



# **MYSORE UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING**

Manasagangotri campus, Mysuru-570006  
(Approved by AICTE, New Delhi)



## **UNIVERSITY OF MYSORE**

**A Seminar(21CD71, Full Stack Development) Report**

**On**

***“Customer Complaints”***

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# Building a Full-Stack Django Web Applications for Customer Complaints -

## Introduction

- i. **Objective :** Develop a web application using Django where customers can submit complaints, and administrators can manage and resolve them.
- ii. **User Roles :**
  - Customers :** Submit complaints via a form.
  - Admin :** View, manage, and update complaint statuses.
- iii. **Complaint Submission Form :**
  - Fields :** Name, Email, Product, Issue Description, Priority Level (High, Medium, Low).
  - Uses Django forms for validation and submission.
- iv. **Database Management :**
  - Complaints are stored in Django's database (SQLite/PostgreSQL/MySQL).
  - Managed through Django Admin Panel.
- v. **Admin Functionality :**
  - View all complaints in a structured table format and Change the status of a complaint.
- vi. **User Redirection with reverse\_lazy():**
  - After submission, customers are redirected to a success page. Implements Django's **reverse\_lazy()** for efficient URL redirection.
- vii. **Technology Stack:**
  - Frontend :** HTML, CSS, Bootstrap (for styling).
  - Backend :** Django (Python-based web framework).
  - Database :** SQLite (default) or PostgreSQL/MySQL
- viii. **Outcome :**
  - A structured system for handling customer complaints efficiently. Easy management for admins with a user-friendly dashboard.

## Detailed Steps Implementation :

**Step 1 :** Install Django and Create a Virtual Environment

## **# Create a virtual environment**

*python -m venv venv*

## **# Activate the virtual environment**

### **# On Windows:**

*venv\Scripts\activate*

## **# Install Django**

*pip install Django*

## **Step 2 : Create a Django Project**

Run the following command to create a Django project:

*django-admin startproject customer\_complaints*  
*cd customer\_complaints*

## **Step 3 : Create a Django App**

*python manage.py startapp students*

## **Step 4 : Configure settings.py**

*Open customer\_complaints/settings.py and add 'students' to INSTALLED\_APPS*

## **Step 5 : Create the Complaint Model**

Run migrations to apply the model:

*python manage.py makemigrations*  
*python manage.py migrate*

## **Step 6 : Register the Model in Django Admin**

In *complaints/admin.py*:

## **Step 7 : Create Views for customer\_complaints**

In *complaints/views.py*:

## Step 8 : Configure URLs

Create `complaints/urls.py`

Link the complaints app to the project's main `urls.py` in `customer_complaints/urls.py`

## Step 9 : Create HTML Templates

Inside `students/templates/students/` create files naming:

1. `complaints_form.html`
2. `success_form.html`

## Step 10: Create a Superuser for Admin Panel:

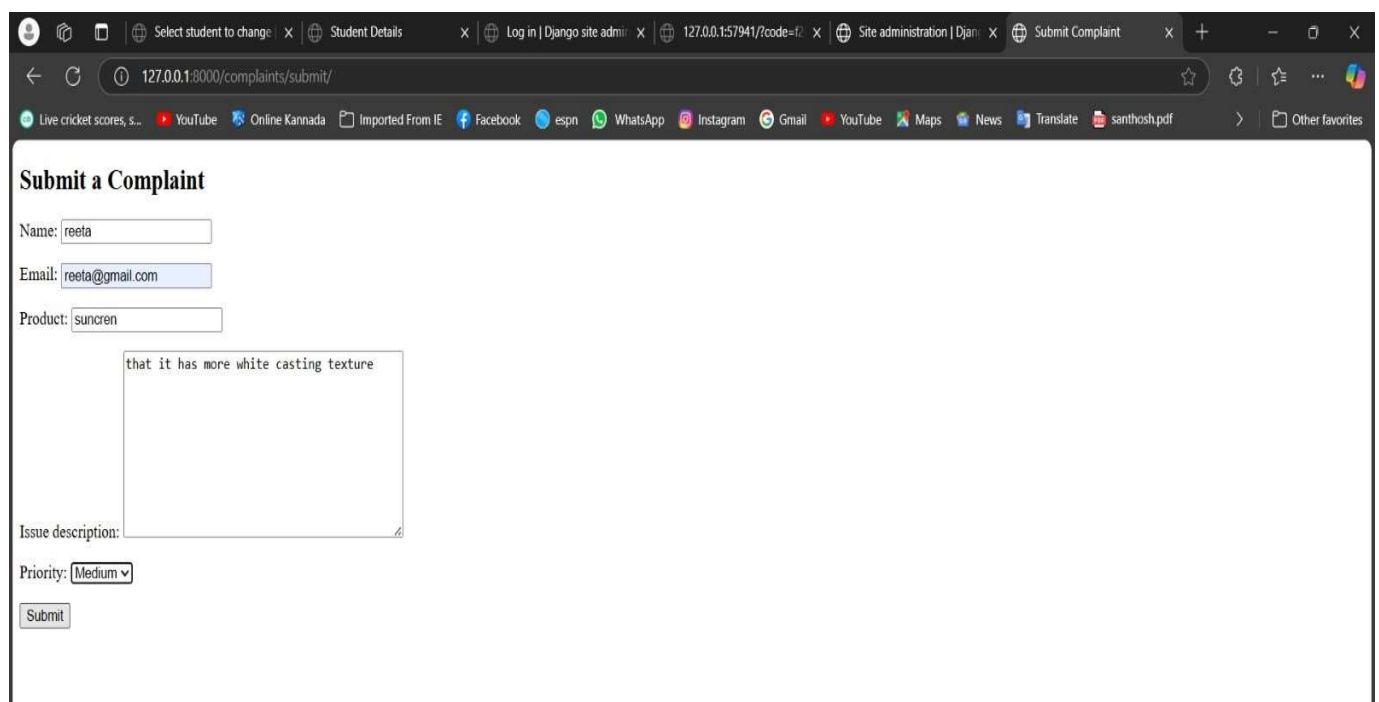
`python manage.py createsuperuser`

## Step 11: Run the Django Development Server

`python manage.py runserver`

## Step-by-Step Output Results :

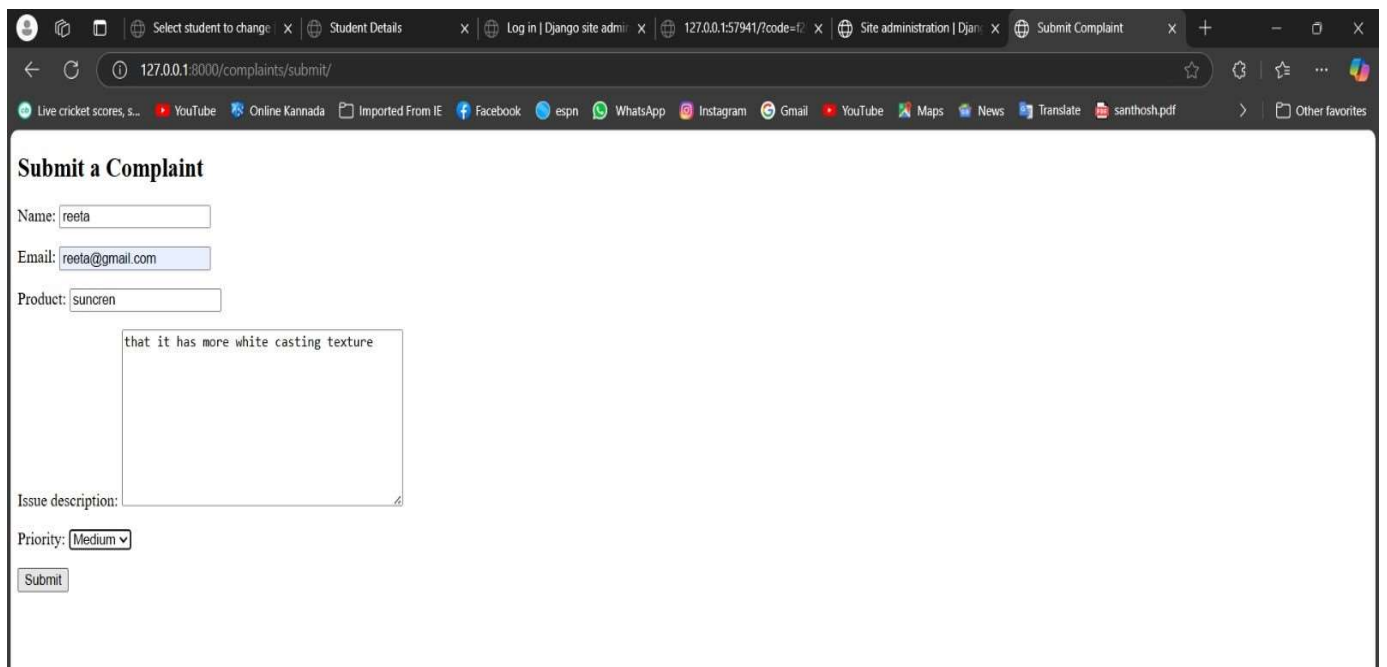
### i. Customers can submit complaints through a form –



The screenshot shows a web browser window with multiple tabs. The active tab is titled 'Submit Complaint' and shows a web page with the URL '127.0.0.1:8000/complaints/submit/'. The page has a title 'Submit a Complaint' and contains a form with the following fields:

- Name:
- Email:
- Product:
- Issue description:
- Priority:
- Submit:

- ii. The form should include name, email, product, issue description, and priority level (High, Medium, Low) –



Submit a Complaint

Name:

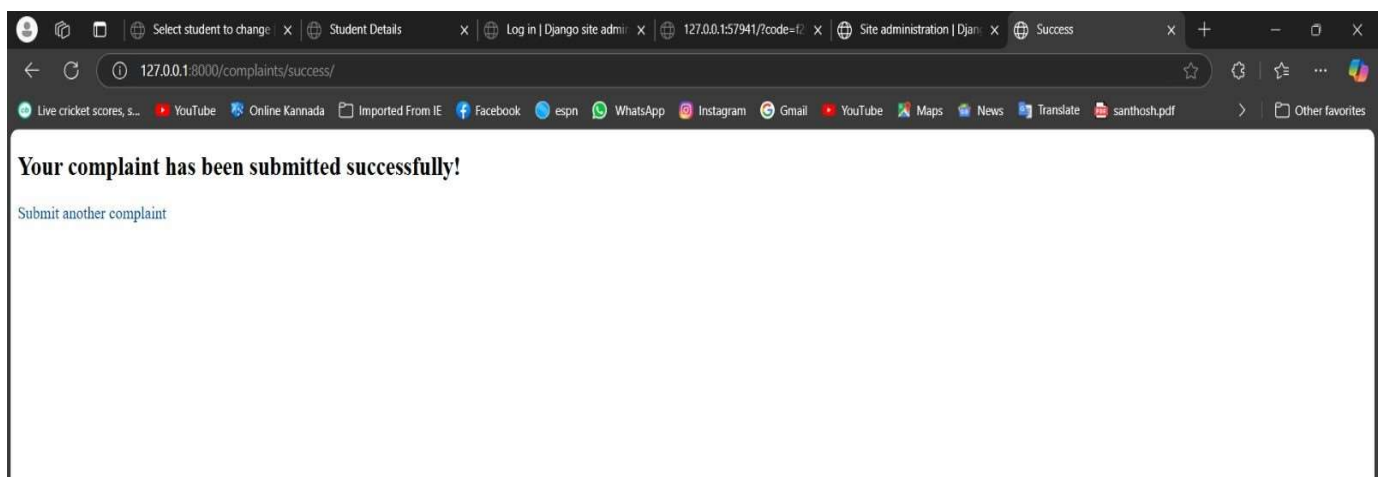
Email:

Product:

Issue description:

Priority:

- iii. The data should be stored in a database and managed via Django Admin –



Your complaint has been submitted successfully!

[Submit another complaint](#)

- iv. Display all complaints on an admin page, allowing the admin to change the status (Pending, Resolved) -

Browser tabs: Select student to change, Student Details, Log in | Django site admin, 127.0.0.1:57941/?code=f2, Site administration | Django, Admin - Complaints

Address bar: 127.0.0.1:8000/complaints/admin-complaints/

Live cricket scores, s... YouTube Online Kannada Imported From IE Facebook espn WhatsApp Instagram Gmail YouTube Maps News Translate santhosh.pdf Other favorites

## All Complaints

Name	Email	Product	Issue	Priority	Status
reeta	reeta@gmail.com	suncren	that it has more white casting texture	Medium	Pending

v. Implement `reverse_lazy()` to redirect users to a success page after submission –

File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help

customer\_complaint\_system

EXPLORER

- OPEN EDITORS
- CUSTOMER\_COMPLAINT\_SYSTEM
  - complaints
    - \_pycache\_
    - migrations
    - templates\complaints
      - admin\_complaints.html
      - submit\_complaint.html
      - success.html
  - \_init\_.py
  - admin.py
  - apps.py
  - forms.py
  - models.py
  - tests.py
  - urls.py
  - views.py
- customer\_complaint\_system
  - \_pycache\_
  - \_init\_.py
  - asgi.py
  - settings.py
  - urls.py
  - wsgi.py
  - db.sqlite3
  - manage.py

views.py

```

1 from django.shortcuts import render, redirect
2 from django.urls import reverse_lazy
3 from .forms import ComplaintForm
4 from .models import Complaint
5
6 def submit_complaint(request):
7     if request.method == 'POST':
8         form = ComplaintForm(request.POST)
9         if form.is_valid():
10             form.save()
11             return redirect(reverse_lazy('success'))
12     else:
13         form = ComplaintForm()
14         return render(request, 'complaints/submit_complaint.html', {'form': form})
15
16 def success_page(request):
17     return render(request, 'complaints/success.html')
18
19 def admin_complaints(request):
20     complaints = Complaint.objects.all()
21     return render(request, 'complaints/admin_complaints.html', {'complaints': complaints})
22

```

## Conclusion

The Full-Stack Django Web Application for Customer Complaints is designed to streamline the process of handling customer grievances effectively. It provides a structured approach where customers can submit complaints through a user-friendly form, including essential details like name, email, product, issue description, and priority level. The submitted complaints are stored in a database and managed through the Django Admin panel, allowing administrators to track, update, and resolve issues efficiently. The system enables admins to change the status of complaints (Pending, Resolved), ensuring transparency and better customer service management. A key feature of the application is the use of `reverse_lazy()`, which ensures smooth redirection of users to a success page after submission. The project utilizes Django's built-in features for form validation, database management, and admin control, making it a robust and scalable solution. The frontend is designed using HTML, CSS, and Bootstrap for a responsive and visually appealing interface. The backend, powered by Django, ensures secure and efficient data handling. By implementing this system, businesses can enhance customer satisfaction by addressing complaints in a systematic manner. The structured workflow improves communication between customers and administrators, reducing response time and increasing efficiency. Additionally, the Django framework provides scalability, making it suitable for future enhancements like email notifications, user authentication, and automated complaint tracking. Overall, this project demonstrates how Django can be leveraged to build a practical, real-world web application that simplifies complaint management and improves customer support operations.