117TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 8126

To improve the procedures of the national instant criminal background check system in the case of firearm transfers by federally licensed firearms importers, manufacturers, and dealers before the completion of the related criminal background check, and to provide for annual reports on default firearm transfers.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

June 16, 2022

Mr. Schneider (for himself, Mr. Quigley, Mr. Panetta, and Mr. Deutch) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To improve the procedures of the national instant criminal background check system in the case of firearm transfers by federally licensed firearms importers, manufacturers, and dealers before the completion of the related criminal background check, and to provide for annual reports on default firearm transfers.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Default Proceed Sale
- 5 Transparency Act".

SEC. 2. IMPROVEMENT OF NICS PROCEDURES IN THE CASE 2 OF DEFAULT FIREARM TRANSFERS. 3 (a) Requirement That Federally Licensed FIREARM IMPORTERS, MANUFACTURERS, AND DEALERS 5 REPORT DEFAULT FIREARM TRANSFERS.— 6 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 922(t) of title 18, 7 United States Code, is amended by adding at the 8 end the following: 9 "(7) A licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, or licensed dealer who transfers a firearm in compliance with 10 11 paragraph (1), but before the national instant criminal background check system provides the licensee with a 13 unique identification number, shall report the transfer to the Federal Bureau of Investigation within 24 hours. If 15 a State or local law enforcement authority is conducting 16 the related background check, the Federal Bureau of In-

(2) Creation of online portal and telephone Hotline.—Within 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Attorney General shall create an online portal and telephone hotline, that are to be used exclusively for the purpose of reporting sufficient information to allow the Federal Bureau of Investigation to prioritize background checks in accordance with section 40901(j) of title 34, United States Code.

vestigation shall transmit the report to that authority.".

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- 1 (b) Prioritization of NICS Background Checks
- 2 Relating to Default Firearm Transfers.—Section
- 3 103 of the Brady Handgun Violence Prevention Act (34
- 4 U.S.C. 40901) is amended by redesignating subsections
- 5 (j) and (k) as subsections (k) and (l) and inserting after
- 6 subsection (i) the following:
- 7 "(j) Prioritization of Background Checks Re-
- 8 LATED TO DEFAULT FIREARM TRANSFERS.—In the case
- 9 of a transfer referred to in section 922(t)(7) of title 18,
- 10 United States Code, the system established under this sec-
- 11 tion shall give priority to completing the background check
- 12 relating to the transfer.".
- 13 (c) Prohibition on Destruction of Records
- 14 Relating to Firearm Transfer Before Completion
- 15 of Background Check.—Section 103 of the Brady
- 16 Handgun Violence Prevention Act (34 U.S.C. 40901), as
- 17 amended by subsection (b) of this section, is amended by
- 18 redesignating subsections (k) and (l) as subsections (l)
- 19 and (m) and inserting after subsection (j) the following:
- 20 "(k) Prohibition on Destruction of Records
- 21 Relating to Firearm Transfer Before Completion
- 22 OF RELATED BACKGROUND CHECK.—The system estab-
- 23 lished under this section may not destroy any records of
- 24 the system relating to a proposed or completed firearm
- 25 transfer, before completion of the criminal background

1	check with respect to the prospective or actual trans-
2	feree.".
3	SEC. 3. ANNUAL REPORTS ON DEFAULT FIREARM TRANS
4	FERS.
5	(a) In General.—Within 300 days after the date
6	of the enactment of this Act and annually thereafter, the
7	Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall
8	make accessible to the public a written report on—
9	(1) the number of firearms transferred as de-
10	scribed in section 922(t)(7) of title 18, United
11	States Code, during the period covered by the re-
12	port, disaggregated by State;
13	(2) the number of the firearms described in
14	paragraph (1) of this subsection with respect to
15	which the national instant criminal background
16	check system established under section 103 of the
17	Brady Handgun Violence Prevention Act completed
18	the background check;
19	(3) of the number described by paragraph (2)
20	of this subsection—
21	(A) the number with respect to which the
22	system provided the unique identification num-
23	ber under section 922(t)(1)(B)(i) of such title
24	and

- 1 (B) the number with respect to which in2 formation available to the system demonstrated
 3 that receipt of a firearm by the transferee
 4 would violate subsection (g) or (n) of section
 5 922 of such title or State law; and
 6 (C) in each case described by subpara-
 - (C) in each case described by subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, the reason for indicating that the receipt would be a violation referred to in such subparagraph (B), including any specific prohibiting criteria that would bar the transferee from receipt of a firearm;
 - (4) of the number described by paragraph (3)(B) of this subsection, the number of firearms that were retrieved from the transferee, and the number of firearms that were not retrieved from the transferee, with each number broken down by the field division of the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives and the State involved;
 - (5) in the case of the first report under this section, the number of requests for criminal background checks received by the system in the preceding 5 years the records of which were purged from the system without resolution; and
 - (6) the number of licensed importers, licensed manufacturers, or licensed dealers who transferred

1	firearms as described in section $922(t)(7)$ of such
2	title during the period covered by the report,
3	disaggregated by the State of sale.
4	(b) In General.—Within 300 days after the date
5	of the enactment of this Act and annually thereafter, the
6	Director of the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and
7	Explosives shall make accessible to the public a written
8	report on—
9	(1) the average time between receipt and recov-
10	ery of a firearm transferred as described in section
11	922(t)(7) of title 18, United States Code, during the
12	period covered by the report, where receipt by the
13	transferee violated subsection (g) or (n) of section
14	922 of such title or State law;
15	(2) the number of firearms transferred as de-
16	scribed in such section 922(t)(7) during the period
17	covered by the report, that were recovered as part of
18	a criminal investigation, where receipt by the trans-
19	feree violated such subsection (g) or (n) or State
20	law, disaggregated by State; and
21	(3) of the number described by paragraph (2)
22	of this subsection—
23	(A) the total number of firearms that were
24	recovered by law enforcement in States other
25	than the State the firearm was transferred by

1	a licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, or
2	licensed dealer as described in such section
3	922(t); and
4	(B) the information outlined in subpara-
5	graph (A) of this paragraph, disaggregated
6	by—
7	(i) the State where the firearm was
8	recovered; and
9	(ii) the State where the firearm was
10	transferred as described in such section
11	922(t).
12	(c) Rule of Interpretation.—A report under
13	subsection (a) shall be considered an annual statistical re-
14	port and statistical aggregate data for purposes of the
15	sixth proviso under the heading "BUREAU OF ALCOHOL,
16	TOBACCO, FIREARMS AND EXPLOSIVES—SALARIES AND
17	Expenses" in the Department of Justice Appropriations
18	Act 2012 (title II of division B of Public Law 112-55)