117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 1265

To amend title 18, United States Code, to make the disclosure of the identity of a whistleblower a criminal offense, to provide a civil right of action for the disclosure of the identity of a whistleblower, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

February 23, 2021

Mr. SWALWELL (for himself, Mr. COHEN, Mrs. DEMINGS, and Ms. NORTON) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To amend title 18, United States Code, to make the disclosure of the identity of a whistleblower a criminal offense, to provide a civil right of action for the disclosure of the identity of a whistleblower, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Enhancing Protections
- 5 for Whistleblower Anonymity Act".

1	SEC. 2. CRIMINAL PENALTY FOR THE DISCLOSURE OF THE				
2	IDENTITY OF A WHISTLEBLOWER.				
3	(a) In General.—Chapter 88 of title 18, United				
4	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-				
5	lowing new section:				
6	"§ 1802. Disclosure of whistleblower identity				
7	"(a) In General.—Except under the circumstances				
8	described in subsection (b), whoever, being an employee				
9	of the Federal Government or contractor of the Federal				
10	Government, knowingly makes a prohibited disclosure				
11	shall be fined under this title, imprisoned not more than				
12	1 year, or both.				
13	"(b) Exceptions.—The circumstances described in				
14	this subsection are the following:				
15	"(1) The prohibited disclosure—				
16	"(A) is made to—				
17	"(i) an employee of the Federal Gov-				
18	ernment;				
19	"(ii) an employee of a State govern-				
20	ment; or				
21	"(iii) an employee of a local govern-				
22	ment; and				
23	"(B) is expressly permitted by any other				
24	law.				
25	"(2) The whistleblower provides written consent				
26	before the prohibited disclosure is made.				

1	"(c) Applicability.—Subsection (a) shall only apply			
2	to a prohibited disclosure that is made after the date of			
3	enactment of this section.			
4	"(d) Definitions.—In this section:			
5	"(1) Employee of the federal govern-			
6	MENT.—The term 'employee of the Federal Govern-			
7	ment' means an officer or employee of the United			
8	States Government, including—			
9	"(A) a member of the uniformed service;			
10	"(B) a Member of Congress; and			
11	"(C) the President of the United States.			
12	"(2) Member of congress.—The term 'Mem-			
13	ber of Congress' has the meaning given such term			
14	in section 2106 of title 5.			
15	"(3) Prohibited disclosure.—The term			
16	'prohibited disclosure' means a formal or informal			
17	communication or transmission of—			
18	"(A) the identity of a whistleblower; or			
19	"(B) identifying information relating to a			
20	whistleblower.			
21	"(4) Whistleblower.—The term 'whistle-			
22	blower' means each of the following:			
23	"(A) An employee, former employee, or ap-			
24	plicant for employment (as such terms are used			
25	in section 1213(a) of title 5) who makes a dis-			

1	closure that is described in paragraph (1) or (2)
2	of such section.
3	"(B) An employee of an agency or appli-
4	cant for employment at an agency (as such
5	terms are used in section 2302(b)(8)(C) of title
6	5) who makes a disclosure as described in such
7	section.
8	"(C) A former employee of the Federal
9	Government who makes a disclosure to Con-
10	gress of information described in section
11	2302(b)(8)(C) of title 5.
12	"(D) An employee that makes a complaint
13	or otherwise provides information to the Inspec-
14	tor General (as the terms 'employee' and 'In-
15	spector General' are used in the Inspector Gen-
16	eral Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.)) pursuant to
17	the requirements of section 7 of such Act.
18	"(E) A member of the Armed Forces
19	that—
20	"(i) complains of or discloses informa-
21	tion; and
22	"(ii) is protected against retaliation
23	for such actions under section 1034 of title
24	10.

1	"(F) An employee (as the term 'employee'
2	is used in section 103H of the National Secu-
3	rity Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3033)) who the In-
4	spector General of the Intelligence Community
5	may not disclose the identity of pursuant to the
6	requirements of section 103H(g)(3)(A) of such
7	Act (50 U.S.C. 3033(g)(3)(A)).
8	"(G) An employee (as the term 'employee'
9	is used in section 4712(a)(3)(A) of title 41)
10	who is deemed to have made a disclosure under
11	such section.
12	"(H) A individual not otherwise covered by
13	subparagraphs (A) through (G) who—
14	"(i) is protected by law to make a dis-
15	closure of—
16	"(I) a violation of law or regula-
17	tion; or
18	"(II) gross mismanagement,
19	gross waste of funds, abuse of author-
20	ity, or a substantial and specific dan-
21	ger to public health or the safety of a
22	Federal entity;
23	"(ii) makes such a disclosure;
24	"(iii) is not prohibited by law to make
25	such a disclosure; and

1		"(iv) is not disclosing information
2		that is determined pursuant to Executive
3		Order No. 13526 (75 Fed. Reg. 707; relat-
4		ing to classified national security informa-
5		tion), or a successor order, or the Atomic
6		Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2011 et
7		seq.) to require protection against unau-
8		thorized disclosure.".
0	(1) (1)	

9 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
10 for chapter 88 of title 18, United States Code, is amended
11 by adding at the end the following new item:
"1802. Disclosure of whistleblower identity.".

12 SEC. 3. CIVIL RIGHT OF ACTION AGAINST DISCLOSURE OF

13 WHISTLEBLOWER IDENTITY.

- (a) PROHIBITED DISCLOSURE.—A whistleblower may
 bring a civil action before the appropriate district court—
- 16 (1) for appropriate relief, including injunctive 17 relief, compensatory damages, and punitive damages, 18 against any employee of the Federal Government or 19 contractor of the Federal Government who makes a 20 prohibited disclosure, with respect to such whistle-21 blower; or
 - (2) for injunctive relief against any employee of the Federal Government or contractor of the Federal Government who threatens to make a prohibited disclosure, with respect to such whistleblower.

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- 1 (b) Jury Trial.—A party to an action brought
- 2 under subsection (a) shall be entitled to trial by jury.
- 3 (c) Definitions.—In this section, the terms "em-
- 4 ployee of the Federal Government", "prohibited disclo-
- 5 sure", and "whistleblower" have the meanings given such
- 6 terms in section 1802(d) of title 18, United States Code,
- 7 as added by this Act.

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