117TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 6779

To direct the Secretary of Energy to establish a program to reduce the vulnerability of the electric grid to physical attack, cyber attack, and other events, including by ensuring that large power transformers and other critical electric grid equipment are strategically located to ensure timely replacement of such equipment as may be necessary, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

February 18, 2022

Mr. Lamb (for himself and Mr. Gonzalez of Ohio) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

A BILL

To direct the Secretary of Energy to establish a program to reduce the vulnerability of the electric grid to physical attack, cyber attack, and other events, including by ensuring that large power transformers and other critical electric grid equipment are strategically located to ensure timely replacement of such equipment as may be necessary, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 2 This Act may be cited as the "Grid Resilience and
- 3 Infrastructure Depot Act of 2022" or the "GRID Act of
- 4 2022".

5 SEC. 2. STRATEGIC TRANSFORMER RESERVE AND RESIL-

6 IENCE PROGRAM.

- 7 (a) Establishment.—The Secretary shall establish
- 8 a program to reduce the vulnerability of the electric grid
- 9 to physical attack, cyber attack, electromagnetic pulse,
- 10 geomagnetic disturbances, severe weather, climate change,
- 11 and seismic events, including by—
- (1) ensuring that large power transformers,
- generator step-up transformers, power conversion
- equipment, and other critical electric grid equipment
- are strategically located to ensure timely replace-
- ment of such equipment as may be necessary to re-
- store electric grid function rapidly in the event of se-
- vere damage to the electric grid due to physical at-
- 19 tack, cyber attack, electromagnetic pulse, geo-
- 20 magnetic disturbances, severe weather, climate
- change, or seismic events; and
- 22 (2) establishing a coordinated plan to facilitate
- transportation of large power transformers, gener-
- ator step-up transformers, power conversion equip-
- 25 ment, and other critical electric grid equipment.

- 1 (b) Transformer Resilience.—In carrying out 2 the program established under subsection (a), the Sec-3 retary shall—
- 4 (1) improve large power transformers, gener-5 ator step-up transformers, power conversion equip-6 ment, and other critical electric grid equipment by 7 reducing their vulnerabilities;
 - (2) develop, test, and deploy innovative equipment designs that are more flexible and offer greater resiliency of electric grid functions;
 - (3) coordinate with industry and manufacturers to standardize large power transformers, generator step-up transformers, power conversion equipment, and other critical electric grid equipment;
 - (4) monitor and test large power transformers, generator step-up transformers, power conversion equipment, and other critical electric grid equipment that the Secretary determines may pose a risk to the bulk-power system or national security; and
 - (5) facilitate the domestic manufacturing of large power transformers, generator step-up transformers, power conversion equipment, and other critical electric grid equipment through the issuance of grants and loans, and through the provision of technical support.

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(c) STRATEGIC EQUIPMENT RESERVES.—

- (1) Authorization.—In carrying out the program established under subsection (a), the Secretary may establish one or more federally owned strategic equipment reserves, as appropriate, to ensure nationwide access to large power transformers, generator step-up transformers, power conversion equipment, and other critical electric grid equipment.
- (2) Consideration.—In establishing any federally owned strategic equipment reserve, the Secretary may consider existing spare transformer and equipment programs and requirements established by the private sector, Regional Transmission Organizations, Independent System Operators, and State regulatory authorities.

(3) Iron and Steel.—

(A) In General.—In establishing any federally owned strategic equipment reserve, no Federal funds shall be used for the purchase of large power transformers, generator step-up transformers, power conversion equipment, or other critical electric grid equipment unless all of the iron and steel products used in such equipment are produced in the United States.

(B) Waiver.—

1	(i) In General.—The Secretary shall
2	waive application of subparagraph (A) in
3	any case or category of cases in which the
4	Secretary finds that—
5	(I) applying subparagraph (A)
6	would be inconsistent with the public
7	interest;
8	(II) iron and steel products are
9	not produced in the United States in
10	sufficient and reasonably available
11	quantities or of a satisfactory quality;
12	or
13	(III) inclusion of iron and steel
14	products produced in the United
15	States will increase the cost of the ap-
16	plicable large power transformers,
17	generator step-up transformers, power
18	conversion equipment, or other critical
19	electric grid equipment by more than
20	25 percent.
21	(ii) Process.—Before issuing a waiv-
22	er under this subparagraph, the Secretary
23	shall—
24	(I) make publicly available in an
25	easily accessible location on a website

1	designated by the Office of Manage-
2	ment and Budget and on the website
3	of the Department of Energy a de-
4	tailed written explanation for the pro-
5	posed determination to issue the waiv-
6	er; and
7	(II) provide a period of not less
8	than 15 days for public comment on
9	the proposed waiver.
10	(C) International agreements.—This
11	paragraph shall be applied in a manner con-
12	sistent with United States obligations under
13	international agreements.
14	(D) Definitions.—In this paragraph—
15	(i) the term "iron and steel products"
16	includes electrical steel used in the manu-
17	facture of—
18	(I) transformers; and
19	(II) laminations, cores, and other
20	transformer components; and
21	(ii) in the case of iron and steel prod-
22	ucts, the term "produced in the United
23	States" means that all manufacturing
24	processes, from the initial melting stage

- 1 through the application of coatings, oc-
- 2 curred in the United States.
- 3 (d) Consultation.—The program established under
- 4 subsection (a) shall be carried out in consultation with the
- 5 Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, the Electricity
- 6 Subsector Coordinating Council, the Electric Reliability
- 7 Organization, manufacturers, and owners and operators of
- 8 critical electric infrastructure and defense and military in-
- 9 stallations.
- 10 (e) Prevailing Wages.—Any laborer or mechanic
- 11 employed by any contractor or subcontractor in the per-
- 12 formance of work funded directly, or assisted in whole or
- 13 in part, by the Federal Government pursuant to this sec-
- 14 tion shall be paid wages at rates not less than those pre-
- 15 vailing on work of a similar character in the locality, as
- 16 determined by the Secretary of Labor under subchapter
- 17 IV of chapter 31 of title 40, United States Code (com-
- 18 monly referred to as the Davis-Bacon Act). With respect
- 19 to the labor standards in this subsection, the Secretary
- 20 of Labor shall have the authority and functions set forth
- 21 in Reorganization Plan Numbered 14 of 1950 (64 Stat.
- 22 1267; 5 U.S.C. App.) and section 3145 of title 40, United
- 23 States Code.
- 24 (f) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is
- 25 authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section

- 1 \$75,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026,
- 2 and such amounts shall remain available until expended.
- 3 (g) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- 4 (1) Bulk-power system; electric reli-
- 5 ABILITY ORGANIZATION.—The terms "bulk-power
- 6 system" and "Electric Reliability Organization"
- 7 have the meaning given such terms in section 215
- 8 of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 824o).
- 9 (2) Critical electric infrastructure.—
- The term "critical electric infrastructure" has the
- meaning given such term in section 215A of the
- 12 Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 8240–1).
- 13 (3) Independent system operator; re-
- 14 GIONAL TRANSMISSION ORGANIZATION STATE REGU-
- 15 LATORY AUTHORITY.—The terms "Regional Trans-
- mission Organization", "Independent System Oper-
- ator", and "State regulatory authority" have the
- meaning given such terms in section 3 of the Fed-
- 19 eral Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796).
- 20 (4) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
- 21 the Secretary of Energy.