117TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 8337

To require the Secretary of Energy to carry out a carbon sequestration research initiative, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

July 12, 2022

Mr. Lucas (for himself, Mr. Thompson of Pennsylvania, and Mr. Westerman) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology, and in addition to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To require the Secretary of Energy to carry out a carbon sequestration research initiative, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Carbon Sequestration
- 5 Collaboration Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. CARBON SEQUESTRATION RESEARCH INITIATIVE.
- 7 (a) In General.—The Secretary of Energy, in co-
- 8 ordination with the Secretary of the Interior and the Sec-

- retary of Agriculture, shall establish an initiative to evalu-
- 2 ate terrestrial carbon sequestration and carbon sequestra-
- 3 tion in geologic formations to—
- 4 (1) enhance the scientific understanding of, and 5 reduce uncertainties associated with, the long- and 6 short-term behavior and potential environmental ef-7 fects of sequestered carbon;
- 8 (2) inform improved risk-assessment methods, 9 risk-management practices, and standards with re-10 spect to the sequestration of carbon on large and small scales; and
- 12 (3) provide reference data needed for the devel-13 opment and demonstration of new carbon sequestra-14 tion technologies.
- 15 (b) Initiative Components.—In carrying out the initiative under subsection (a), the Secretary of Energy, 16 in coordination with the Secretary of the Interior and the

Secretary of Agriculture, shall—

- 19 (1) identify scientific challenges for widespread 20 adoption of terrestrial carbon sequestration and car-21 bon sequestration in geological formations, including 22 in shallow formations and sites not used for en-23 hanced oil recovery;
- 24 (2) develop, in coordination with relevant Fed-25 eral agencies' research efforts, a long-term strategic

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- and prioritized research agenda to address such scientific challenges; and
 - (3) leverage for the advancement of modeling and analysis the collective body of knowledge and data, including experience and resources from existing carbon utilization and sequestration research, entities, and demonstrations, from—
 - (A) the United States Geological Survey, the Agricultural Research Service, and the national Carbon Utilization Research Center;
 - (B) the Department of Energy, including the Office of Science; and
 - (C) other Federal agencies, research communities, and users of the reference data referred to in subsection (a)(3), including the National Institute of Food and Agriculture, the National Science Foundation, the Forest Service, and the Natural Resources Conservation Service.
- 20 (c) PRIORITIES.—In carrying out the initiative under 21 subsection (a), the Secretary of Energy shall prioritize 22 joint research with relevant Federal agencies, including 23 the agencies specified in subsection (b)(3)(C), to achieve 24 the following objectives:

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- 1 (1) Increasing the understanding and develop2 ment of permanent terrestrial carbon sequestration,
 3 including through organic soil carbon sequestration,
 4 soil carbon mineralization, artificial reforestation,
 5 and carbon mineralization utilizing mine tailings.
 - (2) Developing computational tools and data sharing practices to assess and manage potential environmental impacts at geologic formations and terrestrial carbon storage sites across a variety of ecosystems.
 - (3) Collecting, identifying, and utilizing data needed to increase the understanding of terrestrial carbon sequestration, in particular carbon sequestered through agricultural practices and conservation agriculture, such as rangeland and grazing management, soil cover, and crop rotations.
 - (4) Advancing the commercialization of new and existing sequestration technologies or methods.
- 19 (d) COORDINATION.—The Secretary of Energy shall 20 carry out the initiative under subsection (a) with and avoid 21 unnecessary duplication of the following:
- 22 (1) Other research entities of the Department 23 of Energy, including the National Laboratories and 24 the Advanced Research Projects Agency—Energy.

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- 1 (2) Research entities, services, and partnerships 2 of the Department of Agriculture, including the Ag-3 ricultural Research Service, the Natural Resources 4 Conservation Service, and the Forest Service.
- (3) Research entities of the Department of theInterior.
- 7 (e) Research Plan.—Not later than two years after 8 the date of the enactment of this Act and annually thereafter, the Secretary of Energy shall submit to the Com-10 mittee on Science, Space, and Technology, the Committee on Natural Resources, and the Committee on Agriculture 12 of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate the long-15 term strategic and prioritized research agenda required pursuant to subsection (b)(2). 16
- 17 (f) Definitions.—In this section:
- 18 (1) Terrestrial carbon sequestration.— 19 The term "terrestrial carbon sequestration" means 20 carbon sequestration methods or technologies engi-21 neered by humans and targeted at rangelands, agri-22 cultural lands, or fallow lands to increase soil organic carbon levels or sequester carbon through 23 24 plant and root biomass, including through soil addi-25 tives, geochemical approaches, and other engineered

solutions that can increase the storage of produced carbon in inorganic or mineral forms, such as biochar and carbon mineralization utilizing mine tailings.

(2) Carbon Sequestration in Geologic Formations.—The term "carbon sequestration in geologic formations" means carbon sequestration methods or technologies utilizing existing permeable or porous formations in geologic basins.

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