117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 862

To authorize the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency to award grants to eligible entities to reduce greenhouse gas emissions at ports, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

February 5, 2021

Ms. Blunt Rochester (for herself, Ms. Norton, Mr. McNerney, Ms. Lee of California, Ms. Jayapal, and Ms. Matsui) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

A BILL

To authorize the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency to award grants to eligible entities to reduce greenhouse gas emissions at ports, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Climate Action Plan-
- 5 ning for Ports Act of 2021".

SEC. 2. GRANTS TO REDUCE GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS 2 AT PORTS. 3 (a) Grants.—The Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency may award grants to eligible en-5 tities— 6 (1) to implement plans to reduce greenhouse 7 gas emissions at one or more ports or port facilities 8 within the jurisdictions of the respective eligible enti-9 ties; and 10 (2) to develop climate action plans described in 11 subsection (b)(2). 12 (b) APPLICATION.— 13 (1) IN GENERAL.—To seek a grant under this 14 section, an eligible entity shall submit an application 15 to the Administrator of the Environmental Protec-16 tion Agency at such time, in such manner, and con-17 taining such information and assurances as the Ad-18 ministrator may require. 19 (2) CLIMATE ACTION PLAN.—At a minimum, 20 each such application shall contain— 21 (A) a detailed and strategic plan, to be 22 known as a climate action plan, that outlines 23 how the eligible entity will develop and imple-24 ment climate change mitigation or adaptation 25 measures through the grant; or

1	(B) a request pursuant to subsection
2	(a)(2) for funding for the development of a cli-
3	mate action plan.
4	(3) Required components.—A climate action
5	plan under paragraph (2) shall demonstrate that the
6	measures proposed to be implemented through the
7	grant—
8	(A) will reduce greenhouse gas emissions
9	at the port or port facilities involved pursuant
10	to greenhouse gas emission reduction goals set
11	forth in the climate action plan;
12	(B) will reduce other air pollutants at the
13	port or port facilities involved pursuant to cri-
14	teria pollutant emission reduction goals set
15	forth in the climate action plan;
16	(C) will implement emissions accounting
17	and inventory practices to determine baseline
18	emissions and measure progress; and
19	(D) will ensure labor protections for work-
20	ers employed directly at the port or port facili-
21	ties involved, including by—
22	(i) demonstrating that implementation
23	of the measures proposed to be imple-
24	mented through the grant will not result in

1	a net loss of jobs at the port or port facili-
2	ties involved;
3	(ii) ensuring that laborers and me-
4	chanics employed by contractors and sub-
5	contractors on construction projects to im-
6	plement the plan will be paid wages not
7	less than those prevailing on similar con-
8	struction in the locality, as determined by
9	the Secretary of Labor under sections
10	3141 through 3144, 3146, and 3147 of
11	title 40, United States Code; and
12	(iii) requiring any projects initiated to
13	carry out the plan with total capital costs
14	of \$1,000,000 or greater to utilize a
15	project labor agreement and not impact
16	any preexisting project labor agreement.
17	(4) Other components.—In addition to the
18	components required by paragraph (3), a climate ac-
19	tion plan under paragraph (2) shall demonstrate
20	that the measures proposed to be implemented
21	through the grant will do at least two of the fol-
22	lowing:
23	(A) Improve energy efficiency at a port or
24	port facility, including by using—

1	(i) energy-efficient vehicles, such as
2	hybrid, low-emission, or zero-emission vehi-
3	cles;
4	(ii) energy efficient cargo-handling
5	harbor vessels, or storage facilities such as
6	energy-efficient refrigeration equipment;
7	(iii) energy-efficient lighting;
8	(iv) shore power; or
9	(v) other energy efficiency improve-
10	ments.
11	(B) Deploy technology or processes that
12	reduce idling of vehicles at a port or port facil-
13	ity.
14	(C) Reduce the direct emissions of green-
15	house gases and other air pollutants with a goal
16	of achieving zero emissions, including by replac-
17	ing and retrofitting equipment (including vehi-
18	cles onsite, cargo-handling equipment, or harbor
19	vessels) at a port or port facility.
20	(5) Prohibited use.—An eligible entity may
21	not use a grant provided under this section—
22	(A) to purchase fully automated cargo han-
23	dling equipment;

1	(B) to build, or plan to build, terminal in-
2	frastructure that is designed for fully auto-
3	mated cargo handling equipment;
4	(C) to purchase, test, or develop highly
5	automated trucks, chassis, or any related equip-
6	ment that can be used to transport container-
7	ized freight; or
8	(D) to extend to any independent con-
9	tractor, independent owner, operator, or other
10	entity that is not using employees for the sake
11	of performing work on terminal grounds.
12	(6) Coordination with stakeholders.—In
13	developing a climate action plan under paragraph
14	(2), an eligible entity shall—
15	(A) identify and collaborate with stake-
16	holders who may be affected by the plan, in-
17	cluding local environmental justice communities
18	and other near-port communities;
19	(B) address the potential cumulative ef-
20	fects of the plan on stakeholders when those ef-
21	fects may have a community-level impact; and
22	(C) ensure effective advance communica-
23	tion with stakeholders to avoid and minimize
24	conflicts.

1	(c) Priority.—In awarding grants under this sec-
2	tion, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection
3	Agency shall give priority to applicants proposing—
4	(1) to strive for zero emissions as a key strat-
5	egy within the grantee's climate action plan under
6	paragraph (2);
7	(2) to take a regional approach to reducing
8	greenhouse gas emissions at ports;
9	(3) to collaborate with near-port communities to
10	identify and implement mutual solutions to reduce
11	air pollutants at ports or port facilities affecting
12	such communities, with emphasis given to implemen-
13	tation of such solutions in near-port communities
14	that are environmental justice communities;
15	(4) to implement activities with off-site benefits
16	such as by reducing air pollutants from vehicles
17	equipment, and vessels at sites other than the port
18	or port facilities involved; and
19	(5) to reduce localized health risk pursuant to
20	health risk reduction goals that are set within the
21	grantee's climate action plan under paragraph (2).
22	(d) Model Methodologies.—The Administrator
23	of the Environmental Protection Agency shall—
24	(1) develop model methodologies which grantees

under this section may choose to use for emissions

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1	accounting and inventory practices referred to in
2	subsection $(b)(3)(C)$; and
3	(2) ensure that such methodologies are designed
4	to measure progress in reducing air pollution at
5	near-port communities.
6	(e) Definitions.—In this section:
7	(1) The term "Administrator" means the Ad-
8	ministrator of the Environmental Protection Agency.
9	(2) The term "cargo-handling equipment" in-
10	cludes—
11	(A) ship-to-shore container cranes and
12	other cranes;
13	(B) container-handling equipment; and
14	(C) equipment for moving or handling
15	cargo, including trucks, reachstackers, topload-
16	ers, and forklifts.
17	(3) The term "eligible entity" means—
18	(A) a port authority;
19	(B) a State, regional, local, or Tribal agen-
20	cy that has jurisdiction over a port authority or
21	a port;
22	(C) an air pollution control district; or
23	(D) a private entity (including any non-
24	profit organization) that—

1	(i) applies for a grant under this sec-
2	tion in collaboration with an entity de-
3	scribed in subparagraph (A), (B), or (C);
4	and
5	(ii) owns, operates, or uses a port fa-
6	cility, cargo equipment, transportation
7	equipment, related technology, or a ware-
8	house facility at a port or port facility.
9	(4) The term "environmental justice commu-
10	nity" means a community with significant represen-
11	tation of communities of color, low-income commu-
12	nities, or Tribal and indigenous communities, that
13	experiences, or is at risk of experiencing, higher or
14	more adverse human health or environmental effects.
15	(5) The term "harbor vessel" includes a ship,
16	boat, lighter, or maritime vessel designed for service
17	at and around harbors and ports.
18	(6) The term "inland port" means a logistics or
19	distribution hub that is located inland from navi-
20	gable waters, where cargo, such as break-bulk cargo
21	or cargo in shipping containers, is processed, stored,
22	and transferred between trucks, rail cars, or air-
23	craft.

(7) The term "port" includes an inland port.

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1	(8) The term "stakeholder" means residents,
2	community groups, businesses, business owners,
3	labor unions, commission members, or groups from
4	which a near-port community draws its resources
5	that—
6	(A) have interest in the climate action plan
7	of a grantee under this section; or
8	(B) can affect or be affected by the objec-
9	tives and policies of such a climate action plan.
10	(f) Authorization of Appropriations.—
11	(1) In general.—To carry out this Act, there
12	is authorized to be appropriated \$250,000,000 for
13	each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.
14	(2) Development of climate action
15	PLANS.—In addition to the authorization of appro-
16	priations in paragraph (1), there is authorized to be
17	appropriated for grants pursuant to subsection
18	(a)(2) to develop climate action plans \$50,000,000
19	for fiscal year 2022, to remain available until ex-

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