





Performance

Values are estimated and may vary. The performance score is calculated directly from these metrics. See calculator.

▲ 0-49 50-89 90-100



METRICS Expand view

0

First Contentful Paint Time to Interactive

 $0.5 \, s$ 0.8 s

Speed Index **Total Blocking Time**

0.5 s0 ms

Largest Contentful Paint **Cumulative Layout Shift**

View Treemap

1.0 s

Show audits relevant to: All FCP TBT LCP CLS

OPPORTUNITIES

View Original Trace

Opportunity **Estimated Savings**

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lack

Properly size images

0.89 s ^

Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. Learn more.

	URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
img.about-img	/images/placeholder.jpg (localhost)	1,143.9 KiB	1,135.3 KiB

Serve images in next-gen formats

0.45 s ^

Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. <u>Learn more</u>.

	URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
img.about-img	/images/placeholder.jpg (localhost)	1,143.9 KiB	539.2 KiB

Eliminate render-blocking resources

0.27 s ^

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. Learn more. (FCP) (LCP)

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (1)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
/stylesheets/cards.css (localhost)	2.5 KiB	80 ms
/72dcaa571b.js (kit.fontawesome.com)	4.0 KiB	290 ms

These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't <u>directly affect</u> the Performance score.

DIAGNOSTICS

Ensure text remains visible during webfont load

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Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. Learn more. FCP [LCP]

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URL	Potential Savings
static/Montserrat-ExtraBold.ttf (localhost)	10 ms
static/Montserrat-Regular.ttf (localhost)	20 ms
static/Montserrat-Light.ttf (localhost)	20 ms

▲ Image elements do not have explicit width and height

Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. Learn more CLS

Avoid chaining critical requests — 5 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. <u>Learn more</u>. [FCP] [LCP]

Maximum critical path latency: 210 ms

Initial Navigation

/about.html (localhost)

/stylesheets/styles.css (localhost)

- ...static/Montserrat-ExtraBold.ttf (localhost) 10 ms, 193.80 KiB
- ...static/Montserrat-Regular.ttf (localhost) 20 ms, 193.63 KiB
- ...static/Montserrat-Light.ttf (localhost) 20 ms, 193.73 KiB

/stylesheets/cards.css (localhost) - 10 ms, 2.49 KiB

/72dcaa571b.js (kit.fontawesome.com) - 90 ms, 3.99 KiB

Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small — 16 requests • 1,899 KiB

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. Learn more.

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Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Total	16	1,898.7 KiB
Image	3	1,152.9 KiB
Font	4	687.1 KiB
Other	4	29.3 KiB
Stylesheet	2	16.1 KiB
Document	1	7.8 KiB
Script	2	5.6 KiB
Media	0	0.0 KiB
Third-party	6	139.2 KiB

0	Largest Contentful Paint element	— 1 element foun	d
O	Largest Contentiul Paint element	— i element tou	ını

This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. <u>Learn More (LCP)</u>

Element	
	h1.white-text.extra-bold.introduction-heading

O Avoid large layout shifts — 1 element found

These DOM elements contribute most to the CLS of the page. CLS

Element		CLS Contribution
	div.introduction-content	0

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O Avoid long main-thread tasks — 2 long tasks found

network activity. Learn more. FCP LCP

Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. Learn more (TBT)

URL	Start Time	Duration
/about.html (localhost)	276 ms	75 ms
/about.html (localhost)	199 ms	60 ms

More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't <u>directly affect</u> the Performance score.

PASSED AUDITS (30)		Hide
Defer offscreen images		^
Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have f interactive. <u>Learn more</u> .	finished loading to lower ti	me to
Minify CSS — Potential savings of 4 KiB		^
Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. <u>Learn more</u> . <u>FCP</u> <u>LCP</u>		
URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
/stylesheets/styles.css (localhost)	13.6 KiB	3.9 KiB
Minify JavaScript		^
Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn more	re. FCP LCP	
Reduce unused CSS — Potential savings of 20 KiB		^

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Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to decrease bytes consumed by

	JRL	Transfer Size	Potentia Savings
	*! * Font Awesome Free 6.2.1 by @fontawesome - https://fontawesome.com * License - ttps://fontaw	20.2 KiB	20.0 KiE
R	Reduce unused JavaScript		
	duce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes ovity. <u>Learn more</u> . <u>LCP</u>	consumed by n	etwork
Е	ifficiently encode images		
Эpt	imized images load faster and consume less cellular data. <u>Learn more</u> .		
Е	nable text compression — Potential savings of 18 KiB		
	t-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize to	otal network byte	es. <u>Learn</u>
U	JRL	Transfer Size	Potentia Savings
/s	stylesheets/styles.css (localhost)	13.3 KiB	10.5 KiE
/a	about.html (localhost)	7.5 KiB	5.7 KiE
/s	stylesheets/cards.css (localhost)	2.2 KiB	1.4 KiE
Р	reconnect to required origins		
Cor	Preconnect to required origins Insider adding `preconnect` or `dns-prefetch` resource hints to establish early connections to the standard or	important third	l-party origi
Cor <u>ea</u>	nsider adding `preconnect` or `dns-prefetch` resource hints to establish early connections to	important third	l-party origi
Cor Lea	nsider adding `preconnect` or `dns-prefetch` resource hints to establish early connections to trn more. FCP LCP nitial server response time was short — Root document took 0 ms up the server response time for the main document short because all other requests dependent.		
Cor Lea	nsider adding `preconnect` or `dns-prefetch` resource hints to establish early connections to trn more. FCP LCP nitial server response time was short — Root document took 0 ms up the server response time for the main document short because all other requests dependent.	d on it. <u>Learn m</u>	

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Avoid multiple page redirects	^
Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. <u>Learn more</u> . FCP <u>LCP</u>	
O Preload key requests	^
Consider using ` k rel=preload>` to prioritize fetching resources that are currently requested later in page load. I more. FCP LCP	<u>Learn</u>
Use HTTP/2	^
HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. Learn more.	
Use video formats for animated content	^
Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations an PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. <u>Learn more</u> [LCP]	d
Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles	^
Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network act	ti∨ity.
Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers	^
Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodu detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers.	for le feature
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URL	Transfer Size
static/Montserrat-Light.ttf (localhost)	193.7 KiB
static/Montserrat-Regular.ttf (localhost)	193.6 KiB
webfonts/free-fa-brands-400.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	105.9 KiB
css/free.min.css?token=72dcaa571b (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	23.0 KiB
/stylesheets/styles.css (localhost)	13.6 KiB
/about.html (localhost)	7.8 KiB
ui/cross.png (localhost)	6.0 KiB
css/free-v4-shims.min.css?token=72dcaa571b (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	4.7 KiB

Uses efficient cache policy on static assets — 0 resources found

A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. Learn more.

Avoids an excessive DOM size — 98 elements

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer <u>style calculations</u>, and produce costly <u>layout reflows</u>. <u>Learn more</u>. (TBT)

Statistic	Element	Value
Total DOM Elements		98
Maximum DOM Depth	h3	10
Maximum Child Elements	div.graph-content	5

User Timing marks and measures

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. <u>Learn more</u>.

JavaScript execution time - 0.0 s

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Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. <u>Learn more</u>. (TBT)

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
/about.html (localhost)	361 ms	5 ms	1 ms
Unattributable	54 ms	4 ms	0 ms

Minimizes main-thread work — 0.5 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn more (TBT)

Category	Time Spent
Rendering	245 ms
Style & Layout	92 ms
Other	73 ms
Script Evaluation	37 ms
Parse HTML & CSS	5 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	2 ms

Minimize third-party usage — Third-party code blocked the main thread for 0 ms

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. <u>Learn more</u>. (TBT)

Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
FontAwesome CDN	139 KiB	0 ms
webfonts/free-fa-brands-400.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	106 KiB	0 ms
css/free.min.css?token=72dcaa571b (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	23 KiB	0 ms
Other resources	10 KiB	0 ms

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 Lazy load third-party resources with facades Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they are required. Learn more. (TBT) Largest Contentful Paint image was not lazily loaded Above-the-fold images that are lazily loaded render later in the page lifecycle, which can delay the largest contentful paint. Learn more Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as 'passive' to improve your page's scroll performance. Learn Avoids document.write() For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via 'document.write()' can delay page load by tens of seconds. Learn more. Avoid non-composited animations Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. Learn more CLS Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale A `<meta name="viewport">` not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond delay to user input. Learn more. TBT Avoids unload event listeners The 'unload' event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Use 'pagehide' or 'visibilitychange' events instead. Learn more



Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

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CONTRAST

Background and foreground colors do not have a sufficient contrast ratio.

Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn more.

Failing Elements
h3
div#Cpp.graph-bar
h3
div#Csharp.graph-bar
h3
div#Jscript.graph-bar
h3
div#Html.graph-bar
h3
div#Css.graph-bar

These are opportunities to improve the legibility of your content.

INTERNATIONALIZATION AND LOCALIZATION

<html> element does not have a [lang] attribute

If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. <u>Learn more</u>.

Failing Elements

html

These are opportunities to improve the interpretation of your content by users in different locales.

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NAMES AND LABELS

NAMES AND LABELS	
▲ Links do not have a discernible name	^
Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Failing Elements	
a	
a	
a	
These are opportunities to improve the semantics of the controls in your application. This may enhance the experience assistive technology, like a screen reader.	for users of
ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (10)	Hide
The page has a logical tab order	^
Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Interactive controls are keyboard focusable	^
Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state	^
Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interact elements. <u>Learn more</u> .	tive
The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	^
If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. <u>Learn more</u> .	
User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	^
A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn more.	
Custom controls have associated labels	^
Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. Learn more.	

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 Custom controls have ARIA roles 	^
Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn more</u> .	
O Visual order on the page follows DOM order	^
DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn more.	
O HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technologies. Learn more.</nav></main>	logy.
These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on conducting an access review.	<u>ibility</u>
PASSED AUDITS (8)	Hide
[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body></body>	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when `aria-hidden="true"` is set on the document ` <bod <a="" href="Learn more">Learn more.</bod>	y>`.
Buttons have an accessible name	^
When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	who
Image elements have [alt] attributes	^
Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty attribute. <u>Learn more</u> .	≀ alt
[user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"/> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5.	^
Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents a web page. <u>Learn more</u> .	s of
[aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents	^

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Focusable descendents within an `[aria-hidden="true"]` element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region

Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more.

Document has a <title> element

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more</u>.

Heading elements appear in a sequentially-descending order

Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u>.

NOT APPLICABLE (33)

Hide

[accesskey] values are unique

Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. <u>Learn</u> more.

[aria-*] attributes match their roles

Each ARIA `role` supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the `aria-*` attributes. <u>Learn more</u>.

button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names

^

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

ARIA input fields have accessible names

^

When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

ARIA meter elements have accessible names

^

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

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ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names	^
When a `progressbar` element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, mait unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	aking
O [role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes	^
Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more.	
O Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children.	^
Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more.	
[role]s are contained by their required parent element	^
Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility funct Learn more .	tions.
O [role] values are valid	^
ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more</u> .	
ARIA toggle fields have accessible names	^
When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unu for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	ısable
ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names	^
When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusafor users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	able
ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names	^
When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusafor users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	able
O [aria-*] attributes have valid values	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. <u>Learn more</u> .	
[aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. <u>Learn more</u> .	

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<dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements.</th><th>^</th></tr><tr><td>When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. Learn mo</td><td><u>ore</u>.</td></tr><tr><td>O Definition list items are wrapped in <d1> elements</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Definition list items ('<dt>' and '<dd>') must be wrapped in a parent '<dl>' element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>O [id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>All focusable elements must have a unique `id` to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. Learn more.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>O ARIA IDs are unique</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. <u>Le</u> more.</td><td><u>:arn</u></td></tr><tr><td>No form fields have multiple labels</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td><frame> or <iframe> elements have a title</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td><html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> helps screen readers announce text properly. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td><pre><input type="image"> elements have [alt] text</pre></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>When an image is being used as an `<input>` button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn more.</td><td>d</td></tr><tr><td>O Form elements have associated labels</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>).</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. Learn</td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script></dd></dt></dl>
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more.

List items () are contained within or parent elements	^
Screen readers require list items (` `) to be contained within a parent `` or `` to be announced properly. <u>Lea</u> more.	<u>rn</u>
The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"/>	^
Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This macreate a frustrating or confusing experience. <u>Learn more</u> .	ıy
O <object> elements have alternate text</object>	^
Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to ` <object>` elements helps screen readers comeaning to users. Learn more.</object>	onvey
No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0	^
A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.	^
Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring `` cells using the `[headers]` attribute on refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more.	ly
elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.	^
Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cel may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u> .	lls
O [lang] attributes have a valid value	^
Specifying a valid BCP 47 language on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. Lemore.	<u>arn</u>
	^
When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. Learn more.	

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Best Practices

TRUST AND SAFETY

0	Ensure CSP is effective against XSS attacks		^
,	A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly	reduces the risk of cross-site scripting	g (XSS) attacks. <u>Learn more</u>
	Description	Directive	Severity
	No CSP found in enforcement mode		High
PASS	SED AUDITS (13)		Hide
	Uses HTTPS		^
i	All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even one where some resources are loaded over HTTP despontruders from tampering with or passively listening orerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform	ite the initial request being served over in on the communications between you	er HTTPS. HTTPS prevents
	Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on	page load	^
	Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that reduction instead. <u>Learn more</u> .	quest their location without context. C	onsider tying the request to a user
	Avoids requesting the notification permission on p	page load	^
	Jsers are mistrustful of or confused by sites that reduser gestures instead. <u>Learn more</u> .	quest to send notifications without cor	ntext. Consider tying the request to
	Avoids front-end JavaScript libraries with known s	security vulnerabilities	^
	Some third-party scripts may contain known securit <u>earn more</u> .	y vulnerabilities that are easily identifi	ed and exploited by attackers.
	Allows users to paste into password fields		^
ı	Preventing password pasting undermines good sec	urity policy. <u>Learn more</u> .	

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Displays images with correct aspect ratio Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more. Serves images with appropriate resolution Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. Learn more. Page has the HTML doctype Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more. Properly defines charset A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a '<meta>' tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more. Avoids deprecated APIs Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more. No browser errors logged to the console Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. Learn more No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools Issues logged to the `Issues` panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue. Page has valid source maps Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. Learn more. NOT APPLICABLE (2) Hide Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded Preload 'optional' fonts so first-time visitors may use them. Learn more

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O Detected JavaScript libraries

All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. Learn more.



These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on Core Web Vitals. Learn more.

CONTENT BEST PRACTICES

page is relevant to their search. Learn more.

Document does not have a meta description Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. Learn more. Format your HTML in a way that enables crawlers to better understand your app's content. ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (1) Hide Structured data is valid Run the Structured Data Testing Tool and the Structured Data Linter to validate structured data. Learn more. Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices. PASSED AUDITS (9) Hide Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale A `<meta name="viewport">` not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond delay to user input. Learn more. [TBT] Document has a <title> element The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a

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Page has successful HTTP status code	^
Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Links have descriptive text	^
Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Links are crawlable	^
Search engines may use `href` attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the `href` attribute of anchor of to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. Learn More	elements links
Page isn't blocked from indexing	^
Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them	. <u>Learn more</u> .
Image elements have [alt] attributes	^
Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with attribute. <u>Learn more</u> .	an empty alt
Document has a valid hreflang	^
hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language <u>Learn more</u> .	or region.
Document avoids plugins	^
Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. Learn more	r <u>e</u> .
NOT APPLICABLE (4)	Hide
O robots.txt is valid	^
If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be continuous. Learn more.	rawled or
O Document has a valid rel=canonical	^
Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. <u>Learn more</u> .	
O Document uses legible font sizes	^

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Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text ≥12px. <u>Learn more</u>.

Tap targets are sized appropriately

Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), and have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. <u>Learn more</u>.



PWA

These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App. Learn more.

INSTALLABLE

▲ Web app manifest or service worker do not meet the installability requirements — 1 reason

Service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. With proper service worker and manifest implementations, browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. <u>Learn more</u>.

Failure reason

Page has no manifest <link> URL

PWA OPTIMIZED

▲ Does not register a service worker that controls page and start_url

The service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. <u>Learn more</u>.

▲ Is not configured for a custom splash screen Failures: No manifest was fetched.

A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. <u>Learn</u> more.

Does not set a theme color for the address bar.

Failures: No manifest was fetched, No `<meta name="theme-color">` tag found.

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The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. Learn more.

Content is sized correctly for the viewport If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile screens. Learn more. Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale A `<meta name="viewport">` not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond delay to user input. Learn more. TBT Does not provide a valid apple-touch-icon For ideal appearance on iOS when users add a progressive web app to the home screen, define an 'apple-touch-icon'. It must point to a non-transparent 192px (or 180px) square PNG. Learn More. Manifest doesn't have a maskable icon No manifest was fetched A maskable icon ensures that the image fills the entire shape without being letterboxed when installing the app on a device. Learn more. ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (3) Hide Site works cross-browser To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser. Learn more. Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network. This experience is key to a user's perception of performance. Learn more. Each page has a URL Ensure individual pages are deep linkable via URL and that URLs are unique for the purpose of shareability on social media. Learn more. These checks are required by the baseline PWA Checklist but are not automatically checked by Lighthouse. They do not affect your score but it's important that you verify them manually.

Captured at Jan 3, 2023, 2:55 PM GMT

Emulated Desktop with Lighthouse 9.6.6

Single page load

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Initial page load

Custom throttling

Using Chromium 108.0.0.0 with devtools

Generated by **Lighthouse** 9.6.6 | File an issue

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