117TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 7579

To decrease dependency on People's Republic of China manufacturing and decrease migration due to lost regional economic opportunities.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APRIL 26, 2022

Mr. Green of Tennessee (for himself, Mr. Sires, and Mrs. Miller-Meeks) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To decrease dependency on People's Republic of China manufacturing and decrease migration due to lost regional economic opportunities.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Western Hemisphere
- 5 Nearshoring Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress finds the following:

- 1 (1) Our neighbors in the Western Hemisphere 2 play a vital role in ensuring peace, security, and de-3 mocracy.
 - (2) Instability and lack of economic opportunities in the region are major drivers of migration in violation of the Immigration and Nationality Act.
 - (3) According to the United States Census Bureau, in 2021 the United States exported \$174.62 billion worth of goods to Central and South America, and imported \$121 billion.
 - (4) The United States is a net exporter with Central and South America.
 - (5) Economic growth and development of the Western Hemisphere brings essential strength and stability to the region.
 - (6) There is significant opportunity to expand the free flow of goods and services in the Western Hemisphere.
 - (7) Closer relations among the Americas through free trade agreements and trade liberalization would encourage further economic development and stability in the region.
- 23 (8) The United States should exercise its influ-24 ence to encourage privatization, free markets, and 25 economic cooperation in the region.

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

- 1 (9) Countries in the region should combat cor2 ruption, strengthen the rule of law, reduce bureau3 cratic red tape, streamline permitting, and embrace
 4 free market principles to encourage further private
 5 sector investment.
 - (10) With cooperation from the United States, regional countries must take serious steps to curb migration in violation of the Immigration and Nationality Act.
 - (11) The Western Hemisphere has supply chains that are vulnerable due to their over dependence on the People's Republic of China.
 - (12) Free trade and expanded commercial ties between the United States and Western Hemisphere partners will foster economic and commercial cooperation, increase investment opportunities, decrease migration in violation of the Immigration and Nationality Act, reduce our dependence on the People's Republic of China, and create jobs for American workers.

SEC. 3. USE OF UNITED STATES INTERNATIONAL DEVELOP-

- 2 MENT FINANCE CORPORATION FUNDS TO FI-
- 3 NANCE MOVING EXPENSES AND NECESSARY
- 4 WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT COSTS IN-
- 5 CURRED BY COMPANIES MOVING FROM THE
- 6 PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA TO LATIN
- 7 AMERICA OR THE CARIBBEAN.
 - (a) Use of Funds.—

8

9 (1) IN GENERAL.—The United States Inter-10 national Development Finance Corporation, in co-11 ordination with relevant Federal agencies (including 12 the United States Trade and Development Agency, 13 the Export-Import Bank of the United States, the 14 United States Army Corps of Engineers, and the 15 United States Agency for International Develop-16 ment) and the United States Executive Directors of 17 relevant international financial institutions (includ-18 ing the World Bank Group, the Inter-American De-19 velopment Bank, and the International Monetary 20 Fund), shall use not less than 10 percent of the 21 amounts made available to provide financing under 22 section 1421 of the Better Utilization of Investments 23 Leading to Development Act of 2018 (22 U.S.C. 24 9621) for each fiscal year beginning after the date

of the enactment of this Act to finance the qualified

moving costs and necessary workforce development

25

- costs of, and reduce the interest rate on any loan to
 be provided by the DFC to the interest rate described in paragraph (3) to, any qualified corporation that is eligible for, or a recipient of, assistance
 from the DFC, to the extent of qualifying applications for assistance under this section.
 - (2) AVAILABILITY OF UNUSED AMOUNTS.—If the DFC does not use the entire amount described in paragraph (1) for a fiscal year described in such paragraph, such amount shall, to the maximum extent practicable, be made available to the DFC for the next fiscal year to carry out this section or other DFC programs for Latin American or Caribbean countries.
 - (3) Interest rate described in this paragraph is—
 - (A) the Federal funds rate; or
 - (B) the interest rate that is determined by reducing by not less than ½ of 1 percent and not more than 1 percent (but to not less than zero percent) the interest rate on the loan to be provided by the DFC to the qualified corporation,
- 24 whichever is the lesser.

- 1 (b) No Negative Effects on Employment in
- 2 THE UNITED STATES.—The DFC shall not provide assist-
- 3 ance under this section unless the Secretary of Commerce
- 4 has determined that the provision of the assistance would
- 5 not result in a negative effect on employment in the
- 6 United States.
- 7 (c) Disposition of Unused Assistance.—A cor-
- 8 poration to which financing is made under this section
- 9 shall remit to the DFC any portion of the assistance that
- 10 is not expended within a period of time after the date the
- 11 financing is made that is determined by the DFC on a
- 12 case-by-case basis.
- (d) Conditions on Provision of Loans.—The
- 14 DFC—
- 15 (1) may provide loans under this section to a
- 16 corporation only if the loans are commercially viable,
- as determined by the DFC; and
- 18 (2) shall determine an appropriate amount of
- time for repayment of loans under this section to a
- 20 corporation.
- 21 (e) Plan.—Not later than 180 days after the date
- 22 of the enactment of this Act, the DFC shall develop and
- 23 submit to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House
- 24 of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Rela-
- 25 tions of the Senate a plan to streamline the provision of

- 1 assistance under this section, including to expedite the ap-
- 2 proval process for the provision of such assistance.
- 3 SEC. 4. AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE DUTY-FREE TREATMENT
- 4 FOR GOODS AND SERVICES OF COMPANIES
- 5 MOVING FROM THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF
- 6 CHINA TO LATIN AMERICA OR THE CARIB-
- 7 BEAN.
- 8 (a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
- 9 sion of law, the President shall proclaim duty-free treat-
- 10 ment (or other preferential treatment) for any good or
- 11 service made or produced in a Latin American or Carib-
- 12 bean country by a qualified corporation that has received
- 13 assistance under section 3, subject to such terms and con-
- 14 ditions as the President determines to be appropriate.
- 15 (b) REGULATIONS.—The President shall prescribe
- 16 such regulations as may be necessary to carry out this
- 17 section.
- 18 (c) Effective Period.—
- 19 (1) In General.—Subsection (a) shall apply
- with respect to a good or service made or produced
- in a Latin American or Caribbean country by a cor-
- poration for the 15-year period beginning on the
- date on which the corporation begins operations in
- such country.

1	(2) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this
2	section may be construed to affect duty-free treat-
3	ment (or other preferential treatment) for any good
4	or service made or produced in a Latin American or
5	Caribbean country by a qualified corporation after
6	the 15-year period described in paragraph (1) if
7	goods and services from such country are otherwise
8	generally eligible for duty-free treatment (or other
9	preferential treatment).
10	SEC. 5. ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS ON RECEIPT OF ASSIST-
11	ANCE UNDER SECTION 3 AND DUTY-FREE
12	TREATMENT (OR OTHER PREFERENTIAL
13	TREATMENT) UNDER SECTION 4.
13 14	TREATMENT) UNDER SECTION 4. (a) IN GENERAL.—The appropriate Federal agency
14	(a) In General.—The appropriate Federal agency
14 15 16	(a) IN GENERAL.—The appropriate Federal agency may not provide assistance under section 3 or duty-free treatment (or other preferential treatment) under section
14 15	(a) IN GENERAL.—The appropriate Federal agency may not provide assistance under section 3 or duty-free treatment (or other preferential treatment) under section
14 15 16 17	(a) In General.—The appropriate Federal agency may not provide assistance under section 3 or duty-free treatment (or other preferential treatment) under section 4 to a corporation unless—
14 15 16 17	 (a) IN GENERAL.—The appropriate Federal agency may not provide assistance under section 3 or duty-free treatment (or other preferential treatment) under section 4 to a corporation unless— (1) the agency determines that the corporation
14 15 16 17 18	 (a) IN GENERAL.—The appropriate Federal agency may not provide assistance under section 3 or duty-free treatment (or other preferential treatment) under section 4 to a corporation unless— (1) the agency determines that the corporation will create jobs in the Latin American or Caribbean
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 (a) IN GENERAL.—The appropriate Federal agency may not provide assistance under section 3 or duty-free treatment (or other preferential treatment) under section 4 to a corporation unless— (1) the agency determines that the corporation will create jobs in the Latin American or Caribbean country to which it moves operations in numbers de-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) In General.—The appropriate Federal agency may not provide assistance under section 3 or duty-free treatment (or other preferential treatment) under section 4 to a corporation unless— (1) the agency determines that the corporation will create jobs in the Latin American or Caribbean country to which it moves operations in numbers determined by the agency to be commensurate with the
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 (a) IN GENERAL.—The appropriate Federal agency may not provide assistance under section 3 or duty-free treatment (or other preferential treatment) under section 4 to a corporation unless— (1) the agency determines that the corporation will create jobs in the Latin American or Caribbean country to which it moves operations in numbers determined by the agency to be commensurate with the assistance provided;

- 1 (A) the corporation will not come under 2 the ownership or control of the Government of 3 the People's Republic of China or the Chinese 4 Communist Party, the Government of the Rus-5 sian Federation, or any other foreign adversary; 6 and
 - (B) the corporation will not have its headquarters in the People's Republic of China, the Russian Federation, or any other foreign adversary;
 - (3) within 2 years after the date described in paragraph (2), and subject to an additional extension as determined appropriate by the agency, all assets of the corporation with respect to which the assistance is provided will have been moved from the People's Republic of China to a Latin American or Caribbean country; and
 - (4) the corporation retains all assets of the corporation with respect to which the assistance is provided in a Latin American or Caribbean country after the date described in paragraph (2) or the last day of the extension described in paragraph (3), as the case may be.
- 24 (b) Compliance Determinations.—

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

- (1) In General.—The appropriate Federal agency, in coordination with the Department of State, shall make all determinations regarding compliance with the provisions of subsection (a).
 - (2) Non-compliance actions.—A qualified corporation that has received assistance under section 3 or duty-free treatment (or other preferential treatment) under section 4 that is subsequently determined by the appropriate Federal agency not to be in compliance with the provisions of subsection (a) shall be subject to the following actions:
 - (A) Any good or service made or produced in a Latin American or Caribbean country by the corporation (other than a good or service made or produced in a free trade zone or which is subject to benefits under a free trade agreement) shall not be eligible for duty-free treatment (or other preferential treatment) under section 4.
 - (B) The appropriate Federal agency shall adjust the interest rate on any loan to be provided by the agency to the corporation to the prevailing market interest rate.

- 1 (c) Appropriate Federal Agency Defined.—In
- 2 this section, the term "appropriate Federal agency"
- 3 means—
- 4 (1) with respect to actions relating to assistance
- 5 under section 3, the DFC; and
- 6 (2) with respect to actions relating to duty-free
- 7 treatment (or other preferential treatment) under
- 8 section 4, the United States Trade Representative.

9 SEC. 6. EXPENSES PAID FOR WITH TARIFFS COLLECTED

- 10 FROM THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.
- 11 (a) Establishment of Trust Fund.—There is es-
- 12 tablished in the Treasury of the United States a trust fund
- 13 consisting of such amounts as are appropriated to such
- 14 trust fund under subsection (b).
- 15 (b) Appropriations to Trust Fund.—There are
- 16 hereby appropriated to such trust fund amounts equiva-
- 17 lent to the tariffs collected by the United States on goods
- 18 manufactured in the People's Republic of China.
- 19 (c) Appropriations From Trust Fund.—There
- 20 are hereby appropriated from such trust fund to the Gen-
- 21 eral Fund of the Treasury amounts equivalent to the re-
- 22 duction in revenue to such General Fund by reason assist-
- 23 ance provided by the DFC under this Act.
- 24 (d) Timing of Transfers, etc.—Rules similar to
- 25 the rules of section 9601 of the Internal Revenue Code

of 1986 shall apply with respect to appropriations to and from such trust fund under subsections (b) and (c). 3 SEC. 7. AMENDMENTS TO THE BUILD ACT OF 2018. 4 (a) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—Section 1411 of the Better Utilization of Investments Leading to Development Act of 2018 (22 U.S.C. 9611) is amended— 6 7 (1) in paragraph (7), by striking "and" at the 8 end; 9 (2) in paragraph (8), by striking the period at 10 the end and inserting a semicolon; and 11 (3) by adding at the end the following: "(9) to further United States economic growth 12 13 by prioritizing United States-owned businesses in 14 providing support under title II; and 15 "(10) to further United States national security 16 by prioritizing the production of goods in critical in-17 dustries, as determined by the Corporation, in con-18 sultation with the Department of Homeland Secu-19 rity.". 20 (b) Prohibition on Support for State-Owned 21 Enterprises.— 22 (1) IN GENERAL.—Title V of the Better Utili-23 zation of Investments Leading to Development Act 24 of 2018 (22 U.S.C. 9671 et seq.) is amended by 25 adding at the end the following:

1	"SEC. 1455. PROHIBITION ON SUPPORT FOR ENTITIES
2	OWNED OR CONTROLLED BY FOREIGN GOV
3	ERNMENTS.
4	"(a) In General.—Except as provided in subsection
5	(b), the Corporation is prohibited from providing support
6	under title II for an entity owned or controlled by a for-
7	eign government.
8	"(b) Exception.—
9	"(1) In General.—The Corporation may pro-
10	vide feasibility studies and technical assistance
11	under title II for an entity owned or controlled by
12	a foreign government that is not a foreign adversary
13	"(2) Foreign adversary defined.—In this
14	subsection, the term 'foreign adversary' means a for-
15	eign government engaged in a long-term pattern or
16	serious instances of conduct significantly adverse to
17	the national security of the United States or security
18	and safety of United States persons.".
19	(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of con-
20	tents for the FAA Reauthorization Act of 2018 (49
21	U.S.C. 40101 note) is amended by inserting after
22	the item relating to section 1454 the following:
	" 1455 D 1777

"Sec. 1455. Prohibition on support for entities owned or controlled by foreign governments.".

SEC. 8. TRADE NEGOTIATING AUTHORITY.

	2	(a)	ΙN	GENERAL.	—The	United	States	Trade	Rep-
--	---	-----	----	----------	------	--------	--------	-------	------

- 3 resentative shall take action to initiate negotiations to ob-
- 4 tain trade agreements with each Latin American or Carib-
- 5 bean country that as of the date of the enactment of this
- 6 Act is not a party to a free trade agreement with the
- 7 United States if the country meets the conditions de-
- 8 scribed in subsection (b) are met.
- 9 (b) CONDITIONS DESCRIBED.—The conditions de-
- 10 scribed in this subsection are the following:
- 11 (1) The country is taking steps to reduce mi-
- gration in violation of the Immigration and Nation-
- ality Act.
- 14 (2) The country is taking steps to reduce eco-
- nomic dependence on the People's Republic of
- 16 China.
- 17 (3) The country allows Taiwan to establish and
- maintain a commercial office in the country.
- 19 SEC. 9. AGREEMENTS FOR COOPERATION PURSUANT TO
- 20 SECTION 123 OF THE ATOMIC ENERGY ACT
- 21 **OF 1954.**
- 22 (a) In General.—The President is authorized to
- 23 take action to initiate negotiations with Latin American
- 24 and Caribbean countries to obtain agreements for coopera-
- 25 tion pursuant to section 123 of the Atomic Energy Act
- 26 of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2153) to approve the sales of nuclear

- 1 reactors to such countries, or to qualified corporations
- 2 that receive assistance under this Act, but only if—
- 3 (1) the President determines that such sales
- 4 will not threaten the national security of the United
- 5 States; and
- 6 (2) the countries or qualified corporations, as
- 7 the case may be, meet the conditions described in
- 8 paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of section 8(b).
- 9 (b) Technical Assistance and Expertise.—The
- 10 Administrator of the United States Agency for Inter-
- 11 national Development, in consultation with the Secretary
- 12 of Energy and the DFC, may provide technical assistance
- 13 and expertise in electrical grid and energy efficiency im-
- 14 provements related to sales under subsection (a), as appro-
- 15 priate.
- 16 SEC. 10. TEMPORARY INCREASED EXPENSING FOR RELO-
- 17 CATING MANUFACTURING FROM THE PEO-
- 18 PLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA TO A LATIN
- 19 AMERICAN OR CARIBBEAN COUNTRY.
- 20 (a) In General.—For purposes of section 168(k) of
- 21 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, in the case of any
- 22 qualified relocated manufacturing property which is placed
- 23 in service by a qualified manufacturer after the date of
- 24 the enactment of this Act, and before January 1, 2037—

1	(1) such property shall be treated as qualified
2	property (within the meaning of such section),
3	(2) the applicable percentage otherwise deter-
4	mined under section 168(k)(6) of such Code with re-
5	spect to such property shall be 75 percent, and
6	(3) paragraph (8) of such section shall not
7	apply.
8	(b) Qualified Relocated Manufacturing Prop-
9	ERTY.—For purposes of this section—
10	(1) In general.—The term "qualified relo-
11	cated manufacturing property" means qualified
12	property (within the meaning of section 168(k) of
13	such Code) or nonresidential real property (as de-
14	fined in section 168(e)(2)(B) of such Code) which
15	is—
16	(A) placed in service in a Latin American
17	or Caribbean country by a qualified manufac-
18	turer, and
19	(B) is acquired by such qualified manufac-
20	turer in connection with a qualified relocation
21	of manufacturing.
22	(2) QUALIFIED RELOCATION OF MANUFAC-
23	TURING.—
24	(A) In general.—The term "qualified re-
25	location of manufacturing" means, with respect

to any qualified manufacturer, the relocation of
the manufacturing of any tangible personal
property from the People's Republic of China to
a Latin American or Caribbean country.

- (B) Relocation of property not re-Quired.—For purposes of subparagraph (A), manufacturing shall not fail to be treated as relocated merely because property used in such manufacturing was not relocated.
- (C) Relocation of Not less THAN **EQUIVALENT** PRODUCTIVE CAPACITY RE-QUIRED.—For purposes of subparagraph (A), manufacturing shall not be treated as relocated unless the property manufactured in a Latin American or Caribbean country is substantially identical to the property previously manufactured in the People's Republic of China and the increase in the units of production of such property in a Latin American or Caribbean country by the qualified manufacturer is not less than the reduction in the units of production of such property by such qualified manufacturer in the People's Republic of China.

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

1	(c) Qualified Manufacturer.—For purposes of
2	this section, the term "qualified manufacturer" means any
3	person—
4	(1) which is engaged in the trade or business of
5	manufacturing any tangible personal property,
6	(2) with respect to which the Secretary of the
7	Treasury (or the Secretary's delegate) has made the
8	determination described in section $5(a)(1)$, and
9	(3) which has entered into a binding agreement
10	with such Secretary (or such delegate) to meet the
11	requirements of section 5(a)(2) which is enforceable
12	under terms similar to the terms of section 5(b).
13	SEC. 11. DEFINITIONS.
13 14	SEC. 11. DEFINITIONS. In this Act:
14	In this Act:
14 15	In this Act: (1) DFC.—The term "DFC" means the United
14 15 16	In this Act: (1) DFC.—The term "DFC" means the United States International Development Finance Corpora-
14 15 16 17	In this Act: (1) DFC.—The term "DFC" means the United States International Development Finance Corporation.
14 15 16 17 18	In this Act: (1) DFC.—The term "DFC" means the United States International Development Finance Corporation. (2) QUALIFIED CORPORATION.—The term
14 15 16 17 18	In this Act: (1) DFC.—The term "DFC" means the United States International Development Finance Corporation. (2) QUALIFIED CORPORATION.—The term "qualified corporation" does not include a state-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	In this Act: (1) DFC.—The term "DFC" means the United States International Development Finance Corporation. (2) QUALIFIED CORPORATION.—The term "qualified corporation" does not include a state-owned enterprise.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	In this Act: (1) DFC.—The term "DFC" means the United States International Development Finance Corporation. (2) QUALIFIED CORPORATION.—The term "qualified corporation" does not include a state-owned enterprise. (3) QUALIFIED MOVING COSTS DEFINED.—The

1	of China to a Latin American or Caribbean
2	country; and
3	(B) the costs of workforce development
4	and construction of facilities.
5	(4) Latin American or Caribbean Country;
6	WESTERN HEMISPHERE.—
7	(A) In General.—The terms "Latin
8	American or Caribbean country" and "Western
9	Hemisphere"—
10	(i) mean a country in the Caribbean
11	Sea, South America, or Central America,
12	and Mexico; and
13	(ii) except as provided in subpara-
14	graph (B), do not include Cuba or Ven-
15	ezuela.
16	(B) Exception.—The term "Latin Amer-
17	ican or Caribbean country' shall include Cuba
18	or Venezuela if the Secretary of State deter-
19	mines and certifies to Congress that—
20	(i) the government of such country—
21	(I) has held free and fair presi-
22	dential and legislative elections, as de-
23	termined by independent international
24	observers, and subsequent elections
25	are scheduled;

1	(II) respects and upholds human
2	rights;
3	(III) is taking significant steps to
4	privatize its economy and institute a
5	free market;
6	(IV) permits the international
7	community to provide humanitarian,
8	governance, and economic develop-
9	ment assistance;
10	(V) has freed all unlawfully de-
11	tained United States citizens, legal
12	permanent residents, and political
13	prisoners; and
14	(VI) has expelled all security
15	services from foreign adversaries from
16	the country; and
17	(ii) the prior authorities of such coun-
18	try have renounced their illegitimate claim
19	to power.
20	(5) Federal funds rate.—The term "Fed-
21	eral funds rate" means the discount window primary
22	credit interest rate most recently published on the
23	Federal Reserve Statistical Release on selected inter-

- 1 est rates (daily or weekly), commonly referred to as
- 2 the H.15 release.

 \bigcirc