117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 4139

To amend title 18, United States Code, to protect more victims of domestic violence by preventing their abusers from possessing or receiving firearms, to amend the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 to establish a grant program relating to the removal of firearms from adjudicated domestic violence offenders, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

June 24, 2021

Mr. Himes introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To amend title 18, United States Code, to protect more victims of domestic violence by preventing their abusers from possessing or receiving firearms, to amend the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 to establish a grant program relating to the removal of firearms from adjudicated domestic violence offenders, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Lori Jackson-Nicolette
- 5 Elias Domestic Violence Survivor Protection Act".

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 2 Congress finds the following:
- (1) Congress has the responsibility to keep the
 populace of the United States safe, and domestic
 gun violence is a significant threat to the well-being
 of the United States.
 - (2) Each year in the United States, more than 600 women are shot to death by an intimate partner. More women are killed in the United States by domestic partners than by any other type of assailant, and most of these homicides are committed with firearms.
 - (3) Approximately 4,500,000 women alive in the United States today report having been threatened with a gun by a domestic partner.
 - (4) More than half of intimate partner homicides in the United States are committed with a firearm. If a woman has an abusive male partner who has access to a firearm, the woman is 5 times more likely to be killed than she would be if the abusive male partner did not have access to a firearm, and domestic violence assaults involving a gun are 12 times more likely to result in death than domestic violence assaults involving other weapons or bodily force.

- (5) Perpetrators of intimate partner violence are far more likely to commit additional acts of gun violence. Nearly half of all mass shooters have committed acts of domestic violence.
 - (6) Victims of intimate partner violence often pursue restraining orders as a means of protection in the immediate aftermath of, or in conjunction with, leaving dangerous partners and situations. This time period is especially dangerous for victims.
 - (7) Although individuals against whom there is a domestic violence restraining order are barred from purchasing a firearm under section 922(g)(8) of title 18, United States Code, various loopholes in that section allow perpetrators to purchase and maintain possession of firearms. For example, Federal law only protects domestic violence victims against spouses, former spouses, cohabitants, former cohabitants, and individuals with whom those victims have a child. Furthermore, under Federal law, protective orders issued against domestic violence abusers on an emergency or ex parte basis do not prohibit those abusers from possessing or purchasing firearms.
 - (8) Some States and local governments have passed laws that go beyond the Federal baseline by

- expanding the range of abusive partners included in firearm restrictions to encompass abusive dating partners. Numerous studies conducted between 2000 and 2017 have shown that States that pass these
- 5 laws experience a significant reduction in intimate
- 6 partner homicides.

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- (9) States that restrict access to guns to individuals subject to active domestic violence restraining orders have experienced a 13-percent reduction in intimate partner homicides involving firearms.
- 11 (10) Congress has the power to set a national 12 standard to protect domestic violence victims who 13 seek restraining orders against abusive partners by 14 preventing those abusive partners from possessing or 15 purchasing firearms and ammunition while the re-16 straining order is in effect.

17 SEC. 3. TITLE 18 AMENDMENTS.

- 18 (a) Definitions of "Intimate Partner" and
- 19 "MISDEMEANOR CRIME OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE" EX-
- 20 PANDED.—Section 921(a) of title 18, United States Code,
- 21 is amended—
- 22 (1) by inserting before paragraph (32) the fol-
- lowing:

1	"(31) The term 'covered domestic violence court
2	order' means a court order, with respect to a per-
3	son—
4	"(A)(i) that was issued after a hearing of
5	which the person received actual notice, and at
6	which the person had an opportunity to partici-
7	pate; or
8	"(ii) in the case of an ex parte order, rel-
9	ative to which notice and opportunity to be
10	heard are provided—
11	"(I) within the time required by
12	State, Tribal, or territorial law; and
13	"(II) in any event within a reasonable
14	time after the order is issued, sufficient to
15	protect the due process rights of the per-
16	son;
17	"(B) that restrains the person from—
18	"(i) harassing, stalking, or threat-
19	ening an intimate partner of the person or
20	child of the intimate partner or person, or
21	engaging in other conduct that would place
22	an intimate partner in reasonable fear of
23	bodily injury to the partner or child; or
24	"(ii) intimidating or dissuading a wit-
25	ness from testifying in court; and

1	"(C) that—
2	"(i) includes a finding that the person
3	represents a credible threat to the physical
4	safety of an individual described in sub-
5	paragraph (B); or
6	"(ii) by its terms explicitly prohibits
7	the use, attempted use, or threatened use
8	of physical force against an individual de-
9	scribed in subparagraph (B) that would
10	reasonably be expected to cause bodily in-
11	jury.";
12	(2) in paragraph (32), by striking all that fol-
13	lows after "The term 'intimate partner'" and insert-
14	ing the following: "—
15	"(A) means, with respect to a person, the
16	spouse of the person, a former spouse of the person,
17	an individual who is a parent of a child of the per-
18	son, and an individual who cohabitates or has
19	cohabited with the person; and
20	"(B) includes—
21	"(i) a dating partner (as defined in section
22	2266) or former dating partner; and
23	"(ii) any other individual similarly situated
24	to a spouse who is protected by the domestic or
25	family violence laws of the State, local, or Trib-

1	al jurisdiction in which the injury occurred or
2	where the victim resides."; and
3	(3) in paragraph (33)(A)—
4	(A) in clause (i), by inserting after "Fed-
5	eral, State," the following: "municipal,"; and
6	(B) in clause (ii)—
7	(i) by striking "or the threatened"
8	and inserting "the threatened";
9	(ii) by inserting "or stalking," after
10	"deadly weapon,"; and
11	(iii) by inserting "dating partner (as
12	defined in section 2266)," after "spouse,"
13	each place it appears.
14	(b) Unlawful Sale of Firearm to a Person
15	Subject to Court Order.—Section 922(d)(8) of title
16	18, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:
17	"(8) is subject to a covered domestic violence
18	court order; or".
19	(e) List of Persons Subject to a Restraining
20	OR SIMILAR ORDER PROHIBITED FROM POSSESSING OR
21	RECEIVING A FIREARM EXPANDED.—Section 922(g)(8)
22	of title 18, United States Code, is amended to read as
23	follows:
24	"(8) who is subject to a covered domestic vio-
25	lence court order; or".

1 (d) Technical and Conforming Amendments.— The NICS Improvement Amendments Act of 2007 (34) U.S.C. 40902 et seq.) is amended— 4 (1) in section 3(1) (34 U.S.C. 40903(1)), by striking "court order (as described in section 5 6 922(g)(8)" and inserting "covered domestic violence 7 court order (as defined in section 921(a)"; and 8 (2) in section 102(b)(1)(C)(v) (34 U.S.C. 40912(b)(1)(C)(v)), by striking "court order de-9 10 scribed in section 922(g)(8)" and inserting "covered 11 domestic violence court order, as defined in section 12 921(a)". 13 SEC. 4. GRANT PROGRAM. (a) AMENDMENT.—Title I of the Omnibus Crime 14 15 Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10101 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following: 16 "PART PP-GRANT PROGRAM REGARDING RE-17 18 MOVAL OF FIREARMS FROM ADJUDICATED 19 DOMESTIC VIOLENCE PARTIES 20 "SEC. 3061. DEFINITIONS. 21 "In this part: 22 "(1) Ammunition; firearm.—The terms 'am-23 munition' and 'firearm' have the meanings given 24 those terms in section 921 of title 18, United States

Code.

"(2) COVERED ENTITY.—The term 'covered en-1 2 tity' means— 3 "(A) a State: "(B) an Indian Tribe; or 4 "(C) a unit of local government. 5 "(3) 6 Domestic VIOLENCE PROTECTION 7 ORDER.—The term 'domestic violence protection 8 order' has the meaning given the term 'covered do-9 mestic violence court order' in section 921 of title 10 18, United States Code. 11 "SEC. 3062. GRANT PROGRAM. "(a) AUTHORITY TO MAKE GRANTS.—The Attorney 12 General may make grants to covered entities to assist the 13 14 covered entities in carrying out the policies, procedures, 15 protocols, laws, court rules, or regulations described in section 3063. 16 17 "(b) Eligible Covered Entity.— 18 "(1) In general.—A covered entity shall be 19 eligible to receive a grant under this section on and 20 after the date on which the Attorney General deter-21 mines that the covered entity has in effect policies, 22 procedures, protocols, laws, court rules, or regula-23 tions that are substantially similar to the policies, 24 procedures, laws, court rules, or regulations de-25 scribed in section 3063.

1	"(2) Determination.—In making a deter-
2	mination under paragraph (1), the Attorney General
3	may consider policies, procedures, protocols, laws,
4	court rules, or regulations of a covered entity to be
5	substantially similar to the policies, procedures,
6	laws, courts rules, or regulations described in section
7	3063 even if the policies, procedures, protocols, laws,
8	court rules, or regulations of the covered entity—
9	"(A) vary in scope;
10	"(B) prescribe different types of protective
11	orders or firearm surrender orders; or
12	"(C) provide different timing requirements.
13	"(c) USE OF FUNDS.—Grant funds awarded under
14	this section may be used by a covered entity—
15	"(1) to assist law enforcement agencies or
16	courts of the covered entity in carrying out the poli-
17	cies, procedures, protocols, laws, court rules, or reg-
18	ulations described in section 3063; and
19	"(2) in order to ensure the safety of domestic
20	violence victims after a domestic violence protection
21	order is issued in accordance with the policies, pro-
22	cedures, protocols, laws, court rules, or regulations
23	described in section 3063, to partner with and pro-
24	vide support to not less than 1 domestic violence vic-

1	tim service provider, which may include an organiza-
2	tion that is a culturally specific organization.
3	"(d) Application.—
4	"(1) In general.—A covered entity desiring a
5	grant under this section shall submit to the Attorney
6	General an application at such time, in such man-
7	ner, and containing or accompanied by such infor-
8	mation as the Attorney General may reasonably re-
9	quire.
10	"(2) Contents.—An application submitted
11	under this subsection shall include a description of
12	an action plan of the covered entity to establish a
13	partnership described in subsection $(c)(2)$.
14	"SEC. 3063. STATE AND TRIBAL POLICIES AND PROCE-
15	DURES.
16	"The policies, procedures, protocols, laws, court rules,
17	or regulations described in this section are policies, proce-
18	dures, protocols, laws, court rules, or regulations relating
19	to the possession of a firearm or ammunition that—
20	"(1) direct a court, upon the issuance of a do-
21	mestic violence protection order, to issue an addi-
22	tional order (referred to in this section as a 'firearm
23	surrender order') that—
24	"(A) is in effect for the duration of the do-
25	mestic violence protection order;

1	"(B) automatically terminates upon the ex-
2	piration of the domestic violence protection
3	order;
4	"(C) requires—
5	"(i) the individual subject to the fire-
6	arm surrender order to, not later than 24
7	hours after the firearm surrender order is
8	served, surrender physical possession of all
9	firearms and ammunition in the posses-
10	sion, care, custody, or control of the indi-
11	vidual, including any firearm that the indi-
12	vidual has entrusted or lent to a third
13	party, by either—
14	"(I) surrendering the firearms
15	and ammunition to the chief law en-
16	forcement officer of the district in
17	which the individual resides or a law
18	enforcement agency designated by the
19	State or Indian Tribe to receive and
20	store firearms and ammunition; or
21	(Π) selling the firearms and
22	ammunition to a licensed dealer (as
23	defined in section 921 of title 18,
24	United States Code); or

1	"(ii) the chief law enforcement officer
2	of the district in which the individual re-
3	sides or a law enforcement agency des-
4	ignated by the State or Indian Tribe to re-
5	ceive and store firearms and ammunition
6	to, not later than 24 hours after the fire-
7	arm surrender order is served, request the
8	surrender of and remove and store any
9	firearm or ammunition in the possession,
10	care, custody, or control of the individual,
11	including firearms and ammunition that
12	the individual has entrusted or lent to a
13	third party;
14	"(D) prohibits the individual from pur-
15	chasing, possessing, or receiving, or attempting
16	to purchase or receive, a firearm or ammunition
17	for the period of time during which the firearm
18	surrender order is in effect;
19	"(E) revokes any permit or license of the
20	individual to purchase, possess or carry a fire-
21	arm or ammunition for the period of time dur-
22	ing which the firearm surrender order is in ef-
23	fect; and
24	"(F) requires the individual subject to the
25	firearm surrender order to, not later than 48

1	hours after the firearm surrender order is
2	served by a court, file with the court—
3	"(i) a declaration under penalty of
4	perjury that—
5	"(I) the individual has made the
6	surrender described in subparagraph
7	(C)(i);
8	"(II) the chief law enforcement
9	officer of the district in which the in-
10	dividual resides has conducted the re-
11	moval described in subparagraph
12	(C)(ii); or
13	"(III) the individual did not pos-
14	sess any firearm or ammunition at the
15	time of the issuance and service of the
16	firearm surrender order and continues
17	to not possess any firearms or ammu-
18	nition; and
19	"(ii) an itemized receipt of any fire-
20	arms or ammunition surrendered by the
21	individual subject to the firearm surrender
22	order under subparagraph (C)(i), or re-
23	moved by a chief law enforcement officer
24	from that individual under subparagraph
25	(C)(ii), that is signed by the individual who

took possession of those firearms or ammunition;

"(2) in the case of an individual who does not comply with paragraph (1)(C)(i), and where there are reasonable grounds to believe that the individual possesses or has purchased a firearm, require the chief law enforcement officer or designated law enforcement agency described in paragraph (1)(C)(ii) to remove any firearm or ammunition from the individual;

"(3) requires a chief law enforcement officer or designated law enforcement agency that conducts a removal under paragraph (1)(C)(ii) or (2) or receives a firearm or ammunition surrendered by an individual under paragraph (1)(C)(i)(I) to, not later than 48 hours after conducting the removal or receiving the surrendered firearm or ammunition, notify the court of the removal or surrender;

"(4) with respect to a firearm or ammunition that is surrendered under paragraph (1)(C)(i) or any firearm or ammunition removed under paragraph (1)(C)(ii) or (2), require the law enforcement agency to which the firearm or ammunition is surrendered or that removes any firearm or ammunition

1	"(A) safely store the firearm or ammuni-
2	tion; and
3	"(B) at the request of the individual sub-
4	ject to the firearm surrender order, not later
5	than 7 days after the date on which the domes-
6	tic violence protection order described in para-
7	graph (1) expires or is removed—
8	"(i) perform a background check on
9	the individual subject to the firearm sur-
10	render order to determine whether the in-
11	dividual is prohibited from possessing or
12	receiving a firearm under Federal or State
13	law; and
14	"(ii) return the firearm or ammuni-
15	tion to the individual subject to the firearm
16	surrender order if the individual is not pro-
17	hibited from possessing or receiving a fire-
18	arm under Federal, State, or Tribal law;
19	and
20	"(5) require the courts and relevant law en-
21	forcement agencies to partner with and provide sup-
22	port for local domestic violence programs in order to
23	ensure the safety of victims of domestic violence
24	after the issuance of a firearm surrender order."

- 1 (b) Authorization of Appropriations.—Section
- 2 1001(a) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe
- 3 Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10261) is amended by
- 4 adding at the end the following:
- 5 "(29) There are authorized to be appropriated such
- 6 sums as are necessary to carry out part PP.".

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