#### 117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# H. R. 5724

To authorize a White House Conference on Food, Nutrition, Hunger, and Health, and for other purposes.

### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

OCTOBER 26, 2021

Mr. McGovern (for himself and Mrs. Walorski) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Agriculture, and in addition to the Committee on Rules, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

# A BILL

To authorize a White House Conference on Food, Nutrition, Hunger, and Health, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "White House Con-
- 5 ference on Food, Nutrition, Hunger, and Health Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress finds that—
- 8 (1) hunger and food and nutrition insecurity
- 9 are conditions that can be solved;

- 1 (2) access to healthy food and good nutrition 2 should be a fundamental priority of each individual 3 who lives in a State;
  - (3) more than 50 years have passed since the United States convened a White House conference to comprehensively address the issues of food, hunger, health, and nutrition in the United States;
  - (4) more than 38,000,000 individuals live in households that face food insecurity, 12,600,000 of whom are children and 5,000,000 of whom are seniors and persons with disabilities or critical illnesses;
  - (5)(A) because of the COVID-19 pandemic, more than 42,000,000 individuals, including 13,000,000 children, are projected to experience food insecurity; and
  - (B) diet-related diseases greatly worsen outcomes from COVID-19, contributing to nearly ½ of all COVID-19 hospitalizations in the United States;
  - (6)(A) the COVID-19 pandemic has disrupted global and local food supply chains, identifying the fragility and importance of the food system as a national security issue and making clear that a diverse local and regional food system is essential to the resilience of the United States; and

1 (B) that issue has become entangled with the 2 issues of hunger and food and nutrition insecurity; 3 (7)(A) the burdens of food insecurity are not 4 distributed equally, as the burdens remain higher 5 among racial and ethnic minority groups, in rural 6 areas, and in the south and southeast; 7 (B) households headed by Blacks and Hispanics 8 face higher rates of food insecurity, at a rate of 21.2 9 percent and 16.2 percent, respectively, while the na-10 tional average is 11.1 percent; and 11 (C) the geographic distributions of food insecu-12 rity remain a serious concern, as rural communities 13 represent 87 percent of the counties in the United 14 States with the highest rates of overall food insecu-15 rity; 16 nutrition insecurity and diet-related 17 chronic diseases disproportionately affect racial and 18 ethnic minority groups and low-income, rural, and 19 other underserved populations in the United States; 20 and 21 (B) in just over 10 years, type 2 diabetes rates 22 have doubled for African-American children and in-23

creased 50 percent for Native-American children and

Hispanic children between 10 and 19 years old;

- 1 (9) conservative cost estimates show that the
  2 true cost of hunger and illness related to hunger and
  3 food and nutrition insecurity in the United States is
  4 at least \$160,000,000,000 per year with respect to
  5 direct medical costs, most of which is paid by Medi6 care and Medicaid, an amount that exceeds the an7 nual budget of the Department of Agriculture;
  - (10) hyper-consolidation in the food industry has led to a dramatic decline in the farmer's share of the food dollar, fewer choices for consumers, and economic insecurity for rural communities, many of which are now considered food deserts;
  - (11)(A) better food and nutrition can save the United States billions of dollars in health care costs by preventing or delaying the progression to latestage disease for tens of millions of individuals who live in a State and have chronic diseases;
  - (B) the adverse social, physical, and psychological outcomes associated with food and nutrition insecurity are well documented, particularly in households with children, including higher rates of diabetes and hypertension, self-reported fair or poor health, maternal depression, behavioral problems and developmental delays in early life, and poor academic achievement;

1	(C) those outcomes are not only detrimental to
2	the health and well-being of individual children and
3	families, but also negatively impact broader society;
4	and
5	(D) based on a combination of lower worker
6	productivity, higher costs of public education, great-
7	er health care costs, and the cost associated with
8	emergency food distribution, the economic burden
9	associated with food insecurity has been estimated to
10	be over \$178,930,000,000 annually; and
11	(12) a national discussion of the root causes
12	and social determinants of hunger and food and nu-
13	trition insecurity, as well as identification of solu-
14	tions to those epidemics, can lead to action to imple-
15	ment those solutions and to end hunger in the
16	United States.
17	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
18	In this Act:
19	(1) Co-chairs.—The term "Co-chairs"
20	means—
21	(A) the Secretary of Health and Human
22	Services;
23	(B) the Secretary of Agriculture; and
24	(C) the Secretary of the Treasury.

1	(2) Conference.—The term "Conference"
2	means the White House Conference on Food, Nutri-
3	tion, Hunger, and Health convened under section
4	4(a).
5	(3) Policy committee.—The term "Policy
6	Committee' means the Policy Committee established
7	under section 5(a).
8	(4) Presidential designee.—The term
9	"Presidential Designee" means the Presidential Des-
10	ignee selected by the President under section 4(b).
11	(5) State.—The term "State" means—
12	(A) any of the several States;
13	(B) the District of Columbia;
14	(C) the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico;
15	(D) Guam;
16	(E) American Samoa;
17	(F) the United States Virgin Islands; and
18	(G) the Commonwealth of the Northern
19	Mariana Islands.
20	SEC. 4. AUTHORIZATION OF THE CONFERENCE.
21	(a) Authority To Call Conference.—The Presi-
22	dent shall call the White House Conference on Food, Nu-
23	trition, Hunger, and Health, to be convened by the Co-
24	chairs not later than 18 months after the selection of the

members of the Policy Committee in accordance with sec-2 tion 5(a)— 3 (1) to make fundamental policy recommenda-4 tions with respect to ending hunger, improving nu-5 trition, making the food system more resilient, and 6 creating sustainable markets for farmers and ranch-7 ers in the United States; and 8 (2) to implement the purposes described in sub-9 section (d) and improve Federal food and nutrition 10 assistance programs. 11 (b) Selection of a Presidential Designee.— 12 The President shall select a senior executive branch offi-13 cial to serve as Presidential Designee. 14 (c) Planning and Direction.—The Co-chairs, in 15 consultation with the Presidential Designee, shall plan, conduct, and convene the Conference. 16 17 (d) Purposes.—The purposes of the Conference 18 are— 19 (1) to identify the impacts of the COVID-19 20 pandemic on the state of food and nutrition insecu-21 rity; 22 (2) to identify areas of weakness within the

food system of the United States;

1	(3) to explore the impact of racial, urban, rural,
2	and geographic disparities on hunger and food and
3	nutrition insecurity;
4	(4) to identify viable solutions for—
5	(A) ending hunger in the United States by
6	2030;
7	(B) reducing by ½ the level of nutrition
8	insecurity by 2025; and
9	(C) reducing by ½ the level of diet-related
10	illnesses by 2030;
11	(5) to identify any changes and trends with re-
12	spect to food and nutrition-related security, health,
13	and healthcare spending for the 30 years prior to
14	the date of enactment of this Act;
15	(6) to review the structure, scope, and effective-
16	ness of existing laws, regulations, or programs—
17	(A) at the Federal, State, and local levels
18	that provide for the nutritional needs of food-
19	insecure individuals who live in a State; and
20	(B) across all Federal departments and
21	agencies that carry out activities related to food
22	and nutrition;
23	(7) to identify possible duplication among Fed-
24	eral food and nutrition programs and to recommend
25	streamlining opportunities in order to improve nutri-

- tional and food security outcomes in the United
  States;
  - (8) to determine the extent to which current Federal, State, and local programs can help improve the nutritional health of individuals who live in a State to better use available resources and ensure greater coordination among those programs;
    - (9) to identify the ways in which healthcare systems can best integrate and incorporate food and nutrition interventions to improve health, end hunger, and reduce by ½ the levels of nutrition insecurity and diet-related illnesses in the United States;
    - (10) to identify ways to provide opportunities for independent family farmers and ranchers to meet the nutritional needs of every individual who lives in a State;
    - (11) to highlight emerging and innovative programs from the public and private sectors, including community-based and faith-based organizations that effectively address the nutrition needs of vulnerable individuals who live in a State;
    - (12) to identify opportunities for effective partnerships between the government, private industry, labor, healthcare, independent family farmers, and

1	nonprofit sectors to fight hunger in the United
2	States;
3	(13) to bring public attention to the more than
4	38,000,000 individuals who live in a State that face
5	a constant struggle against hunger, food insecurity,
6	and nutrition insecurity;
7	(14) to review—
8	(A) the medical, developmental, and edu-
9	cational impact of hunger, food insecurity, and
10	nutrition insecurity;
11	(B) the potential savings to the United
12	States health care system, educational system,
13	and other sectors when appropriate food is
14	available to the critically and chronically ill; and
15	(C) the economic opportunities for inde-
16	pendent farmers and ranchers to provide
17	healthy food to their communities; and
18	(15) to build understanding among individuals
19	who live in a State—
20	(A) of the cost of hunger and nutrition in-
21	security in the United States, including lost
22	wages, diminished stamina, and reduced capac-
23	ity to learn; and
24	(B) that hunger, malnutrition, and food
25	and nutrition insecurity, in addition to an in-

1	creasingly consolidated and foreign-owned food
2	and farm supply system, is a matter of national
3	security.
4	SEC. 5. POLICY COMMITTEE AND RELATED COMMITTEES.
5	(a) Establishment.—Not later than June 30,
6	2022, the Co-chairs shall establish a Policy Committee
7	composed of 25 members to be appointed as follows:
8	(1) Presidential appointees.—Thirteen
9	members shall be appointed by the President and
10	shall include—
11	(A) the Presidential Designee;
12	(B) 2 members who are officers or employ-
13	ees of the United States;
14	(C) 2 members who are representatives of
15	the healthcare system;
16	(D) 2 members who are farmers or ranch-
17	ers; and
18	(E) 6 members with experience in address-
19	ing the needs of food-insecure and nutrition-in-
20	secure individuals who live in a State.
21	(2) Senate appointees.—
22	(A) Three members shall be appointed by
23	the majority leader of the Senate, in consulta-
24	tion with—

1	(i) the chairperson and ranking mem-
2	ber of the Committee on Health, Edu-
3	cation, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate;
4	(ii) the chairperson and ranking mem-
5	ber of the Committee on Agriculture, Nu-
6	trition, and Forestry of the Senate; and
7	(iii) the chairperson and ranking
8	member of the Committee on Finance of
9	the Senate.
10	(B) Three members shall be appointed by
11	the minority leader of the Senate, in consulta-
12	tion with the members of the committees de-
13	scribed in clauses (i), (ii), and (iii) of subpara-
14	graph (A).
15	(3) House of representatives ap-
16	POINTEES.—
17	(A) Three members shall be appointed by
18	the Speaker of the House of Representatives, in
19	consultation with—
20	(i) the chairperson and ranking mem-
21	ber of the Committee on Education and
22	Labor of the House of Representatives;
23	(ii) the chairperson and ranking mem-
24	ber of the Committee on Agriculture of the
25	House of Representatives; and

1	(iii) the chairperson and ranking
2	member of the Committee on Ways and
3	Means of the House of Representatives.
4	(B) Three members shall be appointed by
5	the minority leader of the House of Representa-
6	tives, in consultation with the members of the
7	committees described in clauses (i), (ii), and
8	(iii) of subparagraph (A).
9	(b) Operation of Committee.—
10	(1) Chairperson.—
11	(A) In General.—The Presidential Des-
12	ignee shall serve as the chairperson of the Pol-
13	icy Committee.
14	(B) VOTING PRIVILEGE.—The chairperson
15	may vote only to break a tie vote of the other
16	members of the Policy Committee.
17	(2) Voting.—
18	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Policy Committee
19	shall act by the vote of a majority of the mem-
20	bers present.
21	(B) Quorum.—A quorum of members
22	shall not be required to conduct Policy Com-
23	mittee business.
24	(c) Duties of the Committee.—
25	(1) Meetings.—

1	(A) Initial meeting.—The Co-chairs of
2	the Conference shall hold the first meeting of
3	the Policy Committee not later than 30 days
4	after the last member is appointed to the Com-
5	mittee in accordance with subsection (a).
6	(B) REGULAR MEETINGS.—Subsequent
7	meetings of the Policy Committee shall be held
8	at the call of the Co-chairs of the Conference.
9	(2) Duties.—Through meetings, hearings, and
10	working sessions, the Policy Committee shall—
11	(A) make recommendations to the Co-
12	chairs to facilitate the timely convening of the
13	Conference;
14	(B) not later than 90 days after the first
15	meeting of the Policy Committee, prepare and
16	submit to the Co-chairs a proposed agenda for
17	the Conference that reflects, to the greatest ex-
18	tent practicable—
19	(i) the major issues facing the field of
20	food and nutrition; and
21	(ii) the purposes of the Conference de-
22	scribed in section 4(d);
23	(C) make recommendations with respect to
24	the selection of the delegates to the Conference:

1	(D) establish the number of delegates to be
2	selected under section 6; and
3	(E) establish an executive committee
4	that—
5	(i) consists of 3 members of the Policy
6	Committee, selected in consultation with
7	the Committee on Agriculture of the House
8	of Representatives, the Committee on
9	Rules of the House of Representatives, and
10	the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition,
11	and Forestry of the Senate; and
12	(ii) collaborates with the delegates to
13	the Conference.
14	SEC. 6. CONFERENCE DELEGATES.
15	To carry out the purposes of the Conference de-
16	scribed in section 4(d), the Co-chairs shall appoint dele-
17	gates who are representative of the spectrum of thought
18	in the field of food and nutrition, without regard to polit-
19	ical affiliation or past partisan activity, who shall in-
20	clude—
21	(1) representatives of Federal, State, and local
22	governments;
23	(2) individuals working in the field of food,
24	health, nutrition, farming, and economic security;
25	and

1	(3) members of the general public who are af-
2	fected by hunger and nutrition insecurity in the
3	United States.
4	SEC. 7. CONFERENCE ADMINISTRATION.
5	(a) Administration.—In administering this Act
6	the Co-chairs shall—
7	(1) not later than 48 hours before the start of
8	a meeting, hearing, or working session, provide writ-
9	ten notice to all members of the Policy Committee
10	of that meeting, hearing, or working session;
11	(2) request the cooperation and assistance of
12	the heads of Federal departments and agencies as
13	may be appropriate, including the detailing of per-
14	sonnel from those departments and agencies;
15	(3) make available for public comment the pro-
16	posed agenda submitted by the Policy Committee
17	under section $5(c)(2)(B)$ ;
18	(4) not later than 30 days after the date or
19	which the proposed agenda is submitted for public
20	comment under paragraph (3), approve that agenda
21	and
22	(5) prepare and make available to delegates
23	background materials determined by the Co-chairs
24	to be necessary.

1	(b) No Compensation.—All members appointed
2	under this Act shall serve in the roles for which they are
3	appointed without compensation.
4	(c) Duties.—The Co-chairs shall ensure that—
5	(1) the proposed agenda prepared under section
6	5(c)(2)(B) is published in the Federal Register not
7	later than 30 days after that agenda is approved
8	under subsection (a)(4);
9	(2) any employed personnel are fairly balanced
10	with respect to points of views represented and are
11	appointed without regard to political affiliation or
12	previous partisan activities;
13	(3) the recommendations of the Conference—
14	(A) are not inappropriately influenced by
15	any special interest; and
16	(B) are the result of the independent and
17	collective judgment of the delegates to the Con-
18	ference; and
19	(4) not later than 30 days before the Con-
20	ference is convened, the delegates to the Conference
21	have access to information provided by relevant Fed-
22	eral agencies that includes—
23	(A) updated statistical data (including de-
24	cennial census data) and other information on
25	food and nutrition in the United States: and

1	(B) information necessary to evaluate Fed-
2	eral programs and policies relating to food and
3	nutrition.
4	(d) Gifts.—
5	(1) In General.—The Co-chairs may accept,
6	on behalf of the United States, gifts (in cash or in
7	kind, including voluntary and uncompensated serv-
8	ices), which shall be available to carry out this Act.
9	(2) Additional amount.—Gifts of cash shall
10	be available in addition to amounts appropriated to
11	carry out this Act.
12	(e) Records.—
13	(1) In General.—The Co-chairs shall main-
14	tain records regarding—
15	(A) the sources, amounts, and uses of gifts
16	accepted under subsection (d); and
17	(B) the identity of each individual assisting
18	in carrying out this Act, and the amount of
19	compensation, if any, received by each such in-
20	dividual.
21	(2) Public availability.—For each gift ac-
22	cepted under subsection (d), the records described in
23	paragraph (1) shall be made public not later than 30
24	days after the date on which the gift is received.

## 1 SEC. 8. CONFERENCE REPORT.

2	(a) Preliminary Report.—
3	(1) In general.—Not later than 100 days
4	after the date on which the Conference adjourns, the
5	Policy Committee shall prepare a preliminary report
6	on the Conference, which shall be—
7	(A) published in the Federal Register; and
8	(B) submitted to the chief executive offi-
9	cers of each of the States.
10	(2) Views and findings.—The Policy Com-
11	mittee shall request that, not later than 45 days
12	after the submission of the report by the Policy
13	Committee under paragraph (1)(B), the chief execu-
14	tive officers of each of the States shall submit to the
15	Policy Committee views and findings with respect to
16	that report.
17	(b) Final Report.—Not later than 180 days after
18	the date on which the Conference adjourns, the Policy
19	Committee shall—
20	(1) prepare a final report on the Conference,
21	which shall include—
22	(A) a compilation of the views and findings
23	of the chief executive officers of each of the
24	States submitted under subsection (a)(2): and

1	(B) recommendations for administrative
2	action and legislation with respect to those
3	views and findings; and
4	(2) publish in the Federal Register, and trans-
5	mit to the President and to Congress, the rec-
6	ommendations described in paragraph (1)(B).
7	SEC. 9. STATUS REPORTS.
8	(a) Initial Status Report.—Not later than 2
9	years after the date on which the Conference adjourns
10	the Presidential Designee shall—
11	(1) prepare a status report documenting the im-
12	plementation of the recommendations contained in
13	the final report described in section 8(b)(1)(B); and
14	(2) publish in the Federal Register, and trans-
15	mit to the President and to Congress, that status re-
16	port.
17	(b) Subsequent Status Reports.—Not later than
18	5 years after the date on which the Conference adjourns
19	and every 2 years thereafter for not longer than 10 years
20	the Presidential Designee shall—
21	(1) prepare a status report documenting the im-
22	plementation of the recommendations contained in
23	that final raport, and

1 (2) publish in the Federal Register, and trans-2 mit to the President and to Congress, that status re-3 port. 4 SEC. 10. COMMITTEE HEARINGS. 5 (a) Hearings on Reports.—The Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate, the Com-6 mittee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives, 8 and the Committee on Rules of the House of Representatives shall each hold hearings on the recommendations and 10 status reports transmitted to Congress under sections 8(b)(2), 9(a)(2), and 9(b)(2). 12 (b) Hearings on Status of Hunger, Nutrition SECURITY, AND FOOD SYSTEMS.—The Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate, the Com-14 15 mittee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Rules of the House of Representa-16 tives shall each hold annual hearings on the status of hunger, food and nutrition insecurity, and resilient food sys-18 19 tems in the United States. 20 (c) Exercise of Rulemaking Authority.—Sub-21 sections (a) and (b) are enacted— 22 (1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of 23 the Senate and the House of Representatives, and, 24 as such, shall be considered as part of the rules of

the Senate or the House of Representatives (as the

1	case may be), and such rules shall supersede any
2	other rule of the Senate or the House of Representa-
3	tives only to the extent that any such rule is incon-
4	sistent therewith; and
5	(2) with full recognition of the constitutional
6	right of either House to change such rules (so far
7	as relating to the procedure in such House) at any
8	time, in the same manner, and to the same extent
9	as in the case of any other rule of the Senate or the
10	House of Representatives.
11	SEC. 11. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
12	(a) Authorization.—
13	(1) In general.—There are authorized to be
14	appropriated \$2,500,000 to carry out this Act for
15	each of—
16	(A) the fiscal year in which the Policy
17	Committee plans the Conference and for the
18	following fiscal year; and
19	(B) the fiscal year in which the Conference
20	is held.
21	(2) Limitation.—Any new spending authority
22	or new authority to enter into contracts under this
23	Act, and under which the United States is obligated

to make outlays, shall be effective only to the extent,

and in such amounts, as are provided in advance in
appropriation Acts.

### (b) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Funds appropriated to carry out this Act and funds received as gifts under section 7(d) shall remain available for obligation or expenditure for 1 year after the date on which the Conference adjourns.
- (2) Unobligated Funds.—Any funds described in paragraph (1) that are not expended or obligated before the expiration of the 1-year period described in that paragraph shall be returned to the United States Treasury.

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