

- b. Use the Euclidean algorithm to find $\gcd(12345, 54321)$ and express the gcd as a linear combination m, n of the given numbers and also find m and n . 10 3 2 2

28. a.i. Determine whether the following implication is a tautology, by using truth table technique. 6 3 3 2

$$p \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r) \Rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r).$$

- ii. Prove the equivalence without using truth table. 4 3 3 2
- $$p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow p) \equiv \neg p \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q).$$

(OR)

- b. Using rules of inference construct an argument to show that the following premises imply the conclusion "It rained". "If it does not rain or if there is no traffic dislocation, then the sports day will be held and the cultural programme will go on"; "If the sports day is held, the trophy will be awarded" and "the trophy was not awarded". 10 3 3 2

29. a. State and prove the necessary and sufficient condition for a subset of a group G to be a subgroup of G . 10 3 4 1

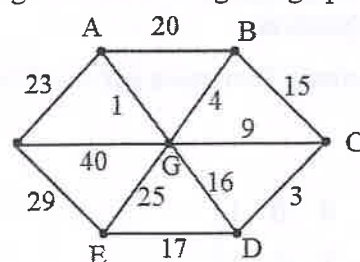
(OR)

- b. Given the generator matrix $G = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ corresponding to the 10 3 4 2

encoding function $e: B^3 \rightarrow B^6$, find the corresponding parity check matrix and use it to decode the following received words and hence, to find the original message. Are all the words decoded uniquely?

- (i) 110101
(ii) 001111
(iii) 111111

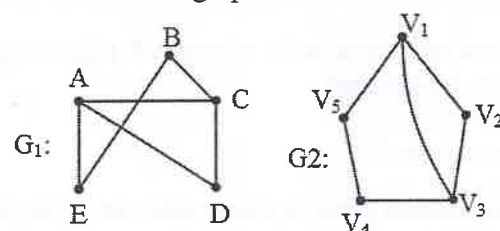
30. a. Find the minimum spanning tree for the weighted graph using Kruskal's algorithm. 10 3 5 2



(OR)

- b.i. Give an example of a graph which contains 5 3 5 2
- (1) An Eulerian circuit and a Hamiltonian circuit that are distinct
- (2) Neither an Eulerian circuit nor a Hamiltonian circuit

- ii. By using circuits, prove that the two graphs G_1 and G_2 are isomorphic. 5 3 5 2



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Reg. No.

B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2022

Fifth & Sixth Semester

18MAB302T – DISCRETE MATHEMATICS FOR ENGINEERS
(For the candidates admitted from the academic year 2018-2019 to 2019-2020)

Note:

- (i) **Part - A** should be answered in OMR sheet within first 40 minutes and OMR sheet should be handed over to hall invigilator at the end of 40th minute.
- (ii) **Part - B** should be answered in answer booklet.

Time: 2½ Hours

Max. Marks: 75

PART - A (25 × 1 = 25 Marks)

Answer ALL Questions

- | | Marks | BL | CO | PO |
|--|-------|----|----|----|
| 1. If the cardinality of the sets A and B are 5 and 3 respectively then the cardinality of $A \times B$ is
(A) 32
(C) 25
(B) 8
(D) 15 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| 2. Let $A = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}$, $B = \{0, 1, 2, 3\}$ and aRb iff $a+b=4$, $R = \{(1,3), (2,2), (3,1), (4,0)\}$. Then image of R is equal to
(A) $\{1, 2, 3, 0\}$
(C) $\{1, 2, 4\}$
(B) $\{1, 2, 3\}$
(D) $\{1, 3, 4\}$ | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| 3. If A and B are non-empty sets then $A \cup (A - B)$ is
(A) ϕ
(C) B
(B) A
(D) $A - B$ | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 4. The function $f: \mathbb{Z}^+ \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}^+$ defined by $f(x) = x^2 + 2$ is
(A) Bijective
(C) Surjective, not injective
(B) Injective, not surjective
(D) Neither injective nor surjective | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| 5. Let $f(x) = x^3$ and $g(x) = 4x + 3$ be functions on \mathbb{R} . Then fog is
(A) $4x^3 + 3$
(C) $(4x + 3)^3$
(B) $4x^3$
(D) $4x + 3$ | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| 6. Number of ways in which 'n' persons can be seated round a table is
(A) $n!$
(C) $(n+1)!$
(B) $(n-1)!$
(D) $(n+2)!$ | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 7. If a and b are any two integers and non-zero then $\gcd(a, b)$ is
(A) $mn + ab$
(C) $ma - nb$
(B) ab divides mn
(D) $ma + nb$ | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| 8. Generalization of pigeonhole principle for $n > m$ is
(A) $\left\lceil \frac{n-1}{m} \right\rceil + 1$
(C) $\left\lceil \frac{n-1}{m} \right\rceil - 1$
(B) $\left\lceil \frac{n}{m} \right\rceil + 1$
(D) $\left\lceil \frac{n+1}{m} \right\rceil + 1$ | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 |

9. How many bit strings of length 10 contain atleast four 1's
(A) 151200 (B) 5040
(C) 848 (D) 720
10. The prime factorization of 6647 is
(A) $(17^2)(23)$ (B) $(17)(23)$
(C) $(17^3)(23)$ (D) $(23^2)(17)$
11. The dual of $(p \wedge (p \vee q)) \rightarrow q \equiv T$ is
(A) $\neg(p \wedge (p \vee q)) \vee q \equiv T$ (B) $\neg(p \vee (p \wedge q)) \wedge q \equiv F$
(C) $\neg(p \wedge (p \vee q)) \wedge q \equiv F$ (D) $\neg(p \wedge (p \vee q)) \vee q \equiv F$
12. The statement if a figure is a square then it is a quadrilateral is represented by $p \rightarrow q$ then its inverse is
(A) If a figure is not a square then it is not a quadrilateral (B) If a figure is not a quadrilateral then it is not a square
(C) If a figure is quadrilateral then it is a square (D) If a figure is a square then it is not a quadrilateral
13. Which of the following proposition is a tautology?
(i) $(p \vee q) \rightarrow p$
(ii) $p \vee (p \rightarrow q)$
(iii) $p \vee (p \rightarrow \neg r)$
(iv) $p \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q)$
(A) (i) (B) (ii)
(C) (iii) (D) (iv)
14. A set of formulae H_1, H_2, \dots, H_m is said to be consistent if their conjunction implies a
(A) Contradiction (B) Tautology
(C) Conclusion (D) Implication
15. Select the correct option:
(I) The proposition $p \rightarrow q$ is F when p is T and q is F
(II) The proposition $p \leftrightarrow q$ is F when p is T and q is F
(A) (I) T (II) T (B) (I) F (II) F
(C) (I) T (II) F (D) (I) F (II) T
16. The order of an element 'i' of the group $G = \{1, -1, i, -i\}$ under the usual multiplication is
(A) 1 (B) 2
(C) 4 (D) 3
17. The number of identity elements in a group is
(A) Unique (B) Distinct
(C) More than one (D) Not exist
18. The parity check matrix of the generator matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ is
(A) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ (B) $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
(C) $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ (D) $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

19. A code can detect a set of at most 5 errors iff the minimum distance between any two code words is
(A) Atleast 6 (B) Atmost 6
(C) Atleast 11 (D) Atmost 11
20. The weight of the word 1101001 is
(A) 1 (B) 3
(C) 4 (D) 7
21. If $G=(V,E)$ is an undirected graph with 5 edges then $\sum_i \deg(V_i) =$
(A) 10 (B) 5
(C) 11 (D) 12
22. The maximum number of edges in a simple disconnected graph G with n vertices and k components is
(A) $\frac{(n+k)(n-k+1)}{2}$ (B) $\frac{(n-k)(n-k+1)}{2}$
(C) $\frac{n(n-k+1)}{2}$ (D) $\frac{(n-k)^2}{2}$
23. A connected graph contains an Euler circuit iff each of its vertices is of
(A) Even degree (B) Odd degree
(C) Prime degree (D) Neither odd nor even
24. The chromatic number of a planar graph is not greater than
(A) 3 (B) 4
(C) 5 (D) 6
25. A tree with 100 vertices has
(A) 98 edges (B) 96 edges
(C) 100 edges (D) 99 edges

PART – B (5 × 10 = 50 Marks)

Answer ALL Questions

Marks BL CO PO

26. a. If $f:A \rightarrow B$ and $g:B \rightarrow C$ are invertible functions, then prove $g \circ f:A \rightarrow C$ is also invertible and prove that $(g \circ f)^{-1} = f^{-1} \circ g^{-1}$.

(OR)

- b.i. Find the transitive closure of $M_R = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

- ii. Draw the Hasse diagram representing the partial ordering $P = \{(a, b / a \text{ divides } b)\}$ on $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12\}$ starting from the diagram of P.

27. a.i. There are 3 piles of identical red, blue and green balls, where each pile contains atleast 10 balls. In how many ways 10 balls be selected
(1) If there is no restriction?
(2) If atleast one red ball is selected?

- ii. Of any 5 points chosen within an equilateral triangle whose sides are of length 1, show that atleast two points are within a distance of 1/2 of each other.

(OR)