117TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 7716

To help persons in the United States experiencing homelessness and significant behavioral health issues, including substance use disorders, by authorizing a grant program within the Department of Housing and Urban Development to assist State and local governments, Continuums of Care, community-based organizations that administer both health and homelessness services, and providers of services to people experiencing homelessness, better coordinate health care and homelessness services, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

May 11, 2022

Ms. Dean introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Financial Services

A BILL

To help persons in the United States experiencing homelessness and significant behavioral health issues, including substance use disorders, by authorizing a grant program within the Department of Housing and Urban Development to assist State and local governments, Continuums of Care, community-based organizations that administer both health and homelessness services, and providers of services to people experiencing homelessness, better coordinate health care and homelessness services, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Coordinating Sub-
- 5 stance Use and Homelessness Care Act of 2022".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress finds the following:
- 8 (1) The United States has a homelessness cri-
- 9 sis, with more than 580,000 people experiencing
- 10 homelessness on a single night according to the De-
- 11 partment of Housing and Urban Development's
- 12 2020 Annual Homeless Assessment Report to Con-
- 13 gress.
- 14 (2) While the lack of affordable housing is the
- primary driver of homelessness, behavioral health
- 16 conditions, including substance use disorders, can
- exacerbate homelessness and can also be a con-
- 18 sequence of homelessness.
- 19 (3) Research shows that people experiencing
- 20 homelessness have higher rates of substance use dis-
- order than people with housing stability. Some peo-
- 22 ple who experience homelessness use substances to
- cope with the trauma and deprivations of their cir-
- cumstances, but substance use disorders frequently

- 1 make it more difficult for people experiencing home-2 lessness to secure permanent housing.
 - (4) Many individuals with substance use disorder who experience homelessness have co-occurring illnesses. The combined effect of physical illness, mental illness, and lack of housing results in higher mortality rates for individuals experiencing homelessness.
 - (5) Safely and securely housing individuals who are experiencing both homelessness and behavioral health issues, including substance use disorders, often requires supportive services and close coordination between housing and social service providers, in addition to low-barrier, affordable housing. Subsidized housing is critical, but not enough—access to additional voluntary person-centered supportive services is needed.
 - (6) Nevertheless, it is imperative that when people experiencing homelessness, including those with a behavioral health condition such as substance use disorder, choose to seek help that housing as well as health care and person-centered supportive services be coordinated, particularly given their acute needs and the significant costs incurred by

- communities for law enforcement, correctional, and emergency department care for failing to do so.
 - (7) Providing access to health care and voluntary person-centered supportive services can be beneficial in securing and successfully maintaining stable housing.
 - (8) Integration of health and homelessness services to achieve optimal outcomes for people experiencing homelessness, significant behavioral health conditions such as substance use disorder, and other health conditions can be challenging for State and local governments, continuums of care, and community-based organizations that administer both health and homelessness services and providers of homelessness services.
 - (9) Capacity-building is needed to create systems-level linkages between the two sets of services to allow for smoother pathways and simpler navigation.
 - (10) Black, Hispanic, and Indigenous people are disproportionately underserved by person-centered supportive services. In order to address critical services deficits and affirmatively serve protected classes of people with significant behavioral health conditions, including substance use disorders, who

are experiencing homelessness, the grant program
established under this Act can be used to build the
capacities of homelessness services providers that
have demonstrated cultural competencies in service
provision and a record of serving Black, Hispanic,
and Indigenous people and other underserved populations experiencing homelessness that also suffer
from substance use disorders.

9 SEC. 3. ESTABLISHMENT OF GRANT PROGRAM.

10 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Housing and
11 Urban Development (in this Act referred to as the "Sec12 retary"), in consultation with the working group estab13 lished pursuant to subsection (b), shall establish a grant
14 program to award competitive grants to eligible entities
15 to build or increase their capacities for the better coordi16 nation of health care and homelessness services for people
17 who are experiencing homelessness and significant behav18 ioral health issues, including substance use disorders, and
19 are voluntarily seeking assistance.

(b) Working Group.—

(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish an interagency working group to provide advice to the Secretary in carrying out the program under subsection (a). The working group shall include representatives from the Department of Hous-

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- ing and Urban Development, the United States
 Interagency Council on Homelessness, Department
 of Health and Human Services, Department of Agriculture, and Bureau of Indian Affairs, to be appointed by the heads of such agencies.
 - (2) Development of assistance tools.—
 The working group shall, not later than 12 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, develop training, tools, and other technical assistance materials that simplify homelessness services for providers of health care and simplify health care services for providers of homelessness services by identifying the basic elements the health and homelessness sectors need to understand about the other, and shall circulate such materials to interested entities, particularly those who apply for grants awarded pursuant to this Act.

(c) Capacity-Building Grants.—

- (1) In General.—The Secretary shall award 5-year grants to eligible entities, which shall be used only to build or increase their capacities to coordinate health care and homelessness services.
- (2) Prohibition.—None of the proceeds from the grants awarded pursuant to this Act may be used to pay for health care, with the exception of ef-

1	forts to increase the availability of Naloxone and
2	provide training for its administration, or rent.
3	(3) Amount.—The amount awarded to an enti-
4	ty under a grant under this subsection shall not ex-
5	ceed \$500,000.
6	(4) Eligibility.—To be eligible to receive a
7	grant under this subsection an entity shall—
8	(A) be—
9	(i) a governmental entity (at the coun-
10	ty, city, regional, or locality level);
11	(ii) an Indian tribe, a Tribally des-
12	ignated housing entity, or a Tribal organi-
13	zation;
14	(iii) a public housing agency admin-
15	istering housing choice vouchers; or
16	(iv) a continuum of care or nonprofit
17	organization designated by the continuum
18	of care;
19	(B) be responsible for homelessness serv-
20	ices;
21	(C) provide such assurances as the Sec-
22	retary shall require that, in carrying out activi-
23	ties with amounts from the grant, the entity
24	will ensure that services are culturally com-
25	petent, meet the needs of the people being

1	served, and follow trauma-informed best prac-
2	tices to address those needs using a harm re-
3	duction approach; and
4	(D) demonstrate how its capacity to co-
5	ordinate health care and homelessness services
6	to better serve people experiencing homelessness
7	and significant behavioral health issues, includ-
8	ing substance use disorders, can be increased
9	through—
10	(i) the designation of a governmental
11	official as a coordinator for making con-
12	nections between health and homelessness
13	services and developing a strategy for
14	using those services in a holistic way to
15	help people experiencing homelessness and
16	behavioral health conditions such as sub-
17	stance use disorders, including those with
18	cooccurring conditions;
19	(ii) improvements in infrastructure at
20	the systems level;
21	(iii) improvements in technology for
22	voluntary remote monitoring capabilities,
23	including internet and video, which can
24	allow for more home- and community-

based behavioral health care services and

1	ensure such improvements maintain effec-
2	tive communication requirements for per-
3	sons with disabilities and program access
4	for persons with limited English pro-
5	ficiency;
6	(iv) improvements in connections to
7	health care services delivered by providers
8	experienced in behavioral health care and
9	people experiencing homelessness;
10	(v) efforts to increase the availability
11	of Naloxone and provide training for its
12	administration; and
13	(vi) any additional activities identified
14	by the Secretary that will advance the co-
15	ordination of homelessness assistance,
16	housing, and substance use services and
17	other health care services.
18	(5) ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES.—An eligible grantee
19	receiving a grant under this subsection may use the
20	grant to cover costs related to—
21	(A) hiring system coordinators; and
22	(B) administrative costs, including staffing
23	costs, technology costs, and other such costs
24	identified by the Secretary.

(6) DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS.—An eligible grantee receiving a grant under this subsection may distribute all or a portion of the grant amounts to private nonprofit organizations, other government entities, public housing agencies, tribally designated housing entities, or other entities as determined by the Secretary to carry out programs and activities in accordance with this section.

(7) Oversight requirements.—

- (A) Annual reports.—Not later than 6 years after the date on which grant amounts are first received by an eligible entity, such entity shall submit to the Secretary a report on the activities carried out under the grant. Such report shall include, with respect to activities carried out with grant amounts in the community served—
 - (i) measures of outcomes relating to whether people experiencing homelessness and significant behavioral health issues, including substance use disorders, who sought help from an entity that received a grant—

1	(I) were housed and did not ex-
2	perience intermittent periods of home-
3	lessness;
4	(II) were voluntarily enrolled in
5	treatment and recovery programs;
6	(III) experienced improvements
7	in their health;
8	(IV) obtained access to specific
9	primary care providers; and
10	(V) have health care plans that
11	meet their individual needs, including
12	access to mental health and substance
13	use disorder treatment and recovery
14	services;
15	(ii) how grant funds were used; and
16	(iii) any other matters determined ap-
17	propriate by the Secretary.
18	(B) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in
19	this subsection may be construed to condition
20	the receipt of future housing and other services
21	by individuals assisted with activities and serv-
22	ices provided with grant amounts on the out-
23	comes detailed in the reports submitted under
24	this subsection.
25	(8) Definitions.—In this section:

- 1 (A) Indian Tribe; Tribal Organiza-2 TION.—The terms "Indian Tribe" and "Tribal organization" have the meanings given such 3 4 terms in section 4 of the Indian Self-Deter-5 mination and Education Assistance Act (25) 6 U.S.C. 5304) and shall include tribally des-7 ignated housing entities (as such term is de-8 fined in section 4 of the Native American Hous-9 ing Assistance and Self-Determination Act of 10 1996 (25 U.S.C. 4103)) and entities that serve Native Hawaiians (as such term is defined in 12 section 338K(c) of the Public Health Service 13 Act (42 U.S.C. 254s(c))).
 - (B) Person experiencing homeless-NESS.—The term "person experiencing homelessness" has the same meaning as the terms "homeless", "homeless individual", and "homeless person" as those terms are defined in the McKinney-Vento Act (42 U.S.C. 11302).
 - USE DISORDER.—The SUBSTANCE term "substance use disorder" means the disorder that occurs when the recurrent use of alcohol or drugs, or both, causes clinically significant impairment, including health problems,

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- disability, and failure to meet major responsibil-
- 2 ities at work, school, or home.
- 3 (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
- 4 authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section,
- 5 \$20,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2027,
- 6 of which not less than 5 percent of such funds shall be
- 7 awarded to Indian tribes and tribal organizations.