### 117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# H. R. 937

To amend title XI of the Social Security Act to integrate telehealth models in maternity care services, and for other purposes.

### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

February 8, 2021

Ms. Johnson of Texas (for herself, Ms. Underwood, Ms. Adams, Mr. Khanna, Ms. Velázquez, Mrs. McBath, Mr. Smith of Washington, Ms. Scanlon, Mr. Lawson of Florida, Mrs. Hayes, Mr. Butterfield, Ms. Moore of Wisconsin, Ms. Strickland, Mr. Ryan, Mr. Schiff, Mr. Johnson of Georgia, Mr. Horsford, Ms. Wasserman Schultz, Ms. Barragán, Mr. Deutch, Mr. Payne, Mr. Blumenauer, Mr. Moulton, Mr. Soto, Mr. Nadler, Mr. Trone, Ms. Clarke of New York, Ms. Schakowsky, Ms. Bass, Ms. Pressley, Mr. Evans, Ms. Blunt Rochester, Ms. Castor of Florida, Ms. Sewell, and Ms. Williams of Georgia) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

## A BILL

To amend title XI of the Social Security Act to integrate telehealth models in maternity care services, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Tech To Save Moms
- 5 Act".

1	SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.
2	In this Act:
3	(1) Postpartum and Postpartum Period.—
4	The terms "postpartum" and "postpartum period"
5	refer to the 1-year period beginning on the last day
6	of the pregnancy of an individual.
7	(2) RACIAL AND ETHNIC MINORITY GROUP.—
8	The term "racial and ethnic minority group" has the
9	meaning given such term in section $1707(g)(1)$ of
10	the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300u-
11	6(g)(1)).
12	(3) SEVERE MATERNAL MORBIDITY.—The term
13	"severe maternal morbidity" means a health condi-
14	tion, including mental health conditions and sub-
15	stance use disorders, attributed to or aggravated by
16	pregnancy or childbirth that results in significant
17	short-term or long-term consequences to the health
18	of the individual who was pregnant.
19	(4) Social determinants of maternal
20	HEALTH.—The term "social determinants of mater-
21	nal health" means non-clinical factors that impact
22	maternal health outcomes, including—
23	(A) economic factors, which may include
24	poverty, employment, food security, support for
25	and access to lactation and other infant feeding

options, housing stability, and related factors;

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- 1 (B) neighborhood factors, which may in2 clude quality of housing, access to transpor3 tation, access to child care, availability of
  4 healthy foods and nutrition counseling, avail5 ability of clean water, air and water quality,
  6 ambient temperatures, neighborhood crime and
  7 violence, access to broadband, and related fac8 tors;
  - (C) social and community factors, which may include systemic racism, gender discrimination or discrimination based on other protected classes, workplace conditions, incarceration, and related factors;
  - (D) household factors, which may include ability to conduct lead testing and abatement, car seat installation, indoor air temperatures, and related factors;
  - (E) education access and quality factors, which may include educational attainment, language and literacy, and related factors; and
  - (F) health care access factors, including health insurance coverage, access to culturally congruent health care services, providers, and non-clinical support, access to home visiting services, access to wellness and stress manage-

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1	ment programs, health literacy, access to tele-
2	health and items required to receive telehealth
3	services, and related factors.
4	SEC. 3. INTEGRATED TELEHEALTH MODELS IN MATERNITY
5	CARE SERVICES.
6	(a) In General.—Section 1115A(b)(2)(B) of the
7	Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1315a(b)(2)(B)) is amend-
8	ed by adding at the end the following:
9	"(xxviii) Focusing on title XIX, pro-
10	viding for the adoption of and use of tele-
11	health tools that allow for screening, moni-
12	toring, and management of common health
13	complications with respect to an individual
14	receiving medical assistance during such
15	individual's pregnancy and for not more
16	than a 1-year period beginning on the last
17	day of the pregnancy.".
18	(b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by
19	subsection (a) shall take effect 1 year after the date of
20	the enactment of this Act.

1	SEC. 4. GRANTS TO EXPAND THE USE OF TECHNOLOGY-EN
2	ABLED COLLABORATIVE LEARNING AND CA
3	PACITY MODELS FOR PREGNANT AND
4	POSTPARTUM INDIVIDUALS.
5	Title III of the Public Health Service Act is amended
6	by inserting after section 330M (42 U.S.C. 254c-19) the
7	following:
8	"SEC. 330N. EXPANDING CAPACITY FOR MATERNAL
9	HEALTH OUTCOMES.
10	"(a) Establishment.—Beginning not later than 1
11	year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary
12	shall award grants to eligible entities to evaluate, develop
13	and expand the use of technology-enabled collaborative
14	learning and capacity building models and improve mater-
15	nal health outcomes—
16	"(1) in health professional shortage areas;
17	"(2) in areas with high rates of maternal mor-
18	tality and severe maternal morbidity;
19	"(3) in areas with significant racial and ethnic
20	disparities in maternal health outcomes; and
21	"(4) for medically underserved populations and
22	American Indians and Alaska Natives, including In-
23	dian Tribes, Tribal organizations, and Urban Indian
24	organizations.
25	"(b) Use of Funds —

1	"(1) Required uses.—Recipients of grants
2	under this section shall use the grants to—
3	"(A) train maternal health care providers,
4	students, and other similar professionals
5	through models that include—
6	"(i) methods to increase safety and
7	health care quality;
8	"(ii) implicit bias, racism, and dis-
9	crimination;
10	"(iii) best practices in screening for
11	and, as needed, evaluating and treating
12	maternal mental health conditions and
13	substance use disorders;
14	"(iv) training on best practices in ma-
15	ternity care for pregnant and postpartum
16	individuals during the COVID-19 public
17	health emergency or future public health
18	emergencies;
19	"(v) methods to screen for social de-
20	terminants of maternal health risks in the
21	prenatal and postpartum; and
22	"(vi) the use of remote patient moni-
23	toring tools for pregnancy-related com-
24	plications described in section
25	1115A(b)(2)(B)(xxviii);

1	"(B) evaluate and collect information on
2	the effect of such models on—
3	"(i) access to and quality of care;
4	"(ii) outcomes with respect to the
5	health of an individual;
6	"(iii) the experience of individuals who
7	receive pregnancy-related health care;
8	"(C) develop qualitative and quantitative
9	measures to identify best practices for the ex-
10	pansion and use of such models;
11	"(D) study the effect of such models on
12	patient outcomes and maternity care providers;
13	and
14	"(E) conduct any other activity determined
15	by the Secretary.
16	"(2) Permissible uses.—Recipients of grants
17	under this section may use grants to support—
18	"(A) the use and expansion of technology-
19	enabled collaborative learning and capacity
20	building models, including hardware and soft-
21	ware that—
22	"(i) enables distance learning and
23	technical support; and
24	"(ii) supports the secure exchange of
25	electronic health information; and

1	"(B) maternity care providers, students,
2	and other similar professionals in the provision
3	of maternity care through such models.
4	"(c) Application.—
5	"(1) In general.—An eligible entity seeking a
6	grant under subsection (a) shall submit to the Sec-
7	retary an application, at such time, in such manner,
8	and containing such information as the Secretary
9	may require.
10	"(2) Assurance.—An application under para-
11	graph (1) shall include an assurance that such entity
12	shall collect information on and assess the effect of
13	the use of technology-enabled collaborative learning
14	and capacity building models, including with respect
15	to—
16	"(A) maternal health outcomes;
17	"(B) access to maternal health care serv-
18	ices;
19	"(C) quality of maternal health care; and
20	"(D) retention of maternity care providers
21	serving areas and populations described in sub-
22	section (a).
23	"(d) Limitations.—

1	"(1) Number.—The Secretary may not award
2	more than 1 grant under this section to an eligible
3	entity.
4	"(2) Duration.—A grant awarded under this
5	section shall be for a 5-year period.
6	"(e) Access to Broadband.—In administering
7	grants under this section, the Secretary may coordinate
8	with other agencies to ensure that funding opportunities
9	are available to support access to reliable, high-speed
10	internet for grantees.
11	"(f) Technical Assistance.—The Secretary shall
12	provide (either directly or by contract) technical assistance
13	to eligible entities, including recipients of grants under
14	subsection (a), on the development, use, and sustainability
15	of technology-enabled collaborative learning and capacity
16	building models to expand access to maternal health care
17	services provided by such entities, including—
18	"(1) in health professional shortage areas;
19	"(2) in areas with high rates of maternal mor-
20	tality and severe maternal morbidity or significant
21	racial and ethnic disparities in maternal health out-
22	comes; and
23	"(3) for medically underserved populations or
24	American Indians and Alaska Natives.

1	"(g) Research and Evaluation.—The Secretary,
2	in consultation with experts, shall develop a strategic plan
3	to research and evaluate the evidence for such models.
4	"(h) Reporting.—
5	"(1) Eligible entity
6	that receives a grant under subsection (a) shall sub-
7	mit to the Secretary a report, at such time, in such
8	manner, and containing such information as the Sec-
9	retary may require.
10	"(2) Secretary.—Not later than 4 years after
11	the date of enactment of this section, the Secretary
12	shall submit to the Congress, and make available on
13	the website of the Department of Health and
14	Human Services, a report that includes—
15	"(A) a description of grants awarded
16	under subsection (a) and the purpose and
17	amounts of such grants;
18	"(B) a summary of—
19	"(i) the evaluations conducted under
20	subsection (b)(B);
21	"(ii) any technical assistance provided
22	under subsection (g); and
23	"(iii) the activities conducted under
24	subsection (a): and

1	"(C) a description of any significant find-
2	ings with respect to—
3	"(i) patient outcomes; and
4	"(ii) best practices for expanding,
5	using, or evaluating technology-enabled col-
6	laborative learning and capacity building
7	models.
8	"(i) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
9	authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section,
10	\$6,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.
11	"(j) Definitions.—In this section:
12	"(1) Eligible entity.—
13	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'eligible en-
14	tity' means an entity that provides, or supports
15	the provision of, maternal health care services
16	or other evidence-based services for pregnant
17	and postpartum individuals—
18	"(i) in health professional shortage
19	areas;
20	"(ii) in areas with high rates of ad-
21	verse maternal health outcomes or signifi-
22	cant racial and ethnic disparities in mater-
23	nal health outcomes; or
24	"(iii) who are—

1	"(I) members of medically under-
2	served populations; or
3	"(II) American Indians and Alas-
4	ka Natives, including Indian Tribes,
5	Tribal organizations, and urban In-
6	dian organizations.
7	"(B) Inclusions.—An eligible entity may
8	include entities that lead, or are capable of
9	leading a technology-enabled collaborative learn-
10	ing and capacity building model.
11	"(2) Health professional shortage
12	AREA.—The term 'health professional shortage area'
13	means a health professional shortage area des-
14	ignated under section 332.
15	"(3) Indian Tribe.—The term 'Indian Tribe'
16	has the meaning given such term in section 4 of the
17	Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance
18	Act.
19	"(4) Maternal mortality.—The term 'ma-
20	ternal mortality' means a death occurring during or
21	within 1-year period after pregnancy caused by preg-
22	nancy-related or childbirth complications, including a
23	suicide, overdose, or other death resulting from a
24	mental health or substance use disorder attributed

- to or aggravated by pregnancy or childbirth complications.
- 3 "(5) MEDICALLY UNDERSERVED POPU-4 LATION.—The term 'medically underserved popu-5 lation' has the meaning given such term in section 6 330(b)(3).
  - "(6) Postpartum.—The term 'postpartum' means the 1-year period beginning on the last date of an individual's pregnancy.
    - "(7) SEVERE MATERNAL MORBIDITY.—The term 'severe maternal morbidity' means a health condition, including a mental health or substance use disorder, attributed to or aggravated by pregnancy or childbirth that results in significant short-term or long-term consequences to the health of the individual who was pregnant.
    - "(8) TECHNOLOGY-ENABLED COLLABORATIVE LEARNING AND CAPACITY BUILDING MODEL.—The term 'technology-enabled collaborative learning and capacity building model' means a distance health education model that connects health care professionals, and other specialists, through simultaneous interactive videoconferencing for the purpose of facilitating case-based learning, disseminating best

- practices, and evaluating outcomes in the context of maternal health care.
- 3 "(9) TRIBAL ORGANIZATION.—The term 'Tribal 4 organization' has the meaning given such term in 5 section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Edu-6 cation Assistance Act.
- 7 "(10) Urban Indian organization.—The 8 term 'urban Indian organization' has the meaning 9 given such term in section 4 of the Indian Health
- 10 Care Improvement Act.".
- 11 SEC. 5. GRANTS TO PROMOTE EQUITY IN MATERNAL
- 12 HEALTH OUTCOMES THROUGH DIGITAL
- TOOLS.
- 14 (a) IN GENERAL.—Beginning not later than 1 year
- 15 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary
- 16 of Health and Human Services shall make grants to eligi-
- 17 ble entities to reduce racial and ethnic disparities in ma-
- 18 ternal health outcomes by increasing access to digital tools
- 19 related to maternal health care.
- 20 (b) Applications.—To be eligible to receive a grant
- 21 under this section, an eligible entity shall submit to the
- 22 Secretary an application at such time, in such manner,
- 23 and containing such information as the Secretary may re-
- 24 quire.

1	(c) Prioritization.—In awarding grants under this
2	section, the Secretary shall prioritize an eligible entity—
3	(1) in an area with high rates of adverse mater-
4	nal health outcomes or significant racial and ethnic
5	disparities in maternal health outcomes;
6	(2) in a health professional shortage area des-
7	ignated under section 332 of the Public Health Serv-
8	ice Act (42 U.S.C. 254e); and
9	(3) that promotes technology that addresses ra-
10	cial and ethnic disparities in maternal health out-
11	comes.
12	(d) Limitations.—
13	(1) Number.—The Secretary may award not
14	more than 1 grant under this section to an eligible
15	entity.
16	(2) Duration.—A grant awarded under this
17	section shall be for a 5-year period.
18	(e) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary shall
19	provide technical assistance to an eligible entity on the de-
20	velopment, use, evaluation, and post-grant sustainability
21	of digital tools for purposes of promoting equity in mater-
22	nal health outcomes.
23	(f) Reporting.—
24	(1) Eligible entity
25	that receives a grant under subsection (a) shall sub-

1	mit to the Secretary a report, at such time, in such
2	manner, and containing such information as the Sec-
3	retary may require.
4	(2) Secretary.—Not later than 4 years after
5	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary
6	shall submit to Congress a report that includes—
7	(A) an evaluation on the effectiveness of
8	grants awarded under this section to improve
9	health outcomes for pregnant and postpartum
10	individuals from racial and ethnic minority
11	groups;
12	(B) recommendations on new grant pro-
13	grams that promote the use of technology to
14	improve such maternal health outcomes; and
15	(C) recommendations with respect to—
16	(i) technology-based privacy and secu-
17	rity safeguards in maternal health care;
18	(ii) reimbursement rates for maternal
19	telehealth services;
20	(iii) the use of digital tools to analyze
21	large data sets to identify potential preg-
22	nancy-related complications;
23	(iv) barriers that prevent maternity
24	care providers from providing telehealth
25	services across States;

1	(v) the use of consumer digital tools
2	such as mobile phone applications, patient
3	portals, and wearable technologies to im-
4	prove maternal health outcomes;
5	(vi) barriers that prevent access to
6	telehealth services, including a lack of ac-
7	cess to reliable, high-speed internet or elec-
8	tronic devices;
9	(vii) barriers to data sharing between
10	the Special Supplemental Nutrition Pro-
11	gram for Women, Infants, and Children
12	program and maternity care providers, and
13	recommendations for addressing such bar-
14	riers; and
15	(viii) lessons learned from expanded
16	access to telehealth related to maternity
17	care during the COVID-19 public health
18	emergency.
19	(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
20	authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
21	\$6,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.
22	SEC. 6. REPORT ON THE USE OF TECHNOLOGY IN MATER-
23	NITY CARE.
24	(a) In General.—Not later than 60 days after the
25	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and

- 1 Human Services shall seek to enter an agreement with the
- 2 National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medi-
- 3 cine (referred to in this Act as the "National Academies")
- 4 under which the National Academies shall conduct a study
- 5 on the use of technology and patient monitoring devices
- 6 in maternity care.
- 7 (b) Content.—The agreement entered into pursu-
- 8 ant to subsection (a) shall provide for the study of the
- 9 following:
- 10 (1) The use of innovative technology (including
- 11 artificial intelligence) in maternal health care, in-
- cluding the extent to which such technology has af-
- fected racial or ethnic biases in maternal health
- 14 care.
- 15 (2) The use of patient monitoring devices (in-
- 16 cluding pulse oximeter devices) in maternal health
- 17 care, including the extent to which such devices have
- 18 affected racial or ethnic biases in maternal health
- 19 care.
- 20 (3) Best practices for reducing and preventing
- racial or ethnic biases in the use of innovative tech-
- 22 nology and patient monitoring devices in maternity
- care.
- 24 (4) Best practices in the use of innovative tech-
- 25 nology and patient monitoring devices for pregnant

- and postpartum individuals from racial and ethnic
   minority groups.
- 3 (5) Best practices with respect to privacy and 4 security safeguards in such use.
- 5 (c) Report.—The agreement under subsection (a)
- 6 shall direct the National Academies to complete the study
- 7 under this section, and transmit to Congress a report on
- 8 the results of the study, not later than 24 months after
- 9 the date of enactment of this Act.

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