117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 5781

To improve the Federal effort to reduce wildland fire risks, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

OCTOBER 28, 2021

Ms. Lofgren (for herself, Mr. McNerney, Mr. Perlmutter, and Ms. Bonamici) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology, and in addition to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To improve the Federal effort to reduce wildland fire risks, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "National Wildland Fire
- 5 Risk Reduction Program Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. ESTABLISHMENT.
- 7 The President shall establish a National Wildland
- 8 Fire Risk Reduction Program with the purpose of achiev-

1	ing major measurable reductions in the losses of life and
2	property from wildland fires through a coordinated Fed-
3	eral effort to—
4	(1) improve the assessment of fire environments
5	and the understanding and prediction of wildland
6	fires, associated smoke, and their impacts, includ-
7	ing—
8	(A) at the wildland-urban interface;
9	(B) on communities, buildings and other
10	infrastructure; and
11	(C) social and economic impacts;
12	(2) develop and encourage the adoption of
13	science-based and cost-effective measures to prevent
14	and mitigate wildland fire and associated smoke im-
15	pacts; and
16	(3) improve the understanding and mitigation
17	of the impacts of climate change and variability on
18	wildland fire risk, frequency, and severity, and to in-
19	form paragraphs (1) and (2).
20	SEC. 3. PROGRAM ACTIVITIES.
21	The Program shall consist of the activities described
22	under section 6, which shall be designed—
23	(1) to support research and development, in-
24	cluding interdisciplinary research, related to fire en-
25	vironments wildland fires associated smoke and

- their impacts, in furtherance of a coordinated interagency effort to address wildland fire risk reduction;
 - (2) to support data management and stewardship, and the development and coordination of data systems and computational tools to accelerate the understanding of fire environments, wildland fires, associated smoke, and their impacts;
 - (3) to support the development of novel tools and technologies to improve understanding, monitoring, prediction, and mitigation of wildland fires, associated smoke, and their impacts;
 - (4) to support education and training to expand the number of students and researchers in areas of study and research related to wildland fires;
 - (5) to accelerate the translation of research related to wildland fires and associated smoke into operations to reduce harm to communities, buildings, and other infrastructure;
 - (6) to conduct communication and outreach regarding wildland fire science and wildland fire risk mitigation, to communities, energy utilities and operators of other critical infrastructure, and other relevant stakeholders;
 - (7) to support research and development projects funded under joint solicitations or through

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1	memoranda of understanding between no fewer than
2	two agencies participating in the Program; and
3	(8) to disseminate, to the extent practicable,
4	scientific data and related products and services in
5	formats meeting shared standards to enhance the
6	interoperability, usability, and accessibility of Pro-
7	gram Agency data in order to better meet the needs
8	of Program agencies, other Federal agencies, and
9	relevant stakeholders.
10	SEC. 4. INTERAGENCY COORDINATING COMMITTEE ON
11	WILDLAND FIRE RISK REDUCTION.
12	(a) Establishment.—Not later than 90 days after
13	enactment of this Act, the Director of the Office of Science
14	and Technology Policy shall establish an Interagency Co-
15	ordinating Committee on Wildland Fire Risk Reduction,
16	to be co-chaired by the Director and the Director of the
17	National Institute of Standards and Technology.
18	(b) Membership.—In addition to the co-chairs, the
19	Committee shall be composed of—
20	(1) the Director of the National Science Foun-
21	dation;
22	(2) the Administrator of the National Oceanic
23	and Atmospheric Administration;
24	(3) the Administrator of the Federal Emer-
25	gency Management Agency;

1	(4) the United States Fire Administration;
2	(5) the Chief of the Forest Service;
3	(6) the Administrator of the National Aero-
4	nautics and Space Administration;
5	(7) the Administrator of the Environmental
6	Protection Agency;
7	(8) the Secretary of Energy;
8	(9) the Director of the Office of Science and
9	Technology Policy;
10	(10) the Director of the Office of Management
11	and Budget;
12	(11) the Secretary of the Interior;
13	(12) the Director of United States Geological
14	Survey;
15	(13) the Secretary of Health and Human Serv-
16	ices;
17	(14) the Secretary of Defense;
18	(15) the Secretary of Housing and Urban De-
19	velopment; and
20	(16) the head of any other Federal agency that
21	the Director considers appropriate.
22	(c) Meetings.—The Committee shall meet not less
23	than twice a year for the first 2 years and then not less
24	than once a year at the call of the Director.

1	(d) General Purpose and Duties.—The Com-
2	mittee shall oversee the planning, management, and co-
3	ordination of the Program, and solicit stakeholder input
4	on Program goals.
5	(e) Strategic Plan.—The Committee shall develop
6	and submit to Congress, not later than 1 year after enact-
7	ment, a Strategic Plan for the Program that includes—
8	(1) prioritized goals for the Program, consistent
9	with the purposes of the Program as described in
10	section 2;
11	(2) short-term, mid-term, and long-term re-
12	search and development objectives to achieve those
13	goals;
14	(3) a description of the role of each Program
15	agency in achieving the prioritized goals;
16	(4) a description of how the Committee will fos-
17	ter collaboration between and among the Program
18	agencies to help meet the goals of the Program;
19	(5) the methods by which progress toward the
20	goals will be assessed;
21	(6) an explanation of how the Program will fos-
22	ter the translation of research into measurable re-
23	ductions in the losses of life and property from
24	wildland fires, including recommended outcomes and

metrics for each program goal and how operational

- 1 Program agencies will transition demonstrated tech-2 nologies and research findings into operations;
- 3 (7) a description of the research infrastructure, including databases and computational tools, needed 5 to accomplish the research and development objec-6 tives outlined in paragraph (2), a description of how 7 research infrastructure in existence at the time of 8 the development of the plan will be used to meet the 9 objectives, and an explanation of how new research 10 infrastructure will be developed to meet the objectives;
 - (8) a description of how Program agencies will collaborate with stakeholders and take into account stakeholder needs and recommendations in developing research and development objectives;
 - (9) recommendations on the most effective means to integrate the research results into wildland fire preparedness and response actions across Federal, State, and local levels; and
 - (10) guidance on how the Committee's recommendations are best used in climate adaptation planning for Federal, State, local, Tribal, and territorial entities.
- 24 (f) Coordination With Other Federal Ef-FORTS.—The Director shall ensure that the activities of

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- 1 the Program are coordinated with other relevant Federal
- 2 initiatives as appropriate.
- 3 (g) Progress Report.—Not later than 18 months
- 4 after the date transmission of the Strategic Plan from
- 5 subsection (e) to Congress and not less frequently than
- 6 once every 2 years thereafter, the Committee shall submit
- 7 to the Congress a report on the progress of the Program
- 8 that includes—
- 9 (1) a description of the activities funded under
- the Program, a description of how those activities
- align with the prioritized goals and research objec-
- tives established in the Strategic Plan, and the
- budgets, per agency, for these activities; and
- 14 (2) the outcomes achieved by the Program for
- each of the goals identified in the Strategic Plan.
- 16 SEC. 5. GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY OFFICE REVIEW.
- 17 Not later than 3 years after the date of enactment
- 18 of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States
- 19 shall submit a report to Congress that—
- 20 (1) evaluates the progress and performance of
- 21 the Program in establishing and making progress to-
- ward the goals of the Program as set forth in this
- 23 Act; and

1	(2) includes such recommendations as the
2	Comptroller General determines are appropriate to
3	improve the Program.
4	SEC. 6. RESPONSIBILITIES OF PROGRAM AGENCIES.
5	(a) National Institute of Standards and
6	TECHNOLOGY.—The responsibilities of the Director of the
7	National Institute of Standards and Technology with re-
8	spect to the Program are as follows:
9	(1) Research and Development activi-
10	TIES.—The Director of the National Institute of
11	Standards and Technology shall—
12	(A) carry out research on the impact of
13	wildland fires on communities, buildings, and
14	other infrastructure;
15	(B) carry out research on the generation of
16	firebrands from wildland fires and on methods
17	and materials to prevent or reduce firebrand ig-
18	nition of communities, buildings, and other in-
19	frastructure;
20	(C) carry out research on novel materials,
21	systems, structures, and construction designs to
22	harden structures, parcels, and communities to
23	the impact of wildland fires;

1	(D) carry out research on the impact of
2	environmental factors on wildland fire behavior,
3	including wind, terrain, and moisture; and
4	(E) support the development of perform-
5	ance-based tools to mitigate the impact of
6	wildland fires, and work with appropriate
7	groups to promote the use of such tools, includ-
8	ing through model building codes and fire
9	codes, standard test methods, voluntary con-
10	sensus standards, and construction and retrofit
11	best practices.
12	(2) Wildland-Urban interface fire post-
13	INVESTIGATIONS.—The Director of the National In-
14	stitute of Standards and Technology shall—
15	(A) coordinate Federal post-wildland fire
16	investigations of fires at the wildland-urban
17	interface; and
18	(B) develop methodologies to characterize
19	the impact of wildland fires on communities and
20	the impact of changes in building and fire
21	codes, including methodologies—
22	(i) for collecting, inventorying, and
23	analyzing information on the performance
24	of communities, buildings, and other infra-
25	structure in wildland fires; and

1	(ii) for improved collection of perti-
2	nent information from different sources,
3	including first responders, the design and
4	construction industry, insurance compa-
5	nies, and building officials.
6	(b) NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION.—As a part of
7	the Program, the Director of the National Science Foun-
8	dation shall support—
9	(1) research to improve the understanding and
10	prediction of wildland fire risks, including the condi-
11	tions that increase the likelihood of a wildland fire,
12	the behavior of wildland fires, and their impacts on
13	buildings, communities, infrastructure, ecosystems
14	and living systems;
15	(2) development and improvement of tools and
16	technologies, including databases and computational
17	models, to enable and accelerate the understanding
18	and prediction of wildland fires and their impacts;
19	(3) development of research infrastructure, as
20	appropriate, to enable and accelerate the under-
21	standing and prediction of wildland fires and their
22	impacts, including upgrades or additions to the Na-
23	tional Hazards Engineering Research Infrastructure;
24	(4) research to improve the understanding of—

1	(A) the response to wildland fire risk mes-
2	sages by individuals, communities, and policy-
3	makers;
4	(B) economic and other factors influencing
5	the implementation and adoption of wildland
6	fire risk reduction measures by individuals,
7	communities, and policymakers; and
8	(C) decision making and emergency re-
9	sponse to wildland fires;
10	(5) undergraduate and graduate research op-
11	portunities and graduate and postdoctoral fellow-
12	ships and traineeships in fields of study relevant to
13	wildland fires and their impacts; and
14	(6) research to improve the understanding of
15	the impacts of climate change and climate variability
16	on wildland fires, including wildland fire risk, fre-
17	quency, and severity, and wildland fire prediction,
18	mitigation, and resilience strategies.
19	(e) National Oceanic and Atmospheric Admin-
20	ISTRATION.—
21	(1) In general.—The Administrator of the
22	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
23	(in this subsection referred to as the "Adminis-
24	trator") shall conduct research, observations, mod-
25	eling, forecasting, prediction, and historical analysis

- of wildland fires to improve understanding of wildland fires, and associated fire weather and smoke, for the protection of life and property and for the enhancement of the national economy.
 - (2) Weather forecasting and decision support for wildland fires.—The Administrator shall—
 - (A) develop and provide accurate, timely, and effective warnings and forecasts of wildland fires and fire weather events that endanger life and property. Such warnings may include red flag warnings, operational fire weather alerts, and any other warnings or alerts the Administrator deems appropriate;
 - (B) provide stakeholders and the public with impact-based decision support services, seasonal climate predictions, air quality products, and smoke forecasts; and
 - (C) provide on-site weather forecasts, seasonal climate predictions, and other decision support to wildland fire incident command posts.
 - (3) WILDLAND FIRE INCIDENT RESEARCH DATABASE.—The Administrator, in collaboration with Program agencies and relevant stakeholders,

l	shall develop a publicly accessible Fire Incident Re-
2	search Database to support the archiving, steward-
3	ship, and understanding of historical wildland fire
4	and fire weather data, and to advance wildland fire
5	science. In developing the database, NOAA shall col-
5	laborate with Program agencies and stakeholders
7	to—

- (A) develop data standards to enhance interoperability of diverse wildland fire data and improve usability of data for a diverse range of stakeholders; and
- (B) solicit data from other Program agencies and from relevant stakeholders.
- (4) WILDLAND FIRE AND FIRE WEATHER SUR-VEILLANCE AND OBSERVATIONS.—The Administrator, in coordination with Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, shall
 - (A) leverage existing observations, technologies and assets and develop new technologies to sustain and enhance environmental observations used for wildland fire prediction and detection, fire weather and smoke forecasting and monitoring, and post-wildland fire recovery, with a focus on—

1	(i) collecting data for pre-ignition
2	analysis, such as drought, fuel conditions,
3	and soil moisture, that will help predict se-
4	vere wildland fire conditions on subsea-
5	sonal to decadal timescales;
6	(ii) supporting identification and clas-
7	sification of fire environments to determine
8	vulnerability to wildland fires and rapid
9	wildland fire growth;
10	(iii) detecting, observing, and moni-
11	toring wildland fires and smoke;
12	(iv) supporting research on the inter-
13	action of weather and wildland fire behav-
14	ior; and
15	(v) supporting post-fire assessments
16	conducted by Program agencies; and
17	(B) prioritize the ability to detect wildfire
18	and smoke in its requirements for its current
19	and future operational space-based assessments
20	and commercial data purchases.
21	(5) Fire weather testbed.—In collaboration
22	with Program agencies, the Administrator shall es-
23	tablish a Fire Weather Testbed to evaluate physical
24	and social science, technology, and other research to

1	develop fire weather products and services for imple-
2	mentation by relevant stakeholders.
3	(6) WILDLAND FIRE AND FIRE WEATHER RE-
4	SEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.—The Administrator
5	shall support a wildland fire and smoke research and
6	development program with the goals of—
7	(A) improving the understanding, pre-
8	diction, detection, forecasting, monitoring, and
9	assessments of wildland fires and associated fire
10	weather and smoke;
11	(B) developing products and services to
12	meet stakeholder needs;
13	(C) transitioning physical and social
14	science research into operations;
15	(D) improving modeling and technology,
16	including coupled fire-atmosphere fire behavior
17	modeling; and
18	(E) better understanding of links between
19	fire weather events and subseasonal-to-climate
20	impacts.
21	(7) Extramural research.—The Adminis-
22	trator shall collaborate with and support the non-
23	Federal wildland fire research community, which in-
24	cludes institutions of higher education, private enti-
25	ties, nongovernmental organizations, and other rel-

- evant stakeholders, by making funds available through competitive grants, contracts, and cooperative agreements.
 - (8) High performance computing.—The Administrator shall acquire high performance computing technologies and supercomputing technologies to conduct research and development activities, support research to operations under this section, and host operational fire and smoke forecast models.
 - (9) Incident meteorologist workforce assessment.—Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology in the House, and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation in the Senate the results of an assessment of National Weather Service workforce and training needs for Incident Meteorologists for wildland fires and other extreme events and the potential need for more such Incident Meteorologists. Such assessment shall take into consideration information technology support, logistical and administrative operations, future climate conditions, and feedback from relevant stakeholders.

1	(d) Federal Emergency Management Agen-
2	cy.—The Administrator of the Federal Emergency Man-
3	agement Agency shall—
4	(1) support—
5	(A) the development of risk assessment
6	tools and effective mitigation techniques for
7	wildland fires;
8	(B) wildland fire-related data collection
9	and analysis;
10	(C) public outreach and information dis-
11	semination related to wildland fires and
12	wildland fire risk; and
13	(D) promotion of the adoption of wildland
14	fire preparedness and risk reduction measures,
15	including for households, businesses, and com-
16	munities;
17	(2) work closely with standards development or-
18	ganizations and building code organizations, in con-
19	junction with the National Institute of Standards
20	and Technology, to promote the implementation of
21	research results and promote better buildings and
22	retrofit practices within the design and construction
23	industry, including architects, engineers, contractors,
24	builders, and inspectors; and

1	(3) acting through the United States Fire Ad-
2	ministration—
3	(A) help translate new information and re-
4	search findings into best practices to improve
5	the training of firefighters in wildland fire fire-
6	fighting; and
7	(B) conduct outreach and information dis-
8	semination to fire departments regarding best
9	practices for wildland fire firefighting and
10	training in wildland fire firefighting.
11	(e) National Aeronautics and Space Adminis-
12	TRATION.—The responsibilities of the Administrator of
13	the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (in
14	this subsection referred to as the "Administrator") with
15	respect to the Program are as follows:
16	(1) In General.—The Administrator shall,
17	with respect to the Program—
18	(A) support relevant basic and applied sci-
19	entific research and modeling;
20	(B) ensure the use in the Program of all
21	relevant National Aeronautics and Space Ad-
22	ministration Earth observations data for max-
23	imum utility;
24	(C) explore and apply novel tools and tech-
25	nologies in the activities of the Program;

1	(D) support the translation of research to
2	operations, including to Program agencies and
3	relevant stakeholders; and
4	(E) facilitate the communication of
5	wildland fire research, knowledge, and tools to
6	relevant stakeholders.
7	(2) WILDLAND FIRE RESEARCH AND APPLICA-
8	TIONS.—The Administrator shall support basic and
9	applied wildland fire research and modeling activi-
10	ties, including competitively-selected research, to—
11	(A) improve the understanding and pre-
12	diction of fire environments, wildland fires, as-
13	sociated smoke, and their impacts;
14	(B) improve the understanding of the im-
15	pacts of climate change and variability on
16	wildland fire risk, frequency, and severity;
17	(C) characterize the pre-fire phase and
18	fire-inducing conditions, such as soil moisture
19	and vegetative fuel availability;
20	(D) characterize the active fire phase, such
21	as fire and smoke plume mapping, fire behavior
22	and spread modeling, and domestic and global
23	fire activity;
24	(E) characterize the post-fire phase, such
25	as landscape changes, air quality, erosion, land-

1	slides, and impacts on carbon distributions in
2	forest biomass;
3	(F) contribute to advancing predictive
4	wildland fire models;
5	(G) address other relevant investigations
6	and measurements prioritized by the National
7	Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medi-
8	cine Decadal Survey on Earth Science and Ap-
9	plications from Space;
10	(H) improve the translation of research
11	knowledge into actionable information;
12	(I) develop research and data products, in-
13	cluding maps, decision-support information, and
14	tools, and support related training as appro-
15	priate and practicable;
16	(J) collaborate with other Program agen-
17	cies and relevant stakeholders, as appropriate,
18	on joint research and development projects, in-
19	cluding research grant solicitations and field
20	campaigns; and
21	(K) transition research advances to oper-
22	ations, including to Program agencies and rel-
23	evant stakeholders, as practicable.
24	(3) WILDLAND FIRE DATA SYSTEMS AND COM-
25	PHTATIONAL TOOLS —

1	(A) In General.—The Administrator
2	shall—
3	(i) identify, from the National Aero-
4	nautics and Space Administration's Earth
5	science data systems, data, including com-
6	bined data products, that can contribute to
7	improving the understanding, monitoring
8	prediction, and mitigation of wildland fires
9	and their impacts, including data related
10	to fire weather, plume dynamics, smoke
11	and fire behavior, impacts of climate
12	change and variability, land and property
13	burned, wildlife and ecosystem destruction
14	among other areas;
15	(ii) prioritize the dissemination of
16	data identified under this subparagraph to
17	the widest extent practicable to support
18	relevant research and operational stake-
19	holders;
20	(iii) consider opportunities to support
21	the Program under section 2 and the Pro-
22	gram activities under section 3 when plan-
23	ning and developing Earth observation sat-
24	ellites, instruments, and airborne measure-
25	ment platforms;

1 (iv) identify opportunities, in collabo-2 ration with Program agencies and relevant stakeholders, as practicable and appro-3 priate, to acquire additional airborne and space-based data and observations that 6 may enhance or supplement the under-7 standing, monitoring, prediction, and miti-8 gation of wildland fire risks, and the rel-9 evant Program activities under section 3; 10 and 11 (v) lead, in collaboration with Pro-12 gram agencies, the development of a 13 Wildland Fire Risk Reduction Scientific 14 Data Collaboration Environment for the 15 purposes of accelerating the understanding 16 and prediction of wildland fires and to fa-17 cilitate communications and outreach on 18 wildland fire data, science, and risk to Pro-19 gram agencies and relevant stakeholders. 20 (B) Data collaboration environment 21 22

SPECIFICATIONS.—The Wildland Fire Risk Reduction Scientific Data Collaboration Environment under clause (v) of subparagraph (A) shall be—

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1	(i) a publicly available means of ac-
2	cessing Program agencies' wildland fire
3	risk scientific data related to active
4	wildland fires; and
5	(ii) comprised of observations, avail-
6	able real-time and near-real-time measure-
7	ments, derived science and data products,
8	such as risk and spread maps, and other
9	relevant decision support and information
10	tools.
11	(4) Novel tools for active wildland fire
12	MONITORING AND RISK MITIGATION.—The Adminis-
13	trator, in collaboration with other Program agencies
14	and relevant stakeholders shall apply novel tools and
15	technologies to support active wildland fire research,
16	monitoring, mitigation, and risk reduction, as prac-
17	ticable and appropriate. In particular, the Adminis-
18	trator shall:
19	(A) Establish a program to develop and
20	demonstrate a unified concept of operations for
21	the safe and effective deployment of diverse air
22	capabilities in active wildland fire monitoring,
23	mitigation, and risk reduction. The objectives of
24	the Program shall be to—

1	(i) develop a wildland fire airspace op-
2	erations system accounting for piloted air-
3	craft, uncrewed aerial systems, and other
4	new and emerging capabilities such as au-
5	tonomous and high-altitude assets;
6	(ii) develop an interoperable commu-
7	nications strategy to support such system;
8	(iii) develop a roadmap for the on-
9	ramping of new technologies, capabilities,
10	or entities into such system;
11	(iv) identify additional development,
12	testing, and demonstration that would be
13	required to expand the scale of operations
14	of such system;
15	(v) identify actions that would be re-
16	quired to transition the program into ongo-
17	ing, operational use; and
18	(vi) identify other objectives for such
19	system, as deemed appropriate by the Ad-
20	ministrator.
21	(B) Develop and demonstrate affordable
22	and deployable sensing technologies, in con-
23	sultation with other Program agencies and rel-
24	evant stakeholders, to improve the monitoring
25	of fire fuel and active wildland fires, wildland

1	fire behavior models and forecast, mapping ef-
2	forts, and the prediction and mitigation of
3	wildland fires and their impacts. The Adminis-
4	trator shall—
5	(i) test and demonstrate technologies
6	such as infrared, microwave, and active
7	sensors suitable for deployment on space-
8	craft, aircraft, and uncrewed aerial sys-
9	tems, as appropriate and practicable;
10	(ii) develop and demonstrate afford-
11	able and deployable sensing technologies
12	that can be transitioned to operations for
13	collection of near-real-time localized meas-
14	urements;
15	(iii) identify opportunities and actions
16	required, in collaboration with Program
17	agencies and relevant stakeholders, to
18	transition relevant technologies, tech-
19	niques, and data to science operations,
20	upon successful demonstration of the feasi-
21	bility and scientific utility of the sensors
22	and data;
23	(iv) transition demonstrated tech-
24	nologies, techniques, and data into ongo-

1	ing, operational use, including to Program
2	agencies and relevant stakeholders; and
3	(v) prioritize and facilitate, to the
4	greatest extent practicable, the dissemina-
5	tion of these science data to operations, in-
6	cluding to Program agencies and relevant
7	stakeholders.
8	(f) Environmental Protection Agency.—The
9	Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency
10	shall support environmental research and development ac-
11	tivities to—
12	(1) improve the understanding of—
13	(A) wildland fire and smoke impacts on
14	communities, and on water and outdoor and in-
15	door air quality;
16	(B) wildland fire smoke plume characteris-
17	tics, chemical transformation, and transport;
18	(C) wildland fire and smoke impacts to
19	contaminant containment and remediation;
20	(D) the contribution of wildland fire emis-
21	sions to climate forcing emissions;
22	(E) differences between the impacts of pre-
23	scribed fires compared to other wildland fires
24	on communities and air and water quality; and

1	(F) climate change and variability on
2	wildland fires and smoke plumes, including on
3	smoke exposure;
4	(2) develop and improve tools, sensors, and
5	technologies including databases and computational
6	models, to accelerate the understanding, monitoring,
7	and prediction of wildland fires and smoke exposure;
8	(3) better integrate observational data into
9	wildland fire and smoke characterization models to
10	improve modeling at finer temporal and spatial reso-
11	lution; and
12	(4) improve communication of wildland fire and
13	smoke risk reduction strategies to the public in co-
14	ordination with relevant stakeholders and other Fed-
15	eral agencies.
16	(g) Department of Energy.—The Secretary of
17	Energy shall carry out activities to research and develop
18	tools, techniques, and technologies for—
19	(1) withstanding and addressing the current
20	and projected impact of wildland fires on energy sec-
21	tor infrastructure;
22	(2) providing real-time or near-time awareness
23	of the risks posed by wildland fires to the operation
24	of energy infrastructure in affected and potentially
25	affected areas;

- 1 (3) early detection of malfunctioning electrical 2 equipment on the transmission and distribution grid, 3 including detection of spark ignition causing 4 wildland fires;
 - (4) assisting with the planning, safe execution of, and safe and timely restoration of power after emergency power shut offs following wildland fires started by grid infrastructure;
 - (5) improving electric grid and energy sector safety and resilience in the event of multiple simultaneous or co-located weather or climate events leading to extreme conditions, such as extreme wind, wildland fires, extreme cold, and extreme heat;
 - (6) coordinating data across relevant entities to promote resilience and wildland fire prevention in the planning, design, construction, operation, and maintenance of transmission infrastructure; and
- 18 (7) considering optimal building energy effi-19 ciency practices, as practicable, in wildland fire re-20 search.

21 SEC. 7. BUDGET ACTIVITIES.

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- The Director of the National Institute of Standards and Technology, the Director of the National Science Foundation, the Administrator of the National Oceanic
- 25 and Atmospheric Administration, the Director of the Fed-

- 1 eral Emergency Management Agency, the Administrator
- 2 of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration,
- 3 the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agen-
- 4 cy, and the Secretary of Energy shall each include in the
- 5 annual budget request to Congress of each respective
- 6 agency a description of the projected activities of such
- 7 agency under the Program for the fiscal year covered by
- 8 the budget request and an estimate of the amount such
- 9 agency plans to spend on such activities for the relevant
- 10 fiscal year.

11 SEC. 8. DEFINITIONS.

- 12 In this Act:
- 13 (1) DIRECTOR.—The term "Director" means
- the Director of the Office of Science and Technology
- Policy.
- 16 (2) Program.—The term "Program" means
- the Program established under section 2.
- 18 (3) Program agencies.—The term "Program
- agencies" means any Federal agency with respon-
- sibilities under the Program.
- 21 (4) STAKEHOLDERS.—The term "stakeholders"
- means any public or private organization engaged in
- addressing wildland fires, associated smoke, and
- their impacts, and shall include relevant Federal
- agencies, States, territories, Tribes, State and local

- 1 governments, businesses, not-for-profit organiza-
- tions, including national standards and building code
- 3 organizations, firefighting departments and organi-
- 4 zations, academia, and other users of wildland fire
- 5 data products.
- 6 (5) WILDLAND FIRE.—The term "wildland
- fire" means any non-structure fire that occurs in
- 8 vegetation or natural fuels and includes wildfires
- 9 and prescribed fires.
- 10 (6) WILDLAND-URBAN INTERFACE.—The term
- "Wildland-Urban Interface" has the meaning given
- such term in section 4(11) of the Federal Fire Pre-
- vention and Control Act of 1974 (15 U.S.C.
- 14 2203(11)).
- 15 (7) FIRE ENVIRONMENT.—The term "fire envi-
- 16 ronment" means surrounding conditions, influences,
- and modifying forces of topography, fuel, and weath-
- er that determine fire behavior.

19 SEC. 9. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- 20 (a) National Institute of Standards and
- 21 Technology.—There are authorized to be appropriated
- 22 to the National Institute of Standards and Technology for
- 23 carrying out this Act—
- 24 (1) \$35,800,000 for fiscal year 2022;
- 25 (2) \$36,100,000 for fiscal year 2023;

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             (3) $36,400,000 for fiscal year 2024;
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             (4) $36,700,000 for fiscal year 2025; and
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             (5) $37,100,000 for fiscal year 2026.
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        (b) NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION.—There are
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    authorized to be appropriated to the National Science
    Foundation for carrying out this Act—
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             (1) $50,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;
             (2) $53,000,000 for fiscal year 2023;
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             (3) $56,200,000 for fiscal year 2024;
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             (4) $59,600,000 for fiscal year 2025; and
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             (5) $63,100,000 for fiscal year 2026.
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        (c) National Oceanic and Atmospheric Admin-
   ISTRATION.—There are authorized to be appropriated to
   the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration for
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   carrying out this Act—
             (1) $200,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;
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             (2) $215,000,000 for fiscal year 2023;
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             (3) $220,000,000 for fiscal year 2024;
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             (4) $230,000,000 for fiscal year 2025; and
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             (5) $250,000,000 for fiscal year 2026.
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        (d) National Aeronautics and Space Adminis-
   TRATION.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the
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    National Aeronautics and Space Administration for car-
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   rying out this Act—
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             (1) $95,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;
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(2) $100,000,000 for fiscal year 2023;
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             (3) $110,000,000 for fiscal year 2024;
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             (4) $110,000,000 for fiscal year 2025; and
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             (5) $110,000,000 for fiscal year 2026.
        (e) Environmental Protection Agency.—There
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   are authorized to be appropriated to the Environmental
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   Protection Agency for carrying out this Act—
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             (1) $11,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;
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             (2) $11,700,000 for fiscal year 2023;
             (3) $12,400,000 for fiscal year 2024;
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             (4) $13,100,000 for fiscal year 2025; and
             (5) $13,900,000 for fiscal year 2026.
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