

117TH CONGRESS  
2D SESSION

# H. RES. 1128

Supporting the goals and ideals of the International Day Against  
Homophobia, Transphobia, Biphobia, and Intersexphobia.

---

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MAY 17, 2022

Ms. LEE of California (for herself, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Ms. PRESSLEY, Mr. POCAN, Mr. KHANNA, Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York, Ms. TLAIB, Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN, Ms. BROWNLEY, Mr. HIGGINS of New York, Ms. WILLIAMS of Georgia, Ms. LOIS FRANKEL of Florida, Ms. GARCIA of Texas, Ms. JACOBS of California, Mr. LOWENTHAL, Mr. CICILLINE, Ms. MATSUI, Mr. VARGAS, Ms. PORTER, Ms. PINGREE, Mr. AUCHINCLOSS, Mr. HUFFMAN, Mr. NADLER, Ms. BLUNT ROCHESTER, Ms. SÁNCHEZ, Ms. OMAR, Ms. BONAMICI, Ms. STRICKLAND, Ms. TITUS, Ms. DAVIDS of Kansas, Mr. HORSFORD, Mr. SOTO, Mr. TORRES of New York, Mr. TONKO, and Mr. CLEAVER) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and in addition to the Committees on Energy and Commerce, and Education and Labor, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

---

## RESOLUTION

Supporting the goals and ideals of the International Day  
Against Homophobia, Transphobia, Biphobia, and  
Intersexphobia.

Whereas over 11,000,000 American adults identify as lesbian,  
gay, bisexual, or transgender (LGBT), and 1,300,000  
high schoolers identify as LGBT;

Whereas, according to a February 2013 report by the Williams Institute, an estimated 3,000,000 LGBT Americans have had a child and as many as 6,000,000 American children and adults have an LGBT parent;

Whereas, according to a 2018 study by the Williams Institute—

(1) 24 percent of female same-sex couples are raising children; and

(2) same-sex couples are 7 times more likely than different-sex couples to be raising an adopted or foster child;

Whereas, according to a 2020 study by the Williams Institute, 19 percent of transgender adults are raising children;

Whereas the Center for American Progress found 1 in 3 LGBTQ people reported experiencing discrimination in some area of their lives in the past year because of their sexual orientation or gender identity in 2020;

Whereas 45 percent of United States employees report hearing anti-LGBT remarks in the workplace and 25 percent say that LGBTQ people are treated worse by law enforcement than non-LGBTQ people;

Whereas, according to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, homophobia, transphobia, and biphobia contribute to disparities in physical and mental health indicators such as depression, substance use, cancer, and experiences of abuse and violence;

Whereas COVID–19 has further exacerbated the health disparities experienced by lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, and intersex people;

Whereas the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention further report that homophobia, transphobia, and biphobia limit an individual's ability to access high-quality health care and negatively affect such individual's income and employment status;

Whereas, according to the Global Commission on HIV and the Law, homophobia, transphobia, and biphobia contribute to disproportionately high rates of HIV among men who have sex with men and transgender women;

Whereas, according to a 2017 survey by GLSEN (formerly known as the Gay, Lesbian & Straight Education Network), 87 percent of students who identify as LGBT were harassed at school in the past year due to their sexual orientation, 60 percent felt unsafe at school because of their sexual orientation, and 40 percent because of their gender identity;

Whereas youth who are LGBT are 120 percent more likely to experience homelessness than their non-LGBT counterparts and are likely to lack access to health care and develop stress-related disorders;

Whereas youth who identify as lesbian, gay, or bisexual are over 4 times more likely to attempt suicide compared to their heterosexual counterparts and transgender youth are over 5 times more likely to attempt suicide than their cisgender counterparts;

Whereas homophobia, transphobia, and biphobia are associated with minority stress that may underlie sexual behaviors that can increase the risk of HIV and AIDS transmission, and also create additional barriers for LGBT individuals to access prevention and treatment for HIV and AIDS;

Whereas nearly one-half of all LBQ women report being physically or sexually assaulted since they were 18 years old;

Whereas the 2015 U.S. Transgender Survey, a study of 27,715 transgender adults, found that 77 percent of those who were out or perceived as transgender in K–12 were harassed, physically or sexually assaulted, or faced other forms of mistreatment because of being transgender, and nearly 1 in 5 (17 percent) were forced to leave a school because of the severity of mistreatment that they faced;

Whereas a 2021 Williams Institute study of national crime victimization data found that transgender people are over 4 times more likely than cisgender people to experience violence;

Whereas the Center for American Progress found that—

(1) 15 percent of LGBTQ individuals, including 28 percent of transgender individuals, reported postponing or avoiding needed medical care when they were sick or injured due to disrespect or discrimination by health providers;

(2) among LGBTQ people who reported experiencing some form of discrimination in the year prior, 36 percent reported avoiding doctors' offices to avoid discrimination compared with 20 percent of respondents overall;

(3) 18 percent of transgender people reported that a doctor or health provider refused to see them because of their actual or perceived gender identity; and

(4) LGBTQ patients who experienced discrimination were nearly 7 times more likely than those who had not to avoid going to a doctor;

Whereas LGBT adults are over twice as likely to be uninsured than their non-LGBT counterparts and LGBT adults, particularly bisexual men and women, are more likely to experience poverty;

Whereas 68 countries still criminalize homosexuality, and LGBT people in these countries face violence, increased discrimination, and blackmail;

Whereas, according to the World Health Organization, in some countries transgender women are 80 times more likely to have HIV, and there were 2,982 reported killings of transgender people in 72 countries between 2008 and 2018;

Whereas, according to a Williams Institute study of 120 countries, greater social acceptance and legal rights for LGBT people are associated with stronger economic growth; and

Whereas the European Parliament and other international bodies observe May 17 as an International Day Against Homophobia, Transphobia, and Biphobia: Now, therefore, be it

1        *Resolved*, That the House of Representatives—

2            (1) supports the goals and ideals of an Inter-  
3        national Day Against Homophobia, Transphobia,  
4        Biphobia, and Intersexphobia;

5            (2) encourages the Federal Government, States,  
6        localities, nonprofit organizations, schools, and com-  
7        munity organizations to observe the day with appro-  
8        priate programs and activities, with the goal of in-  
9        creasing public knowledge of homophobia,

1 transphobia, biphobia, and intersexphobia and em-  
2 powering communities to celebrate and respect their  
3 diversity;

4 (3) encourages health care providers to offer  
5 culturally and clinically competent care to the les-  
6 bian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer, questioning,  
7 intersex, asexual, and agender (LGBTQIA+) com-  
8 munity, schools to support the creation of gender  
9 and sexuality alliances to achieve safer learning envi-  
10 ronments, and individuals to learn about national re-  
11 sources for those who identify as LGBTQIA+; and

12 (4) encourages the Federal Government, States,  
13 international funding organizations, and United  
14 States bilateral and multilateral aid efforts to  
15 prioritize the health and human rights of  
16 LGBTQIA+ people.

○