

http://localhost:3000/projects.html





## Performance

Values are estimated and may vary. The <u>performance score</u> <u>is calculated</u> directly from these metrics. <u>See calculator.</u>

▲ 0-49 50-89



METRICS Expand view

First Contentful Paint Time to Interactive

90-100

0.5 s 0.5 s

Speed Index Total Blocking Time

0.5 s 0 ms

Largest Contentful Paint Cumulative Layout Shift

0.5 s 0.001



Show audits relevant to: All FCP TBT LCP CLS

**OPPORTUNITIES** 

Opportunity Estimated Savings

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Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. Learn more.

	URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
img.card-image	/images/operation-extermination.png (localhost)	826.3 KiB	766.5 KiB
img.card-image	/images/website.png (localhost)	139.8 KiB	128.3 KiB
img.card-image	/images/insect.jpg (localhost)	68.1 KiB	61.1 KiB

Serve images in next-gen formats

0.56 s ^

Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. <u>Learn more</u>.

	URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
img.card-image	/images/operation-extermination.png (localhost)	826.3 KiB	606.7 KiB
img.card-image	/images/website.png (localhost)	139.8 KiB	86.1 KiB
img.card-image	/images/insect.jpg (localhost)	68.1 KiB	35.9 KiB

Eliminate render-blocking resources

0.28 s ^

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. Learn more. FCP [LCP]

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (1)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
/stylesheets/cards.css (localhost)	2.5 KiB	80 ms
/72dcaa571b.js (kit.fontawesome.com)	4.0 KiB	290 ms

These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't directly affect the Performance score.

DIAGNOSTICS

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Avoid chaining critical requests — 5 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. Learn more. FCP LCP

Maximum critical path latency: 160 ms

Initial Navigation

/projects.html (localhost)

/72dcaa571b.js (kit.fontawesome.com) - 100 ms, 3.99 KiB

/stylesheets/styles.css (localhost)

...static/Montserrat-ExtraBold.ttf (localhost) - 0 ms, 193.80 KiB

...static/Montserrat-Regular.ttf (localhost) - 10 ms, 193.63 KiB

...static/Montserrat-Light.ttf (localhost) - 10 ms, 193.73 KiB

/stylesheets/cards.css (localhost) - 10 ms, 2.49 KiB

○ Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small — 18 requests • 1,785 KiB

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. Learn more.

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Total	18	1,785.1 KiB
Image	5	1,043.8 KiB
Font	4	687.1 KiB
Other	4	29.5 KiB
Stylesheet	2	11.1 KiB
Document	1	8.0 KiB
Script	2	5.6 KiB
Media	0	0.0 KiB
Third-party	6	139.3 KiB

O Largest Contentful Paint element — 1 element found

This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. Learn More [LCP]

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	h1.white-text.extra-bold.introduction-heading	
	Tri.write-text.extra-bold.introduction-fleading	
Avoid large layout shifts	s — 1 element found	
hese DOM elements cor	ntribute most to the CLS of the page. CLS	
Element	CLS	Contributio
	div.introduction-content	
		0.00
information about the per	rformance of your application. These numbers don't <u>directly affect</u> the Performance s	score.
information about the per SED AUDITS (33) Defer offscreen images		score.
SED AUDITS (33)  Defer offscreen images		
SED AUDITS (33)  Defer offscreen images  Consider lazy-loading offs	screen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower ti	
Defer offscreen images Consider lazy-loading offs nteractive. Learn more.  Minify CSS — Potentia	screen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower ti	
Defer offscreen images Consider lazy-loading offs nteractive. Learn more.  Minify CSS — Potentia	screen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower ti al savings of 3 KiB	me to
Defer offscreen images Consider lazy-loading offs Interactive. Learn more.  Minify CSS — Potentia	screen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower til al savings of 3 KiB educe network payload sizes. <u>Learn more</u> . FCP LCP	me to Potentia Saving
Defer offscreen images Consider lazy-loading offs Interactive. Learn more.  Minify CSS — Potentia Minifying CSS files can re	screen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower til al savings of 3 KiB educe network payload sizes. <u>Learn more</u> . FCP LCP	

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Reduce unused CSS — Potential savings of 20 KiB

Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. Learn more. FCP (LCP)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
<pre>/*! * Font Awesome Free 6.2.1 by @fontawesome - https://fontawesome.com * License - https://fontaw</pre>	20.2 KiB	20.0 KiB

Reduce unused JavaScript

Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn more</u>. [LCP]

Efficiently encode images

Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. Learn more.

Enable text compression — Potential savings of 14 KiB

Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. <u>Learn</u> <u>more</u>. [FCP] (LCP)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
/stylesheets/styles.css (localhost)	8.3 KiB	6.4 KiB
/projects.html (localhost)	7.8 KiB	5.9 KiB
/stylesheets/cards.css (localhost)	2.2 KiB	1.4 KiB

Preconnect to required origins

Consider adding `preconnect` or `dns-prefetch` resource hints to establish early connections to important third-party origins. <u>Learn more</u>. (FCP) (LCP)

Initial server response time was short — Root document took 0 ms

Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depend on it. <u>Learn more</u>. <u>FCP</u>

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URL	Time Spent
/projects.html (localhost)	0 ms
Avoid multiple page redirects	^
Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. <u>Learn more</u> . FCP <u>LCP</u>	
O Preload key requests	^
Consider using ` <link rel="preload"/> ` to prioritize fetching resources that are currently requested later in page loamore. FCP LCP	ad. <u>Learn</u>
Use HTTP/2	^
HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. Learn more.	
Use video formats for animated content	^
Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more LCP	s and
Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles	^
Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network TBT	cactivity.
Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers	^
Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necess modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nom detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. More TBT	odule feature
Preload Largest Contentful Paint image	^
Preload the image used by the LCP element in order to improve your LCP time. <u>Learn more</u> . <u>LCP</u>	
Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 1,785 KiB	^
Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. Learn more. [LC	P
✓ Show 3rd-party	resources (2)

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URL	Transfer Size
/images/operation-extermination.png (localhost)	826.6 KiB
static/Montserrat-ExtraBold.ttf (localhost)	193.8 KiB
static/Montserrat-Light.ttf (localhost)	193.7 KiB
static/Montserrat-Regular.ttf (localhost)	193.6 KiB
/images/website.png (localhost)	140.1 KiB
webfonts/free-fa-brands-400.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	105.9 KiB
/images/insect.jpg (localhost)	68.4 KiB
css/free.min.css?token=72dcaa571b (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	23.1 KiB
/stylesheets/styles.css (localhost)	8.6 KiB
/projects.html (localhost)	8.0 KiB

Uses efficient cache policy on static assets  $\,-\,$  0 resources found

A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. Learn more.

Avoids an excessive DOM size - 93 elements

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer <u>style calculations</u>, and produce costly <u>layout reflows</u>. <u>Learn more</u>. <u>(TBT)</u>

Statistic	Element	Value
Total DOM Elements		93
Maximum DOM Depth	strong	12
Maximum Child Elements	nav#navbar	4

User Timing marks and measures

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. <u>Learn more</u>.

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JavaScript execution time - 0.0 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. <u>Learn more</u>. (TBT)

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
/projects.html (localhost)	67 ms	3 ms	1 ms

Minimizes main-thread work — 0.1 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn more (TBT)

Category	Time Spent
Other	56 ms
Style & Layout	48 ms
Script Evaluation	21 ms
Rendering	5 ms
Parse HTML & CSS	2 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	2 ms

All text remains visible during webfont loads

Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. Learn more. FCP [CCP]

Minimize third-party usage — Third-party code blocked the main thread for 0 ms

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. <u>Learn more</u>. (TBT)

Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
FontAwesome CDN	139 KiB	0 ms
webfonts/free-fa-brands-400.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	106 KiB	0 ms

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Third-Party

css/free.min.css?token=72dcaa571b (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	23 KiB	0 ms
Other resources	10 KiB	0 ms
Lazy load third-party resources with facades		^
Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them v	with a facade until they are re	equired. <u>Learn more</u> .
Largest Contentful Paint image was not lazily loaded		^
Above-the-fold images that are lazily loaded render later in the page lifed Learn more.	cycle, which can delay the la	rgest contentful paint.
Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance		^
Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as `passive` to in more.	mprove your page's scroll pe	rformance. <u>Learn</u>
Avoids document.write()		^
For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via seconds. <u>Learn more</u> .	`document.write()` can delay	page load by tens of
Avoid long main-thread tasks		^
Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst co	ontributors to input delay. <u>Lea</u>	urn more (TBT)
Avoid non-composited animations		^
Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS.	earn more CLS	
Image elements have explicit width and height		^
Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shift	fts and improve CLS. <u>Learn r</u>	nore CLS
Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale		^
A ` <meta name="viewport"/> ` not only optimizes your app for mobile scre	een sizes, but also prevents	a 300 millisecond delay
to user input. Learn more. (TBT)		

Transfer Size

Main-Thread Blocking Time

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Heading elements are not in a sequentially-descending order

The `unload` event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache.

Use `pagehide` or `visibilitychange` events instead. Learn more



# Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

### **NAVIGATION**

Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigand understand when using assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u> .	gate
Failing Elements	
h3	
These are opportunities to improve keyboard navigation in your application.	
ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (10)	Hide
The page has a logical tab order	^
Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Interactive controls are keyboard focusable	^
Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. Learn more.	
Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state	^
Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. <u>Learn more</u> .	е
The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	^

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If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's fe	locus is directed to it. Learn more	Э.
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O User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region
A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn more.
O Custom controls have associated labels
Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. Learn more.
O Custom controls have ARIA roles
Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn more</u> .
<ul> <li>Visual order on the page follows DOM order</li> </ul>
DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. Learn more.
Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology
Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn more.
O HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation
Landmark elements ( <main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology Learn more.</nav></main>
These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on conducting an accessibility review.
PASSED AUDITS (13)
[aria-*] attributes match their roles
Each ARIA `role` supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the `aria-*` attributes. Learn more.
[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body></body>
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when `aria-hidden="true"` is set on the document ` <body>`. <a href="Learn more">Learn more</a>.</body>
[aria-*] attributes have valid values

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Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more.

[aria-\*] attributes are valid and not misspelled Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more. Image elements have [alt] attributes Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more. [user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5. Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. Learn more. [aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents Focusable descendents within an `[aria-hidden="true"]` element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. Learn more. The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more. Background and foreground colors have a sufficient contrast ratio Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn more. Document has a <title> element The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more <html> element has a [lang] attribute If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more.

Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn more.

<html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute

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Links have a discernible name

Learn more.

Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. Learn more. NOT APPLICABLE (30) Hide [accesskey] values are unique Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. Learn more. button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA input fields have accessible names When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more ARIA meter elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names When a 'progressbar' element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more [role]s have all required [aria-\*] attributes Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more. Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children. Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. [role]s are contained by their required parent element Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions.

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O [role] values are valid	^
ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more</u> .	
ARIA toggle fields have accessible names	^
When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unus for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	able
ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names	^
When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusate for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	ole
ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names	^
When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusate for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	ole
O Buttons have an accessible name	^
When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	who
	^
When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. Learn mo	<u>ore</u> .
O Definition list items are wrapped in <d1> elements</d1>	^
Definition list items (' <dt>' and '<dd>') must be wrapped in a parent '<dl>' element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. <u>Learn more</u>.</dl></dd></dt>	
O [id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique	^
All focusable elements must have a unique 'id' to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. Learn more.	
ARIA IDs are unique	^
The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. Le	<u>earn</u>
No form fields have multiple labels	^

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Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. <u>Learn more</u>.

<frame/> or <iframe> elements have a title</iframe>	^
Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. <u>Learn more</u> .	
<pre><input type="image"/> elements have [alt] text</pre>	^
When an image is being used as an ` <input/> ` button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn more.	d
O Form elements have associated labels	^
Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Lists contain only <li>elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>).</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>List items (<1i>) are contained within <ul> or <ol> parent elements</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Screen readers require list items (`<li>`) to be contained within a parent `<ul>` or `<ol>` to be announced properly. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td><u>1</u></td></tr><tr><td>The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td>,</td></tr><tr><td>O <object> elements have alternate text</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to `<object>` elements helps screen readers con meaning to users. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td>nvey</td></tr><tr><td>No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>O Cells in a  element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring `` cells using the `[headers]` attribute only</td><td>,</td></tr></tbody></table></script></li>	

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refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more

elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

[lang] attributes have a valid value

Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Learn more</u>.

<video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"]

When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. Learn more.



## **Best Practices**

TRUST AND SAFETY

Ensure CSP is effective against XSS attacks

A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly reduces the risk of cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. Learn more

Description Directive Severity

No CSP found in enforcement mode High

PASSED AUDITS (13)

Uses HTTPS

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more</u>.

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Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. Learn more. Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. Learn more. Avoids front-end JavaScript libraries with known security vulnerabilities Some third-party scripts may contain known security vulnerabilities that are easily identified and exploited by attackers. Learn more Allows users to paste into password fields Preventing password pasting undermines good security policy. Learn more. Displays images with correct aspect ratio Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more. Serves images with appropriate resolution Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. Learn more. Page has the HTML doctype Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more. Properly defines charset A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a `<meta>` tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more Avoids deprecated APIs Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more. No browser errors logged to the console Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser

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concerns. Learn more

No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools

Issues logged to the `Issues` panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue.

Page has valid source maps

Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. <u>Learn more</u>.

NOT APPLICABLE (2)

Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded

Preload `optional` fonts so first-time visitors may use them. Learn more

Detected JavaScript libraries

All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. Learn more.



#### SEC

These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on <a href="Core Web Vitals">Core Web Vitals</a>. Learn more.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (1)

Structured data is valid

Run the Structured Data Testing Tool and the Structured Data Linter to validate structured data. Learn more.

Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

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PASSED AUDITS (10) Hide Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale A `<meta name="viewport">` not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond delay to user input. Learn more. TBT Document has a <title> element The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more. Document has a meta description Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. Learn more. Page has successful HTTP status code Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more. Links have descriptive text Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. Learn more Links are crawlable Search engines may use 'href' attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the 'href' attribute of anchor elements links to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. Learn More Page isn't blocked from indexing Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. Learn more. Image elements have [alt] attributes Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more. Document has a valid hreflang hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region. Learn more. Document avoids plugins

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Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. Learn more.

NOT APPLICABLE (4)

robots.txt is valid

robots.txt is valid

fl your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. Learn more.

Document has a valid rel=canonical

Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more.

Document uses legible font sizes

Nort sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text ≥12px. Learn more.



Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), and have enough space around them, to be

## PWA

These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App. Learn more.

INSTALLABLE

▲ Web app manifest or service worker do not meet the installability requirements — 1 reason

easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. Learn more.

Service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. With proper service worker and manifest implementations, browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. <u>Learn more</u>.

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Failure reason

Page has no manifest <link> URL

## PWA OPTIMIZED

▲ Does not register a service worker that controls page and start\_url

The service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. Learn more.

▲ Is not configured for a custom splash screen Failures: No manifest was fetched.

A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. <u>Learn</u> more.

Does not set a theme color for the address bar.

Failures: No manifest was fetched, No `<meta name="theme-color">` tag found.

The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. Learn more.

Content is sized correctly for the viewport

If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile screens. <u>Learn more</u>.

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

A `<meta name="viewport">` not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 millisecond delay</u> to user input. <u>Learn more</u>. (TBT)

▲ Does not provide a valid apple-touch-icon

For ideal appearance on iOS when users add a progressive web app to the home screen, define an `apple-touch-icon`. It must point to a non-transparent 192px (or 180px) square PNG. <u>Learn More</u>.

▲ Manifest doesn't have a maskable icon No manifest was fetched

A maskable icon ensures that the image fills the entire shape without being letterboxed when installing the app on a device. <u>Learn more</u>.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (3)

Hide

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O Site works cross-browser

To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser. Learn more.

Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network

Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network. This experience is key to a user's perception of performance. Learn more.

Each page has a URL

Ensure individual pages are deep linkable via URL and that URLs are unique for the purpose of shareability on social media. Learn more.

These checks are required by the baseline <u>PWA Checklist</u> but are not automatically checked by Lighthouse. They do not affect your score but it's important that you verify them manually.

Captured at Jan 3, 2023, 8:17 PM GMT Initial page load Emulated Desktop with
Lighthouse 9.6.6
Custom throttling

Single page load

Using Chromium 108.0.0.0 with devtools

Generated by Lighthouse 9.6.6 | File an issue

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