117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 2731

To establish a new Directorate for Technology and Innovation in the National Science Foundation, to establish a regional technology hub program, to require a strategy and report on economic security, science, research, innovation, manufacturing, and job creation, to establish a critical supply chain resiliency program, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

April 21, 2021

Mr. Khanna (for himself, Mr. Gallagher, Ms. Wild, Mr. Turner, Mr. Bowman, Mr. Fitzpatrick, and Ms. Sherrill) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology, and in addition to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To establish a new Directorate for Technology and Innovation in the National Science Foundation, to establish a regional technology hub program, to require a strategy and report on economic security, science, research, innovation, manufacturing, and job creation, to establish a critical supply chain resiliency program, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

2	This Act may be cited as the "Endless Frontier Act".
3	SEC 2 FINDINGS

- Congress finds the following:
- (1) For over 70 years, the United States has been the unequivocal global leader in scientific and technological innovation, and as a result the people of the United States have benefitted through goodpaying jobs, economic prosperity, and a higher quality of life.
 - (A) Today, however, this leadership position is being eroded and challenged by foreign competitors, some of which are stealing intellectual property and trade secrets of the United States and aggressively investing in research and commercialization to dominate the key existing and future technology fields.
 - (B) While the United States once led the world in the share of our economy invested in research, our Nation now ranks 9th globally in total research and development and 12th in publicly financed research and development.
 - (C) While wages for American workers rose in parallel with growth in national productivity from the end of World War II through most of the 1970s, since then wage growth has

- been uneven and labor's share in national income has declined.
 - (2) Without a significant increase in investment in research, education, technology transfer, intellectual property, manufacturing, and other core strengths of the United States innovation ecosystem, it is only a matter of time before the global competitors of the United States overtake the United States in terms of technological primacy. The country that wins the race in key technologies—such as artificial intelligence, quantum computing, advanced communications, and advanced manufacturing—and uses technological innovation to support high-quality jobs and incomes will be the superpower of the future.
 - (3) The Federal Government must catalyze United States innovation by boosting research investments focused on discovering, creating, commercializing, and demonstrating new technologies and manufacturing those technologies domestically throughout the country to ensure the leadership of the United States in the industries of the future.
 - (4) The distribution of innovation jobs and investment in the United States has become largely concentrated in just a few locations, while much of the Nation has been left out of growth in the innova-

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- tion sector. More than 90 percent of the Nation's innovation sector employment growth in the last 15 years was generated in just 5 major metropolitan areas. The Federal Government must address this imbalance in opportunity by—
 - (A) dramatically increasing funding for science and engineering research and expanding partnerships with the private sector to build new technology hubs across the country;
 - (B) spreading high-quality innovation sector jobs more broadly;
 - (C) increasing the participation of underrepresented populations, engaging workers, and collaborating with labor organizations in innovation efforts to tap the talent and potential of the entire Nation to ensure the United States leads the industries of the future; and
 - (D) building regional capacity in such critical areas as entrepreneurship, access to capital and other investment, and supply chain development.
 - (5) As President Franklin D. Roosevelt stated, "[N]ew frontiers of the mind are before us, and if they are pioneered with the same vision, boldness, and drive with which we have waged this war we can

- 1 create a fuller and more fruitful employment and a 2 fuller and more fruitful life."
- 3 (6) As Vannevar Bush stated in his 1945 report entitled Science, The Endless Frontier, "New 5 products, new industries, and more jobs require con-6 tinuous additions to knowledge of the laws of nature, 7 and the application of that knowledge to practical purposes. Similarly, our defense against aggression 8 9 demands new knowledge so that we can develop new 10 and improved weapons. This essential, new knowl-11 edge can be obtained only through basic scientific research." 12
- 13 (7) Since their inception, the National Science 14 Foundation and other key Federal agencies, like the 15 Department of Energy, have carried out vital work 16 supporting basic and applied research to create 17 knowledge that is a key driver of the economy of the 18 United States and enhances the Nation's security.
- 19 SEC. 3. IMPROVING TECHNOLOGY AND INNOVATION RE-
- 20 SEARCH AT THE NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUN-
- 21 DATION.
- 22 (a) Providing Authority To Disseminate Infor-
- 23 MATION.—Section 11 of the National Science Foundation
- 24 Act of 1950 (42 U.S.C. 1870) is amended—

1	(1) in subsection (j), by striking "and" after
2	the semicolon;
3	(2) in subsection (k), by striking the period at
4	the end and inserting "; and; and
5	(3) by adding at the end the following:
6	"(l) provide for the widest practicable and appro-
7	priate dissemination of information within the United
8	States concerning the Foundation's activities and the re-
9	sults thereof.".
10	(b) Establishment of Directorate for Tech-
11	NOLOGY AND INNOVATION.—The National Science Foun-
12	dation Act of 1950 (42 U.S.C. 1861 et seq.) is amended—
13	(1) in section 8 (42 U.S.C. 1866), by inserting
14	at the end the following: "Such divisions shall in-
15	clude the Directorate for Technology and Innovation
16	established under section 8A."; and
17	(2) by inserting after section 8 the following:
18	"SEC. 8A. IMPROVING RESEARCH AND ESTABLISHING DI-
19	RECTORATE FOR TECHNOLOGY AND INNOVA-
20	TION.
21	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
22	"(1) COMMUNITY COLLEGE.—The term 'com-
23	munity college' has the meaning given the term 'jun-
24	ior or community college' in section 312(f) of the
25	Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1058(f))

1	"(2) Designated Country.—The term 'des-
2	ignated country' means a country that has been ap-
3	proved and designated in writing by the President
4	for purposes of this section, after providing—
5	"(A) not less than 30 days of advance noti-
6	fication and explanation to the relevant con-
7	gressional committees before the designation;
8	and
9	"(B) in-person briefings to such commit-
10	tees, if requested during the 30-day advance no-
11	tification period described in subparagraph (A).
12	"(3) DIRECTORATE.—The term 'Directorate'
13	means the Directorate for Technology and Innova-
14	tion established under subsection (b).
15	"(4) Emerging research institution.—The
16	term 'emerging research institution' means an insti-
17	tution of higher education with an established under-
18	graduate student program that has, on average for
19	the 3 years prior to an application for an award
20	under this section, received less than \$35,000,000 in
21	Federal research funding.
22	"(5) FEDERAL RESEARCH FACILITY.—The term
23	'Federal research facility' includes a research labora-
24	tory of the Department of Agriculture and any other

Federally funded research and development center.

1	"(6) Historically black college or uni-
2	VERSITY.—The term 'historically Black college or
3	university' has the meaning given the term 'part B
4	institution' in section 322 of the Higher Education
5	Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1061)).
6	"(7) Institution of higher education.—
7	The term 'institution of higher education' has the
8	meaning given the term in section 101(a) of the
9	Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001(a)).
10	"(8) Key technology focus areas.—The
11	term 'key technology focus areas' means the areas
12	included on the most recent list under subsection
13	(d)(2).
14	"(9) Labor organization.—The term 'labor
15	organization' has the meaning given the term in sec-
16	tion 2(5) of the National Labor Relations Act (29
17	U.S.C. 152(5)), except that such term shall also in-
18	clude—
19	"(A) any organization composed of labor
20	organizations, such as a labor union federation
21	or a State or municipal labor body; and
22	"(B) any organization which would be in-
23	cluded in the definition for such term under
24	such section 2(5) but for the fact that the orga-
25	nization represents—

1	"(i) individuals employed by the
2	United States, any wholly owned Govern-
3	ment corporation, any Federal Reserve
4	Bank, or any State or political subdivision
5	thereof;
6	"(ii) individuals employed by persons
7	subject to the Railway Labor Act (45
8	U.S.C. 151 et seq.); or
9	"(iii) individuals employed as agricul-
10	tural laborers.
11	"(10) Minority-serving institution.—The
12	term 'minority-serving institution' means an institu-
13	tion described in section 371(a) of the Higher Edu-
14	cation Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067q(a)).
15	"(11) NATIONAL LABORATORY.—The term 'Na-
16	tional Laboratory' has the meaning given the term
17	in section 2 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42
18	U.S.C. 15801).
19	"(12) Relevant congressional commit-
20	TEES.—The term 'relevant congressional commit-
21	tees' means—
22	"(A) the Committee on Armed Services,
23	the Committee on Commerce, Science, and
24	Transportation, the Committee on Energy and
25	Natural Resources, the Committee on Appro-

1 priations, the Committee on Foreign Relations, 2 the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, 3 and Pensions, and the Select Committee on In-4 telligence of the Senate; and "(B) the Committee on Armed Services, 6 the Committee on Science, Space, and Tech-7 nology, the Committee on Appropriations, the 8 Committee on Foreign Affairs, and the Perma-9 nent Select Committee on Intelligence of the 10 House of Representatives. 11 "(13) STEM.—The term 'STEM' has the 12 meaning given such term in section 2 of the America 13 COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010 (Public Law 111–358; 42 U.S.C. 6621 note). 14 15 "(14) Tribal college or university.—The term 'Tribal college or university' has the meaning 16 17 given the term in section 316(b)(3) of the Higher 18 Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059c(b)(3)). 19 "(15) Underrepresented populations.— 20 The term 'underrepresented populations' means 21 women, minorities, veterans, tribal populations, per-22 sons with disabilities, and other populations that are 23 underrepresented in STEM. "(b) Establishment of Directorate for Tech-24 NOLOGY AND INNOVATION.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days
after the date of enactment of the Endless Frontier
Act, the Director shall establish in the Foundation
a Directorate for Technology and Innovation. The
Directorate shall carry out the duties and responsibilities described in this section, in order to further
the following goals:

"(A) Strengthening the leadership of the United States in critical technologies, as described as a critical national need in section 7018 of the America COMPETES Act (42 U.S.C. 18620–5), through basic research in the key technology focus areas and the commercialization of those technologies to businesses in the United States.

- "(B) Addressing and mitigating technology challenges integral to the geostrategic position of the United States through the activities authorized by this section.
- "(C) Enhancing the competitiveness of the United States in the key technology focus areas by improving education in the key technology focus areas and attracting more students to such areas at all levels of education.

1	"(D) Consistent with the mission and oper-
2	ations of the Foundation, fostering the eco-
3	nomic and societal impact of Federally funded
4	research and development through an acceler-
5	ated translation of basic advances in the key
6	technology focus areas into processes and prod-
7	ucts, known as technology transfer, that can
8	help achieve national goals related to economic
9	competitiveness, domestic manufacturing, na-
10	tional security, shared prosperity, energy and
11	the environment, health, education and work-
12	force development, and transportation.
13	"(E) Utilizing the full potential of the
14	United States workforce by encouraging broad-
15	er participation in key technology focus areas
16	by underrepresented populations.
17	"(F) Ensuring the programmatic work of
18	the Directorate and Foundation incorporates a
19	workforce perspective from labor organizations
20	and workforce training organizations.
21	"(2) Organization and administrative
22	MATTERS.—
23	"(A) Program managers.—The employ-

ees of the Directorate may include program

managers for the key technology focus areas,

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who may perform a role similar to program managers employed by the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency for the oversight and selection of programs supported by the Directorate.

"(B) Selection of Recipients.—Recipients of support under the programs and activities of the Directorate shall be selected by program managers or other employees of the Directorate and the selection criteria for financial assistance awards shall include intellectual merit and broader impacts, including economic impacts on the advanced technology production system of the United States. The Directorate may use a peer review process or the authorities provided under subsection (c), or some combination of such process and authorities, to inform the selection of award recipients.

"(C) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of the Endless Frontier Act, the Director shall prepare and submit a report to the relevant congressional committees regarding the use of alternative methods for the selection of recipients and the

distribution of funding to recipients as compared to the traditional peer review process.

- "(D) Assistant Directors.—The Director shall appoint an Assistant Director for the Directorate, in the same manner as other Assistant Directors of the Foundation are appointed.
- 8 "(3) Report.—Not later than 120 days after 9 the date of enactment of the Endless Frontier Act, 10 the Director shall prepare and submit a report to 11 the relevant congressional committees regarding the 12 establishment of the Directorate.
- "(c) Personnel Management Authorities for The Foundation.—In addition to the authorities and requirements of section 15, the Director shall have the following authorities:
- 17 "(1) Experts in science and engineer-18 ING.—The Director shall have the authority to carry 19 out a program of personnel management authority 20 in the same manner, and subject to the same re-21 quirements, as the program of personnel manage-22 ment authority authorized for the Director of the 23 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency under 24 section 1599h of title 10, United States Code, for 25 the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency.

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"(2) Highly qualified experts in Needed occupations.—In addition to the authority provided under paragraph (1), the Director shall have the authority to carry out a program of personnel management authority in the same manner, and subject to the same requirements, as the program to attract highly qualified experts carried out by the Secretary of Defense under section 9903 of title 5, United States Code. Individuals hired by the Director through such authority shall include individuals with expertise in business creativity, innovation management, design thinking, entrepreneurship, venture capital, and related fields.

"(3) Additional Hiring authority.—To the extent needed to carry out the duties in paragraph (1), the Director is authorized to utilize hiring authorities under section 3372 of title 5, United States Code, to staff the Directorate with employees from other Federal agencies, State and local governments, Indian Tribes and Tribal organizations, institutions of higher education, and other organizations, as described in that section, in the same manner and subject to the same conditions, that apply to such individuals utilized to accomplish other missions of the Foundation.

1	"(d) Duties and Functions of the Direc-
2	TORATE.—
3	"(1) Development of Technology focus
4	OF THE DIRECTORATE.—The Director shall—
5	"(A) through the Directorate, advance in-
6	novation in the key technology focus areas
7	through basic and translational research and
8	other activities described in this section;
9	"(B) develop and implement strategies to
10	ensure that the activities of the Directorate are
11	directed toward the key technology focus areas
12	in order to accomplish the goals described in
13	subsection (b)(1) consistent with the most re-
14	cent report conducted under section 5(b) of the
15	Endless Frontier Act; and
16	"(C) develop and focus on innovation
17	methods, processes, and promising practices
18	that can affect the speed and effectiveness of
19	innovation processes at scale.
20	"(2) Key technology focus areas.—
21	"(A) Initial List.—The initial key tech-
22	nology focus areas are—
23	"(i) artificial intelligence, machine
24	learning, and other software advances;

1	"(ii) high performance computing,
2	semiconductors, and advanced computer
3	hardware;
4	"(iii) quantum computing and infor-
5	mation systems;
6	"(iv) robotics, automation, and ad-
7	vanced manufacturing;
8	"(v) natural and anthropogenic dis-
9	aster prevention or mitigation;
10	"(vi) advanced communications tech-
11	nology;
12	"(vii) biotechnology, medical tech-
13	nology, genomics, and synthetic biology;
14	"(viii) cybersecurity, data storage, and
15	data management technologies;
16	"(ix) advanced energy, batteries, and
17	industrial efficiency; and
18	"(x) advanced materials science, engi-
19	neering, and exploration relevant to the
20	other key technology focus areas described
21	in this subparagraph.
22	"(B) Review of Key Technology focus
23	AREAS AND SUBSEQUENT LISTS.—
24	"(i) Adding or deleting key
25	TECHNOLOGY FOCUS AREAS.—Beginning

1	on the date that is 3 years after the date
2	of enactment of the Endless Frontier Act,
3	and every 3 years thereafter, the Director,
4	in coordination with the Director of the
5	Office of Science and Technology Policy,
6	the Director of National Institute of
7	Standards and Technology, the Secretary
8	of Energy, the Secretary of Defense, the
9	Director of the National Institutes of
10	Health, and, as appropriate, the heads of
11	other departments and agencies—
12	"(I) shall review the list of key
13	technology focus areas;
14	"(II) may consider the challenges
15	and recommendations identified in the
16	report required by section 11 of the
17	Endless Frontier Act; and
18	"(III) as part of that review, may
19	add or delete key technology focus
20	areas if societal challenges or the com-
21	petitive threats to the United States
22	have shifted (whether because the
23	United States or other nations have
24	advanced or fallen behind in a techno-
25	logical area), subject to clause (ii).

1 "(ii) Limit on key technology
2 Focus areas.—Not more than 10 key
3 technology focus areas shall be included on
4 the list of key technology focus areas at
5 any time.

"(iii) UPDATING FOCUS AREAS AND DISTRIBUTION.—Prior to completion of each review under this subparagraph, the Director shall make the list of key technology focus areas readily available to the public and available for public comment, including, at a minimum, by publishing the list in the Federal Register even if no changes are expected to be made to the prior list.

"(iv) Extraordinary circumstances, the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy may grant the Director the ability to add or delete key technology focus areas without acting in coordination as described in clause (i). If such an ability is determined to be necessary by the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy, the Director and the Director of

1	the Office of Science and Technology Pol-
2	icy shall not later than 15 days ahead of
3	such a waiver being granted submit a de-
4	tailed description and justification to the
5	relevant congressional committees.
6	"(3) Activities.—
7	"(A) In GENERAL.—In carrying out the
8	duties and functions of the Directorate, the Di-
9	rector—
10	"(i) may make awards in a techno-
11	logically-neutral manner for key technology
12	focus areas to—
13	"(I) individual institutions of
14	higher education for work at centers
15	or by individual researchers or teams
16	of researchers;
17	"(II) not-for-profit entities; and
18	"(III) consortia that—
19	"(aa) shall include and be
20	led by an institution of higher
21	education, or by a not-for-profit
22	entity designed to support tech-
23	nology development, and may in-
24	clude 1 or more additional insti-
25	tutions of higher education;

1	"(bb) shall include at least
2	one of the following:
3	"(AA) a historically
4	Black college or university;
5	"(BB) a Tribal College
6	or University;
7	"(CC) another minor-
8	ity-serving institution;
9	"(DD) an institution
10	that participates in the Es-
11	tablished Program to Stimu-
12	late Competitive Research
13	under section 113 of the Na-
14	tional Science Foundation
15	Authorization Act of 1988
16	(42 U.S.C. 1862g);
17	"(EE) an emerging re-
18	search institution that is not
19	classified as a very high re-
20	search activity by the Car-
21	negie Classification of Insti-
22	tutions of Higher Education
23	and that has an under-
24	graduate enrollment with a
25	majority of students who are

1	from underrepresented pop-
2	ulations; or
3	"(FF) a community
4	college; and
5	"(ce) may include 1 or
6	more—
7	"(AA) entities described
8	in subclause (I) or (II) and
9	industries, including
10	startups, small businesses,
11	and public-private partner-
12	ships;
13	"(BB) economic devel-
14	opment organizations or
15	venture development organi-
16	zations, as such term is de-
17	fined in section 28(a) of the
18	Stevenson-Wydler Tech-
19	nology Innovation Act of
20	1980;
21	"(CC) National Labora-
22	tories;
23	"(DD) Federal labora-
24	tories, as defined in section
25	4 of the Stevenson-Wydler

1	Technology Innovation Act
2	of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3703);
3	"(EE) Federal research
4	facilities;
5	"(FF) labor organiza-
6	tions;
7	"(GG) entities de-
8	scribed in subclause (I) or
9	(II) from allied or partner
10	countries;
11	"(HH) other entities if
12	determined by the Director
13	to be vital to the success of
14	the program; and
15	"(II) binational re-
16	search and development
17	foundations and funds, ex-
18	cluding foreign entities of
19	concern;
20	"(ii) may partner with other direc-
21	torates of the Foundation for projects or
22	research, including—
23	"(I) to pursue basic questions
24	about natural, human, and physical
25	phenomena that could enable ad-

1	vances in the key technology focus
2	areas;
3	"(II) to study questions that
4	could affect the design (including
5	human interfaces), operation, deploy-
6	ment, or the social and ethical con-
7	sequences of technologies in the key
8	technology focus areas, including the
9	development of technologies that com-
10	plement or enhance the abilities of
11	workers and impact of specific innova-
12	tions on domestic jobs and equitable
13	opportunity; and
14	"(III) to further the creation of a
15	domestic workforce capable of advanc-
16	ing, using, and adapting to key tech-
17	nology focus areas and understanding
18	and improving the impact of key tech-
19	nology focus areas on STEM teaching
20	and learning advancing the key tech-
21	nology focus areas, including engaging
22	relevant partners in research and in-
23	novation programs;
24	"(iii) may provide funds to any other
25	Federal agencies for intramural or extra-

1	mural work in the key technology focus
2	areas through research, manufacturing, or
3	other means;
4	"(iv) may make awards under the
5	SBIR and STTR programs (as defined in
6	section 9(e) of the Small Business Act (15
7	U.S.C. 638(e)); and
8	"(v) may enter into and perform such
9	contracts, other transactions, or other ar-
10	rangements, or modifications thereof, as
11	may be necessary in the conduct of the
12	work of the Directorate and on such terms
13	as the Director considers appropriate, in
14	furtherance of the purposes of this Act.
15	"(B) Reports.—Not later than 180 days
16	after the date of enactment of the Endless
17	Frontier Act, the Director, in coordination with
18	the Secretary of State and the Director of the
19	Office of Science and Technology Policy, shall
20	prepare and submit to the relevant congres-
21	sional committees—
22	"(i) a plan to seek out additional in-
23	vestments from—
24	"(I) certain designated countries;
25	and

1	"(II) entities other than institu-
2	tions of higher education; and
3	"(ii) the planned activities of the Di-
4	rectorate to secure federally funded science
5	and technology pursuant to section 1746 of
6	the National Defense Authorization Act for
7	Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116–92)
8	and section 223 of William M. (Mac)
9	Thornberry National Defense Authoriza-
10	tion Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law
11	116–283).
12	"(C) ANNUAL BRIEFING.—Each year, the
13	Director shall formally request a briefing from
14	the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Com-
15	merce, the Director of the Federal Bureau of
16	Investigation, the Director of National Intel-
17	ligence, and as appropriate other department or
18	agency heads regarding their efforts to preserve
19	the United States' advantages generated by the
20	activity of the Directorate.
21	"(4) Interagency cooperation.—
22	"(A) In General.—In carrying out this
23	section, the Director and other Federal research
24	agencies, in consultation with the United States
25	Patent and Trademark Office where appro-

1	priate, shall work cooperatively with each other
2	to further the goals of this section in the key
3	technology focus areas.
4	"(B) Coordination with nist and de-
5	PARTMENT OF ENERGY.—In making research
6	awards under this section, the Director shall, as
7	appropriate, work in coordination with the Di-
8	rector of the National Institute of Standards
9	and Technology and the Secretary of Energy.
10	"(C) Comptroller general report.—
11	Each year, the Comptroller General of the
12	United States shall prepare and submit a report
13	to Congress, and shall simultaneously submit
14	the report to the Director and the Director of
15	the Office of Science and Technology Policy, de-
16	scribing the interagency cooperation that oc-
17	curred during the preceding year pursuant to
18	this paragraph, including a list of—
19	"(i) any funds provided under para-
20	graph (3)(A)(ii) to other divisions of the
21	Foundation; and
22	"(ii) any funds provided under para-
23	graph (3)(A)(iii) to other Federal research
24	agencies.

1	"(5) Providing scholarships, fellowships,
2	AND OTHER STUDENT SUPPORT.—
3	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Director, acting
4	through the Directorate, shall fund under-
5	graduate scholarships (including at community
6	colleges), graduate fellowships and traineeships,
7	and postdoctoral awards in the key technology
8	focus areas.
9	"(B) Implementation.—The Director
10	may carry out subparagraph (A) by providing
11	funds—
12	"(i) for making awards—
13	"(I) directly to students; and
14	"(II) to institutions of higher
15	education or consortia of institutions
16	of higher education, including those
17	institutions or consortia involved in
18	operating university technology cen-
19	ters established under paragraph (6);
20	and
21	"(ii) to programs in Federal research
22	agencies that have experience awarding
23	such scholarships, fellowships, traineeships,
24	or postdoctoral awards.

"(C) Broadening participation.—In carrying out this paragraph, the Director should work to increase the participation of underrepresented populations in fields related to the key technology focus areas. For that purpose, the Director may take such steps as establishing or augmenting programs targeted at underrepresented populations, and supporting traineeships or other relevant programs at institutions of higher education with high enrollments of underrepresented populations.

- "(D) INNOVATION.—In carrying out this paragraph, the Director shall encourage innovation in graduate education, including through encouraging institutions of higher education to offer graduate students opportunities to gain experience in industry or government as part of their graduate training, and through support for students in professional masters programs related to the key technology focus areas.
- "(E) Supplement, not supplant.—The Director shall ensure that funds made available under this paragraph shall be used to create additional support for postsecondary students and

1	shall not displace funding for any other avail-
2	able support.
3	"(6) University technology centers.—
4	"(A) In general.—From amounts made
5	available to the Directorate, the Director shall
6	through a competitive application and selection
7	process, make awards to institutions of higher
8	education or consortia described in paragraph
9	(3)(A)(i)(III) to establish university technology
10	centers.
11	"(B) Uses of funds.—
12	"(i) In general.—A center estab-
13	lished under an award under subparagraph
14	(A)—
15	"(I) shall use support provided
16	under such subparagraph—
17	"(aa) to carry out basic and
18	translational research to advance
19	innovation in the key technology
20	focus areas; and
21	"(bb) to further the develop-
22	ment and commercialization of
23	innovations, including inventions,
24	in the key technology focus areas
25	including—

1	"(AA) innovations de-
2	rived from research carried
3	out under item (aa), through
4	such activities as
5	translational research, proof-
6	of-concept development, and
7	prototyping, in order to re-
8	duce the cost, time, and risk
9	of commercializing new tech-
10	nologies;
11	"(BB) to promote pat-
12	enting and commercializa-
13	tion of inventions derived
14	from research carried out
15	under item (aa); and
16	"(CC) through the use
17	of public-private partner-
18	ships; and
19	"(II) may use support provided
20	under such subparagraph—
21	"(aa) for the costs of equip-
22	ment;
23	"(bb) for the costs associ-
24	ated with technology transfer and

1	commercialization, including pat-
2	enting and licensing; or
3	"(ce) for other activities or
4	costs necessary to accomplish the
5	purposes of this section, includ-
6	ing for operations and staff.
7	"(ii) Support of regional tech-
8	NOLOGY HUBS.—Each center established
9	under subparagraph (A) may support and
10	participate in, as appropriate, the activities
11	of any regional technology hub designated
12	under section 28(b)(1)(A) of the Steven-
13	son-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of
14	1980.
15	"(C) Selection process.—In selecting
16	recipients under this paragraph, the Director
17	shall consider—
18	"(i) the capacity of the applicant to
19	pursue and advance basic and translational
20	research;
21	"(ii) the extent to which the appli-
22	cant's proposed research would be likely to
23	advance American competitiveness in 1 or
24	more key technology focus areas;

1	"(iii) the extent to which the appli-
2	cant's proposal would broaden participa-
3	tion by underrepresented populations in
4	those areas;
5	"(iv) the capacity of the applicant to
6	engage industry, labor, and other appro-
7	priate organizations on any advances;
8	"(v) whether the applicant's proposed
9	research will, where applicable, contribute
10	to growth in domestic manufacturing ca-
11	pacity and job creation;
12	"(vi) the quality of plans for dissemi-
13	nation of research and technology results,
14	in accordance with relevant export control
15	laws;
16	"(vii) how the applicant will, where
17	applicable, encourage the training and par-
18	ticipation of entrepreneurs and the trans-
19	lation of research results to practice, in-
20	cluding the development of new businesses;
21	"(viii) how the applicant will encour-
22	age the participation of inventors and en-
23	trepreneurs and the development of new
24	businesses, where applicable;

1	"(ix) regional and geographic diver-
2	sity;
3	"(x) in the case of a consortium, the
4	extent to which the proposal includes insti-
5	tutions listed in paragraph
6	(3)(A)(i)(III)(bb); and
7	"(xi) the amount of funds from indus-
8	try organizations described in subpara-
9	graph (D)(ii) the applicant would use to-
10	wards establishing the center under sub-
11	paragraph (A).
12	"(D) Requirements.—The Director shall
13	ensure that any institution of higher education
14	or consortium receiving an award under sub-
15	paragraph (A) has—
16	"(i) the capacity or the ability to ac-
17	quire the capacity to advance the goals de-
18	scribed in subsection (b)(1); and
19	"(ii) secured contributions for estab-
20	lishing the center under subparagraph (A)
21	from industry organizations in an amount
22	not less than 10 percent of the total
23	amount of the award the institution or
24	consortium would receive under subpara-
25	graph (A).

1	"(7) Moving technology from Laboratory
2	TO MARKET.—
3	"(A) Program authorized.—
4	"(i) In General.—The Director, in
5	coordination with the Director of the Na-
6	tional Institute of Standards and Tech-
7	nology, shall establish a program in the
8	Directorate to make awards, on a competi-
9	tive basis, to institutions of higher edu-
10	cation or consortia described in paragraph
11	(3)(A)(i)(III)—
12	"(I) to build capacity at an insti-
13	tution of higher education or within
14	the consortium and facilitate collabo-
15	ration with firms in the key tech-
16	nology focus areas to increase the
17	likelihood that new technologies in the
18	key technology focus areas will suc-
19	ceed in the commercial market; and
20	" (Π) with the goal of promoting
21	experiments with a range of models
22	that institutions of higher education
23	or consortia could use to—
24	"(aa) enable new tech-
25	nologies and inventions to mature

1	to the point where the tech-
	-
2	nologies are more likely to suc-
3	ceed in the commercial market
4	and promote the creation of high-
5	quality jobs in the United States;
6	and
7	"(bb) reduce the risks to
8	commercial success for new tech-
9	nologies and inventions earlier in
10	their development.
11	"(ii) Use for training.—An award
12	under this subparagraph for a purpose de-
13	scribed in subclause (I) or (II) of clause (i)
14	may also enable the institution of higher
15	education or consortium to provide train-
16	ing and support to scientists, engineers,
17	and inventors who are interested in re-
18	search, technology transfer, and commer-
19	cialization, including patenting and licens-
20	ing, if the use is included in the proposal
21	submitted under subparagraph (B).
22	"(B) Proposals.—An institution of high-
23	er education or consortium desiring an award
24	under this paragraph shall submit a proposal to
25	the Director at such time, in such manner, and
	, with

1	containing such information as the Director
2	may require. The proposal shall include a de-
3	scription of—
4	"(i) the broader impact of the pro-
5	posal;
6	"(ii) the steps the applicant is study-
7	ing or will take to enable technology trans-
8	fer to reduce the risks for commercializa-
9	tion for new technologies, including how
10	the applicant will collaborate with firms in
11	the key technology focus areas;
12	"(iii) why such steps are likely to be
13	effective;
14	"(iv) how such steps differ from pre-
15	vious efforts to reduce the risks for com-
16	mercialization for new technologies;
17	"(v) whether the commercial viability
18	of any new technologies will promote the
19	creation of high-quality jobs in the United
20	States;
21	"(vi) how the applicant will, where ap-
22	plicable, encourage the participation of in-
23	ventors and entrepreneurs and the develop-
24	ment of new businesses; and

1	"(vii) how the applicant will, where
2	applicable, encourage the training and par-
3	ticipation of entrepreneurs and the trans-
4	lation of research results to practice, in-
5	cluding the development of new businesses.
6	"(C) Use of funds.—A recipient of an
7	award under this paragraph shall use award
8	funds to reduce the risks for commercialization
9	for new technologies, which may include—
10	"(i) creating and funding competitions
11	to allow entrepreneurial ideas from institu-
12	tions of higher education or consortia de-
13	scribed in paragraph (3)(A)(i)(III) to illus-
14	trate their commercialization potential;
15	"(ii) facilitating relationships among
16	local and national business leaders, includ-
17	ing investors, and potential entrepreneurs
18	to encourage successful commercialization;
19	"(iii) creating or supporting entities
20	that could enable researchers to further de-
21	velop new technology, through patient cap-
22	ital investment, advice, staff support, or
23	other means;

1	"(iv) providing facilities for start-up
2	companies where technology maturation
3	could occur;
4	"(v) covering legal and other fees as-
5	sociated with technology transfer and com-
6	mercialization, including patenting and li-
7	censing; and
8	"(vi) revising institution policies, in-
9	cluding policies related to intellectual prop-
10	erty and faculty entrepreneurship, to ac-
11	complish the goals of this paragraph.
12	"(D) Reporting on commercialization
13	BASED ON METRICS.—The Director shall estab-
14	lish—
15	"(i) metrics related to commercializa-
16	tion for an award under this paragraph;
17	and
18	"(ii) a reporting schedule for recipi-
19	ents of such awards that takes into ac-
20	count both short- and long-term goals of
21	the program under this paragraph.
22	"(8) Test beds.—
23	"(A) Program authorized.—
24	"(i) In General.—The Director, in
25	coordination with the Director of the Na-

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tional Institute of Standards and Technology, shall establish a program in the Directorate to make awards, on a competitive basis, to institutions of higher education or consortia described in paragraph (3)(A)(i)(III) to establish and operate test beds and fabrication facilities to advance the operation, integration, deployment, and, as appropriate, manufacturing of new, innovative technologies in the key technology focus areas, which may include hardware or software. The goal of such test beds and facilities shall be to accelerate the movement of innovative technologies into the commercial market through the private sector.

"(ii) COORDINATION.—In establishing the program under clause (i), the Director shall ensure coordination in establishing new test beds under this paragraph with other test beds supported by the Foundation or established under Manufacturing USA to avoid duplication and maximize the use of Federal resources.

1	"(B) Proposals.—A proposal submitted
2	under this paragraph shall, at a minimum, de-
3	scribe—
4	"(i)(I) the technology or technologies
5	that will be the focus of the test bed or
6	fabrication facility;
7	"(II) the goals of the work to be done
8	at the test bed or facility; and
9	"(III) the expected schedule for com-
10	pleting that work;
11	"(ii) how the applicant will assemble a
12	workforce with the skills needed to operate
13	the test bed or facility;
14	"(iii) how the applicant will ensure
15	broad access to the facility;
16	"(iv) how the applicant will collabo-
17	rate with firms in the key technology focus
18	areas, including through coordinated re-
19	search and development and funding, to
20	ensure that work in the test bed or facility
21	will contribute to the commercial viability
22	of any technologies and will include col-
23	laboration from industry and labor organi-
24	zations;

1	"(v) how the applicant will encourage
2	the participation of inventors and entre-
3	preneurs and the development of new busi-
4	nesses;
5	"(vi) how the applicant will increase
6	participation by underrepresented popu-
7	lations;
8	"(vii) how the applicant will dem-
9	onstrate that the commercial viability of
10	any new technologies will support the cre-
11	ation of high-quality domestic jobs;
12	"(viii) how the test bed or facility will
13	operate after Federal funding has ended;
14	and
15	"(ix) how the test bed will disseminate
16	lessons and other technical information to
17	United States firms or allied or partner
18	country firms in the United States.
19	"(C) AWARDS.—Awards made under this
20	paragraph shall be for 7 years, with the possi-
21	bility of 5-year extensions.
22	"(D) AUTHORIZED USE OF FUNDS.—An
23	awardee under this paragraph may, in order to
24	achieve the purposes described in subparagraph
25	(A)(i), use the award for the purchase of equip-

1 ment, the support of graduate students and 2 postdoctoral researchers, and the salaries of 3 staff.

- "(E) Results.—An awardee under this paragraph may publish and share with the public the results of the work conducted under this paragraph.
- "(F) Interagency semi-annual meetings.—The Director, the Director of the National Institute of Standards and Technology, and the heads of other departments and agencies, or their designees, with test bed related equities shall hold an annual meeting to coordinate their respective test bed related investments, future years plan, and other appropriate matters, to avoid conflicts and duplication of efforts. Upon request by Congress, Congress shall be briefed on the results of the meetings.
 - "(9) Inapplicability.—Section 5(e)(1) shall not apply to grants, contracts, awards, or other arrangements made under this section.
- 22 "(e) Areas of Funding Support.—Subject to the 23 availability of funds to carry out this section, the Director 24 shall endeavor, for each fiscal year, to use—

1	"(1) not less than 35 percent of funds provided
2	to the Directorate for such year to carry out sub-
3	section (d)(6);
4	"(2) not less than 15 percent of such funds to
5	carry out the purpose of subsection (d)(5)—
6	"(A) with the goal of awarding, across the
7	key technology focus areas—
8	"(i) not fewer than 1,000 postdoctoral
9	awards;
10	"(ii) not fewer than 2,000 graduate
11	fellowships and traineeships; and
12	"(iii) not fewer than 1,000 under-
13	graduate scholarships, including scholar-
14	ships to attend community colleges;
15	"(B) of which not less than 10 percent of
16	the funds designated under this paragraph shall
17	be used to support additional awards to focus
18	on community college training, education, and
19	teaching programs that increase the participa-
20	tion of underrepresented populations in science,
21	technology, engineering, and mathematics, in-
22	cluding technical programs through programs
23	such as the Advanced Technological Education
24	program;

1	"(C) of which not less than 20 percent of
2	the funds designated under this paragraph shall
3	be used to support awards for post-doctorate
4	fellowships, graduate fellowships and
5	traineeships, and undergraduate scholarships
6	through institutions of higher education, and
7	other institutions, located in jurisdictions that
8	participate in the Established Program to Stim-
9	ulate Competitive Research under section 113
10	of the National Science Foundation Authoriza-
11	tion Act of 1988 (42 U.S.C. 1862g); and
12	"(D) if funds remain after carrying out
13	subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C), awards to in-
14	stitutions of higher education to enable the in-
15	stitutions to fund the development and estab-
16	lishment of new or specialized courses of edu-
17	cation for graduate, undergraduate, or technical
18	college students;
19	"(3) not less than 5 percent of such funds to
20	carry out subsection (d)(7);
21	"(4) not less than 10 percent of such funds to
22	carry out subsection (d)(8);
23	"(5) not less than 15 percent of such funds to
24	carry out research and related activities pursuant to

1	subclauses (I) and (II) of subsection (d)(3)(A)(ii);
2	and
3	"(6) not less than 20 percent of such funds to
4	support research in the key technology focus areas
5	through the Established Program to Stimulate Com-
6	petitive Research under section 113 of the National
7	Science Foundation Authorization Act of 1988 (42
8	U.S.C. 1862g).
9	"(f) Technical Assistance for Award Recipi-
10	ENTS AND APPLICANTS.—The Director may—
11	"(1) coordinate with other Federal agencies to
12	establish interagency and multidisciplinary teams to
13	provide technical assistance to recipients of, and pro-
14	spective applicants for, awards under this section;
15	"(2) by Federal interagency agreement and not-
16	withstanding any other provision of law, transfer
17	funds available to carry out this section to the head
18	of another Federal agency to facilitate and support
19	the provision of such technical assistance; and
20	"(3) enter into contracts with third parties to
21	provide such technical assistance.
22	"(g) Authorization of Appropriations and Lim-
23	ITATIONS.—
24	"(1) Authorization for the office of in-
25	SPECTOR GENERAL.—From any amounts appro-

- priated for the Foundation for a fiscal year, there is authorized to be appropriated for necessary expenses of the Office of Inspector General of the Foundation an amount of not less than \$10,000,000 in any fiscal year appropriation for the Foundation, for oversight of the programs and activities established under this section in accordance with the Inspector General Act of 1978.
 - "(2) Supplement and not supplant.—The amounts authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section shall supplement, and not supplant, any other amounts already appropriated to the Foundation or Office of Inspector General of the Foundation, except with respect to transfers described in paragraph (3).
 - "(3) Transfer of funds authority.—For fiscal years 2022 through 2024, the Director shall transfer any funds appropriated to the Directorate to any other directorate or office of the Foundation for activities directly related to the key technology focus areas.
 - "(4) No New Awards.—The Director shall not make any new awards for the activities described in this section for any fiscal year in which the total amount appropriated to the Foundation (not includ-

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- 1 ing amounts appropriated for the Directorate) is less
- 2 than the total amount appropriated to the Founda-
- 3 tion (not including such amounts), adjusted by the
- 4 rate of inflation, for the previous fiscal year.
- 5 "(5) No funds for construction.—No
- 6 funds provided under this section shall be used for
- 7 construction.
- 8 "(h) Rules of Construction.—Nothing in this
- 9 section or any other amendments made to this Act by the
- 10 Endless Frontier Act shall be construed to alter the mis-
- 11 sion of any directorate of the Foundation existing prior
- 12 to the date of enactment of such Act, or to alter the award
- 13 selection methods or criteria used by such directorates.".
- 14 (c) Chief Diversity Officer.—The National
- 15 Science Foundation Act of 1950 (42 U.S.C. 1861 et seq.),
- 16 as amended by subsection (b), is further amended by in-
- 17 serting after section 8A the following:
- 18 "SEC. 8B. CHIEF DIVERSITY OFFICER.
- 19 "(a) Chief Diversity Officer.—
- 20 "(1) Appointment.—The Director shall ap-
- 21 point a Chief Diversity Officer of the National
- 22 Science Foundation.
- 23 "(2) QUALIFICATIONS.—The Chief Diversity
- Officer should have significant experience with diver-

1	sity and inclusion, in particular within the Federal
2	Government and science community.
3	"(3) Oversight.—The Chief Diversity Officer
4	shall report directly to the Director in the perform-
5	ance of the duties of the Chief Diversity Officer
6	under this section.
7	"(b) Duties.—The Chief Diversity Officer is respon-
8	sible for providing advice on policy, oversight, guidance,
9	and coordination with respect to matters of the National
10	Science Foundation related to diversity and inclusion.
11	Other duties may include—
12	"(1) establishing and maintaining a strategic
13	plan that publicly states a diversity definition, vision,
14	and goals for the National Science Foundation;
15	"(2) defining a set of strategic metrics that
16	are—
17	"(A) directly linked to key organizational
18	priorities and goals;
19	"(B) actionable; and
20	"(C) actively used to implement the stra-
21	tegic plan under paragraph (1);
22	"(3) advising in the establishment of a strategic
23	plan for diverse participation by institutions of high-
24	er education, including community colleges, histori-
25	cally Black colleges and universities, Tribal colleges

1	or universities, and other minority-serving institu-
2	tions (as such terms are defined in section 8A(a)),
3	and individuals;
4	"(4) advising in the establishment of a strategic
5	plan for outreach to, and recruiting from, untapped
6	locations and underrepresented populations; and
7	"(5) performing such additional duties and ex-
8	ercise such powers as the Director may prescribe.".
9	(d) Annual Report on Unfunded Priorities.—
10	(1) Annual Report.—Not later than 10 days
11	after the date on which the budget of the President
12	for a fiscal year is submitted to Congress pursuant
13	to section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, the
14	National Science Board shall submit to the Presi-
15	dent and to Congress a report on the unfunded pri-
16	orities of the National Science Foundation.
17	(2) Elements.—Each report submitted under
18	paragraph (1) shall provide—
19	(A) for each directorate of the National
20	Science Foundation for the most recent, fully
21	completed fiscal year—
22	(i) the proposal success rate;
23	(ii) the percentage and total funding
24	of proposals that were not funded and that
25	met the criteria for funding: and

1 (iii) the most promising research 2 areas covered by proposals described in 3 clause (ii); and

> (B) a list, in order of priority, of the next activities approved by the National Science Board to be undertaken in the Major Research Equipment and Facilities Construction account.

(e) Pilot Program.—

- (1) In GENERAL.—The Director, acting through the Directorate, shall establish a 5-year pilot program for awarding grants to eligible partnerships to build research and education capacity at emerging research institutions to enable such institutions to contribute to programs run by the Directorate.
- (2) APPLICATIONS.—An eligible partnership seeking a grant under this subsection shall submit an application to the Director at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Director may reasonably require, including a statement of how the partnership will use the funds awarded through the grant to achieve a lasting increase in the research and education capacity of each emerging research institution included in the eligible partnership.

1	(3) ACTIVITIES.—An eligible partnership receiv-
2	ing a grant under this subsection may use the funds
3	awarded through such grant for—
4	(A) faculty salaries and training;
5	(B) research experiences for undergraduate
6	and graduate students;
7	(C) maintenance and repair of research
8	equipment and instrumentation; and
9	(D) any other activities the Director deter-
10	mines appropriate.
11	(4) Definitions.—In this subsection:
12	(A) DIRECTOR.—The term "Director"
13	means the Director of the National Science
14	Foundation.
15	(B) DIRECTORATE; EMERGING RESEARCH
16	INSTITUTION.—The terms "Directorate" and
17	"emerging research institution" have the mean-
18	ings given such terms in section 8A(a) of the
19	National Science Foundation Act of 1950, ex-
20	cept that, with respect to the term "emerging
21	research institution", the reference in para-
22	graph (4) of such section to an award under
23	section 8A of that Act shall be deemed a ref-
24	erence to a grant under this subsection.

1 (C) ELIGIBLE PARTNERSHIP.—The term 2 "eligible partnership" means a partnership of— 3 (i) at least 1 emerging research insti-4 tution; and (ii) at least 1 institution classified as 6 a very high research activity by the Car-7 negie Classification of Institutions of High-8 er Education. SEC. 4. ENDLESS FRONTIER FUND. 10 (a) In General.—There is authorized to be appropriated a total of \$112,410,000,000 for fiscal years 2022 12 through 2026 for the implementation of this Act and the 13 amendments made by this Act. Such funds shall be available for the implementation of this Act and the amend-14 15 ments made by this Act, and shall be administered by the 16 Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy (referred to in this section as the "Director"). 17 18 (b) Use of Funds.— 19 (1) Submission of annual allocation.— 20 Until the date on which all of the amounts in the 21 Fund described in subsection (a) are expended, the 22 Director shall annually submit to Congress, together 23 with the annual budget of the United States, a list 24 of allocations to agencies and departments to imple-

ment this Act and the amendments made by this Act

that includes a detailed description of each program proposed to be funded, including the estimated expenditures from the Fund for the program for the applicable fiscal year.

(2) ALTERNATE ALLOCATION.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act for the relevant fiscal year may provide for alternate allocation of amounts made available under this section.

(B) ALLOCATION BY PRESIDENT.—

(i) No alternate allocations.—If Congress has not enacted legislation establishing alternate allocations as described in subparagraph (A) by the date on which the Act making full-year appropriations for Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies for the applicable fiscal year is enacted into law, amounts made available under this section shall be allocated by the Director.

(ii) Insufficient alternate allo-Cation.—If Congress enacts legislation establishing alternate allocations for amounts made available under this section that are less than the full amount authorized to be
appropriated to the Fund for that fiscal
year under subsection (a), the difference
between the amount authorized to be appropriated and the alternate allocation
shall be allocated by the Director.

- 7 (c) Limitation.—No funds provided under this sec-8 tion shall be used for construction, except in the case of infrastructure projects described in section 28(b)(1)(B) of 10 the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 11 (Public Law 96–480), as added by section 7(a) of this Act. 12 (d) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress that, during the period of fiscal years 2022 through 14 2026, the Director shall make available, from amounts 15 made available under subsection (a)—
 - (1) \$9,425,000,000 to the regional technology hub program under section 28 of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (Public Law 96–480), as added by section 7 of this Act;
 - (2) \$575,000,000 to the comprehensive regional technology strategy grant program under section 29 of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (Public Law 96–480), as added by section 8 of this Act, of which \$100,000,000 shall be made available for each of fiscal years 2022 and 2023 and

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1	\$125,000,000 shall be made available for each of fis-
2	cal years 2024 through 2026;
3	(3) \$100,000,000,000 to the Directorate for
4	Technology and Innovation of the National Science
5	Foundation, of which \$5,000,000,000 shall be made
6	available for fiscal year 2022, \$10,000,000,000 shall
7	be made available for fiscal year 2023,
8	\$20,000,000,000 shall be made available for fiscal
9	year 2024, \$30,000,000,000 shall be made available
10	for fiscal year 2025, and $$35,000,000,000$ shall be
11	made available for fiscal year 2026; and
12	(4) \$2,410,000,000 for the period of fiscal
13	years 2022 through 2026 to the Manufacturing
14	USA Program for activities described under section
15	9 of this Act.
16	SEC. 5. STRATEGY AND REPORT ON ECONOMIC SECURITY,
17	SCIENCE, RESEARCH, AND INNOVATION TO
18	SUPPORT THE NATIONAL SECURITY STRAT-
19	EGY.
20	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
21	(1) Appropriate committees of con-
22	GRESS.—The term "appropriate committees of Con-
23	gress" means—
24	(A) the Committee on Agriculture, Nutri-
25	tion, and Forestry, the Committee on Appro-

priations, the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, the Committee on the Budget, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, the Committee on Finance, the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate; and

(B) the Committee on Agriculture, the Committee on Appropriations, the Committee on the Budget, the Committee on Education and Labor, the Committee on Energy and Commerce, the Committee on Financial Services, the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Homeland Security, the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Oversight and Reform, the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology, the Committee on Ways and Means, and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives.

- (2) KEY TECHNOLOGY FOCUS AREA.—The term "key technology focus area" means an area included on the most recent list under section 8A(d)(2) of the National Science Foundation Act of 1950.
 - (3) National Security Strategy.—The term "national security strategy" means the national security strategy required by section 108 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3043).

(b) STRATEGY AND REPORT.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—In 2021 and in each year thereafter before the applicable date set forth under paragraph (2), the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy, in coordination with the Director of the National Economic Council, the Director of the National Science Foundation, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Energy, the National Security Council, the United States Patent and Trademark Office, and the heads of other relevant Federal agencies and in consultation with relevant nongovernmental partners, shall—
 - (A) review such strategy, programs, and resources as the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy determines pertain to United States national competitiveness in science, research, innovation, and technology

1	transfer, including patenting and licensing, to
2	support the national security strategy;
3	(B) develop or revise a strategy for the
4	Federal Government to improve the national
5	competitiveness of the United States in science,
6	research, and innovation to support the national
7	security strategy; and
8	(C) submit to the appropriate committees
9	of Congress—
10	(i) a report on the findings of the Di-
11	rector with respect to the review conducted
12	under subparagraph (A); and
13	(ii) the strategy developed or revised
14	under subparagraph (B).
15	(2) APPLICABLE DATES.—In each year, the ap-
16	plicable date set forth under this paragraph is as fol-
17	lows:
18	(A) In 2021, December 31, 2021.
19	(B) In 2022 and every year thereafter—
20	(i) in any year in which a new Presi-
21	dent is inaugurated, October 1 of that
22	year; and
23	(ii) in any other year, the date that is
24	90 days after the date of the transmission

1	to Congress in that year of the national se-
2	curity strategy.
3	(c) Elements.—
4	(1) Report.—Each report submitted under
5	subsection (b)(1)(C)(i) shall include the following:
6	(A) An assessment of public and private
7	investment in civilian and military science and
8	technology and its implications for the
9	geostrategic position and national security of
10	the United States.
11	(B) A description of the prioritized eco-
12	nomic security interests and objectives, includ-
13	ing domestic job creation, of the United States
14	relating to science, research, and innovation
15	and an assessment of how investment in civilian
16	and military science and technology can ad-
17	vance those objectives.
18	(C) An assessment of how regional efforts
19	are contributing and could contribute to the in-
20	novation capacity of the United States, includ-
21	ing—
22	(i) programs run by State and local
23	governments; and

1	(ii) regional factors that are contrib-
2	uting or could contribute positively to inno-
3	vation.
4	(D) An assessment of—
5	(i) workforce needs for competitive-
6	ness and national security in key tech-
7	nology areas; and
8	(ii) Federal support needed—
9	(I) to expand domestic and inter-
10	national student pathways into key
11	technology areas; and
12	(II) to improve workforce devel-
13	opment and employment systems, as
14	well as programs and practices to
15	upskill incumbent workers.
16	(E) An assessment of barriers to competi-
17	tiveness in key technology focus areas and bar-
18	riers to the development and evolution of start-
19	ups, small and mid-sized business entities, and
20	industries in key technology focus areas.
21	(F) An assessment of the effectiveness of
22	the Federal Government, federally funded re-
23	search and development centers, and national
24	labs in supporting and promoting technology
25	commercialization and technology transfer in

- cluding an assessment of the adequacy of Federal research and development funding in promoting competitiveness and the development of new technologies.
 - (G) An assessment of manufacturing capacity, logistics, and supply chain dynamics of major export sectors, including access to a skilled workforce, physical infrastructure, and broadband network infrastructure.
 - (H) An assessment of how the Federal Government is increasing the participation of underrepresented populations in science, research, innovation, and manufacturing.
 - (I) An assessment of the effectiveness of the Federal Government, Federally funded research and development centers, and national laboratories in transitioning technologies and processes that emerge from Federally funded research to new domestic manufacturing growth and job creation across sectors in the United States.
 - (2) STRATEGY.—Each strategy submitted under subsection (b)(1)(C)(ii) shall include the following:

1	(A) A plan to utilize available tools to ad-
2	dress or minimize the leading threats and chal-
3	lenges and to take advantage of the leading op-
4	portunities, particularly in regards to tech-
5	nology areas central to competition between the
6	United States and China, including the fol-
7	lowing:
8	(i) Specific objectives, tasks, metrics,
9	and milestones for each relevant Federal
10	agency.
11	(ii) Specific plans to support public
12	and private sector investment in research,
13	technology development, education and
14	workforce development, and domestic man-
15	ufacturing in key technology focus areas
16	supportive of the national economic com-
17	petitiveness of the United States and to
18	foster the prudent use of public-private
19	partnerships.
20	(iii) Specific plans to promote environ-
21	mental stewardship and fair competition
22	for United States workers.
23	(iv) A description of—
24	(I) how the strategy submitted
25	under subsection $(b)(1)(C)(ii)$ sup-

1	ports the national security strategy
2	and
3	(II) how the strategy submitted
4	under such subsection is integrated
5	and coordinated with the most recent
6	national defense strategy under sec-
7	tion 113(g) of title 10, United States
8	Code.
9	(v) A plan to encourage the govern-
10	ments of countries that are allies or part-
11	ners of the United States to cooperate with
12	the execution of the strategy submitted
13	under subsection (b)(1)(C)(ii), where ap-
14	propriate.
15	(vi) A plan to encourage certain inter-
16	national and multilateral organizations to
17	support the implementation of such strat-
18	egy.
19	(vii) A plan for how the United States
20	should develop local and regional capacity
21	for building innovation ecosystems across
22	the Nation by providing Federal support.
23	(viii) A plan for strengthening the in-
24	dustrial base of the United States

1	(B) An identification of additional re-
2	sources, administrative action, or legislative ac-
3	tion recommended to assist with the implemen-
4	tation of such strategy.
5	(d) FORM OF REPORTS AND STRATEGIES.—Each re-
6	port and strategy submitted under subsection $(b)(1)(C)$
7	shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include
8	a classified annex.
9	SEC. 6. SUPPLY CHAIN RESILIENCY PROGRAM.
10	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
11	(1) Critical industry.—The term "critical
12	industry" means—
13	(A) key technology focus areas, as defined
14	in section 8A(a) of the National Science Foun-
15	dation Act of 1950, as added by section 3(b) of
16	this Act; and
17	(B) areas identified by the report in sub-
18	section (f).
19	(2) Critical infrastructure.—The term
20	"critical infrastructure" has the meaning given the
21	term in the Critical Infrastructures Protection Act
22	of 2001 (42 U.S.C. 5195c).
23	(3) Foreign entity.—The term "foreign enti-
24	ty''—
25	(A) means—

1	(i) the government of a foreign coun-
2	try;
3	(ii) a foreign political party;
4	(iii) an individual who is not a pro-
5	tected individual (as defined in section
6	274B(a)(3) of the Immigration and Na-
7	tionality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324b(a)(3))); or
8	(iv) a partnership, association, cor-
9	poration, organization, or other combina-
10	tion of persons organized under the laws
11	of, or having its principal place of business
12	in, a foreign country; and
13	(B) includes—
14	(i) any person owned by, controlled
15	by, or subject to the jurisdiction or direc-
16	tion of, a person described in subpara-
17	graph (A);
18	(ii) any person, wherever located, that
19	acts as an agent, representative, or em-
20	ployee of a person described in subpara-
21	graph (A);
22	(iii) any person that acts in any other
23	capacity at the order or request, or under
24	the direction or control, of—

1	(I) a person described in sub-
2	paragraph (A); or
3	(II) a person, the activities of
4	which are directly or indirectly super-
5	vised, directed, controlled, financed, or
6	subsidized in whole or in majority
7	part by a person described in subpara-
8	graph (A);
9	(iv) any person that directly or indi-
10	rectly through any contract, arrangement,
11	understanding, relationship, or otherwise
12	owns not less than 25 percent of the equity
13	interests of a person described in subpara-
14	graph (A);
15	(v) any person with significant re-
16	sponsibility to control, manage, or direct a
17	person described in subparagraph (A);
18	(vi) any individual, wherever located,
19	who is a citizen or resident of a country
20	controlled by a person described in sub-
21	paragraph (A); and
22	(vii) any corporation, partnership, as-
23	sociation, or other organization organized
24	under the laws of a country controlled by
25	a person described in subparagraph (A).

1	(4) Foreign entity of concern.—The term
2	"foreign entity of concern" means a foreign entity
3	that is—
4	(A) designated as a foreign terrorist orga-
5	nization by the Secretary of State under section
6	219(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act
7	(8 U.S.C. 1189(a));
8	(B) included on the list of specially des-
9	ignated nationals and blocked persons main-
10	tained by the Office of Foreign Assets Control
11	of the Department of the Treasury (commonly
12	known as the "SDN list");
13	(C) owned by, controlled by, or subject to
14	the jurisdiction or direction of a government of
15	a foreign country that is a covered nation (as
16	defined in section 2533c(d) of title 10, United
17	States Code);
18	(D) alleged by the Attorney General to
19	have been involved in activities for which a con-
20	viction was obtained under—
21	(i) chapter 37 of title 18, United
22	States Code (commonly known as the "Es-
23	pionage Act");
24	(ii) section 951 or 1030 of title 18,
25	United States Code:

1	(iii) chapter 90 of title 18, United
2	States Code (commonly known as the
3	"Economic Espionage Act of 1996");
4	(iv) the Arms Export Control Act (22
5	U.S.C. 2751 et seq.);
6	(v) section 224, 225, 226, 227, or 236
7	of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42
8	U.S.C. 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, and
9	2284);
10	(vi) the Export Control Reform Act of
11	2018 (50 U.S.C. 4801 et seq.); or
12	(vii) the International Emergency
13	Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et
14	seq.); or
15	(E) determined by the Secretary, in con-
16	sultation with the Secretary of Defense and the
17	Director of National Intelligence, to be engaged
18	in unauthorized conduct that is detrimental to
19	the national security or foreign policy of the
20	United States.
21	(5) Labor organization.—The term "labor
22	organization" has the meaning given such term in
23	section 8A(a) of the National Science Foundation
24	Act. of 1950.

1	(6) Program.—The term "program" means
2	the supply chain resiliency and crisis response pro-
3	gram established under subsection (b).
4	(7) Relevant committees of congress.—
5	The term "relevant committees of Congress"
6	means—
7	(A) the Committee on Commerce, Science,
8	and Transportation of the Senate;
9	(B) the Committee on Appropriations of
10	the Senate;
11	(C) the Committee on Finance of the Sen-
12	ate;
13	(D) the Committee on Homeland Security
14	and Governmental Affairs of the Senate;
15	(E) the Committee on Armed Services of
16	the Senate;
17	(F) the Select Committee on Intelligence of
18	the Senate;
19	(G) the Committee on Science, Space, and
20	Technology of the House of Representatives;
21	(H) the Committee on Energy and Com-
22	merce of the House of Representatives;
23	(I) the Committee on Appropriations of the
24	House of Representatives;

1	(J) the Committee on Ways and Means of
2	the House of Representatives;
3	(K) the Committee on Homeland Security
4	of the House of Representatives;
5	(L) the Committee on Armed Services of
6	the House of Representatives; and
7	(M) the Permanent Select Committee on
8	Intelligence of the House of Representatives.
9	(8) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
10	the Secretary of Commerce.
11	(b) Establishment.—The Secretary shall establish
12	in the Department of Commerce a supply chain resiliency
13	and crisis response program to carry out the activities de-
14	scribed in subsection (d).
15	(c) Mission and Priorities.—
16	(1) Mission.—The mission of the program is
17	to—
18	(A) ensure the leadership of the United
19	States with respect to industries that are essen-
20	tial to mid-term and long-term national security
21	and economic competitiveness;
22	(B) promote, in partnership with the pri-
23	vate sector and other relevant stakeholders, the
24	resiliency of supply chains of the United States
25	and allied or partner countries; and

1	(C) encourage partnerships between the
2	Federal Government and industry, labor organi-
3	zations, and State, local, territorial, and Tribal
4	governments in order to better respond to sup-
5	ply chain crises.
6	(2) Priorities.—The program shall—
7	(A) in partnership with the private sector,
8	build resilient and secure supply chains (includ-
9	ing through the mid-term and long-term diver-
10	sification of key supply chains, which shall in-
11	clude the support of small- and medium-sized
12	businesses) that can ensure the access of the
13	United States to critical goods and services in
14	the face of shocks, including pandemic and bio-
15	logical threats, cyberattacks, extreme weather
16	events, terrorist and geopolitical attacks, great
17	power conflict, and other threats to national se-
18	curity, with key parts of such resilience being—
19	(i) the diversification of key supply
20	chains with allies or key partners; and
21	(ii) working with allies or key partners
22	through agreements and other commit-
23	ments; and
24	(B) support collaboration with allies or key
25	partners to collectively build and strengthen re-

- 1 silient global supply chains, including through
- 2 identifying supply chain vulnerabilities, expand-
- 3 ing productive capacity, and stockpiling essen-
- 4 tial goods.
- 5 (d) ACTIVITIES.—Under the program, the Secretary,
- 6 acting through 1 or more bureaus or other divisions of
- 7 the Department of Commerce as appropriate, shall carry
- 8 out activities—
- 9 (1) to map and monitor key supply chains and
- to identify current and future key supply chain gaps
- and vulnerabilities in critical industries;
- 12 (2) to develop or identify opportunities to build
- domestic capacity, and cooperate with allies or key
- partners, to address supply chain gaps and
- vulnerabilities in critical industries;
- 16 (3) to consult and collaborate with the Director
- of the Office of Management and Budget, the Sec-
- retary of Defense, the Secretary of Homeland Secu-
- rity, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of
- 20 Energy, the Secretary of Transportation, the Sec-
- 21 retary of Agriculture, the Secretary of State, the Di-
- rector of National Intelligence, the Director of the
- Office of Science and Technology Policy, and, as ap-
- propriate, the heads of other Federal departments
- and agencies to invest in urgent supply chain gaps;

- (4) to encourage partnerships between the Federal Government and industry, labor organizations, and State, local, territorial, and Tribal governments to better respond to crises;
 - (5) to support the distribution of critical resources to areas that have the greatest needs during crises;
 - (6) to develop contingency plans to ensure a resilient supply chain response for potential crises;
 - (7) to ensure that allies and key partners have supply chains that are capable of supporting critical industries; and
 - (8) to enter into agreements and partnerships with allied or partner governments to promote diversified and resilient supply chains that ensure supply of critical goods to both the United States and allied companies.

(e) AUTHORITIES.—The Secretary may—

(1) establish a unified coordination group to serve as the primary method for coordinating between and among Federal departments and agencies in response to known supply chain risks as well as for integrating private sector partners into efforts, as appropriate, to—

1	(A) study technical, engineering, and oper-
2	ational data acquired on a voluntary basis from
3	the private sector, in a manner that ensures
4	any data provided by the private sector is kept
5	confidential and as required under section 552
6	of title 5, United States Code (commonly known
7	as the "Freedom of Information Act");
8	(B) directly receive whistleblower com-
9	plaints with appropriate protection; and
10	(C) identify key competitiveness challenges
11	in critical industries;
12	(2) enter into agreements with allied or partner
13	governments regarding supply chain security assur-
14	ances;
15	(3) coordinate with other divisions of the De-
16	partment of Commerce and other Federal depart-
17	ments and agencies to leverage existing authorities,
18	as of the date of enactment of this Act, to strength-
19	en supply chain resilience; and
20	(4) with the approval of the Committee on Ap-
21	propriations of the Senate and the Committee on
22	Appropriations of the House of Representatives,
23	transfer funds to, or receive funds from, other de-

partments and agencies to implement the program.

1	(f) Report on Supply Chain Resiliency and Do-
2	MESTIC MANUFACTURING.—Not later than 180 days after
3	the date of enactment of this Act, and not less frequently
4	than every 2 years thereafter, the Secretary shall submit
5	to the relevant committees of Congress a review, in coordi-
6	nation with other relevant Federal departments and agen-
7	cies—
8	(1) identifying—
9	(A) technologies critical to economic com-
10	petitiveness and national security; and
11	(B) supplies critical to the crisis prepared-
12	ness of the United States, such as medical sup-
13	plies, personal protective equipment, disaster
14	response necessities, electrical generation tech-
15	nology, materials essential to critical infrastruc-
16	ture operation or repair and renovation, and
17	other supplies identified by the Secretary;
18	(2) describing—
19	(A) the current domestic manufacturing
20	base and supply chains for those technologies
21	and supplies, including raw materials, produc-
22	tion equipment, and other goods essential to the
23	production of those technologies and supplies;
24	and

1	(B) the ability of the United States to
2	maintain readiness and to surge produce those
3	technologies and supplies in response to an
4	emergency;
5	(3) identifying defense, intelligence, homeland,
6	economic, domestic labor supply, natural, geo-
7	political, or other contingencies that may disrupt,
8	strain, compromise, or eliminate the supply chain for
9	those technologies and supplies;
10	(4) assessing the resiliency and capacity of the
11	domestic, allied, and partner manufacturing base,
12	supply chains, and workforce to support the need for
13	those technologies and supplies, including any single
14	points of failure in those supply chains;
15	(5) assessing flexible manufacturing capacity
16	available in the United States in cases of emergency;
17	(6) making specific recommendations to im-
18	prove the security and resiliency of manufacturing
19	capacity and supply chains by—
20	(A) developing long-term strategies;
21	(B) increasing visibility throughout mul-
22	tiple supplier tiers;
23	(C) identifying and mitigating risks, in-
24	cluding the financial and operational risks of a
25	supply chain, vulnerabilities to extreme weather

1	events, cyberattacks, pandemic and biological
2	threats, terrorist and geopolitical attacks, and
3	other emergencies, and exposure to gaps in do-
4	mestic sourcing and import exposure;
5	(D) identifying enterprise resource plan-
6	ning systems that are compatible across supply
7	chain tiers and are affordable for small and me-
8	dium-sized businesses;
9	(E) understanding the total cost of owner-
10	ship, total value contribution, and other best
11	practices that encourage strategic partnerships
12	throughout the supply chain;
13	(F) understanding Federal procurement
14	opportunities to increase resiliency of supply
15	chains for goods and services and fill gaps in
16	domestic purchasing;
17	(G) identifying policies to maximize domes-
18	tic job retention and creation, including work-
19	force development programs;
20	(H) identifying and mitigating risks associ-
21	ated with allied or key partner countries in
22	building more resilient supply chains; and
23	(I) identifying such other services as the
24	Secretary considers necessary;

- (7) providing guidance on technologies and supplies to be prioritized for assistance and other activities under the Department of Commerce, the National Science Foundation, and other relevant Federal agencies;
 - (8) reviewing and, if appropriate, expanding the sourcing of goods associated with critical technology areas from allies or key partners, including recommendations for coordination with allies or key partners on sourcing critical products; and
 - (9) monitoring and strengthening the financial and operational health of small and medium enterprises in domestic, allied, and partner supply chains to mitigate risks and ensure diverse, competitive supplier markets that are less vulnerable to single points of failure.

(g) Additional Hiring Authority.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—To the extent needed to carry out the program, the Secretary may—
- (A) utilize hiring authorities under section 3372 of title 5, United States Code, to staff the program with employees from other Federal agencies, institutions of higher education, and other organizations as described in that section with relevant experience in supply chain man-

- agement and investment in the same manner
 and subject to the same conditions that apply
 to such individuals utilized to accomplish other
 missions of the Department of Commerce;
 - (B) appoint and fix the compensation of such temporary personnel as may be necessary to implement the requirements of this section relating to the program, without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service; and
 - (C) appoint an individual appointed under subparagraph (B), after serving continuously for not less than 2 years, to a position in the Department of Commerce in the same manner that an employee serving in a position in the competitive service may be transferred, reassigned, or promoted.
 - (2) No REIMBURSEMENT.—Any assignment provided under paragraph (1)(A) shall be made without reimbursement.
 - (3) Effect of appointment.—An individual appointed as described in paragraph (1)(C) shall be considered to be appointed under a career-conditional appointment, unless the individual, as of the

- date on which the individual is appointed, has com-
- 2 pleted a sufficient amount of creditable service to at-
- 3 tain a permanent career appointment.
- 4 (h) Semiconductor Incentives.—
- 5 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall carry 6 out the program established under section 9902 of 7 the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense 8 Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 9 116–283) as part of the program.
- 10 (2) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND11 MENT.—Section 9902(a)(1) of the William M. (Mac)
 12 Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for
 13 Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283) is amended
 14 by striking "in the Department of Commerce" and
 15 inserting "as part of the program established under
- section 6 of the Endless Frontier Act".
- 17 (i) Report to Congress.—Concurrent with the an-
- 18 nual submission by the President of a budget under sec-
- 19 tion 1105 of title 31, United States Code, the Secretary
- 20 shall submit to the relevant committees of Congress a re-
- 21 port that contains a summary of all activities carried out
- 22 under this section for the year covered by the report.
- 23 (j) Coordination.—The Secretary of Commerce
- 24 shall, as appropriate, coordinate with the heads of other
- 25 Federal departments and agencies, including the Sec-

- 1 retary of State and the United States Trade Representa-
- 2 tive, in the implementation of this program.
- 3 (k) Rule of Construction Regarding Private
- 4 Entities.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to
- 5 require any private entity—
- 6 (1) to request assistance from the Secretary; or
- 7 (2) that requested such assistance from the
- 8 Secretary to implement any measure or rec-
- 9 ommendation suggested by the Secretary.
- 10 (l) Funding.—
- 11 (1) In general.—There are authorized to be
- appropriated to the Secretary such sums as may be
- 13 necessary to carry out this section, which shall re-
- main available until expended.
- 15 (2) Inspector general funding.—Of the
- amounts made available in a fiscal year to carry out
- this section, not more than 2 percent of those
- amounts shall be available to the Inspector General
- of the Department of Commerce to conduct over-
- sight activities with respect to the program.
- 21 (3) Transfers.—Of the amounts made avail-
- able in a fiscal year to carry out this section, the
- 23 Secretary may transfer not more than 5 percent of
- 24 those amounts to the account under the heading
- 25 "Department of Commerce—Salaries and Expenses"

1	to provide for administration and oversight activities
2	relating to the program.
3	SEC. 7. REGIONAL TECHNOLOGY HUB PROGRAM.
4	(a) In General.—The Stevenson-Wydler Tech-
5	nology Innovation Act of 1980 (Public Law 96–480; 15
6	U.S.C. 3701 et seq.) is amended—
7	(1) by redesignating section 28 as section 30
8	and
9	(2) by inserting after section 27 the following
10	"SEC. 28. REGIONAL TECHNOLOGY HUB PROGRAM.
11	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
12	"(1) Appropriate committees of con-
13	GRESS.—The term 'appropriate committees of Con-
14	gress' means—
15	"(A) the Committee on Commerce
16	Science, and Transportation, the Committee on
17	Environment and Public Works, and the Com-
18	mittee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
19	"(B) the Committee on Science, Space,
20	and Technology, the Committee on Transpor-
21	tation and Infrastructure, and the Committee
22	on Appropriations of the House of Representa-
23	tives.
24	"(2) Cooperative extension.—The term 'co-
25	operative extension' has the meaning given the term

- 1 'extension' in section 1404 of the Food and Agri-2 culture Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3103).
- 3 "(3) KEY TECHNOLOGY FOCUS AREAS.—The term 'key technology focus areas' means the areas 5 included on the most recent list under section 6 8A(d)(2) of the National Science Foundation Act of 7 1950.
 - "(4) Labor organization.—The term 'labor organization' has the meaning given such term in section 8A(a) of the National Science Foundation Act of 1950.
 - "(5) Large metropolitan communities.— The term 'large metropolitan community' means a metropolitan statistical area with a population of more than 500,000.
 - "(6) Manufacturing extension center.— The term 'manufacturing extension center' has the meaning given the term 'Center' in section 25(a) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278k(a)).
 - "(7) Manufacturing usa institute.—The term 'Manufacturing USA institute' means an Manufacturing USA institute described in section 34(d) of the National Institute of Standards and Tech-

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1	"(8) Mid-sized metropolitan commu-
2	NITIES.—The term 'mid-sized metropolitan commu-
3	nity' means a metropolitan statistical area with a
4	population of more than 200,000 and not more than
5	500,000.
6	"(9) OTHER TECHNOLOGY AND INNOVATION
7	SECTORS CRITICAL TO NATIONAL AND ECONOMIC SE-
8	CURITY.—The term 'other technology and innovation
9	sectors critical to national and economic security'
10	means other technology and innovation sectors that
11	the Secretary determines are critical to national and
12	economic security.
13	"(10) SMALL AND RURAL COMMUNITIES.—The
14	term 'small and rural community' means a noncore
15	area, a micropolitan area, or a small metropolitan
16	statistical area with a population of not more than
17	200,000.
18	"(11) Venture development organiza-
19	TION.—The term 'venture development organization'
20	means a State or nonprofit organization focused pri-
21	marily toward strengthening regional economic de-
22	velopment through innovation by—
23	"(A) accelerating the commercialization of

research and technology;

1	"(B) strengthening the competitive posi-
2	tion of startups and industry through the devel-
3	opment, commercial adoption, or deployment of
4	technology;
5	"(C) providing financial grants, loans, or
6	direct investment to commercialize technology;
7	"(D) pairing direct financial assistance
8	under subparagraph (C) with entrepreneurship,
9	technological, or business assistance to maxi-
10	mize the likelihood of success for a venture and
11	increased employment growth for the region or
12	a sector; and
13	"(E) returning any proceeds gained from
14	direct financial assistance made using organiza-
15	tion funds to the organization for future rein-
16	vestment, entrepreneurial assistance, and sup-
17	port of operations.
18	"(b) Regional Technology Hub Program.—
19	"(1) In general.—The Secretary shall carry
20	out a program—
21	"(A) to designate eligible consortia as re-
22	gional technology hubs that create the condi-
23	tions, within a region, to facilitate activities
24	that—

1	"(i) enable United States leadership
2	in a key technology focus area, comple-
3	menting the Federal research and develop-
4	ment investments under section 8A of the
5	National Science Foundation Act of 1950,
6	or other technology and innovation sectors
7	critical to national and economic security;
8	"(ii) support regional economic devel-
9	opment that diffuses innovation around the
10	United States, enabling better broad-based
11	growth and competitiveness in key tech-
12	nology focus areas;
13	"(iii) support domestic job creation;
14	and
15	"(iv) otherwise support the purposes
16	set forth under paragraph (2);
17	"(B) to support regional technology hubs
18	designated under subparagraph (A); and
19	"(C) to conduct ongoing research, evalua-
20	tion, analysis, and dissemination of best prac-
21	tices for regional development and competitive-
22	ness in technology and innovation.
23	"(2) Purposes.—The purposes of the program
24	carried out under paragraph (1) are as follows:

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"(A) To designate eligible consortia as regional technology hubs throughout the United States that create the conditions within a region to facilitate activities that establish the global competitive edge of the United States in the 21st century across a range of technology and innovation sectors critical to national and economic security, including to encourage lowercost but economically viable technology hubs in the United States to reduce technology offshoring.

"(B) To encourage new and constructive collaboration among local, State, and Federal government entities, academia, private industry, and labor organizations to mobilize investment, talent, entrepreneurship, and innovation for research, development, deployment, and manufacturing in a range of technology and innovation sectors critical to national and economic security.

"(C) To assist regions across the United States, including small cities and rural areas—
"(i) to develop and implement strategies through technology-based economic development practices, including infra-

1	structure and workforce development, en-
2	trepreneurship and commercialization sup-
3	port, increasing access to capital, and
4	building networks and systems to help
5	bring ideas and businesses to market, and
6	other relevant activities;
7	"(ii) to improve domestic supply
8	chains in technology and innovation sec-
9	tors; and
10	"(iii) to enable broad-based economic
11	growth, job creation and competitiveness in
12	the United States.
13	"(3) Administration.—The Secretary shall
14	carry out this section through the Assistant Sec-
15	retary of Commerce for Economic Development, in
16	coordination with the Under Secretary of Commerce
17	for Standards and Technology.
18	"(c) Eligible Consortia.—For purposes of this
19	section, an eligible consortium is a consortium that—
20	"(1) includes 1 or more—
21	"(A) institutions of higher education;
22	"(B) local or Tribal governments or other
23	political subdivisions of a State;
24	"(C) State governments represented by an
25	agency designated by the governor of the State

1	or States that is representative of the geo-
2	graphic area served by the consortia;
3	"(D) economic development organizations
4	or similar entities that are focused primarily on
5	improving science, technology, innovation, or
6	entrepreneurship;
7	"(E) industry or firms in relevant tech-
8	nology or innovation sectors;
9	"(F) labor organizations; and
10	"(G) workforce training organizations, in-
11	cluding State and local workforce development
12	boards as established under section 101 of the
13	Workforce Investment and Opportunity Act (29
14	U.S.C. 3111); and
15	"(2) may include 1 or more—
16	"(A) nonprofit economic development enti-
17	ties with relevant expertise, including a district
18	organization (as defined in section 300.3 of title
19	13, Code of Federal Regulations, or successor
20	regulation);
21	"(B) for-profit entities with relevant exper-
22	tise;
23	"(C) venture development organizations;
24	"(D) financial institutions and investment
25	funds;

1	"(E) primary and secondary educational
2	institutions, including career and technical edu-
3	cation schools;
4	"(F) industry and industry associations;
5	"(G) National Laboratories (as defined in
6	section 2 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42
7	U.S.C. 15801));
8	"(H) Federal laboratories;
9	"(I) manufacturing extension centers;
10	"(J) Manufacturing USA institutes;
11	"(K) institutions receiving an award under
12	paragraph (6) or (7) of section 8A(d) of the
13	National Science Foundation Act of 1950; and
14	"(L) a cooperative extension.
15	"(d) Designation of Regional Technology
16	Hubs.—
17	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall use a
18	competitive process for the designation of regional
19	technology hubs under subsection (b) $(1)(A)$.
20	"(2) Number of Regional Technology
21	HUBS.—During the 5-year period beginning on the
22	date of the enactment of the Endless Frontier Act,
23	the Secretary shall designate not fewer than 10 and
24	not more than 15 eligible consortia as regional tech-
25	nology hubs under subsection (b)(1)(A), if the Sec-

1	retary has received a sufficient number of qualified
2	applications and appropriations to carry out this sec-
3	tion.
4	"(3) Geographic distribution.—In con-
5	ducting the competitive process under paragraph
6	(1), the Secretary shall ensure geographic distribu-
7	tion in the designation of regional technology hubs
8	by—
9	"(A) aiming to designate regional tech-
10	nology hubs in as many regions of the United
11	States as possible; and
12	"(B) focusing on localities that have clear
13	potential and relevant assets for developing a
14	self-sustaining competitive position in a tech-
15	nology or innovation sector but have not yet be-
16	come leading technology centers.
17	"(4) Eligible consortia that serve small
18	AND RURAL COMMUNITIES.—Under subsection
19	(b)(1)(A), the Secretary shall designate at least 3 el-
20	igible consortia that—
21	"(A) serve small and rural communities;
22	and
23	"(B) have received a grant under section
24	29.

1	"(5) EPSCoR.—The Secretary shall ensure
2	that, of the eligible consortia designated as regional
3	technology hubs under subsection $(b)(1)(A)$, not
4	fewer than 5 of such consortia include at least 1
5	State that is eligible to receive funding from the Es-
6	tablished Program to Stimulate Competitive Re-
7	search of the National Science Foundation.
8	"(6) Relation to certain grant awards.—
9	The Secretary may not require an eligible consor-
10	tium to receive a grant under section 29 in order to
11	be designated as a regional technology hub under
12	subsection (b)(1)(A) of this section.
13	"(e) Grants and Cooperative Agreements.—
14	"(1) In general.—The Secretary shall carry
15	out subparagraph (B) of subsection (b)(1) through
16	the award of grants or cooperative agreements to eli-
17	gible consortia designated under subparagraph (A)
18	of such subsection.
19	"(2) TERM.—
20	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term of a grant
21	or cooperative agreement awarded under para-
22	graph (1) shall be for such period as the Sec-
23	retary considers appropriate.
24	"(B) RENEWAL.—The Secretary may
25	renew a grant or cooperative agreement award-

1 ed to an eligible consortia under paragraph (1) 2 as the Secretary considers appropriate if the Secretary determines pursuant to subsection (i) 3 that the performance of the eligible consortia is 4 satisfactory. 6 "(3) Matching required.— "(A) IN GENERAL.—Except in the case of 7 8 an eligible consortium described in subpara-9 graph (B), the total Federal financial assistance awarded in a given year to an eligible consor-10 11 tium in support of the eligible consortium's op-12 eration as a regional technology hub under this 13 section shall not exceed amounts as follows: "(i) In first year of the grant or coop-14 15 erative agreement, 90 percent of the total 16 operating and maintenance costs of the re-17 gional technology hub in that fiscal year. 18 "(ii) In second year of the grant or 19 cooperative agreement, 85 percent of the 20 total operating and maintenance costs of 21 the regional technology hub in that fiscal 22 year. 23 "(iii) In third year of the grant or co-24 operative agreement, 80 percent of the 25 total operating and maintenance costs of

1	the regional technology hub in that fiscal
2	year.
3	"(iv) In fourth year of the grant or
4	cooperative agreement and each year there-
5	after, 75 percent of the total operating and
6	maintenance costs of the regional tech-
7	nology hub in that fiscal year.
8	"(B) SMALL AND RURAL COMMUNITIES
9	AND INDIAN TRIBES.—
10	"(i) In general.—The total Federal
11	financial assistance awarded in a given
12	year to an eligible consortium in support of
13	the eligible consortium's operation as a re-
14	gional technology hub under this section
15	shall not exceed amounts as follows:
16	"(I) In the case of an eligible
17	consortium that represents a small
18	and rural community, in a fiscal year,
19	90 percent of the total funding of the
20	regional technology hub in that fiscal
21	year.
22	"(II) In the case of an eligible
23	consortium that is led by a Tribal
24	government, in a fiscal year, 100 per-
25	cent of the total funding of the re-

1	gional technology hub in that fiscal
2	year.
3	"(ii) Minimum threshold or rural
4	REPRESENTATION.—The Secretary shall
5	establish a minimum threshold of rural
6	representation for purposes of clause (i)(I).
7	"(C) In-kind contributions.—For pur-
8	poses of this paragraph, in-kind contributions
9	may be used for part of the non-Federal share
10	of the total funding of a regional technology
11	hub in a fiscal year.
12	"(4) Use of grant and cooperative agree-
13	MENT FUNDS.—The recipient of a grant or coopera-
14	tive agreement awarded under paragraph (1) shall
15	use the grant or cooperative agreement for multiple
16	activities determined appropriate by the Secretary,
17	including—
18	"(A) the permissible activities set forth
19	under section $27(c)(2)$; and
20	"(B) activities in support of key technology
21	focus areas and other technology and innova-
22	tion sectors critical to national and economic se-
23	curity—
24	"(i) to develop regional strategies for
25	infrastructure and site development in sup-

1	port of the regional technology hub's plans
2	and programs;
3	"(ii) to support business activity that
4	makes domestic supply chain more resilient
5	and encourages the growth of coordinated
6	multiparty systems in the United States
7	and creation and growth of business enti-
8	ties;
9	"(iii) to attract new private, public,
10	and philanthropic investment in the region
11	for developing innovation capacity, includ-
12	ing establishing regional venture and loan
13	funds, including through venture develop-
14	ment organizations, for financing tech-
15	nology commercialization, new business
16	formation, and business expansions;
17	"(iv) to further the development, de-
18	ployment, and domestic manufacturing of
19	technologies in the key technology focus
20	areas and other technology and innovation
21	sectors critical to national and economic
22	security, including innovations derived
23	from research conducted at institutions of
24	higher education or other research entities,

including research conducted by federally-

1	funded research and development centers,
2	National Laboratories, Federal labora-
3	tories, Manufacturing USA institutes, uni-
4	versity technology centers established
5	under paragraph (6) of section 8A(d) of
6	the National Science Foundation Act of
7	1950, the program established under para-
8	graph (7) of such section 8A(d), test beds
9	established and operated under paragraph
10	(8) of such section 8A(d), or other Federal
11	research entities, through activities that
12	may include—
13	"(I) proof-of-concept development
14	and prototyping;
15	"(II) technology transfer and
16	commercialization, including patenting
17	and licensing;
18	"(III) public-private partnerships
19	in order to reduce the cost, time, and
20	risk of commercializing new tech-
21	nologies;
22	"(IV) creating and funding com-
23	petitions to allow entrepreneurial
24	ideas to illustrate their commercializa-

1	tion and domestic job creation poten-
2	tial;
3	"(V) facilitating relationships be-
4	tween local and national business
5	leaders and potential entrepreneurs to
6	encourage successful commercializa-
7	tion;
8	"(VI) creating and funding not-
9	for-profit entities that could enable re-
10	searchers at institutions of higher
11	education and other research entities
12	to further develop new technology,
13	through patient funding, advice, staff
14	support, or other means;
15	"(VII) providing facilities for
16	start-up companies where technology
17	maturation could occur; and
18	"(VIII) commercialization, de-
19	ployment, and adoption of the tech-
20	nologies that lead to domestic manu-
21	facturing of such technologies;
22	"(v) to develop the region's skilled
23	workforce through the training and re-
24	training of workers, partnerships with
25	labor organizations, and skills-based edu-

1	cation, including the alignment of career
2	technical training and educational pro-
3	grams in the region's elementary and sec-
4	ondary schools and institutions of higher
5	education; and
6	"(vi) to carry out such other activities
7	as the Secretary considers appropriate to
8	improve United States competitiveness and
9	regional economic development to support
10	a key technology focus area and that would
11	further the purposes of this section.
12	"(5) Grants for infrastructure.—Any
13	grant or cooperative agreement awarded under para-
14	graph (1) to support the construction of physical in-
15	frastructure shall be awarded pursuant to section
16	201 of the Public Works and Economic Development
17	Act of 1965 (42 U.S.C. 3141) and subject to the
18	provisions of such Act, except that subsection (b) of
19	such section and sections 204 and 301 of such Act
20	(42 U.S.C. 3144, 3161) shall not apply.
21	"(f) Applications.—An eligible consortium seeking
22	designation as a regional technology hub under subpara-
23	graph (A) of subsection (b)(1) and support under subpara-
24	graph (B) of such subsection shall submit to the Secretary

1	an application therefor at such time, in such manner, and
2	containing such information as the Secretary may specify.
3	"(g) Considerations for Designation and
4	AWARD OF GRANTS AND COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.—
5	"(1) In general.—In selecting an eligible con-
6	sortium that submitted an application under sub-
7	section (f) for designation and support under sub-
8	section (b)(1), the Secretary shall consider, at a
9	minimum, the following:
10	"(A) The potential of the eligible consor-
11	tium to advance the research, development, de-
12	ployment, and domestic manufacturing of tech-
13	nologies in a key technology focus area or other
14	technology or innovation sector critical to na-
15	tional and economic security.
16	"(B) The likelihood of positive regional
17	economic effect, including increasing the num-
18	ber of high wage domestic jobs, and creating
19	new economic opportunities for economically
20	disadvantaged and underrepresented popu-
21	lations.
22	"(C) How the eligible consortium plans to
23	integrate with and leverage the resources of 1
24	or more federally-funded research and develop-
25	ment centers, National Laboratories, Federal

laboratories, Manufacturing USA institutes,
Hollings Manufacturing Extension Partnership
centers, university technology centers established under paragraph (6) of section 8A(d) of
the National Science Foundation Act of 1950,
the program established under paragraph (7) of
such section 8A(d), test beds established and
operated under paragraph (8) of such section
8A(d), or other Federal research entities.

"(D) How the eligible consortium will engage with the private sector, including small-and medium-sized businesses to commercialize new technologies and improve the resiliency of domestic supply chains in a key technology focus area or other technology or innovation sector critical to national and economic security.

"(E) How the eligible consortium will carry out workforce development and skills acquisition programming, including through partnerships with entities that include State and local workforce development boards, institutions of higher education, including community colleges, historically Black colleges and universities, Tribal colleges and universities, and mi-

nority serving institutions, labor organizations, and workforce development programs, and other related activities authorized by the Secretary, to support the development of a key technology focus area or other technology or innovation sector critical to national and economic security.

"(F) How the eligible consortium will improve science, technology, engineering, and mathematics education programs in the identified region in elementary and secondary school and higher education institutions located in the identified region to support the development of a key technology focus area or other technology or innovation sector critical to national and economic security.

"(G) How the eligible consortium plans to develop partnerships with venture development organizations and sources of private investment in support of private sector activity, including launching new or expanding existing companies, in a key technology focus area or other technology or innovation sector critical to national and economic security.

1	"(H) How the eligible consortium plans to
2	organize the activities of regional partners
3	across sectors in support of the proposed re
4	gional technology hub, including the develop
5	ment of necessary infrastructure improvements
6	and site preparation.
7	"(I) How the eligible consortium will en
8	sure that growth in technology and innovation
9	sectors produces broadly shared opportunity
10	across the identified region, including for eco
11	nomic disadvantaged and underrepresented pop
12	ulations and rural areas.
13	"(J) The likelihood that the region served
14	by the eligible consortium will be able to become
15	a self-sustaining globally leading technology hub
16	once Federal support ends.
17	"(2) Findings based on comprehensive re
18	GIONAL TECHNOLOGY STRATEGIES.—The Secretary
19	may use a comprehensive regional technology strat
20	egy supported by a grant under section 29 as the
21	basis for making findings under paragraph (1) or
22	this subsection.

"(h) COORDINATION AND COLLABORATION.—

1	"(1) Coordination with national insti-
2	TUTE OF STANDARDS AND TECHNOLOGY PRO-
3	GRAMS.—
4	"(A) COORDINATION REQUIRED.—The
5	Secretary shall coordinate the activities of re-
6	gional technology hubs designated under this
7	title, the Hollings Manufacturing Extension
8	Partnership, and the Manufacturing USA Pro-
9	gram with each other to the degree that doing
10	so does not diminish the effectiveness of the on-
11	going activities of a manufacturing extension
12	center or a Manufacturing USA institute.
13	"(B) Elements.—Coordination by the
14	Secretary under subparagraph (A) may include
15	the following:
16	"(i) The alignment of activities of the
17	Hollings Manufacturing Extension Part-
18	nership with the activities of regional tech-
19	nology hubs designated under this sub-
20	section, if applicable.
21	"(ii) The alignment of activities of the
22	Manufacturing USA Program and the
23	Manufacturing USA institutes with the ac-
24	tivities of regional technology hubs des-
25	ignated under this subsection, if applicable.

1	"(2) Coordination with department of
2	ENERGY PROGRAMS.—The Secretary shall, in coordi-
3	nation with the Secretary of Energy, coordinate the
4	activities and selection of regional technology hubs
5	designated under subsection (b)(1)(A) with activities
6	at the Department of Energy and the National Lab-
7	oratories that were in effect on the day before the
8	date of the enactment of the Endless Frontier Act,
9	to the degree that doing so does not diminish the ef-
10	fectiveness of the ongoing activities or mission of the
11	Department of Energy and the National Labora-
12	tories.
13	"(3) Interagency collaboration.—
14	"(A) In general.—In selecting and as-
15	sisting regional technology hubs designated
16	under subsection (b)(1)(A), the Secretary—
17	"(i) shall collaborate, to the extent
18	possible, with the interagency advisory
19	committee established under subparagraph
20	(B);
21	"(ii) shall collaborate with Federal de-
22	partments and agencies whose missions
23	contribute to the goals of the regional tech-
24	nology hub; and

1	"(iii) may accept funds from other
2	Federal agencies to support grants and ac-
3	tivities under this title.
4	"(B) Interagency coordinating coun-
5	CIL.—
6	"(i) Establishment.—The Secretary
7	shall establish an interagency coordinating
8	council to coordinate with the Secretary in
9	the designation of regional technology hubs
10	under subparagraph (A) of subsection
11	(b)(1) and in the selection of eligible con-
12	sortia to receive support under subpara-
13	graph (B) of such subsection.
14	"(ii) Composition.—The interagency
15	coordinating council established under
16	clause (i) shall be composed of the fol-
17	lowing (or their designees):
18	"(I) The Secretary of Commerce.
19	"(II) The Secretary of Edu-
20	cation.
21	"(III) The Administrator of the
22	Small Business Administration.
23	"(IV) The Deputy Secretary for
24	Housing and Urban Development.

1	"(V) The Director of the Com-
2	munity Development Financial Insti-
3	tution Fund.
4	"(VI) The Director of the Na-
5	tional Science Foundation.
6	"(VII) The Director of the Na-
7	tional Institute of Standards and
8	Technology.
9	"(VIII) The Director of the Na-
10	tional Economic Council.
11	"(IX) The Assistant Secretary of
12	Commerce for Economic Development.
13	"(X) The Assistant Secretary for
14	Employment and Training.
15	"(XI) The Director of the Office
16	of Science and Technology Policy.
17	"(XII) The Under Secretary of
18	Defense for Research and Engineer-
19	ing.
20	"(XIII) The Under Secretary of
21	Defense for Acquisition and
22	Sustainment.
23	"(XIV) The Under Secretary for
24	Science of the Department of Energy.

1	"(XV) The Director of the Na-
2	tional Institutes of Health.
3	"(XVI) The Under Secretary for
4	Science and Technology of the De-
5	partment of Homeland Security.
6	"(XVII) The Administrator of
7	the National Aeronautics and Space
8	Administration.
9	"(XVIII) The Director of the Of-
10	fice of Management and Budget.
11	"(XIX) Such other Federal offi-
12	cials as the Secretary of Commerce
13	considers appropriate.
14	"(iii) Chairperson.—The Secretary
15	shall be the chairperson of the interagency
16	coordinating council established under
17	clause (i).
18	"(4) Setting goals for federally funded
19	REGIONS SERVED BY RESEARCH IN REGIONAL TECH-
20	NOLOGY HUBS.—
21	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the
22	Office of Science and Technology Policy and the
23	Director of the Office of Management and
24	Budget shall coordinate with the each head of
25	a Federal agency that conducts research to set

1	goals for at least doubling the amount of Feder-
2	ally-funded research awarded, as in effect on
3	the day before the date of the enactment of the
4	Endless Frontier Act, to regions served by re-
5	gional technology hubs designated under sub-
6	section $(b)(1)(A)$.
7	"(B) Annual reports.—Not less fre-
8	quently than once each year, the Director of the
9	Office of Science and Technology Policy and the
10	Director of the Office of Management and
11	Budget shall submit to the appropriate commit-
12	tees of Congress an annual report on progress
13	made relating to the goals set under subpara-
14	graph (A).
15	"(i) Performance Measurement, Trans-
16	PARENCY, AND ACCOUNTABILITY.—
17	"(1) Metrics, standards, and assess-
18	MENT.—For each grant and cooperative agreement
19	awarded under subsection (e)(1) for a regional tech-
20	nology hub, the Secretary shall—
21	"(A) develop metrics to assess the effec-
22	tiveness of the activities funded in making
23	progress toward the purposes set forth under
24	subsection (b)(2), which may include—

1	"(i) research supported in a key tech-
2	nology focus area;
3	"(ii) commercialization activities un-
4	dertaken by each regional technology hub
5	that is designated and supported under
6	subsection (b)(1);
7	"(iii) educational and workforce devel-
8	opment improvements undertaken by each
9	regional technology hub that is designated
10	and supported under subsection (b)(1);
11	"(iv) sources of matching funds for
12	each regional technology hub that is des-
13	ignated and supported under subsection
14	(b) (1) ; and
15	"(v) domestic job creation, patent
16	awards, and business formation and expan-
17	sion relating to the activities of the re-
18	gional technology hub that is designated
19	and supported under subsection $(b)(1)$;
20	"(B) establish standards for the perform-
21	ance of the regional technology hub that are
22	based on the metrics developed under subpara-
23	graph (A); and
24	"(C) 4 years after the initial award under
25	subsection (e)(1) and every 2 years thereafter

until Federal financial assistance under this
section for the regional technology hub is discontinued, conduct an assessment of the regional technology hub to confirm whether the
performance of the regional technology hub is
meeting the standards for performance established under subparagraph (B) of this paragraph.

"(2) Final reports by recipients of assistance.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall require each eligible consortium that receives a grant or cooperative agreement under subsection (e)(1) for support of a regional technology hub, as a condition of receipt of such grant or cooperative agreement, submit to the Secretary, not later than 90 days after the last day of the term of the grant or cooperative agreement, a report on the activities of the regional technology hub supported by the grant or cooperative agreement.

"(B) CONTENTS OF REPORT.—Each report submitted by an eligible consortium under subparagraph (A) shall include the following:

1	"(i) A detailed description of the ac-
2	tivities carried out by the eligible consor-
3	tium using the assistance described in sub-
4	paragraph (A), including the following:
5	"(I) A description of each project
6	the eligible consortium completed
7	using such assistance.
8	"(II) An explanation of how each
9	project described in subclause (I)
10	achieves a specific goal under this sec-
11	tion in the region of the regional tech-
12	nology hub of the eligible consortium
13	with respect to—
14	"(aa) the resiliency of a sup-
15	ply chain;
16	"(bb) research, development,
17	and deployment of a critical tech-
18	nology;
19	"(cc) workforce training and
20	development;
21	"(dd) domestic job creation;
22	or
23	"(ee) entrepreneurship.
24	"(ii) A discussion of any obstacles en-
25	countered by the eligible consortium in the

1	implementation of the regional technology
2	hub and how the eligible entity overcame
3	those obstacles.
4	"(iii) An evaluation of the success of
5	the projects supported by the eligible con-
6	sortium to implement the regional tech-
7	nology hub using the performance stand-
8	ards and measures established under para-
9	graph (1), including an evaluation of the
10	planning process and how the project con-
11	tributes to carrying out the comprehensive
12	strategy for the regional technology hub if
13	the regional technology hub has such a
14	strategy.
15	"(iv) The effectiveness of the eligible
16	consortium in ensuring that, in the region
17	of the eligible consortium's regional tech-
18	nology hub, growth in technology and inno-
19	vation sectors produces broadly shared op-
20	portunity across the region, including for
21	economic disadvantaged and underrep-
22	resented populations and rural areas.
23	"(v) Information regarding such other
24	matters as the Secretary may require.

"(3) Interim reports by recipients of as-Sistance.—In addition to requiring submittal of final reports under paragraph (2)(A), the Secretary may require an eligible consortium described in such paragraph to submit to the Secretary such interim reports as the Secretary considers appropriate.

- "(4) Annual reports to congress.—Not less frequently than once each year, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress an annual report on the results of the assessments conducted by the Secretary under paragraph (1)(C) during the period covered by the report.
- "(j) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out this section \$9,425,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.".

17 (b) Initial Designations and Awards.—

18 (1) Competition required.—Not later than
19 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act,
20 the Secretary of Commerce shall commence a com21 petition under subsection (d)(1) of section 28 of the
22 Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of
23 1980 (Public Law 96–480), as added by subsection
24 (a).

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1	(2) Designation and Award.—Not later than
2	1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act,
3	if the Secretary has received at least 1 application
4	under subsection (f) of such section from an eligible
5	consortium whom the Secretary considers suitable
6	for designation under subsection $(b)(1)(A)$ of such
7	section, the Secretary shall—
8	(A) designate at least 1 regional tech-
9	nology hub under subsection $(b)(1)(A)$ of such
10	section; and
11	(B) award a grant or cooperative agree-
12	ment under subsection $(e)(1)$ of such section to
13	each regional technology hub designated pursu-
14	ant to subparagraph (A) of this paragraph.
15	SEC. 8. COMPREHENSIVE REGIONAL TECHNOLOGY STRAT-
16	EGY GRANT PROGRAM.
17	The Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of
18	1980 (Public Law 96–480; 15 U.S.C. 3701 et seq.), as
19	amended by section 7, is further amended, by inserting
20	after section 28, as added by such section, the following:
21	"SEC. 29. COMPREHENSIVE REGIONAL TECHNOLOGY
22	STRATEGY GRANT PROGRAM.
23	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
24	"(1) LABOR ORGANIZATION.—The term 'labor
25	organization' has the meaning given such term in

- section 8A(a) of the National Science Foundation
 Act of 1950.
- "(2) REGIONAL TECHNOLOGY HUB.—The term fregional technology hub' means a consortium designated as a regional technology hub under section 28(b)(1)(A).
- "(3) SMALL AND RURAL COMMUNITIES; MID-8 SIZED METROPOLITAN COMMUNITIES; LARGE MET-9 ROPOLITAN COMMUNITIES.—The terms 'small and 10 rural communities', 'mid-sized metropolitan commu-11 nities', and 'large metropolitan communities' have 12 the meanings given such terms in section 28(a).
- "(4) TECHNOLOGY AND INNOVATION SECTORS
 CRITICAL TO NATIONAL AND ECONOMIC SECURITY.—
 The term 'technology and innovation sectors critical
 to national and economic security' means technology
 and innovation sectors that the Secretary determines
 are critical to national and economic security.
- 19 "(b) Grant Program Required.—The Secretary 20 shall establish a program to award grants to eligible con-21 sortia to carry out projects—
- "(1) to coordinate locally defined planning processes, across jurisdictions and agencies, relating to developing a comprehensive regional technology strategy;

- 1 "(2) to identify regional partnerships for devel-2 oping and implementing a comprehensive regional 3 technology strategy;
 - "(3) to conduct or update assessments to determine regional needs and promote economic and community development related to the resiliency of a domestic supply chains, competitiveness of the region, and domestic job creation in technology and innovation sectors critical to national and economic security;
 - "(4) to develop or update goals and strategies to implement an existing comprehensive regional plan related to enhancing the resiliency of domestic supply chains, competitiveness of the region, and domestic job creation in technology and innovation sectors critical to national and economic security; and
 - "(5) to identify local zoning and other code changes necessary to implement a comprehensive regional technology strategy, including promoting sustainable development within the identified region.
- 21 "(c) ELIGIBLE CONSORTIA.—For purposes of this 22 section, an eligible consortium is any consortium described 23 by section 28(c).
- 24 "(d) Grants.—

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1	"(1) Diversity of recipients.—In awarding
2	grants under this section, the Secretary shall ensure
3	geographic diversity among, and adequate represen-
4	tation from, each of the following:
5	"(A) Small and rural communities.
6	"(B) Mid-sized metropolitan communities.
7	"(C) Large metropolitan communities.
8	"(2) Awards to small and rural commu-
9	NITIES.—
10	"(A) In general.—Except as provided in
11	subparagraph (B), the Secretary shall—
12	"(i) award not less than 25 percent of
13	the funds under this section to eligible con-
14	sortia that represent all or part of a small
15	and rural community; and
16	"(ii) ensure diversity among the geo-
17	graphic regions and the size of the popu-
18	lation of the communities served by recipi-
19	ents of grants that are eligible consortia
20	that represent all or part of a small and
21	rural community.
22	"(B) Insufficient applications.—If
23	the Secretary determines that an insufficient
24	number of sufficient quality applications for
25	grants under this section have been submitted

by eligible consortia that represent all or part
of a small and rural community, the Secretary
may reduce the percentage threshold set forth
in subparagraph (A)(i).

"(3) FEDERAL SHARE.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the Federal share of the cost of a project carried out using a grant awarded under this section may not exceed 80 percent.

"(B) Exceptions.—

"(i) SMALL AND RURAL COMMUNITIES.—In the case of an eligible consortium that represents all or part of a small and rural community, the Federal share of the cost of a project carried out using a grant awarded under this section may be up to 90 percent of the total cost of the project.

"(ii) Indian tribes.—In the case of an eligible consortium that is led by a Tribal government, the Federal share of the cost of a project carried out using a grant under the grant awarded under this section may be up to 100 percent of the total cost of the project.

1	"(C) Non-federal share.—
2	"(i) In-kind contributions.—For
3	the purposes of this paragraph, in-kind
4	contributions may be used for all or part
5	of the non-Federal share of the cost of a
6	project carried out using a grant awarded
7	under this section.
8	"(ii) Other federal funding.—
9	Federal funding from sources other than a
10	grant awarded under this section may not
11	be used for the non-Federal share of the
12	cost of a project carried out using a grant
13	under this section.
14	"(4) Availability and obligation of grant
15	AMOUNTS.—
16	"(A) In general.—An eligible consortium
17	that receives a grant under this section shall, as
18	a condition on receipt of grant amounts—
19	"(i) obligate any grant amounts re-
20	ceived under this section not later than 1
21	year after the date on which the eligible
22	consortium enters into an agreement under
23	subsection (g); and
24	"(ii) expend any grant amounts re-
25	ceived under this section not later than 2

1	years after the date on which the eligible
2	consortium enters into an agreement under
3	subsection (g).
4	"(B) Unobligated amounts.—After the
5	date described in subparagraph (A)(i), any
6	amounts awarded to an eligible consortium
7	under this section that remain unobligated by
8	the eligible consortium shall be returned to the
9	Secretary and made available to the Secretary
10	for the award of grants to other eligible con-
11	sortia under this section.
12	"(e) APPLICATION.—
13	"(1) In General.—An eligible consortium
14	seeking a grant under this section shall submit to
15	the Secretary an application therefor at such time
16	and in such manner as the Secretary shall prescribe.
17	"(2) Contents.—Each application submitted
18	under paragraph (1) shall include the following:
19	"(A) A description of the boundaries of the
20	region served by the eligible consortium.
21	"(B) A description of the research, tech-
22	nology development, or manufacturing con-
23	centration of the eligible consortium.
24	"(C) A general assessment of the local in-
25	dustrial ecosystem of the region described in

1	subparagraph (A), which may include assess-
2	ment of workforce and training, including part-
3	nerships with labor organizations, supplier net-
4	work, research and innovation, infrastructure
5	and site development, trade and international
6	investment, operational improvements, and cap-
7	ital access components needed for manufac-
8	turing activities in such region.
9	"(D) A description of how a grant under
10	this section may assist in developing compo-
11	nents of such local industrial ecosystem (se-
12	lected by the consortium), including descrip-
13	tions of—
14	"(i) investments to address gaps in
15	such ecosystem; and
16	"(ii) how to make the research, tech-
17	nology development, and manufacturing of
18	the region of the consortium uniquely com-
19	petitive.
20	"(E) A description of the process by which
21	a comprehensive regional technology strategy
22	will be developed by the eligible consortium to
23	address gaps in such local industrial ecosystem
24	and to strengthen the resiliency of supply

chains, competitiveness of the identified region,

1	and domestic job creation in technology and in-
2	novation sectors critical to national and eco-
3	nomic security.
4	"(F) A budget for the projects that the eli-
5	gible consortium plans to carry out using grant
6	amounts awarded under this section, including
7	the anticipated Federal share of the cost of
8	each project and a description of the sources of
9	the non-Federal share.
10	"(G) The designation of a lead agency or
11	organization, which may be the eligible consor-
12	tium, to receive and manage any funds received
13	by the eligible consortium under this section.
14	"(H) A signed copy of a memorandum of
15	understanding among members of the eligible
16	consortium that demonstrates—
17	"(i) the creation of an eligible consor-
18	tium;
19	"(ii) a description of the nature and
20	extent of planned collaboration between
21	members of the eligible consortium; and
22	"(iii) a commitment to develop a com-
23	prehensive regional technology strategy.
24	"(I) Such other matters as the Secretary
25	considers appropriate.

1	"(3) Evaluation of applications.—The
2	Secretary shall evaluate each application received
3	under paragraph (1) to determine whether the appli-
4	cant demonstrates—
5	"(A) a significant level of regional coopera-
6	tion in their proposal;
7	"(B) a focus on building a regional eco-
8	system to attract and build upon research in-
9	vestment to develop, deploy, and manufacture
10	domestically critical technologies that improve
11	the resiliency of supply chains, competitiveness
12	of the identified region, and the creation of
13	quality jobs;
14	"(C) the extent to which the consortium
15	has developed partnerships throughout an en-
16	tire region, including, as appropriate, partner-
17	ships with federally funded research and devel-
18	opment centers, National Laboratories, Federal
19	laboratories, Manufacturing USA institutes de-
20	scribed in section 34(d) of the National Insti-
21	tute of Standards and Technology Act (15
22	U.S.C. 278s(d)), university technology centers
23	established under paragraph (6) of section

8A(d) of the National Science Foundation Act

of 1950, the program established under para-

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1	graph (7) of such section 8A(d), test beds es-
2	tablished and operated under paragraph (8) of
3	such section 8A(d), or other Federal research
4	entities;
5	"(D) integration with local efforts in inclu-
6	sive economic development and job creation;
7	"(E) a plan for implementing a com-
8	prehensive regional technology strategy through
9	regional infrastructure, workforce, and supply
10	chain investment plans and local land use plans;
11	"(F) diversity among the geographic re-
12	gions and the size of the population of the com-
13	munities served by recipients of grants under
14	this section;
15	"(G) a commitment to seeking substantial
16	public input during the planning process and
17	public participation in the development of the
18	comprehensive regional plan;
19	"(H) a plan to support the creation and
20	growth of new companies; and
21	"(I) such other qualities as the Secretary
22	considers appropriate.
23	"(f) USE OF GRANT FUNDS.—An eligible consortium
24	that receives a grant under this section shall use the

1	amount of such grant to carry out a project that includes
2	1 or more of the following activities:
3	"(1) Coordinating locally defined planning proc-
4	esses across jurisdictions and agencies.
5	"(2) Identifying potential regional partnerships
6	for developing and implementing a comprehensive
7	regional technology strategy.
8	"(3) Conducting or updating assessments to de-
9	termine regional needs, which may include—
10	"(A) workforce development;
11	"(B) supply chain development;
12	"(C) increasing innovation readiness, in-
13	cluding expanding research and technology de-
14	velopment facilities and developing the local
15	science, technology, engineering, and mathe-
16	matics workforce;
17	"(D) site preparation;
18	"(E) community and economic develop-
19	ment to start new companies and to attract and
20	support workers and firms; and
21	"(F) and other such needs as determined
22	by the consortium.
23	"(4) Developing or updating—
24	"(A) a comprehensive regional plan; or

1	"(B) goals and strategies to implement an
2	existing comprehensive regional plan for the
3	purposes of strengthening domestic supply
4	chain resiliency, competitiveness, and job cre-
5	ation in critical technology and innovation sec-
6	tors for national and economic security.

- 7 "(5) Implementing local zoning and other code 8 changes necessary to implement a comprehensive re-9 gional plan and promote sustainable development.
- "(g) Grant Agreement.—Each eligible consortium that receives a grant under this section shall, as a condition on receipt of grant amounts, agree to establish, in coordination with the Secretary, performance measures, reporting requirements, and such other requirements as the Secretary determines are necessary, that must be met at the end of each year in which the eligible consortium receives funds under this section.

18 "(h) Reports by Recipients of Grants.—

"(1) Final reports.—Not later than 90 days after the date on which a grant agreement into which an eligible consortium entered under subsection (g) expires, the eligible consortium shall submit to the Secretary a final report on the project the eligible consortium carried out under subsection (f)

1	using the amounts of the grant awarded to the eligi-
2	ble consortium under this section.
3	"(2) CONTENTS — Each report submitted under

- "(2) Contents.—Each report submitted under paragraph (1) shall include the following:
 - "(A) A detailed explanation of the activities undertaken using the grant, including an explanation of how the comprehensive regional technology strategy of the eligible consortium may achieve specific improvements in domestic supply chain resiliency, research, development, and deployment of critical technologies, workforce development, domestic job creation, and entrepreneurship goals within the region served by the eligible consortium.
 - "(B) A discussion of any obstacles encountered in the planning process of the eligible consortium and how the eligible consortium overcame the obstacles.
 - "(C) An evaluation of the success of the project using the performance standards and measures established under subsection (g), including an evaluation of the planning process and how the project contributes to carrying out the comprehensive regional technology strategy.

1	"(D) The progress of the region identified
2	by the consortium toward becoming a regional
3	technology hub.
4	"(E) The effectiveness of the region identi-
5	fied by the consortium in ensuring that growth
6	in innovation sectors produces broadly shared
7	opportunity in the region.
8	"(F) Such other information as the Sec-
9	retary may require.
10	"(3) Interim reports.—The Secretary may
11	require, as a condition on receipt of a grant under
12	this section, an eligible consortium to submit an in-
13	terim report, before the date on which a project for
14	which a grant is awarded under this section is com-
15	pleted.
16	"(i) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR GRANT RECIPI-
17	ENTS AND APPLICANTS.—The Secretary may—
18	"(1) coordinate with other Federal agencies to
19	establish interagency and multidisciplinary teams to
20	provide technical assistance to recipients of, and pro-
21	spective applicants for, grants under this section;
22	"(2) by Federal interagency agreement, trans-
23	fer funds to another Federal agency to facilitate and
24	support the provision of such technical assistance;
25	and

1	"(3) enter into contracts with third parties to
2	provide technical assistance to grant recipients and
3	prospective applicants for grants under this section.
4	"(j) Authorization of Appropriations.—
5	"(1) Authorization.—There are authorized to
6	be appropriated to the Secretary for the award of
7	grants under this section, to remain available until
8	expended, amounts as follows:
9	"(A) \$100,000,000 for each of fiscal years
10	2022 and 2023.
11	"(B) \$125,000,000 for each of fiscal years
12	2024 through 2026.
13	"(2) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary
14	may use not more than 5 percent of the amounts
15	made available under this subsection for a fiscal
16	year for technical assistance under subsection (i).".
17	SEC. 9. MANUFACTURING USA PROGRAM.
18	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
19	(1) HISTORICALLY BLACK COLLEGE OR UNI-
20	VERSITY.—The term "historically Black college or
21	university" has the meaning given the term "part B
22	institution" in section 322 of the Higher Education
23	Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1061).
24	(2) Labor organization.—The term "labor
25	organization" has the meaning given such term in

- section 8A(a) of the National Science Foundation
 Act of 1950.
- (3) Manufacturing USA center.—The term

 "Manufacturing USA center" means an institute described in section 34(d)(3)(B) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C.

 278s(d)(3)(B)) and recognized by the Secretary under such section for purposes of participation in the Manufacturing USA Network.
 - (4) Manufacturing USA institute.—The term "Manufacturing USA institute" means an institute described in section 34(d) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278s(d)) that is not a Manufacturing USA center.
 - (5) Manufacturing USA Network.—The term "Manufacturing USA Network" means the network established under section 34(c) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278s(c)).
 - (6) Manufacturing USA Program.—The term "Manufacturing USA Program" means the program established under section 34(b)(1) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278s(b)(1)).

1	(7) MINORITY-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The
2	term "minority-serving institution" means an eligi-
3	ble institution described in section 371(a) of the
4	Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.
5	1067q(a)).
6	(8) NATIONAL PROGRAM OFFICE.—The term
7	"National Program Office" means the National Pro-
8	gram Office established under section $34(h)(1)$ of
9	the National Institute of Standards and Technology
10	Act $(15 \text{ U.S.C. } 278s(h)(1)).$
11	(9) Tribal college or university.—The
12	term "Tribal college or university" has the meaning
13	given the term in section 316(b)(3) of the Higher
14	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059c(b)(3)).
15	(b) Authorization of Appropriations To En-
16	HANCE AND EXPAND MANUFACTURING USA PROGRAM
17	AND SUPPORT INNOVATION AND GROWTH IN DOMESTIC
18	Manufacturing.—
19	(1) In general.—There is authorized to be
20	appropriated \$2,410,000,000 for the period of fiscal
21	years 2022 through 2026 for the Secretary of Com-
22	merce, acting through the Director of the National
23	Institute of Standards and Technology and in co-
24	ordination with the Secretary of Energy, the Sec-

retary of Defense, and the heads of such other Fed-

eral agencies as the Secretary of Commerce considers relevant, to carry out the Manufacturing USA Program and to expand such program to support innovation and growth in domestic manufacturing.

(2) Manufacturing usa institutes.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—Of the amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in paragraph (1), \$1,190,000,000 shall be available to support the establishment of new Manufacturing USA institutes during the period described in such paragraph.
- (B) FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary shall support the establishment of Manufacturing USA institutes under subparagraph (A) through the award of financial assistance under section 34(e) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278s(e)).
- (C) ASSIGNMENT OF MANUFACTURING USA INSTITUTES TO FEDERAL AGENCY SPONSORS.—
 Following an open topic competition organized by the Director of the National Institute of Standards and Technology, the Secretary of Commerce, in consultation with the Secretary of Energy, the Secretary of Defense, and other

relevant Federal agencies, may select an alternative Federal agency to sponsor a selected Manufacturing USA institute based on its technology and may transfer the appropriate funds to that alternative Federal agency for operation and programming of the selected Manufacturing USA institute.

(D) COORDINATION WITH EXISTING MANU-FACTURING USA INSTITUTES.—

- (i) Coordination required.—In establishing new Manufacturing USA institutes under subparagraph (A), the Secretary of Commerce shall coordinate with the Secretary of Energy and the Secretary of Defense to ensure there is no duplication of effort or technology focus between new Manufacturing USA institutes and Manufacturing USA institutes that were in effect before the establishment of the new Manufacturing USA institutes.
- (ii) Consultation with existing Manufacturing usa institutes authorized.—In carrying out coordination under clause (i), the Secretary of Commerce may consult with Manufacturing

USA institutes that were in effect before the establishment of new Manufacturing USA institutes under subparagraph (A) to inform the Department of Commerce of additional new Manufacturing USA institutes necessary to fill gaps in the support of innovation and growth in domestic manufacturing.

(iii) Involvement of existing manufacturing usa institutes authorized.—In coordination with the Secretary of Energy and the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Commerce may involve Manufacturing USA institutes that were in effect before the establishment of new Manufacturing USA institutes under subparagraph (A) in the planning and execution of the new Manufacturing USA institutes.

(3) Manufacturing usa centers and public service grants.—Of the amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in paragraph (1), \$375,000,000 shall be available for the period described in such paragraph—

1 (A) for the Secretary, acting through the Director and in consultation with the Secretary 2 3 of Energy, the Secretary of Defense, and the 4 heads of such other Federal agencies as the Secretary of Commerce considers relevant, to 6 recognize additional institutes as Manufacturing 7 USA institutes under section 34(d)(3)(B) of the 8 National Institute of Standards and Technology 9 Act (15 U.S.C. 278s(d)(3)(B)), giving par-10 ticular consideration to partnerships and coordination with the Manufacturing USA institutes 12 that were already in effect, when practicable; 13 and

- (B) to support the activities of Manufacturing USA institutes and Manufacturing USA centers through the award of grants under section 34(f) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278s(f)).
- (4) Commercialization, workforce train-ING, AND SUPPLY CHAIN INVESTMENT.—Of the amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in paragraph (1), \$100,000,000 shall be available for the period described in such paragraph to support such programming for commercialization, workforce training, and supply chain

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activities across the Manufacturing USA Network as
the Secretary considers appropriate in consultation
with the Secretary of Energy, the Secretary of De-
fense, and the heads of such other Federal agencies
as the Secretary of Commerce considers relevant.

(5) Ongoing support for existing manufacturing usa institutes.—

(A) In GENERAL.—Of the amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in paragraph (1), \$725,000,000 shall be available for the period described in such paragraph to support Manufacturing USA institutes that were in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act, of which \$5,000,000 shall be available (without cost share) to each such Manufacturing USA institute each year for such period for ongoing operation of the institutes, including operational overhead, workforce training, and supply chain activities.

(B) Additional support.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—Of the amounts specified in subparagraph (A), amounts shall be available for financial assistance awards to conduct projects as follows:

1	(I) \$100,000,000 shall be avail-
2	able for Manufacturing USA insti-
3	tutes that were established under sec-
4	tion 34(e) of the National Institute of
5	Standards and Technology Act (15
6	U.S.C. 278s(e)) and that were in ef-
7	fect on the day before the date of the
8	enactment of this Act.
9	(II) \$10,000,000 shall be avail-
10	able each year for the period described
11	in such paragraph for each Manufac-
12	turing USA institute that is not re-
13	ceiving Manufacturing USA Program
14	funding from any other Federal agen-
15	cy.
16	(ii) Federal funds matching re-
17	QUIREMENT.—A recipient of financial as-
18	sistance for a project under clause (i) shall
19	agree to make available to carry out the
20	project an amount of non-Federal funds
21	that is equal to or greater than 20 percent
22	of the total cost of the project.
23	(C) RENEWAL REQUIREMENTS.—Receipt
24	of ongoing support under subparagraph (A)
25	shall be subject to the requirements of section

- 1 34(e)(2)(B) of the National Institute of Stand-2 ards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 3 278s(e)(2)(B)).
- 4 (D) No cost share requirement.—The
 5 Secretary shall not impose any cost share or
 6 matching requirement on receipt of ongoing
 7 support under subparagraph (A).
- 8 (6) Management of interagency solicita-9 TIONS AND **ONGOING** MANAGEMENT.—Of 10 amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization 11 of appropriations in paragraph (1), \$20,000,000 12 shall be available annually for the period described 13 in such paragraph for the National Program Office 14 to coordinate the activities of the Manufacturing
- 15 USA Network and manage interagency solicitations. 16 COORDINATION BETWEEN Manufacturing (c) USA Program and Hollings Manufacturing Exten-SION PARTNERSHIP.—The Secretary shall coordinate the 18 19 activities of the Manufacturing USA Program and the activities of Hollings Manufacturing Extension Partnership 20 21 with each other to the degree that doing so does not diminish the effectiveness of the ongoing activities of a Manu-23 facturing USA institute or a Center (as the term is de-

fined in section 25(a) of the National Institute of Stand-

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1	Manufacturing USA institutes entering into agreements
2	with a Center (as so defined) that the Secretary considers
3	appropriate to provide services relating to the mission of
4	the Hollings Manufacturing Extension Partnership, in-
5	cluding outreach, technical assistance, workforce develop-
6	ment, and technology transfer and adoption assistance to
7	small- and medium-sized manufacturers.
8	(d) Worker Advisory Council for Manufac-
9	TURING USA PROGRAM.—
10	(1) Establishment.—
11	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Com-
12	merce shall, in coordination with the Secretary
13	of Labor, the Secretary of Defense, the Sec-
14	retary of Energy, and the Secretary of Edu-
15	cation, establish an advisory council for the
16	Manufacturing USA Program on the develop-
17	ment and dissemination of techniques, policies,
18	and investments for high-road labor practices,
19	worker adaptation and success with techno-
20	logical change, and increased worker participa-
21	tion across the Manufacturing USA Network.
22	(B) Membership.—The council estab-
23	lished under subparagraph (A) shall be com-
24	posed of not fewer than 15 members appointed

by the Secretary of Commerce, of whom—

1	(i) four shall be from labor organiza-
2	tions;
3	(ii) four shall be from educational in-
4	stitutions;
5	(iii) four shall be from labor-manage-
6	ment training, workforce development, and
7	nonprofit organizations, including those
8	that focus on workforce diversity and in-
9	clusion; and
10	(iv) three shall be from industry orga-
11	nizations or manufacturing firms, includ-
12	ing small- and medium-sized manufactur-
13	ers.
14	(C) Period of appointment; vacan-
15	CIES.—
16	(i) IN GENERAL.—Each member of
17	the council established under subparagraph
18	(A) shall be appointed for a term of 3
19	years with the ability to renew the appoint-
20	ment for no more than 2 terms.
21	(ii) Vacancies.—Any member ap-
22	pointed to fill a vacancy occurring before
23	the expiration of the term for which the
24	member's predecessor was appointed shall
25	be appointed only for the remainder of that

1	term. A member may serve after the expi-
2	ration of that term until a successor has
3	been appointed.
4	(D) Meetings.—
5	(i) Initial meeting.—Not later than
6	180 days after the date of enactment of
7	this Act, the council established under sub-
8	paragraph (A) shall hold the first meeting.
9	(ii) Additional meetings.—After
10	the first meeting of the council, the council
11	shall meet upon the call of the Secretary,
12	and at least once every 180 days there-
13	after.
14	(iii) QUORUM.—A majority of the
15	members of the council shall constitute a
16	quorum, but a lesser number of members
17	may hold hearings.
18	(E) Chairperson and vice chair-
19	PERSON.—The Secretary shall elect 1 member
20	of the council established under subparagraph
21	(A) to serve as the chairperson of the council
22	and 1 member of the council to serve as the
23	vice chairperson of the council.
24	(2) Duties of the council.—The council es-
25	tablished under paragraph (1)(A) shall provide ad-

1	vice and recommendations to the Secretary of Com-
2	merce on matters concerning investment in and sup-
3	port of the manufacturing workforce relating to the
4	following:
5	(A) Worker participation, including
6	through labor organizations, in the planning
7	and deployment of new technologies across an
8	industry and within workplaces.
9	(B) Policies to help workers adapt to tech-

- (B) Policies to help workers adapt to technological change, including training and education priorities for the Federal Government and for employer investments in workers.
- (C) Assessments of impact on workers of development of new technologies and processes by the Manufacturing USA institutes.
- (D) Management practices that prioritize job quality, worker protection, worker participation and power in decision making, and investment in worker career success.
- (E) Policies and procedures to prioritize diversity and inclusion in the manufacturing and technology workforce by expanding access to job, career advancement, and management opportunities for underrepresented populations.

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1	(F) Assessments of technology improve-
2	ments achieved by the Manufacturing USA in-
3	stitutes and the degree of domestic deployment
4	of each new technology.
5	(G) Such other matters as the Secretary
6	considers appropriate.
7	(3) Report.—
8	(A) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CON-
9	GRESS DEFINED.—In this paragraph, the term
10	"appropriate committees of Congress" means—
11	(i) the Committee on Health, Edu-
12	cation, Labor, and Pensions, the Com-
13	mittee on Commerce, Science, and Trans-
14	portation, the Committee on Energy and
15	Natural Resources, the Committee on
16	Armed Services, and the Committee on Ap-
17	propriations of the Senate; and
18	(ii) the Committee on Education and
19	Labor, the Committee on Science, Space,
20	and Technology, the Committee on Energy
21	and Commerce, the Committee on Armed
22	Services, and the Committee on Appropria-
23	tions of the House of Representatives.
24	(B) Report required.—Not later than
25	180 days after the date on which the council es-

tablished under paragraph (1)(A) holds its initial meeting under paragraph (1)(D)(i) and annually thereafter, the council shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report containing a detailed statement of the advice and recommendations of the council pursuant to paragraph (2).

(4) Compensation.—

- (A) Prohibition of compensation.—
 Members of the Council may not receive additional pay, allowances, or benefits by reason of their service on the Council.
- (B) Travel expenses.—Each member shall receive travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, in accordance with applicable provisions under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code.

(5) FACA APPLICABILITY.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—In discharging its duties under this subsection, the council established under paragraph (1)(A) shall function solely in an advisory capacity, in accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.).

1	(B) Exception.—Section 14 of the Fed-
2	eral Advisory Committee Act shall not apply to
3	the Council.
4	(e) Participation of Minority-Serving Institu-
5	TIONS, HISTORICALLY BLACK COLLEGES AND UNIVER-
6	SITIES, AND TRIBAL COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES.—
7	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Commerce,
8	in coordination with the Secretary of Energy, the
9	Secretary of Defense, and the heads of such other
10	Federal agencies as the Secretary of Commerce con-
11	siders relevant, shall coordinate with existing and
12	new Manufacturing USA institutes to integrate cov-
13	ered entities as active members of the Manufac-
14	turing USA institutes, including through the devel-
15	opment of preference criteria for proposals to create
16	new Manufacturing USA institutes or renew existing
17	Manufacturing USA institutes that include meaning-
18	ful participation from a covered entity or that are
19	led by a covered entity.
20	(2) Covered entities.—For purposes of this
21	subsection, a covered entity is—
22	(A) a minority-serving institution;
23	(B) an historically Black college or univer-
24	sity; or
25	(C) a Tribal college or university.

1	(f) Department of Commerce Policies To Pro-
2	MOTE DOMESTIC PRODUCTION OF TECHNOLOGIES DE-
3	VELOPED UNDER MANUFACTURING USA PROGRAM.—
4	(1) Definition of Domestic.—In this sub-
5	section, the term "domestic", with respect to devel-
6	opment or production means development or produc-
7	tion by, or with respect to source means the source
8	is, a person incorporated or formed in the United
9	States—
10	(A) that is not under foreign ownership,
11	control, or influence (FOCI) as defined in sec-
12	tion 847 of the National Defense Authorization
13	Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116–92);
14	(B) whose beneficial owners, as defined in
15	section 847 of the National Defense Authoriza-
16	tion Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law
17	116–92), are United States persons;
18	(C) whose management are United States
19	citizens;
20	(D) whose principal place of business is in
21	the United States; and
22	(E) who is not—
23	(i) a foreign incorporated entity that
24	is an inverted domestic corporation or any
25	subsidiary of such entity; or

1	(ii) any joint venture if more than 10
2	percent of the joint venture (by vote or
3	value) is held by a foreign incorporated en-
4	tity that is an inverted domestic corpora-
5	tion or any subsidiary of such entity.
6	(2) Policies.—
7	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Com-
8	merce, in consultation with the Secretary of En-
9	ergy, the Secretary of Defense, and the heads
10	of such other Federal agencies as the Secretary
11	of Commerce considers relevant, shall establish
12	policies to promote the domestic production of
13	technologies developed by the Manufacturing
14	USA Network.
15	(B) Elements.—The policies developed
16	under subparagraph (A) shall include the fol-
17	lowing:
18	(i) Measures to partner domestic de-
19	velopers of goods, services, or technologies
20	by Manufacturing USA Network activities
21	with domestic manufacturers and sources
22	of financing.
23	(ii) Measures to develop and provide
24	incentives to promote transfer of intellec-
25	tual property and goods, services, or tech-

nologies developed by Manufacturing USA
Network activities to domestic manufactur-
ers.
(iii) Measures to assist with supplier
scouting and other supply chain develop-
ment, including the use of the Hollings
Manufacturing Extension Partnership to
carry out such measures.
(iv) A process to review and approve
or deny membership in a Manufacturing
USA institute by foreign-owned companies,
especially from countries of concern, in-
cluding the People's Republic of China.
(v) Measures to prioritize Federal pro-
curement of goods, services, or technologies
developed by the Manufacturing USA Net-
work activities from domestic sources, as
appropriate.
(C) Processes for waivers.—The poli-
cies established under this paragraph shall in-
clude processes to permit waivers, on a case by
case basis, for policies that promote domestic
production based on cost, availability, severity
of technical and mission requirements, emer-

gency requirements, operational needs, other

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legal or international treaty obligations, or other factors deemed important to the success of the Manufacturing USA Program.

(3) Prohibition.—

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- (A) COMPANY DEFINED.—In this paragraph, the term "company" has the meaning given such term in section 847(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116–92; 10 U.S.C. 2509 note).
- 11 (B) IN GENERAL.—A company of the Peo-12 ple's Republic of China may not participate in 13 the Manufacturing USA Program or the Manu-14 facturing USA Network without a waiver, as 15 described in paragraph (2)(C).

16 SEC. 10. TECHNOLOGY COMMERCIALIZATION REVIEW.

- 17 (a) Key Technology Focus Areas Defined.—In
- 18 this section, the term "key technology focus areas" means
- 19 the areas included on the most recent list under section
- 20 8A(d)(2) of the National Science Foundation Act of 1950.
- 21 (b) REVIEW AND RECOMMENDATIONS REQUIRED.—
- 22 Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment
- 23 of this Act, the Director of the Office of Science and Tech-
- 24 nology Policy, in consultation with the Director of the Na-

1	tional Science Foundation and the Director of the Na-
2	tional Institute of Standards and Technology, shall—
3	(1) review—
4	(A) the structure of current technology re-
5	search and commercialization arrangements
6	with regard to public-private partnerships; and
7	(B) the extent to which intellectual prop-
8	erty developed with Federal funding—
9	(i) has been used by foreign business
10	entities;
11	(ii) is being used to manufacture in
12	the United States rather than in other
13	countries; and
14	(iii) is being used by foreign business
15	entities domiciled or by foreign business
16	entities affiliated with or subsidiary to for-
17	eign business entities in the People's Re-
18	public of China.
19	(2) develop recommendations for such legisla-
20	tive or administrative action as may be necessary—
21	(A) to further incentivize industry partici-
22	pation in public-private partnerships for the
23	purposes of accelerating technology research
24	and commercialization, including alternate ways

1	of accounting for in-kind contributions and
2	value of partially manufactured products;
3	(B) to ensure that intellectual property de-
4	veloped with Federal funding is commercialized
5	in the United States; and
6	(C) to ensure that intellectual property de-
7	veloped with Federal funding is not being used
8	by foreign business entities or by foreign busi-
9	ness entities affiliated with or subsidiary to for-
10	eign business entities domiciled in the People's
11	Republic of China; and
12	(3) submit to the Secretary of Commerce and
13	Congress—
14	(A) the findings of the Director of the Of-
15	fice of Science and Technology Policy with re-
16	spect to the reviews conducted under paragraph
17	(1); and
18	(B) the recommendations developed under
19	paragraph (2)

1	SEC. 11. STUDY ON EMERGING SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY
2	CHALLENGES FACED BY THE UNITED STATES
3	AND RECOMMENDATIONS TO ADDRESS
4	THEM.
5	(a) Short Title.—This section may be cited as the
6	"National Strategy to Ensure American Leadership Act
7	of 2021" or the "National SEAL Act of 2021".
8	(b) Study.—
9	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Commerce
10	(referred to in this section as the "Secretary") shall
11	seek to enter into an agreement with the National
12	Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine to
13	conduct a study—
14	(A) to identify the 10 most critical emerge
15	ing science and technology challenges facing the
16	United States; and
17	(B) to develop recommendations for legis-
18	lative or administrative action to ensure United
19	States leadership in matters relating to such
20	challenges.
21	(2) Elements.—The study conducted under
22	paragraph (1) shall include identification, review
23	and evaluation of the following:
24	(A) Matters pertinent to identification of
25	the challenges described in paragraph (1)(A).

1	(B) Matters relating to the recommenda-
2	tions developed under paragraph (1)(B), includ-
3	ing with respect to education and workforce de-
4	velopment necessary to address each of the
5	challenges identified under paragraph $(1)(A)$.
6	(C) Matters related to the review of key
7	technology areas by the Directorate for Tech-
8	nology and Innovation of the National Science
9	Foundation under section 8A(d) of the National
10	Science Foundation Act of 1950.
11	(D) An assessment of the current relative
12	balance in leadership in addressing the chal-
13	lenges identified in paragraph (1)(A) between
14	the United States, allies or key partners of the
15	United States, and the People's Republic of
16	China.
17	(3) Timeframe.—
18	(A) AGREEMENT.—The Secretary shall
19	seek to enter into the agreement required by
20	paragraph (1) on or before the date that is 60
21	days after the date of enactment of this Act.
22	(B) FINDINGS.—Under an agreement en-
23	tered into under paragraph (1), the National
24	Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medi-

cine shall, not later than 1 year after the date

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1	on which the Secretary and the National Acad-
2	emies enter into such agreement, transmit to
3	the Secretary the findings of the National
4	Academies with respect to the study conducted
5	pursuant to such agreement.
6	(c) Report.—
7	(1) In general.—Not later than 30 days after
8	the date on which the Secretary receives the findings
9	of the National Academies of Sciences, Engineering,
10	and Medicine with respect to the study conducted
11	under subsection (b), the Secretary shall submit to
12	Congress a "Strategy to Ensure American Leader-
13	ship" report on such study.
14	(2) Contents.—The report submitted under
15	paragraph (1) shall include the following:
16	(A) The findings of the National Acad-
17	emies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine
18	with respect to the study conducted under sub-
19	section (b).
20	(B) The conclusions of the Secretary with
21	respect to such findings.
22	(C) The recommendations developed under
23	subsection (b)(1)(B).
24	(D) Such other recommendations for legis-
25	lative or administrative action as the Secretary

- 1 may have with respect to such findings and con-2 clusions.
- 3 (3) Classified annex.—The report submitted 4 under paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassi-5 fied form, but may include a classified annex if the 6 Secretary determines appropriate.
- 7 (d) Information From Federal Agencies.—
- 8 (1) IN GENERAL.—The National Academies of 9 Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine may secure di-10 rectly from a Federal department or agency such in-11 formation as the National Academies of Sciences, 12 Engineering, and Medicine consider necessary to 13 carry out the study under subsection (b).
- 14 (2) FURNISHING INFORMATION.—On request of 15 the National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, 16 and Medicine for information, the head of the de-17 partment or agency shall furnish such information to 18 the National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, 19 and Medicine.
- 20 (e) Consultation.—The Secretary of Defense and 21 the Director of National Intelligence shall provide support 22 upon request from the Secretary of Commerce or the Na-
- 23 tional Academies to carry out this section.
- 24 (f) Non-Duplication of Effort.—In carrying out 25 subsection (b), the Secretary shall, to the degree prac-

1	ticable, coordinate with the steering committee established
2	under section 236(a) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry
3	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021
4	(Public Law 116–283).
5	SEC. 12. COORDINATION OF ACTIVITIES.
6	The Director of the Office of Science and Technology
7	Policy, the Director of the National Economic Council, the
8	Director of the Office of Management and Budget, the Di-
9	rector of the National Science Foundation, the Secretary
10	of Commerce, and the Secretary of Energy shall, as appli-
11	cable, coordinate with respect to activities of—
12	(1) the university technology centers established
13	under section 8A(d)(6) of the National Science
14	Foundation Act of 1950;
15	(2) the regional technology hubs under section
16	28 of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation
17	Act of 1980, as added by section 7;
18	(3) the Manufacturing USA Program estab-
19	lished under section 34(b)(1) of the National Insti-
20	tute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C.
21	278s(b)(1);

(4) Federally funded research and development

23 centers;

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1	(5) National Laboratories, as defined in section
2	2 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C.
3	15801); and
4	(6) Federal laboratories, as defined in section 4
5	of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act
6	of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3703).
7	SEC. 13. PERSON OR ENTITY OF CONCERN PROHIBITION.
8	No person published on the list under section 1237(b)
9	of the Strom Thurmond National Defense Authorization
10	Act for Fiscal Year 1999 (Public Law 105–261; 50 U.S.C.
11	1701 note) or entity identified under section 1260H of
12	the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Au-
13	thorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–
14	283) may receive or participate in any grant, award, pro-
15	gram, support, or other activity under—
16	(1) section 8A of the National Science Founda-
17	tion Act of 1950 (Public Law 81–507), as added by
18	section 3;
19	(2) the Endless Frontier Fund under section 4;
20	(3) the supply chain resiliency program under
21	section 6;
22	(4) section 28(b)(1) of the Stevenson-Wydler
23	Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (Public Law 96–
24	480), as added by section 7(a);

1	(5) section 29 of the Stevenson-Wydler Tech-
2	nology Innovation Act of 1980 (Public Law 96–
3	480), as added by section 8; or
4	(6) the Manufacturing USA Program, as im-
5	proved and expanded under section 9.

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