## H. R. 5120

To establish an Independent Counsel on Pernicious Political Activities, and for other purposes.

#### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

August 27, 2021

Mr. Pascrell (for himself and Mr. Quigley) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Oversight and Reform, and in addition to the Committee on the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

### A BILL

To establish an Independent Counsel on Pernicious Political Activities, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Political Corruption
- 5 Review of Infractions for Misconduct by Executive Serv-
- 6 ants Act" or the "Political CRIMES Act".

1	SEC. 2. INDEPENDENT COUNSEL ON PERNICIOUS POLIT
2	ICAL ACTIVITIES.
3	(a) Applicability of Provisions of This Sec-
4	TION.—
5	(1) Preliminary investigation with re-
6	SPECT TO CERTAIN COVERED PERSONS.—The Attor-
7	ney General shall conduct a preliminary investiga-
8	tion in accordance with subsection (b) whenever the
9	Attorney General receives information sufficient to
10	constitute grounds to investigate whether any person
11	described in paragraph (2) may have violated, be-
12	tween January 20, 2009, and January 21, 2021—
13	(A) section 7323 or 7324 of title 5, United
14	States Code, as amended by this Act; or
15	(B) section 610 of title 18, United States
16	Code.
17	For purposes of this section, such a violation shall
18	be referred to as a "covered violation".
19	(2) Persons to whom paragraph (1) Ap-
20	PLIES.—The persons referred to in paragraph (1)
21	are—
22	(A) the President and Vice President;
23	(B) any individual serving in a position
24	listed in section 5312 of title 5, United States
25	Code;

- 1 (C) any individual working in the Execu2 tive Office of the President who is compensated
  3 at a rate of pay at or above level II of the Exec4 utive Schedule under section 5313 of title 5,
  5 United States Code;
  6 (D) any Assistant Attorney General and
  - (D) any Assistant Attorney General and any individual working in the Department of Justice who is compensated at a rate of pay at or above level III of the Executive Schedule under section 5314 of title 5, United States Code;
  - (E) the Director of Central Intelligence, the Deputy Director of Central Intelligence, and the Commissioner of Internal Revenue; and
  - (F) for a period of 1 year after leaving an office or position described in subparagraph (A), (B), (C), (D), or (E), each individual who held such office or position.
  - (3) Preliminary investigation with respect to other persons.—When the Attorney General determines that an investigation or prosecution of a person by the Department of Justice may result in a personal, financial, or political conflict of interest, the Attorney General may conduct a preliminary investigation of such person in accordance

1	with subsection (b) if the Attorney General receives
2	information sufficient to constitute grounds to inves-
3	tigate whether that person may have committed a
4	covered violation.
5	(4) Examination of information to deter-
6	MINE NEED FOR PRELIMINARY INVESTIGATION.—
7	(A) Factors to be considered.—In de-
8	termining whether grounds to investigate exist,
9	the Attorney General shall consider only—
10	(i) the specificity of the information
11	received; and
12	(ii) the credibility of the source of the
13	information.
14	(B) Time period for making deter-
15	MINATION.—The Attorney General shall deter-
16	mine whether grounds to investigate exist not
17	later than 30 days after the information is first
18	received. If within that 30-day period the Attor-
19	ney General determines that the information is
20	not specific or is not from a credible source,
21	then the Attorney General shall close the mat-
22	ter, and submit a report, not later than 7 days
23	thereafter to the Committee on the Judiciary of
24	the Senate and the Committee on the Judiciary
25	of the House of Representatives. If within that

30-day period the Attorney General determines that the information is specific and from a credible source, the Attorney General shall, upon making that determination, commence a preliminary investigation with respect to that information. If the Attorney General is unable to determine, within that 30-day period, whether the information is specific and from a credible source, the Attorney General shall, at the end of that 30-day period, commence a preliminary investigation with respect to that information.

#### (5) Recusal of attorney general.—

#### (A) When recusal is required.—

- (i) If information received under this section involves the Attorney General, the Attorney General shall recuse themselves by designating the next most senior official in the Department of Justice who is not also recused to perform the duties assigned under this section to the Attorney General.
- (ii) If information received under this section involves a person with whom the Attorney General has a personal or financial relationship, the Attorney General

shall recuse themselves by designating the
next most senior official in the Department
of Justice who is not also recused to perform the duties assigned under this section
to the Attorney General.

- (B) REQUIREMENTS FOR RECUSAL DETER-MINATION.—Before personally making other determination under this section with respect to information received under this section, the Attorney General shall determine under subparagraph (A)(ii) whether recusal is necessary. The Attorney General shall set forth this determination in writing, identify the facts considered by the Attorney General, and set forth the reasons for the recusal. The Attorney General shall file this determination with any notification or application submitted to the division of the court under this section with respect to such information.
- 20 (b) Preliminary Investigation and Application
   21 FOR APPOINTMENT OF AN INDEPENDENT COUNSEL.—
- 22 (1) CONDUCT OF PRELIMINARY INVESTIGA-23 TION.—
- 24 (A) IN GENERAL.—A preliminary inves-25 tigation conducted under this section shall be of

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such matters as the Attorney General considers appropriate in order to make a determination, under paragraph (2) or (3), on whether further investigation is warranted, with respect to each potential covered violation, or allegation of a covered violation. The Attorney General shall make such determination not later than 90 days after the preliminary investigation is commenced, except that, in the case of a preliminary investigation commenced after a congressional request under paragraph (7), the Attorney General shall make such determination not later than 90 days after the request is received. The Attorney General shall promptly notify the division of the court specified in subsection (c) of the commencement of such preliminary investigation and the date of such commencement.

(B) EXTENSION OF TIME FOR PRELIMINARY INVESTIGATION.—The Attorney General may apply to the division of the court for a single extension, for a period of not more than 60 days, of the 90-day period referred to in subparagraph (A). The division of the court may, upon a showing of good cause, grant such extension.

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(2) Determination that further investigation not warranted.—

(A) NOTIFICATION OF DIVISION OF THE COURT.—If the Attorney General, upon completion of a preliminary investigation under this section, determines that there are no reasonable grounds to believe that further investigation is warranted, the Attorney General shall promptly so notify the division of the court, and the division of the court shall have no power to appoint an independent counsel with respect to the matters involved. The division of the court shall issue a report in agreement with the Attorney General's investigation. The Inspector General of the Department of Justice shall review the Attorney General's determination to not continue an investigation and provide notification to the appropriate Congressional committees that such an investigation is underway within 3 days after the Attorney General's determination.

(B) FORM OF NOTIFICATION.—Such notification shall contain a summary of the information received and a summary of the results of the preliminary investigation.

1	(3) Determination that further inves-
2	TIGATION IS WARRANTED.—
3	(A) APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF
4	INDEPENDENT COUNSEL.—The Attorney Gen-
5	eral shall apply to the division of the court for
6	the appointment of an independent counsel if—
7	(i) the Attorney General, upon com-
8	pletion of a preliminary investigation under
9	this section, determines that there are rea-
10	sonable grounds to believe that further in-
11	vestigation is warranted; or
12	(ii) the 90-day period referred to in
13	paragraph (1)(A), and any extension
14	granted under paragraph (1)(C), have
15	elapsed and the Attorney General has not
16	filed a notification with the division of the
17	court under paragraph (2)(A).
18	In determining under this section whether rea-
19	sonable grounds exist to warrant further inves-
20	tigation, the Attorney General shall comply with
21	the written or other established policies of the
22	Department of Justice with respect to the con-
23	duct of criminal investigations.
24	(B) Receipt of additional informa-
25	TION.—If, after submitting a notification under

paragraph (2)(A), the Attorney General receives additional information sufficient to constitute grounds to investigate the matters to which such notification related, the Attorney General shall—

- (i) conduct such additional preliminary investigation as the Attorney General considers appropriate for a period of not more than 90 days after the date on which such additional information is received; and
- (ii) otherwise comply with the provisions of this subsection with respect to such additional preliminary investigation to the same extent as any other preliminary investigation under this section.
- (4) Contents of application.—Any application for the appointment of an independent counsel under this section shall contain sufficient information to assist the division of the court in selecting an independent counsel and in defining that independent counsel's prosecutorial jurisdiction so that the independent counsel has adequate authority to fully investigate and prosecute the subject matter and all matters related to that subject matter.

- otherwise provided in this section or as is deemed necessary for law enforcement purposes, no officer or employee of the Department of Justice or an office of independent counsel may, without leave of the division of the court, disclose to any individual outside the Department of Justice or such office any notification, application, or any other document, materials, or memorandum supplied to the division of the court under this section. Nothing in this section shall be construed as authorizing the withholding of information from the Congress.
  - (6) Limitation on Judicial Review.—The Attorney General's determination under this section to apply to the division of the court for the appointment of an independent counsel shall not be reviewable in any court.

#### (7) Congressional request.—

(A) BY JUDICIARY COMMITTEE OR MEMBERS THEREOF.—The Committee on the Judiciary of either House of the Congress, or a majority of majority party members of either such committee, may request in writing that the Attorney General apply for the appointment of an independent counsel.

1 (B) Report by attorney general pur-2 SUANT TO REQUEST.—Not later than 30 days 3 after the receipt of a request under subpara-4 graph (A), the Attorney General shall submit, 5 to the committee making the request, or to the 6 committee on which the persons making the re-7 quest serve, a report on whether the Attorney 8 General has begun or will begin a preliminary 9 investigation under this section of the matters 10 with respect to which the request is made, in 11 accordance with paragraph (1) or (3) of sub-12 section (a), as the case may be. The report shall 13 set forth the reasons for the Attorney General's 14 decision regarding such preliminary investiga-15 tion as it relates to each of the matters with re-16 spect to which the congressional request is 17 made. If there is such a preliminary investiga-18 tion, the report shall include the date on which 19 the preliminary investigation began or will 20 begin.

(C) Submission of information in response to congressional request.—At the same time as any notification, application, or any other document, material, or memorandum is supplied to the division of the court pursuant

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to this section with respect to a preliminary investigation of any matter with respect to which a request is made under subparagraph (A), such notification, application, or other document, material, or memorandum shall be supplied to the committee making the request, or to the committee on which the persons making the request serve. If no application for the appointment of an independent counsel is made to the division of the court under this subsection pursuant to such a preliminary investigation, the Attorney General shall submit a report to that committee stating the reasons why such application was not made, addressing each matter with respect to which the congressional request was made.

(D) DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION.—Any report, notification, application, or other document, material, or memorandum supplied to a committee under this paragraph shall not be revealed to any third party, except that the committee may, either on its own initiative or upon the request of the Attorney General, make public such portion or portions of such report, notification, application, document, material, or

memorandum as will not in the committee's 1 2 judgment prejudice the rights of any individual. (c) Duties of the Division of the Court.— 3 4 (1) Reference to division of the court.— The division of the court to which this Act refers is 5 6 the division established under section 49 of title 28, 7 United States Code. A division shall be so estab-8 lished if not in effect on the date of enactment of this Act. 9 10 (2) Appointment and Jurisdiction of Inde-11 PENDENT COUNSEL.— 12 (A) AUTHORITY.—Upon receipt of an ap-13 plication under subsection (b)(3), the division of 14 the court shall appoint an appropriate inde-15 pendent counsel and shall define that inde-16 pendent counsel's prosecutorial jurisdiction. 17 (B) Qualifications of independent 18 COUNSEL.—The division of the court shall ap-19 point as independent counsel an individual who 20 has appropriate experience and who will con-21 duct the investigation and any prosecution in a 22 prompt, responsible, and cost-effective manner. 23 The division of the court shall seek to appoint

as independent counsel an individual who will

serve to the extent necessary to complete the in-

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vestigation and any prosecution without undue delay. The division of the court may not appoint as an independent counsel any person who holds any office of profit or trust under the United States.

(C) Scope of prosecutorial jurisdiction.—In defining the independent counsel's prosecutorial jurisdiction, the division of the court shall assure that the independent counsel has adequate authority to fully investigate and prosecute covered violations. Such jurisdiction shall also include the authority to investigate and prosecute Federal crimes, other than those classified as Class B or C misdemeanors or infractions, that may arise out of the investigation or prosecution of the matter with respect to which the Attorney General's request was made, including perjury, obstruction of justice, destruction of evidence, and intimidation of witnesses.

(D) DISCLOSURE OF IDENTITY AND PROS-ECUTORIAL JURISDICTION.—An independent counsel's identity and prosecutorial jurisdiction (including any expansion under paragraph (3)) may not be made public except upon the re-

quest of the Attorney General or upon a determination of the division of the court that disclosure of the identity and prosecutorial jurisdiction of such independent counsel would be in the best interests of justice. In any event, the identity and prosecutorial jurisdiction of such independent counsel shall be made public when any indictment is returned, or any criminal information is filed, pursuant to the independent counsel's investigation.

- (3) Return for further investigation.—
  Upon receipt of a notification from the Attorney
  General that there are no reasonable grounds to believe that further investigation is warranted with respect to information received under this section, the
  division of the court shall have no authority to overrule this determination but may return the matter to
  the Attorney General for further explanation of the
  reasons for such determination.
- (4) VACANCIES.—If a vacancy in office arises by reason of the resignation, death, or removal of an independent counsel, the division of the court shall appoint an independent counsel to complete the work of the independent counsel whose resignation, death, or removal caused the vacancy, except that in the

case of a vacancy arising by reason of the removal of an independent counsel, the division of the court may appoint an acting independent counsel to serve until any judicial review of such removal is completed. If the independent counsel is removed, the division of the court shall report on such removal to the appropriate Congressional committees not later than 3 days thereafter.

#### (5) Attorney's fees.—

(A) AWARD OF FEES.—Upon the request of an individual who is the subject of an investigation conducted by an independent counsel pursuant to this section, the division of the court may, if no indictment is brought against such individual pursuant to that investigation, award reimbursement for those reasonable attorneys' fees incurred by that individual during that investigation which would not have been incurred but for the requirements of this Act. The division of the court shall notify the independent counsel who conducted the investigation and the Attorney General of any request for attorneys' fees under this paragraph.

(B) EVALUATION OF FEES.—The division of the court shall direct such independent coun-

1	sel and the Attorney General to file a written
2	evaluation of any request for attorneys' fees
3	under this subsection, addressing—
4	(i) the sufficiency of the documenta-
5	tion;
6	(ii) the need or justification for the
7	attorneys' fees;
8	(iii) whether the attorneys' fees would
9	have been incurred but for the require-
10	ments of this section; and
11	(iv) the reasonableness of the amount
12	of money requested.
13	(6) Disclosure of Information.—The divi-
14	sion of the court may, subject to subsection
15	(d)(8)(B), allow the disclosure of any notification,
16	application, or any other document, material, or
17	memorandum supplied to the division of the court
18	under this section.
19	(7) Amicus curiae briefs.—When presented
20	with significant legal issues, the division of the court
21	may disclose sufficient information about the issues
22	to permit the filing of timely amicus curiae briefs.
23	(d) Authorities and Duties of an Independent
24	Counsel —

- 1 (1) AUTHORITIES.—Notwithstanding any other 2 provision of law, an independent counsel appointed under this section shall have, with respect to all 3 4 matters in such independent counsel's prosecutorial 5 jurisdiction established under this section, full power 6 and independent authority to exercise all investiga-7 tive and prosecutorial functions and powers of the 8 Department of Justice, the Attorney General, and 9 any other officer or employee of the Department of 10 Justice, except that the Attorney General shall exer-11 cise direction or control as to those matters that spe-12 cifically require the Attorney General's personal ac-13 tion under section 2516 of title 18, United States 14 Code. Such investigative and prosecutorial functions 15 and powers shall include—
  - (A) conducting proceedings before grand juries and other investigations;
  - (B) participating in court proceedings and engaging in any litigation, including civil and criminal matters that such independent counsel considers necessary;
  - (C) appealing any decision of a court in any case or proceeding in which such independent counsel participates in an official capacity;

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1	(D) reviewing all documentary evidence
2	available from any source;
3	(E) determining whether to contest the as-
4	sertion of any testimonial privilege;
5	(F) receiving appropriate national security
6	clearances and, if necessary, contesting in court
7	(including, where appropriate, participating in
8	camera proceedings) any claim of privilege or
9	attempt to withhold evidence on grounds of na-
10	tional security;
11	(G) making applications to any Federal
12	court for a grant of immunity to any witness,
13	consistent with applicable statutory require-
14	ments, or for warrants, subpoenas, or other
15	court orders, and, for purposes of sections
16	6003, 6004, and 6005 of title 18, United States
17	Code, exercising the authority vested in a
18	United States attorney or the Attorney General;
19	(H) inspecting, obtaining, or using the
20	original or a copy of any tax return, in accord-
21	ance with the applicable statutes and regula-
22	tions, and, for purposes of section 6103 of the
23	Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and the regula-

tions issued thereunder, exercising the powers

vested in a United States attorney or the Attorney General;

- (I) initiating and conducting prosecutions in any court of competent jurisdiction, framing and signing indictments, filing informations, and handling all aspects of any case, in the name of the United States; and
- (J) consulting with the United States attorney for the district in which any covered violation was alleged to have occurred.

#### (2) Compensation.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—An independent counsel appointed under this Act shall receive compensation at the per diem rate equal to the annual rate of basic pay payable for level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code.
- (B) Travel expenses.—Except as provided in subparagraph (C), an independent counsel and persons appointed under paragraph (3) shall be entitled to the payment of travel expenses as provided by subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code, including travel, per diem, and subsistence expenses in accordance with section 5703 of such title 5.

(C) Travel to prim	LARY OFFICE.—
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(i) In General.—After 1 year of service under this section, an independent counsel and persons appointed under paragraph (3) shall not be entitled to the payment of travel, per diem, or subsistence expenses under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code, for the purpose of commuting to or from the city in which the primary office of the independent counsel or person is located. The 1-year period may be extended for successive 6-month periods if the independent counsel and the division of the court certify that the payment is in the public interest to carry out the purposes of this section.

(ii) Relevant factors.—In making any certification under this subparagraph with respect to travel and subsistence expenses of an independent counsel or person appointed under paragraph (3), the independent counsel and the division of the court shall consider, among other relevant factors—

1	(I) the cost to the Government of
2	reimbursing such travel and subsist-
3	ence expenses;
4	(II) the period of time for which
5	the independent counsel anticipates
6	that the activities of the independent
7	counsel or person, as the case may be,
8	will continue;
9	(III) the personal and financial
10	burdens on the independent counsel or
11	person, as the case may be, of relo-
12	cating so that such travel and subsist-
13	ence expenses would not be incurred;
14	and
15	(IV) the burdens associated with
16	appointing a new independent counsel,
17	or appointing another person under
18	paragraph (3), to replace the indi-
19	vidual involved who is unable or un-
20	willing to so relocate.
21	(3) Additional Personnel.—For the pur-
22	poses of carrying out the duties of an office of inde-
23	pendent counsel, such independent counsel may ap-
24	point, fix the compensation, and assign the duties of
25	such employees as such independent counsel con-

1 siders necessary (including investigators, attorneys, 2 and part-time consultants). The positions of all such 3 employees are exempted from the competitive service. Such employees shall be compensated at levels 5 not to exceed those payable for comparable positions 6 in the Office of United States Attorney for the Dis-7 trict of Columbia under sections 548 and 550, but 8 in no event shall any such employee be compensated 9 at a rate greater than the rate of basic pay payable 10 for level ES-4 of the Senior Executive Service Schedule under section 5382 of title 5, United 12 States Code, as adjusted for the District of Colum-13 bia under section 5304 of that title regardless of the 14 locality in which an employee is employed.

- ASSISTANCE OF DEPARTMENT OF JUS-TICE.—
  - (A) IN CARRYING OUT FUNCTIONS.—An independent counsel may request assistance from the Department of Justice in carrying out the functions of the independent counsel, and the Department of Justice shall provide that assistance, which may include access to any records, files, or other materials relevant to matters within such independent counsel's prosecutorial jurisdiction, and the use of the re-

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sources and personnel necessary to perform such independent counsel's duties. At the request of an independent counsel, prosecutors, administrative personnel, and other employees of the Department of Justice may be detailed to the staff of the independent counsel.

(B) Payment of and reports on expenditures of independent counsel.—
The Department of Justice shall pay all costs relating to the establishment and operation of any office of independent counsel. The Attorney General shall submit to the Congress, not later than 30 days after the end of each fiscal year, a report on amounts paid during that fiscal year for expenses of investigations and prosecutions by independent counsel. Each such report shall include a statement of all payments made for activities of independent counsel but may not reveal the identity or prosecutorial jurisdiction of any independent counsel which has not been disclosed under subsection (c)(2)(D).

#### (5) Referral of other matters.—

(A) REFERRAL OF OTHER MATTERS TO AN INDEPENDENT COUNSEL.—An independent counsel may ask the Attorney General or the di-

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vision of the court to refer to the independent counsel matters related to the independent counsel's prosecutorial jurisdiction, and the Attorney General or the division of the court, as the case may be, may refer such matters. If the Attorney General refers a matter to an independent counsel on the Attorney General's own initiative, the independent counsel may accept such referral if the matter relates to the independent counsel's prosecutorial jurisdiction. If the Attorney General refers any matter to the independent counsel pursuant to the independent counsel's request, or if the independent counsel accepts a referral made by the Attornev General on the Attorney General's own initiative, the independent counsel shall so notify the division of the court.

- (B) REFERRAL OF OTHER MATTERS TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.—If an independent counsel appointed under this section finds a violation of the law other than a covered violation, the independent counsel shall—
- 23 (i) refer the matter to the Attorney
  24 General;

1	(ii) refer the matter to any relevant
2	State or local law enforcement official; and
3	(iii) not later than 7 days after dis-
4	covery of the violation, submit a report to
5	Congress.
6	(6) Compliance with policies of the de-
7	PARTMENT OF JUSTICE.—
8	(A) IN GENERAL.—An independent counsel
9	shall, except to the extent that to do so would
10	be inconsistent with the purposes of this sec-
11	tion, comply with the written or other estab-
12	lished policies of the Department of Justice re-
13	specting enforcement of the criminal laws. To
14	determine these policies and policies under
15	paragraph (12)(A)(ii), the independent counsel
16	shall, except to the extent that doing so would
17	be inconsistent with the purposes of this sec-
18	tion, consult with the Department of Justice.
19	(B) NATIONAL SECURITY.—An inde-
20	pendent counsel shall comply with guidelines
21	and procedures used by the Department in the
22	handling and use of classified material.
23	(7) DISMISSAL OF MATTERS.—The independent
24	counsel shall have full authority to dismiss matters
25	within the independent counsel's prosecutorial juris-

diction without conducting an investigation or at any subsequent time before prosecution, if to do so would be consistent with the written or other established policies of the Department of Justice with respect to the enforcement of criminal laws. The independent counsel shall report, not later than 3 days thereafter, on any such dismissal, to the appropriate committees of Congress.

#### (8) Reports by independent counsel.—

# (A) REQUIRED REPORTS.—An independent counsel shall—

(i) file with the division of the court, with respect to the 6-month period beginning on the date of that counsel's appointment, and with respect to each 6-month period thereafter until the office of that independent counsel terminates, a report which identifies and explains major expenses, and summarizes all other expenses, incurred by that office during the 6-month period with respect to which the report is filed, and estimates future expenses of that office; and

(ii) before the termination of the independent counsel's office under subsection 1 (f)(2), file a final report with the division 2 of the court, setting forth fully and com-3 pletely a description of the work of the 4 independent counsel, including the disposi-5 tion of all cases brought.

> (B) Disclosure of information in re-PORTS.—The division of the court shall release to the Congress, and may release to the public, or any appropriate person, such portions of a report made under this paragraph as the division of the court considers appropriate. The division of the court shall make such orders as are appropriate to protect the rights of any individual named in such report and to prevent undue interference with any pending prosecution. The division of the court may make any portion of a final report filed under subparagraph (A)(ii) available to any individual named in such report for the purposes of receiving within a time limit set by the division of the court any comments or factual information that such individual may submit. Such comments and factual information, in whole or in part, may, in the discretion of the division of the

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court, be included as an appendix to such final report.

(C) Publication of Reports.—At the request of an independent counsel, the Director of the Government Publishing Office shall cause to be printed any report previously released to the public under subparagraph (B). The independent counsel shall certify the number of copies necessary for the public, and the Director of the Government Publishing Office shall place the cost of the required number to the debit of such independent counsel. Additional copies shall be made available to the public through the depository library program and Superintendent of Documents sales program pursuant to sections 1702 and 1903 of title 44, United States Code. Such report shall be considered to be publicly available if it is available to the public online in a electronic searchable format.

(9) Independence from department of Justice.—Each independent counsel appointed under this section, and the persons appointed by that independent counsel under paragraph (3), are separate from and independent of the Department of

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1	Justice for purposes of sections 202 through 209 of
2	title 18, United States Code.
3	(10) Standards of conduct applicable to
4	INDEPENDENT COUNSEL, PERSONS SERVING IN THE
5	OFFICE OF AN INDEPENDENT COUNSEL, AND THEIR
6	LAW FIRMS.—
7	(A) RESTRICTIONS ON EMPLOYMENT
8	WHILE INDEPENDENT COUNSEL AND AP-
9	POINTEES ARE SERVING.—
10	(i) During the period in which an
11	independent counsel is serving under this
12	section, such independent counsel and any
13	person associated with a firm with which
14	such independent counsel is associated may
15	not represent in any matter any person in-
16	volved in any investigation or prosecution
17	under this section.
18	(ii) During the period in which any
19	person appointed by an independent coun-
20	sel under paragraph (3) is serving in the
21	office of independent counsel, such person
22	may not represent in any matter any per-
23	son involved in any investigation or pros-
24	ecution under this section

1	(B) Post-employment restrictions on
2	INDEPENDENT COUNSEL AND APPOINTEES.—
3	(i) Each independent counsel and
4	each person appointed by that independent
5	counsel under paragraph (3) may not, for
6	3 years following the termination of the
7	service under this section of that inde-
8	pendent counsel or appointed person, as
9	the case may be, represent any person in
10	any matter if that individual was the sub-
11	ject of an investigation or prosecution
12	under this section that was conducted by
13	that independent counsel.
14	(ii) Each independent counsel and
15	each person appointed by that independent
16	counsel under paragraph (3) may not, for
17	1 year following the termination of the
18	service under this section of that inde-
19	pendent counsel or appointed person, as
20	the case may be, represent any person in
21	any matter involving any investigation or
22	prosecution under this section.
23	(C) ONE-YEAR BAN ON REPRESENTATION
24	BY MEMBERS OF FIRMS OF INDEPENDENT
25	COUNSEL.—Any person who is associated with

1	a firm with which an independent counsel is as-
2	sociated or becomes associated after termi-
3	nation of the service of that independent coun-
4	sel under this section may not, for 1 year fol-
5	lowing such termination, represent any person
6	in any matter involving any investigation or
7	prosecution under this section.
8	(D) Definitions.—For purposes of this
9	paragraph—
10	(i) the term "firm" means a law firm
11	whether organized as a partnership or cor-
12	poration; and
13	(ii) a person is "associated" with a
14	firm if that person is an officer, director,
15	partner, or other member or employee of
16	that firm.
17	(E) Enforcement.—The Attorney Gen-
18	eral and the Director of the Office of Govern-
19	ment Ethics have authority to enforce compli-
20	ance with this paragraph.
21	(11) Custody of records of an inde-
22	PENDENT COUNSEL.—
23	(A) Transfer of records.—Upon ter-
24	mination of the office of an independent coun-
25	sel, that independent counsel shall transfer to

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the Archivist of the United States all records which have been created or received by that office. Before this transfer, the independent counsel shall clearly identify which of these records are subject to rule 6(e) of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure as grand jury materials and which of these records have been classified as national security information. Any records which were compiled by an independent counsel and, upon termination of the independent counsel's office, were stored with the division of the court or elsewhere before the date of enactment of this Act, shall also be transferred to the Archivist of the United States by the division of the court or the person in possession of such records.

(B) Maintenance, use, and disposal of records transferred to the Archivist under this section shall be maintained, used, and disposed of in accordance with chapters 21, 29, and 33 of title 44, United States Code.

#### (C) Access to records.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subparagraph (D), access to the records trans-

1	ferred to the Archivist under this section
2	shall be governed by section 552 of title 5
3	United States Code.
4	(ii) Access by department of jus-
5	TICE.—The Archivist shall, upon written
6	application by the Attorney General, dis-
7	close any such records to the Department
8	of Justice for purposes of an ongoing law
9	enforcement investigation or court pro-
10	ceeding, except that, in the case of grand
11	jury materials, such records shall be so dis-
12	closed only by order of the court of juris-
13	diction under rule 6(e) of the Federal
14	Rules of Criminal Procedure.
15	(iii) Exception.—Notwithstanding
16	any restriction on access imposed by law
17	the Archivist and persons employed by the
18	National Archives and Records Adminis-
19	tration who are engaged in the perform-
20	ance of normal archival work shall be per-
21	mitted access to the records transferred to
22	the Archivist under this section.
23	(D) Records provided by congress.—
24	Records of an investigation conducted by a

committee of the House of Representatives or

1	the Senate which are provided to an inde-
2	pendent counsel to assist in an investigation or
3	prosecution conducted by that independent
4	counsel—
5	(i) shall be maintained as a separate
6	body of records within the records of the
7	independent counsel; and
8	(ii) shall, after the records have been
9	transferred to the Archivist under this sec-
10	tion, be made available, except as provided
11	in subparagraph (C)(ii) and (iii), in ac-
12	cordance with the rules governing release
13	of the records of the House of Congress
14	that provided the records to the inde-
15	pendent counsel.
16	Clause (ii) shall not apply to those records
17	which have been surrendered pursuant to grand
18	jury or court proceedings.
19	(12) Cost controls and administrative
20	SUPPORT.—
21	(A) Cost controls.—
22	(i) IN GENERAL.—An independent
23	counsel shall—
24	(I) conduct all activities with due
25	regard for expense;

1	(II) authorize only reasonable
2	and lawful expenditures; and
3	(III) promptly, upon taking of-
4	fice, assign to a specific employee the
5	duty of certifying that expenditures of
6	the independent counsel are reason-
7	able and made in accordance with law.
8	(ii) Liability for invalid certifi-
9	CATION.—An employee making a certifi-
10	cation under clause (i)(III) shall be liable
11	for an invalid certification to the same ex-
12	tent as a certifying official certifying a
13	voucher is liable under section 3528 of title
14	31, United States Code.
15	(iii) Department of Justice Poli-
16	CIES.—An independent counsel shall com-
17	ply with the established policies of the De-
18	partment of Justice respecting expendi-
19	tures of funds, except to the extent that
20	compliance would be inconsistent with the
21	purposes of this section.
22	(B) Administrative support.—The Di-
23	rector of the Administrative Office of the
24	United States Courts shall provide administra-
25	tive support and guidance to each independent

counsel. No officer or employee of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts shall disclose information related to an independent counsel's expenditures, personnel, or administrative acts or arrangements without the authorization of the independent counsel.

(C) Office space.—The Administrator of General Services, in consultation with the Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts, shall promptly provide appropriate office space for each independent counsel. Such office space shall be within a Federal building unless the Administrator of General Services determines that other arrangements would cost less. Until such office space is provided, the Administrative Office of the United States Courts shall provide newly appointed independent counsels immediately upon appointment with appropriate, temporary office space, equipment, and supplies.

### (e) Congressional Oversight.—

- (1) Oversight of conduct of independent counsel.—
- 24 (A) Congressional oversight.—The 25 appropriate committees of the Congress shall

have oversight jurisdiction with respect to the official conduct of any independent counsel appointed under this section, and such independent counsel shall have the duty to cooperate with the exercise of such oversight jurisdiction.

- (B) Reports to congress.—An independent counsel appointed under this section shall submit to the Congress annually a report on the activities of the independent counsel, including a description of the progress of any investigation or prosecution conducted by the independent counsel. Such report may omit any matter that in the judgment of the independent counsel should be kept confidential, but shall provide information adequate to justify the expenditures that the office of the independent counsel has made.
- (2) Oversight of conduct of attorney General.—Within 15 days after receiving an inquiry about a particular case under this section, which is a matter of public knowledge, from a committee of the Congress with jurisdiction over this section, the Attorney General shall provide the fol-

1	lowing information to that committee with respect to
2	that case:
3	(A) When the information about the case
4	was received.
5	(B) Whether a preliminary investigation is
6	being conducted, and if so, the date it began
7	(C) Whether an application for the ap
8	pointment of an independent counsel or a noti
9	fication that further investigation is not war
10	ranted has been filed with the division of the
11	court, and if so, the date of such filing.
12	(3) Information relating to impeach
13	MENT.—An independent counsel shall advise the
14	House of Representatives of any substantial and
15	credible information which such independent counse
16	receives, in carrying out the independent counsel's
17	responsibilities under this section, that may con
18	stitute grounds for an impeachment. Nothing in this
19	section or section 49 of title 28, United States Code
20	shall prevent the Congress or either House thereo
21	from obtaining information in the course of an im
22	peachment proceeding.
23	(f) Removal of an Independent Counsel; Ter
24	MINATION OF OFFICE.—
25	(1) Removal; report on removal.—

(A) Grounds for removal.—An independent counsel appointed under this section may be removed from office, other than by impeachment and conviction, only by the personal action of the Attorney General and only for good cause, physical or mental disability (if not prohibited by law protecting persons from discrimination on the basis of such a disability), or any other condition that substantially impairs the performance of such independent counsel's duties.

(B) Report to division of the court and congress.—If an independent counsel is removed from office, the Attorney General shall promptly submit to the division of the court and the Committees on the Judiciary of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report specifying the facts found and the ultimate grounds for such removal. The committees shall make available to the public such report, except that each committee may, if necessary to protect the rights of any individual named in the report or to prevent undue interference with any pending prosecution, postpone or refrain from publishing any or all of the report. The di-

vision of the court may release any or all of such report in accordance with subsection (d)(8)(B).

(C) Judicial Review of Removal.—An independent counsel removed from office may obtain judicial review of the removal in a civil action commenced in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia. A member of the division of the court may not hear or determine any such civil action or any appeal of a decision in any such civil action. The independent counsel may be reinstated or granted other appropriate relief by order of the court.

#### (2) TERMINATION OF OFFICE.—

- (A) TERMINATION BY ACTION OF INDE-PENDENT COUNSEL.—An office of independent counsel shall terminate when—
  - (i) the independent counsel notifies the Attorney General that the investigation of all matters within the prosecutorial jurisdiction of such independent counsel or accepted by such independent counsel under subsection (d)(5), and any resulting prosecutions, have been completed or so substantially completed that it would be

appropriate for the Department of Justice
to complete such investigations and prosecutions; and

- (ii) the independent counsel files a final report in compliance with subsection (d)(8)(A)(ii).
- (B) TERMINATION BY DIVISION OF THE COURT.—The division of the court, either on its own motion or upon the request of the Attorney General, may terminate an office of independent counsel at any time, on the ground that the investigation of all matters within the prosecutorial jurisdiction of such independent counsel or accepted by such independent counsel under subsection (d)(5), and any resulting prosecutions, have been completed or so substantially completed that it would be appropriate for the Department of Justice to complete such investigations and prosecutions. At the time of such termination, the independent counsel shall file the final report required by subsection (d)(8)(A)(ii). If the Attorney General has not made a request under this subparagraph, the division of the court shall determine on its own motion whether termination is ap-

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propriate under this paragraph no later than 2 years after the appointment of an independent counsel, at the end of the succeeding 2-year period, and thereafter at the end of each succeeding 1-year period.

### (3) Audits.—

(A) On or before June 30 of each year, an independent counsel shall prepare a statement of expenditures for the 6 months that ended on the immediately preceding March 31. On or before December 31 of each year, an independent counsel shall prepare a statement of expenditures for the fiscal year that ended on the immediately preceding September 30. An independent counsel whose office is terminated prior to the end of the fiscal year shall prepare a statement of expenditures on or before the date that is 90 days after the date on which the office is terminated.

## (B) The Comptroller General shall—

(i) conduct a financial review of a mid-year statement and a financial audit of a year-end statement and statement on termination; and (ii) report the results to the Com-mittee on the Judiciary, Committee on Governmental Affairs, and Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on the Judiciary, Committee on Oversight and Reform, and Committee on Appropriations of the House of Represent-atives not later than 90 days following the submission of each such statement.

10 (g) Relationship With Department of Jus-11 tice.—

(1) Suspension of other investigations and proceedings may be continued by the Department of Justice, the Attorney General, and all other officers and employees of the Department of Justice shall suspend all investigations and proceedings regarding such matter, except to the extent required by subsection (d)(4)(A), and except insofar as such independent counsel agrees in writing that such investigation or proceedings may be continued by the Department of Justice.

- 1 (2) Presentation as amicus curiae per2 Mitted.—Nothing in this section shall prevent the
  3 Attorney General or the Solicitor General from mak4 ing a presentation as amicus curiae to any court as
  5 to issues of law raised by any case or proceeding in
  6 which an independent counsel participates in an offi7 cial capacity or any appeal of such a case or pro-
- 9 (h) SEVERABILITY.—If any provision of this section 10 or the application thereof to any person or circumstance 11 is held invalid, the remainder of this section and the application of such provision to other persons not similarly situated or to other circumstances shall not be affected by 14 such invalidation.
- 15 (i) TERMINATION OF EFFECT OF SECTION.—This
  16 section shall cease to be effective five years after the date
  17 of enactment of this Act, except that this section shall con18 tinue in effect with respect to then pending matters before
  19 an independent counsel that in the judgment of such coun20 sel require such continuation until that independent coun21 sel determines such matters have been completed.
- 22 SEC. 3. INSPECTOR GENERAL FOR THE OFFICE OF SPECIAL
- counsel.

ceeding.

- 24 (a) Establishment.—Section 12 of the Inspector
- 25 General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) is amended—

- 1 (1) in paragraph (1), by striking "or the Direc-2 tor of the National Reconnaissance Office" and inserting "the Director of the National Reconnais-3 sance Office; or the Special Counsel"; and (2) in paragraph (2), by striking "or the National Reconnaissance Office" and inserting "the 6 7 National Reconnaissance Office, or the Office of 8 Special Counsel". 9 (b) Appointment of Inspector General.—Not 10 later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall appoint an individual as the Inspector General of the Office of Special Counsel in accordance with the requirements of section 3(a) of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.). 14 15 (c) Removal for Cause Only.—The Inspector General of the Office of Special Counsel may only be re-16 moved by the President for cause. 17 18 SEC. 4. STRENGTHENING THE HATCH ACT. 19 (a) Presentment of Hatch Act Violations to MSPB.—Section 1215 of title 5, United States Code, is 20 21 amended— (1) by striking "(b) In" and inserting "(b)(1) 22
- 24 (2) by adding at the end the following:

In"; and

23

1 "(2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to any de-2 termination by the Special Counsel with respect to 3 a violation of subchapter III of chapter 73 (commonly referred to as the 'Hatch Act'). Any com-5 plaint and statement referred to in subsection 6 (a)(1), together with any response of the employee, 7 regarding such a violation shall be presented to the 8 Merit Systems Protection Board in accordance with 9 subsection (a). This paragraph applies notwith-10 standing any other provision of law governing the 11 employment or compensation of employees or offi-12 cials in the White House Office.".

- 13 (b) DISCLOSURE OF HATCH ACT INVESTIGATIONS
  14 FOR CERTAIN POLITICAL EMPLOYEES.—Section 1216 of
  15 title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the
  16 end the following:
- "(d) With respect to any investigation of an allegation of prohibited activity under subsection (a)(1) against
  a political employee, the Special Counsel shall publish, on
  the Office of Special Counsel's website, the Special Counsel's final determination under such investigation with respect to whether a violation occurred. In this subsection,
  the term 'political employee' means any individual occupying any of the following positions in the executive

branch of Government (including an individual carrying

1	out the duties of a position described in paragraph (1)
2	in an acting capacity):
3	"(1) Any position required to be filled by an ap-
4	pointment by the President by and with the advice
5	and consent of the Senate.
6	"(2) Any position in the executive branch of the
7	Government of a confidential or policy-determining
8	character under schedule C of subpart C of part 213
9	of title 5, Code of Federal Regulations.
10	"(3) Any position in or under the Executive Of-
11	fice of the President.".
12	(c) Clarification on Candidates Visiting Fed-
13	ERAL PROPERTY.—
14	(1) In General.—Section 7323 of title 5,
15	United States Code, is amended by adding at the
16	end the following:
17	"(d) Nothing in this section or section 7324 shall be
18	construed to prohibit an employee from allowing a Mem-
19	ber of Congress or any other elected official from visiting
20	Federal facilities for an official purpose, including receiv-
21	ing briefings, tours, or other official information.".
22	(2) Technical and conforming amend-
23	MENTS.—Such section 7323 is further amended—
24	(A) in subsection (a)(1), by striking "his"
25	and inserting "the employee's"; and

1	(B) in subsection (c)—
2	(i) by striking "he" and inserting "the
3	employee''; and
4	(ii) by striking "his" and inserting
5	"the employee's".
6	(d) Elimination of Exception for Political Ap-
7	POINTEES.—Section 7324 of title 5, United States Code,
8	is amended—
9	(1) by striking "(a) An employee" and inserting
10	"An employee"; and
11	(2) by striking subsection (b).
12	(e) Applying Hatch Act to President and Vice
13	PRESIDENT WHILE ON FEDERAL PROPERTY.—
14	(1) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter III of chapter
15	73 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by re-
16	designating section 7326 as section 7327 and by in-
17	serting after section 7325 the following:
18	"§ 7326. Limitations on political activity of President
19	and Vice President while on Federal
20	property
21	"Notwithstanding section 7322(1), the prohibitions
22	on political activity under section 7323(a) and section
23	7324 shall apply to the President and Vice President while
24	the President and Vice President are on Federal property.
25	In this section, the term 'Federal property' includes any

- 1 vehicle, building, or land owned or leased by the Federal
- 2 Government, including the White House and White House
- 3 grounds (including the Executive Residence and the Rose
- 4 Garden).".
- 5 (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sec-
- 6 tions of such subchapter is amended by striking the
- 7 item relating to section 7326 and inserting the fol-
- 8 lowing:

"7326. Limitations on political activity of President and Vice President while on Federal property.

"7327. Penalties.".

# 9 (f) Criminal Penalty.—

- 10 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter III of chapter
- 11 73 of title 5, United States Code, as amended by
- subsection (e)(1), is further amended by adding
- after section 7327 the following:

# 14 "§ 7328. Criminal penalty for Hatch Act violations

- 15 "(a) In General.—Any person who knowingly vio-
- 16 lates section 7323 or 7324 shall be fined \$5,000 (notwith-
- 17 standing section 3571(e) of title 18), or imprisoned for
- 18 not more than 5 years, or both. Notwithstanding section
- 19 3571(e) of title 18, for each violation after the first, the
- 20 fine applicable under this section shall be double the
- 21 amount of the fine assessed for the previous violation.
- 22 "(b) Attorney Fees.—A court may assess against
- 23 the United States reasonable attorney fees and other liti-
- 24 gation costs reasonably incurred in any case under this

- 1 section in which an employee has established, by a prepon-
- 2 derance of the evidence, that a superior ordered or other-
- 3 wise coerced the employee into taking any act that re-
- 4 sulted in a violation of such section 7323 or 7324.".
- 5 (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sec-
- 6 tions of such subchapter, as amended by subsection
- 7 (e)(2), is further amended by inserting after the
- 8 item relating to section 7327 the following:

"7328. Criminal penalty for Hatch Act violations.".

- 9 (3) Training.—After an individual's first viola-
- tion of section 7323 or 7324 of title 5, United
- 11 States Code, such individual shall be provided train-
- ing by the employing agency on how to avoid subse-
- quent violations of either such section.
- 14 SEC. 5. GAO REVIEW OF REIMBURSABLE POLITICAL
- 15 EVENTS.
- Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment
- 17 of this Act, the Comptroller General shall submit to Con-
- 18 gress a report on reimbursable political events held at the
- 19 White House or on the White House grounds during the
- 20 period beginning on January 1, 1997, and ending on the
- 21 date of enactment of this Act. Such report shall include
- 22 the following:
- 23 (1) Whether, during such period, the require-
- 24 ments in annual appropriations Acts with respect to
- reimbursable political events have been followed, in-

1	cluding the requirements under the heading "Execu-
2	tive Residence At the White House—Reimbursable
3	Expenses' in division D of Public Law 116–6.
4	(2) An assessment of what constitutes a polit-
5	ical event during such period.
6	(3) Whether an event that was not classified as
7	a political event during such period should have been
8	classified as such an event.
9	(4) A review of any payment made by a political
10	entity under the terms of such requirements.
11	(5) Recommendations for Congress on—
12	(A) a definition for the term "political
13	event"; and
14	(B) how to assess whether administrations
15	are following such requirements and how to
16	hold administrations accountable if such re-
17	quirements are not followed.

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