includes a random assignment whenever
- feasible, or other research methods that allow for the
- strongest possible casual inferences when random as-
- signment is not feasible; and
- 15 (2) generates evidence on impact of specific
- projects, or groups with identical (or nearly iden-
- tical) service components and protocols.
- 18 (h) Rules and Guidance.—The Secretary, in con-
- 19 sultation with the Secretary of the Treasury and the Ad-
- 20 ministrator of the Small Business Administration, shall
- 21 issue any rules and guidance that are necessary to carry
- 22 out this Act, including by establishing appropriate compli-
- 23 ance and reporting requirements, in addition to the report-
- 24 ing requirements under subsection (e).

## 1 SEC. 7. DEFINITIONS.

2	In this section:
3	(1) COVERED PERIOD.—The term "covered pe-
4	riod" means the period beginning on May 1, 2020,
5	and ending at the end of December 31, 2020.
6	(2) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term "eligible enti-
7	ty' means—
8	(A) a privately held business entity that—
9	(i) employs not more than 50 full-time
10	or full-time equivalent employees;
11	(ii)(I) is physically based and located
12	in, or provides services to, a low-income
13	community or a HUBZone; or
14	(II) has incurred damage to real or
15	personal property of the business entity
16	during a covered period as a result of so-
17	cial and civil unrest; and
18	(iii) has average annual receipts (as
19	determined in accordance with section
20	121.104 of title 13, Code of Federal Regu-
21	lations, or any successor regulation) of not
22	more than \$2,000,000;
23	(B) an individual who operates under a
24	sole proprietorship, an individual who operates
25	as an independent contractor, or any eligible
26	self-employed individual, if such an individual

1	has incurred damage to real or personal prop-
2	erty of their business concern during a covered
3	period as a result of social and civil unrest;
4	(C) a community- or worker-owned cooper-
5	ative that—
6	(i) meets the requirements of an eligi-
7	ble cooperative under section 105 of the
8	National Consumer Cooperative Bank Act
9	(12 U.S.C. 3015);
10	(ii) employs not more than 250 full-
11	time or full-time equivalent employees; and
12	(iii) is based in, or provides services
13	to, a low-income community;
14	(D) an eligible nonprofit organization
15	that—
16	(i) employs not more than 250 full-
17	time or full-time equivalent employees;
18	(ii) has \$10,000,000 or less in assets;
19	and
20	(iii) is based in, or provides services
21	to, a low-income community; or
22	(E) any non-profit entity that is a minor-
23	ity-owned or minority-serving entity.
24	(3) Eligible self-employed individual.—
25	The term "eligible self-employed individual" has the

- 1 meaning given such term in section 7002(b) of the 2 Families First Coronavirus Response Act (Public
- 3 Law 116–127).

- 4 (4) Entitlement community.—The term
  5 "entitlement community" means a metropolitan city
  6 or urban county, as such terms are defined in sec7 tion 102 of the Housing and Community Develop8 ment Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5302).
  - (5) Environmental Justice community.—
    The term "environmental justice community" means a community with significant representation of communities of color, low-income communities, or Tribal and indigenous communities, that experiences, or is at risk of experiencing, higher or more adverse human health or environmental effects, identified through the Environmental Justice Screen of the Environmental Protection Agency or an equivalent mapping and screening tool.
    - (6) FEDERAL POVERTY LEVEL.—The term "Federal poverty level" has the meaning given the term "poverty line" in section 673 of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981 (42 U.S.C. 9902).
- 24 (7) Full-time equivalent employees.—

1	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "full-time
2	equivalent employees" means a number of em-
3	ployees equal to the number determined by di-
4	viding—
5	(i) the total number of hours of serv-
6	ice for which wages were paid by the em-
7	ployer to employees during the taxable
8	year; by
9	(ii) 2080.
10	(B) ROUNDING.—The number determined
11	under subparagraph (A) shall be rounded to the
12	next lowest whole number if not otherwise a
13	whole number.
14	(C) Excess hours not counted.—If an
15	employee works in excess of 2,080 hours of
16	service during any taxable year, such excess
17	shall not be taken into account under subpara-
18	graph (A).
19	(D) Hours of Service.—The Secretary
20	of Housing and Urban Development, in con-
21	sultation with the Secretary of Labor, shall pre-
22	scribe such regulations, rules, and guidance as
23	may be necessary to determine the hours of
24	service of an employee for purposes of this

paragraph, including rules for the application of

- this paragraph to employees who are not compensated on an hourly basis.
- 3 (8) High-poverty area.—The term "high4 poverty area" means any census tract having a pov5 erty rate of 20 percent or higher, as measured by re6 cent 5-year data series available from the American
  7 Community Survey, as of the date of the enactment
  8 of this Act.
  - (9) HUBZONE.—The term "HUBZone" has the meaning given the term "historically underutilized business zone" in section 31 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 657a).
  - (10) Indian Tribe.—The term "Indian Tribe" has the meaning given such term in section 102 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5302).
  - (11) Insular Area.—The term "insular area" has the meaning given such term in section 5204 of the Omnibus Insular Areas Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 5204).
- 21 (12) LOW-INCOME COMMUNITY.—The term 22 "low-income community" has the meaning given 23 such term in section 45D(e) of the Internal Revenue 24 Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 45D(e)).

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1	(13) MINORITY.—The term "minority" has the
2	meaning given such term in section 1204(c)(3) of
3	the Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery, and
4	Enforcement Act of 1989 (12 U.S.C. 1811 note).
5	(14) Minority-owned entity.—The term
6	"minority-owned entity" means an entity—
7	(A) more than 50 percent of the ownership
8	or control of which is held by not less than 1
9	minority; and
10	(B) more than 50 percent of the net profit
11	or loss of which accrues to not less than 1 mi-
12	nority.
13	(15) Minority-serving entity.—The term
14	"minority-serving entity" means an institution of
15	higher education whose minority student enrollment
16	is at least 50 percent. Such term includes Asian
17	American and Native American Pacific Islander-
18	serving institutions, as such term is defined in sec-
19	tion 371(c) of the Higher Education Act of 1965
20	(20  U.S.C.  1067q(e)).
21	(16) Nonentitlement area; state; unit of
22	GENERAL LOCAL GOVERNMENT.—The terms "non-
23	entitlement area", "State", and "unit of general
24	local government" have the meanings given such

1	terms in section 102 of the Housing and Community
2	Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5302).
3	(17) Nonprofit organization.—The term
4	"nonprofit organization" means an organization
5	that—
6	(A) is exempt from taxation pursuant to
7	section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code
8	of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 501(c)(3)): and
9	(B) is—
10	(i) a community development organi-
11	zation or a community development cor-
12	poration;
13	(ii) a community development finan-
14	cial institution;
15	(iii) a community housing organiza-
16	tion;
17	(iv) a church or religious organization;
18	(v) a public charitable organization; or
19	(vi) a private foundation.
20	(18) Persistent Poverty County.—The
21	term "persistent poverty county" means any county
22	that has had 20 percent or more of its population
23	living in poverty over the past 30 years, as measured
24	by the most recent decennial censuses and the most
25	recent Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates of

1	the Bureau of the Census, as of the date of the en-
2	actment of this Act.
3	(19) Secretary.—The term "Secretary"
4	means the Secretary of Housing and Urban Develop-
5	ment.
6	(20) Women-owned entity.—The term
7	"women-owned entity" means an entity—
8	(A) more than 50 percent of the ownership
9	or control of which is held by not less than 1
10	woman; and
11	(B) more than 50 percent of the net profit
12	or loss of which accrues to not less than 1
13	woman.

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