

http://localhost:3000/projects.html





## Performance

Values are estimated and may vary. The performance score is calculated directly from these metrics. See calculator.

▲ 0-49 50-89 90-100



**METRICS** Expand view

First Contentful Paint

1.4 s

Speed Index

1.4 s

Largest Contentful Paint

4.4 s

Time to Interactive

4.4 s

**Total Blocking Time** 

0 ms

**Cumulative Layout Shift** 

0



Show audits relevant to: All FCP TBT LCP CLS

**OPPORTUNITIES** 

Opportunity **Estimated Savings** 

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▲ Serve images in next-gen formats

14.58

S

Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. <u>Learn more</u>.

	URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
img.card-image	/images/operation-extermination.png (localhost)	2,886.0 KiB	2,486.0 KiB
img.card-image	/images/website.png (localhost)	412.2 KiB	359.8 KiB
img.card-image	/images/insect.jpg (localhost)	108.0 KiB	73.1 KiB

Properly size images

13.23

s

Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. Learn more.

	URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
img.card-image	/images/operation-extermination.png (localhost)	2,886.0 KiB	2,262.8 KiB
img.card-image	/images/website.png (localhost)	412.2 KiB	310.9 KiB
img.card-image	/images/insect.jpg (localhost)	108.0 KiB	75.2 KiB

Eliminate render-blocking resources

0.76 s ^

0.100

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. Learn more. FCP LCP

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (1)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
/stylesheets/styles.css (localhost)	13.6 KiB	300 ms
/stylesheets/cards.css (localhost)	2.5 KiB	300 ms

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URL	Transfer Size	Size Savings
/72dcaa571b.js (kit.fontawesome.com)	4.0 KiB	820 ms

These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't <u>directly affect</u> the Performance score.

#### **DIAGNOSTICS**

▲ Ensure text remains visible during webfont load

Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. Learn more. FCP LCP

URL	Potential Savings
static/Montserrat-ExtraBold.ttf (localhost)	10 ms
static/Montserrat-Regular.ttf (localhost)	10 ms
static/Montserrat-Light.ttf (localhost)	10 ms

▲ Avoid enormous network payloads — Total size was 4,161 KiB

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. Learn more. [LCP]

Show 3rd-party resources (2)

URL	Transfer Size
/images/operation-extermination.png (localhost)	2,886.3 KiB
/images/website.png (localhost)	412.5 KiB
static/Montserrat-ExtraBold.ttf (localhost)	193.8 KiB
static/Montserrat-Light.ttf (localhost)	193.7 KiB
static/Montserrat-Regular.ttf (localhost)	193.6 KiB
/images/insect.jpg (localhost)	108.3 KiB
webfonts/free-fa-brands-400.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	105.9 KiB

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URL	Transfer Size
css/free.min.css?token=72dcaa571b (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	22.9 KiB
/stylesheets/styles.css (localhost)	13.6 KiB
/projects.html (localhost)	7.1 KiB

## Avoid chaining critical requests — 5 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. <u>Learn more</u>. FCP LCP

Maximum critical path latency: 150 ms

Initial Navigation

/projects.html (localhost)

/72dcaa571b.js (kit.fontawesome.com) - 70 ms, 4.00 KiB

/stylesheets/styles.css (localhost)

...static/Montserrat-ExtraBold.ttf (localhost) - 10 ms, 193.80 KiB

...static/Montserrat-Regular.ttf (localhost) - 10 ms, 193.63 KiB

...static/Montserrat-Light.ttf (localhost) - 10 ms, 193.73 KiB

/stylesheets/cards.css (localhost) - 10 ms, 2.49 KiB

Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small — 18 requests • 4,161 KiB

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. Learn more.

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Total	18	4,161.3 KiB
Image	5	3,415.9 KiB
Font	4	687.1 KiB
Other	4	29.5 KiB
Stylesheet	2	16.1 KiB
Document	1	7.1 KiB

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Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Script	2	5.6 KiB
Media	0	0.0 KiB
Third-party	6	139.5 KiB
Largest Contentful Paint element — 1 elem	nent found	^
This is the largest contentful element painted v	vithin the viewport. <u>Learn More</u> [LC	P
Florent		

Element	
	h1.white-text.extra-bold.introduction-heading

O Avoid large layout shifts — 1 element found

These DOM elements contribute most to the CLS of the page. [CLS]



O Avoid long main-thread tasks — 1 long task found

Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. Learn more TBT

URL	Start Time	Duration
/projects.html (localhost)	605 ms	70 ms

More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't <u>directly affect</u> the Performance score.

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PASSED AUDITS (30) Hide Defer offscreen images Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to interactive. Learn more. Minify CSS — Potential savings of 4 KiB Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. Learn more. FCP [LCP] Transfer Potential **URL** Size Savings /stylesheets/styles.css (localhost) 13.6 KiB 3.9 KiB Minify JavaScript Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn more. FCP LCP Reduce unused CSS — Potential savings of 31 KiB Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. Learn more. (FCP) (LCP) Transfer Potential URL Size Savings /\*! \* Font Awesome Free 6.2.1 by <code>@fontawesome</code> - <code>https://fontawesome.com</code> \* License -20.2 KiB 20.0 KiB https://fontaw... /stylesheets/styles.css (localhost) 13.6 KiB 10.5 KiB Reduce unused JavaScript Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. Learn more. [LCP] Efficiently encode images — Potential savings of 17 KiB Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. Learn more.

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		Resource	Potential
	URL	Size	Savings
img.card-image	/images/insect.jpg (localhost)	108.0 KiB	16.6 KiB
Enable text compression	— Potential savings of 17 KiB		^
Text-based resources should more. FCP LCP	ld be served with compression (gzip, deflate or bro	otli) to minimize total network byt	es. <u>Learn</u>
URL		Transfer Size	Potential Savings
/stylesheets/styles.css (lo	ocalhost)	13.3 KiB	10.5 KiB
/projects.html (localhost)		6.9 KiB	5.3 KiB
/stylesheets/cards.css (lo	ocalhost)	2.2 KiB	1.4 KiB
Preconnect to required or	rigins		^
Consider adding `preconne  Learn more. FCP LCP	ct` or `dns-prefetch` resource hints to establish ea	orly connections to important third	l-party origins
Initial server response tim	ne was short — Root document took 0 ms		^
Keep the server response to	ime for the main document short because all other	r requests depend on it. <u>Learn m</u>	ore. FCP
URL			Time Spent
/projects.html (localhost)			0 ms
Avoid multiple page redire	ects		^
Redirects introduce addition	nal delays before the page can be loaded. <u>Learn n</u>	nore. FCP (LCP)	
Preload key requests			^
Consider using ` <link rel="pr&lt;br"/> more. (FCP) (LCP)	reload>` to prioritize fetching resources that are cu	ırrently requested later in page lo	ad. <u>Learn</u>

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Use HTTP/2 HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. Learn more. Use video formats for animated content Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more [LCP] Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. TBT Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. Learn More TBT Preload Largest Contentful Paint image Preload the image used by the LCP element in order to improve your LCP time. Learn more. [LCP] Uses efficient cache policy on static assets — 0 resources found A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. Learn more. Avoids an excessive DOM size - 93 elements A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer style calculations, and produce costly layout reflows. Learn more. (TBT) Statistic Element Value **Total DOM Elements** 93 Maximum DOM Depth 12 strong Maximum Child Elements nav#navbar 4 User Timing marks and measures

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Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. <u>Learn more</u>.

JavaScript execution time - 0.0 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. <u>Learn more</u>. (TBT)

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
/projects.html (localhost)	323 ms	16 ms	2 ms
Unattributable	251 ms	18 ms	0 ms

Minimizes main-thread work — 0.7 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn more (TBT)

Category	Time Spent
Other	297 ms
Style & Layout	233 ms
Script Evaluation	113 ms
Rendering	22 ms
Parse HTML & CSS	12 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	6 ms

Minimize third-party usage  $\,$  — Third-party code blocked the main thread for 0 ms

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. <u>Learn more</u>. (TBT)

Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
FontAwesome CDN	139 KiB	0 ms
webfonts/free-fa-brands-400.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	106 KiB	0 ms

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Third-Party

css/free.min.css?token=72dcaa571b (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	23 KiB	0 ms
Other resources	11 KiB	0 ms
Lazy load third-party resources with facades		^
Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing the	m with a facade until they are red	quired. <u>Learn more</u> .
Largest Contentful Paint image was not lazily loaded		^
Above-the-fold images that are lazily loaded render later in the page learn more.	ifecycle, which can delay the lar	gest contentful paint.
Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance		^
Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as `passive` to more.	o improve your page's scroll per	formance. <u>Learn</u>
Avoids document.write()		^
For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected viseconds. <u>Learn more</u> .	via `document.write()` can delay	page load by tens of
	via `document.write()` can delay	page load by tens of
seconds. <u>Learn more</u> .		
seconds. Learn more.  Avoid non-composited animations		
seconds. Learn more.  Avoid non-composited animations  Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS	s. <u>Learn more</u> (CLS)	^
seconds. Learn more.  Avoid non-composited animations  Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS  Image elements have explicit width and height	s. <u>Learn more</u> (CLS)	^
Avoid non-composited animations  Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS  Image elements have explicit width and height  Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout s	s. <u>Learn more</u> (CLS) shifts and improve CLS. <u>Learn m</u>	ore CLS
Avoid non-composited animations  Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS  Image elements have explicit width and height  Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout s  Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale  A ` <meta name="viewport"/> not only optimizes your app for mobile s	s. <u>Learn more</u> (CLS) shifts and improve CLS. <u>Learn m</u>	ore CLS

Transfer Size

Main-Thread Blocking Time

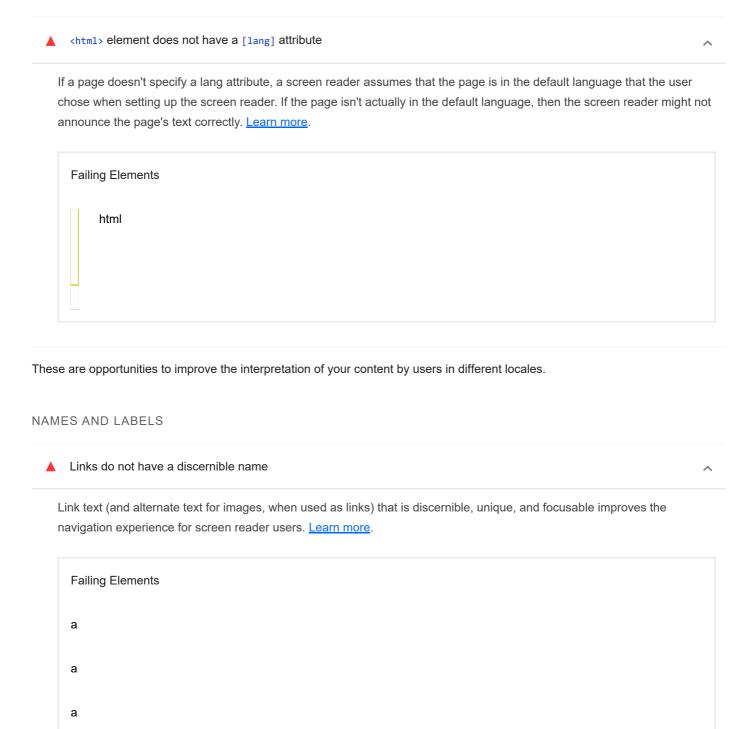
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# Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

#### INTERNATIONALIZATION AND LOCALIZATION



These are opportunities to improve the semantics of the controls in your application. This may enhance the experience for users of assistive technology, like a screen reader.

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## NAVIGATION

▲ Heading elements are not in a sequentially-descending order	^
Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it eas and understand when using assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u> .	ier to navigate
Failing Elements	
h3	
These are opportunities to improve keyboard navigation in your application.	
ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (10)	Hide
The page has a logical tab order	^
Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. Learn	more.
Interactive controls are keyboard focusable	^
Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state	^
Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non elements. <u>Learn more</u> .	-interactive
The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	^
If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. <u>Learn more</u> .	
User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	^
A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Custom controls have associated labels	^
Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Custom controls have ARIA roles	^
Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn more</u> .	

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Visual order on the page follows DOM order	^
DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn more.	
O HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
Landmark elements ( <main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technologies.  Learn more.</nav></main>	ology.
These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on conducting an access review.	<u>sibility</u>
PASSED AUDITS (7)	Hide
[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body></body>	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when `aria-hidden="true"` is set on the document ` <box learn="" more.<="" td=""><td>ly&gt;`.</td></box>	ly>`.
Image elements have [alt] attributes	^
Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty attribute. <u>Learn more</u> .	/ alt
[user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"/> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5.	^
Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the content a web page. <u>Learn more</u> .	s of
[aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents	^
Focusable descendents within an `[aria-hidden="true"]` element prevent those interactive elements from being available users of assistive technologies like screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	e to
The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region	^
Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more.	
Background and foreground colors have a sufficient contrast ratio	^

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Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. <u>Learn more</u>.

Document has a <title> element&lt;/th&gt;&lt;th&gt;^&lt;/th&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. &lt;u&gt;Learn more&lt;/u&gt;.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;NOT APPLICABLE (34)&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Hide&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;[accesskey] values are unique&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. &lt;u&gt;Learn more&lt;/u&gt;.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;O [aria-*] attributes match their roles&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Each ARIA `role` supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the `aria-*` attributes. Le&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;u&gt;earn&lt;/u&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusab for users who rely on screen readers. &lt;u&gt;Learn more&lt;/u&gt;.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;le&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;ARIA input fields have accessible names&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusa for users who rely on screen readers. &lt;u&gt;Learn more&lt;/u&gt;.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;able&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;ARIA meter elements have accessible names&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusab for users who rely on screen readers. &lt;u&gt;Learn more&lt;/u&gt;.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;le&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;When a `progressbar` element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, make it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. &lt;u&gt;Learn more&lt;/u&gt;.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;ing&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;[role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. &lt;u&gt;Learn more&lt;/u&gt;.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;/tbody&gt;&lt;/table&gt;</title>
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<ul> <li>Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children.</li> </ul>	^
Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more	<u>2</u> .
O [role]s are contained by their required parent element	^
Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility fund Learn more.	ctions.
O [role] values are valid	^
ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more</u> .	
ARIA toggle fields have accessible names	^
When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it un for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	usable
O ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names	^
When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unus for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	sable
O ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names	^
When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unus for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	sable
O [aria-*] attributes have valid values	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. <u>Learn more</u> .	
O [aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. <u>Learn more</u> .	
O Buttons have an accessible name	^
When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for use rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	rs who
<dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements.</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script></dd></dt></dl>	

When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. <u>Learn more</u>.

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O Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements</dl>	^
Definition list items (` <dt>` and `<dd>`) must be wrapped in a parent `<dl>` element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. Learn more.</dl></dd></dt>	
O [id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique	^
All focusable elements must have a unique `id` to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. Learn more.	
ARIA IDs are unique	^
The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. <u>Le more</u> .	<u>arn</u>
No form fields have multiple labels	^
Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. <u>Learn more</u> .	
<frame/> or <iframe> elements have a title</iframe>	^
Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. <u>Learn more</u> .	
<html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute</html>	^
Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> helps screen readers announce text properly. <u>Learn more</u> .	
<pre><input type="image"/> elements have [alt] text</pre>	^
When an image is being used as an ` <input/> ` button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn more.	t
O Form elements have associated labels	^
Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	
<ul> <li>Lists contain only <li>elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>).</li> </ul></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. <u>Learn</u> more.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td><ul>     <li>List items (<1i>) are contained within <ul>     <ul>         <li>vol</li>         <li>parent elements</li>     </ul> </ul></td><td>^</td></tr></tbody></table></script></li></li></ul>	

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Screen readers require list items (``) to be contained within a parent `` or `` to be announced properly. <u>Learn</u> more.

The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh">

Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. <u>Learn more</u>.

O <object> elements have alternate text

Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to `<object>` elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. <u>Learn more</u>.

No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0

A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u>.

Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring `` cells using the `[headers]` attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more.

[lang] attributes have a valid value

Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Learn</u> more.

video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"]

When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. Learn more.



# **Best Practices**

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## TRUST AND SAFETY

0	Ensure CSP is effective against XSS attacks		^
Д	strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly reduces	s the risk of cross-site scripting	ng (XSS) attacks. <u>Learn more</u>
	Description	Directive	Severity
	No CSP found in enforcement mode		High
PASS	ED AUDITS (13)		Hide
	Uses HTTPS		^
w ir	Il sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that do there some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the instruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the rerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs.	nitial request being served ove e communications between ye	er HTTPS. HTTPS prevents
	Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page loa	ad	^
	Isers are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request the ction instead. Learn more.	eir location without context. C	Consider tying the request to a user
	Avoids requesting the notification permission on page loa	ad	^
	lsers are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to ser gestures instead. <u>Learn more</u> .	send notifications without cor	ntext. Consider tying the request to
	Avoids front-end JavaScript libraries with known security	vulnerabilities	^
	ome third-party scripts may contain known security vulners earn more.	abilities that are easily identifi	ied and exploited by attackers.
	Allows users to paste into password fields		^
F	reventing password pasting undermines good security pol	icy. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Displays images with correct aspect ratio		^
lr	nage display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio	o. <u>Learn more</u> .	

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	Serves images with appropriate resolution	^
	Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Page has the HTML doctype	^
,	Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Properly defines charset	^
	A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a ` <meta/> ` tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in Content-Type HTTP response header. <u>Learn more</u> .	the
	Avoids deprecated APIs	^
ļ	Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	No browser errors logged to the console	^
	Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other brove concerns. <u>Learn more</u>	/ser
	No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools	^
I	Issues logged to the `Issues` panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevToo	ls
	Page has valid source maps	^
ا	Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. Leamore.	<u>n</u>
NOT	APPLICABLE (2)	Hide
0	Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded	^
ļ	Preload `optional` fonts so first-time visitors may use them. <u>Learn more</u>	
0	Detected JavaScript libraries	^

All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. <u>Learn more</u>.

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These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on <a href="Core Web Vitals">Core Web Vitals</a>. Learn more.

CONTENT BEST PRACTICES	
▲ Document does not have a meta description	^
Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Format your HTML in a way that enables crawlers to better understand your app's content.	
ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (1)	Hide
O Structured data is valid	^
Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.	
PASSED AUDITS (11)	Hide
Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale	^
A ` <meta name="viewport"/> ` not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 millisecond de to user input</u> . <u>Learn more</u> . <u>(TBT)</u>	<u>lay</u>
Document has a <title> element&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. &lt;u&gt;Learn more&lt;/u&gt;.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Page has successful HTTP status code&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;/tbody&gt;&lt;/table&gt;</title>	

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Links have descriptive text Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. Learn more. Links are crawlable Search engines may use 'href' attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the 'href' attribute of anchor elements links to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. Learn More Page isn't blocked from indexing Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. Learn more. Image elements have [alt] attributes Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more. Document has a valid hreflang hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region. Learn more. Document uses legible font sizes — 100% legible text Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text ≥12px. Learn more. Source Selector % of Page Text Font Size Legible text 100.00% ≥ 12px Document avoids plugins Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. Learn more. Tap targets are sized appropriately — 100% appropriately sized tap targets Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), and have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. Learn more.

NOT APPLICABLE (2)

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robots.txt is valid If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. Learn more. Document has a valid rel=canonical Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more. PVA **PWA** These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App. Learn more. **INSTALLABLE** Web app manifest or service worker do not meet the installability requirements — 1 reason Service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. With proper service worker and manifest implementations, browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. Learn more. Failure reason Page has no manifest <link> URL PWA OPTIMIZED Does not register a service worker that controls page and start\_url The service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. Learn more. Is not configured for a custom splash screen Failures: No manifest was fetched. A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. Learn more.

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Does not set a theme color for the address bar. Failures: No manifest was fetched, No `<meta name="theme-color">` tag found. The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. Learn more. Content is sized correctly for the viewport If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile screens. Learn more. Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale A `<meta name="viewport">` not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond delay to user input. Learn more. TBT Does not provide a valid apple-touch-icon For ideal appearance on iOS when users add a progressive web app to the home screen, define an 'apple-touch-icon'. It must point to a non-transparent 192px (or 180px) square PNG. Learn More. Manifest doesn't have a maskable icon No manifest was fetched A maskable icon ensures that the image fills the entire shape without being letterboxed when installing the app on a device. Learn more. ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (3) Hide Site works cross-browser To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser. Learn more. Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network. This experience is key to a user's perception of performance. Learn more. Each page has a URL Ensure individual pages are deep linkable via URL and that URLs are unique for the purpose of shareability on social media. Learn more. These checks are required by the baseline PWA Checklist but are not automatically checked by Lighthouse. They do not affect

your score but it's important that you verify them manually.

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Captured at Jan 3, 2023, 2:56 PM GMT

Initial page load

Emulated Moto G4 with Lighthouse 9.6.6 Slow 4G throttling Single page load

<u>Using Chromium 108.0.0.0</u> with devtools

Generated by **Lighthouse** 9.6.6 | File an issue

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