117TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 8740

To establish reasonable controls on firearms manufacturers and importers, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

August 23, 2022

Mrs. Carolyn B. Maloney of New York introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To establish reasonable controls on firearms manufacturers and importers, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Firearm Industry
- 5 Crime and Trafficking Accountability Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 The Congress finds as follows:
- 8 (1) The firearm industry has engaged in dan-
- 9 gerous business practices, flooding American com-
- munities with weapons of war like AR–15s and other

- semiautomatic weapons. Despite these practices, the firearm industry is not required to monitor its distribution to ensure that its products are not used for unlawful purposes.
 - (2) A study conducted by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives (ATF) found that 5 percent of licensed dealers sell about 90 percent of guns used in crimes (also known as "crime guns"). Firearm manufacturers, through trace data provided by the ATF, often know exactly which dealers and distributors disproportionately sell these crime guns.
 - (3) Despite these indicators of diversion, firearm manufacturers have failed to adequately curtail their distribution practices and sought to evade any responsibility for preventing the widespread misuse of their products—rejecting ATF resources and failing to effect change at the top of the distribution pyramid.
 - (4) Firearm manufacturers also sell dangerous firearms to distributors and retailers who, according to ATF data, can fail to comply with Federal firearms law. The trace analysis of 2,000 firearms dealers cited by the ATF found that half of the dealers sold firearms to customers without conducting the

1 background checks required by Federal law. Fire-2 arms dealers often flouted Federal laws and regula-3 tions, sold weapons to convicted felons and domestic abusers, lied to investigators, and falsified records. 4 SEC. 3. REQUIREMENT TO CREATE REASONABLE CON-6 TROLS AND MONITORING SYSTEM. 7 Each manufacturer or importer of firearms in or af-8 fecting interstate commerce shall implement reasonable controls to prevent, and create and maintain a monitoring 10 database to retain essential facts concerning, the criminal diversion or potential misuse of their products. 11 12 SEC. 4. PROHIBITED ACTIVITIES. 13 It shall be unlawful for any manufacturer or importer 14 of firearms in or affecting interstate commerce to— 15 (1) supply a firearm to a distributor or retailer 16 of the firearm, knowing or having reasonable cause 17 to believe that the distributor or retailer has failed 18 to implement reasonable controls or engaged in dis-19 tribution, sales, or other practices likely to result in 20 a high risk of criminal diversion or misuse; 21 (2) fail to investigate or inquire as to the dis-22 tribution practices of such a distributor or retailer, 23 knowing or having reasonable cause to believe that 24 the distributor or retailer has failed to implement

reasonable controls or engaged in distribution, sales,

- or other practices likely to result in a high risk of criminal diversion or misuse; or
- 3 (3) supply a quantity of firearms to a State or 4 distribution area, knowing or having reasonable 5 cause to believe that the quantity exceeds the lawful 6 demand for firearms in the State or distribution 7 area.

8 SEC. 5. REQUIRED ACTIVITIES.

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- 9 Each manufacturer or importer of firearms in or af-10 fecting interstate commerce shall—
 - (1) report to the Director on any pattern, distribution, or repeated instances of a distributor or retailer of a firearm whom the firearm manufacturer or importer knows or has reasonable cause to believe has failed to implement reasonable controls or engaged in distribution, sales, or other practices likely to result in a high risk of criminal diversion or misuse;
 - (2) report to the Director annually, in such form and manner as the Director shall prescribe, all instances of criminal diversion or misuse of a product distributed or sold by the manufacturer or importer, as the case may be, of which the manufacturer or importer, as the case may be, is aware, and

- shall include in the report an itemization of the fire-1 2 arms involved by category; and 3 (3) keep for a period of 5 years all trace records, relevant communications, and other relevant 5 information pertaining to the monitoring database of 6 the manufacturer or importer, as the case may be. 7 SEC. 6. EXEMPTIONS. (a) In General.—Sections 3 through 5 shall not 8 apply to a manufacturer who manufactures fewer than 10 3,000 firearms per year. 11 (b) WAIVER AUTHORITY.—The Director may waive 12 the applicability of such sections to a manufacturer who manufactures not more than 6,000 firearms per year, on finding that the provision of such a waiver will not harm 14 15 public safety, except that the Director may not provide 16 such a waiver to a manufacturer who manufactures a 17 semiautomatic firearm or any copy, duplicate, variant, or 18 altered facsimile with the capability of a semiautomatic 19 firearm. 20 SEC. 7. DEFINITIONS. 21 In this Act: (1) ATF.—The term "ATF" means the Bureau 22 23 of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives.
- 24 (2) CRIMINAL DIVERSION.—The term "criminal diversion" means the unlawful sale or distribution of

- a firearm by, to, or through a firearm trafficker, straw purchaser, or person prohibited by law from possessing a firearm, and any transfer or possession of a firearm in violation of law.
 - (3) DIRECTOR.—The term "Director" means the Director or the Acting Director of ATF.
 - (4) ESSENTIAL FACTS.—The term "essential facts" means crime gun trace data, information on distributor or retailer compliance with ATF inspections, information on distributor or retailer compliance with State inspections, where applicable, information concerning distributor or retailer compliance with applicable background check requirements with respect to firearms sold by the manufacturer or importer, and such other information as the Director may deem useful in preventing criminal diversion or misuse of firearms.
 - (5) FIREARM.—The term "firearm" has the meaning given the term in section 921(a)(3) of title 18, United States Code.
 - (6) IMPORTER.—The term "importer" has the meaning given the term in section 921(a)(9) of title 18, United States Code.

MANUFACTURER.—The term "manufac-1 2 turer" has the meaning given the term in section 921(a)(10) of title 18, United States Code. 3 (8) Monitoring database.—The term "moni-4 toring database" means a system capable of incor-5 6 porating and analyzing— 7 (A) information obtained from gun trace 8 data, ATF notifications, dealer inspections, and 9 State and local law enforcement notifications; 10 and 11 (B) such other information as the Director 12 may deem important and useful. 13 (9) Reasonable controls.—The term "rea-14 sonable controls" means procedures or practices de-15 signed to prevent the unlawful sale or distribution of 16 a firearm, including by preventing such a sale to a 17 firearm trafficker, straw purchaser, person prohib-18 ited by Federal or State law from possessing a fire-

(10) Semiautomatic firearm" means any repeating firearm which utilizes a portion of the energy of a firing cartridge or shell to extract the fired cartridge case

arm, or person who the seller knows or has reason-

able cause to believe will use a firearm unlawfully or

for self-harm.

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or shell and chamber the next round, and which requires a separate pull of the trigger to fire each cartridge or shell.

(11) STRAW PURCHASER.—The term "straw purchaser" means a person who, in connection with the acquisition or attempted acquisition of a firearm, makes any false or fictitious oral or written statement intended to conceal that the purchase is being made on behalf of a third party, unless the acquisition or attempted acquisition is for the purpose of making a bona fide gift to a third party who is not prohibited by law from possessing or receiving a firearm. For purposes of the preceding sentence, a gift to a third party is not a bona fide gift if the third party has offered or given the purchaser a service or thing of value to acquire the firearm for the third party.

18 SEC. 8. PENALTIES.

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- 19 (a) Administrative Remedies.—With respect to
- 20 each violation of section 3, 4, or 5, the Director shall, after
- 21 notice and opportunity for hearing, subject the violator to
- 22 a civil penalty, in an amount to be determined by the Di-
- 23 rector which shall be—
- 24 (1) in the case of the 1st such violation by the
- violator, not less than \$150,000 and not more than

- 1 1 percent of the gross annual revenue of the viola-2 tor;
- 3 (2) in the case of the 2nd such violation, not 4 less than \$300,000 and not more than 2 percent of 5 the gross annual revenue of the violator; or
- 6 (3) in the case of the 3rd or subsequent such 7 violation, not less than \$1,000,000 and not more 8 than 6 percent of the gross annual revenue of the 9 violator.
- 10 (b) Judicial Remedies in the Case of Knowing 11 Violations.—
 - (1) IN GENERAL.—In the case of a violation of section 4 or 5 that the Director determines was committed knowingly, the Director shall also bring a civil action against the violator in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia. If the Director proves the violation by a preponderance of the evidence, the court shall order the Director to place the violator under an ATF monitoring system to prevent criminal diversion of the products of the violator, for not more than 5 years.
 - (2) LICENSE SUSPENSION FOR VIOLATION WHILE SUBJECT TO ATF MONITORING SYSTEM.—If the Director determines that, while subject to such a monitoring system, the violator has knowingly vio-

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- 1 lated section 4 or 5, the Director may bring a civil
- action in the United States District Court for the
- 3 District of Columbia. If the Director proves the vio-
- 4 lation by a preponderance of the evidence, the court
- 5 shall order the Director to suspend for 3 months any
- 6 license issued to the violator under chapter 44 of
- 7 title 18, United States Code.

8 SEC. 9. ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.

- 9 (a) Request for Records.—On request of the Di-
- 10 rector, a manufacturer or importer of firearms shall pro-
- 11 vide the Director with such records as the Director deter-
- 12 mines will assist the Director in ensuring compliance with
- 13 this Act.
- 14 (b) AVAILABILITY OF TRACE DATA.—The Director
- 15 may make available to a manufacturer or importer of fire-
- 16 arms any data requested by the manufacturer or importer,
- 17 as the case may be, from the National Tracing Center or
- 18 the Director of Industry Operations.
- 19 (c) Provision of Information to Other Fed-
- 20 ERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES, OR STATE OR
- 21 LOCAL GOVERNMENTS.—On request of a Federal law en-
- 22 forcement agency, the Director shall provide information
- 23 obtained under this Act to the agency, and may provide
- 24 the information to State and local law enforcement au-
- 25 thorities.

1 SEC. 10. ANNUAL REPORT TO CONGRESS.

- 2 The Director shall submit to the Congress, and make
- 3 easily accessible to the public on the website of the ATF,
- 4 annual reports summarizing the information reported pur-
- 5 suant to section 5(2), which shall include copies of the
- 6 reports made pursuant to section 5(2) and supporting eco-
- 7 nomic analyses.
- 8 SEC. 11. TRADE SECRETS AND CONFIDENTIAL INFORMA-
- 9 TION.
- This Act shall not be interpreted to require the disclo-
- 11 sure of information that is exempt from public disclosure
- 12 under section 552 of title 5, United States Code (com-
- 13 monly known as the "Freedom of Information Act").
- 14 SEC. 12. REGULATIONS.
- Within 18 months after the date of the enactment
- 16 of this Act, the Director shall promulgate final regulations
- 17 necessary to implement the preceding provisions of this
- 18 Act, including regulations necessary to ensure that manu-
- 19 facturers and importers of firearms comply with sections
- 20 3 through 5. In promulgating regulations to enforce sec-
- 21 tion 4(3), the Director shall take into account factors such
- 22 as population, reports of lost and stolen firearms, types
- 23 of firearms used in crimes, firearms traced to distributors
- 24 and retailers in other States, and firearm traces.

SEC. 13. EFFECTIVE DATE.

- 2 The preceding provisions of this Act shall take effect
- 3 on the date final regulations are promulgated under sec-
- 4 tion 11.
- 5 SEC. 14. REPEAL OF CERTAIN LIMITATIONS ON THE BU-
- 6 REAU OF ALCOHOL, TOBACCO, FIREARMS
- 7 AND EXPLOSIVES.
- 8 (a) Repeal of Certain Limitations on the Use
- 9 OF DATABASE INFORMATION OF THE BUREAU OF ALCO-
- 10 HOL, TOBACCO, FIREARMS AND EXPLOSIVES.—
- 11 (1) The matter under the heading "Bureau of
- 12 Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives—Sala-
- ries and Expenses" in title II of division B of the
- 14 Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropria-
- 15 tions Act, 2012 (18 U.S.C. 923 note; Public Law
- 16 112–55; 125 Stat. 609–610) is amended by striking
- the 6th proviso.
- 18 (2) The 6th proviso under the heading "Bureau
- of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives—Sala-
- ries and Expenses" in title II of division B of the
- Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2010 (18 U.S.C.
- 22 923 note; Public Law 111–117; 123 Stat. 3128–
- 3129) is amended by striking "beginning in fiscal
- year 2010 and thereafter" and inserting "in fiscal
- 25 year 2010".

- 1 (3) The 6th proviso under the heading "Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives—Sala3 ries and Expenses" in title II of division B of the Omnibus Appropriations Act, 2009 (18 U.S.C. 923 note; Public Law 111–8; 123 Stat. 574–576) is amended by striking "beginning in fiscal year 2009 and thereafter" and inserting "in fiscal year 2009".
 - (4) The 6th proviso under the heading "Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives—Salaries and Expenses" in title II of division B of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2008 (18 U.S.C. 923 note; Public Law 110–161; 121 Stat. 1903–1904) is amended by striking "beginning in fiscal year 2008 and thereafter" and inserting "in fiscal year 2008".
 - (5) The 6th proviso under the heading "Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives—Salaries and Expenses" in title I of the Science, State, Justice, Commerce, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2006 (18 U.S.C. 923 note; Public Law 109–108; 119 Stat. 2295–2296) is amended by striking "with respect to any fiscal year".
 - (6) The 6th proviso under the heading "Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives—Salaries and Expenses" in title I of division B of the

- 1 Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2005 (18 U.S.C.
- 2 923 note; Public Law 108–447; 118 Stat. 2859–
- 3 2860) is amended by striking "with respect to any
- 4 fiscal year".
- 5 (b) Elimination of Prohibition on Processing
- 6 of Freedom of Information Act Requests About
- 7 Arson or Explosives Incidents or Firearm
- 8 Traces.—Section 644 of division J of the Consolidated
- 9 Appropriations Resolution, 2003 (5 U.S.C. 552 note; Pub-
- 10 lic Law 108–7; 117 Stat. 473) is repealed.
- 11 (c) Repeal of Limitations on Imposition of Re-
- 12 QUIREMENT THAT FIREARMS DEALERS CONDUCT PHYS-
- 13 ICAL CHECK OF FIREARMS INVENTORY.—The 5th proviso
- 14 under the heading "Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms
- 15 and Explosives—Salaries and Expenses" in title II of divi-
- 16 sion B of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appro-
- 17 priations Act, 2013 (18 U.S.C. 923 note; Public Law 113–
- 18 6; 127 Stat. 248) is amended by striking "and any fiscal
- 19 year thereafter".
- 20 (d) Elimination of Prohibition on Consolida-
- 21 TION OR CENTRALIZATION IN THE DEPARTMENT OF JUS-
- 22 TICE OF FIREARMS ACQUISITION AND DISPOSITION
- 23 Records Maintained by Federal Firearms Licens-
- 24 EES.—The matter under the heading "Bureau of Alcohol,
- 25 Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives—Salaries and Ex-

- 1 penses" in title II of division B of the Consolidated and
- 2 Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2012 (18 U.S.C.
- 3 923 note; Public Law 112–55; 125 Stat. 609) is amended

4 by striking the 1st proviso.

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