# Scientific Output

An Investigation

#### Our Goals

- We aim to study the various institutional and economic factors which may affect scientific output.
- Produce a top 10 ranking of countries based on their scientific output.

#### What is Scientific Output?

- Scientific output can be generally defined as the amount of science that a given individual, institution, or country produces.
- It can be measured quantitatively or qualitatively.
- We used the number of documents per million people as our quantitative measure, with the number of citations per document as our qualitative measure.

#### Institutional & Economic Factors

- Our institutional factors include the number of researchers per million, and the education index of a given country.
- Our economic factors include the GDP per capita, and the research and development expenditure.

## Data & Cleaning (1/2)

- We had two main source for our data, the World Bank and SCImago Institutions Rankings.
- The World Bank provided us with the majority of the data we needed, including the GDP, population, researchers per million, and research and development expenditure.
- SCImago in the other hand provided us with the documents and citations data that we needed, including citations per document.

```
Source on Save Q 🔑 🔻
 19 library(WDI)
 20 library(tidyverse)
 21 library(dplyr)
 22 library(readxl)
 23 library(cowplot)
 24
 26 # GET THE DATA
 27 - #-----
 28
 29
 30
     #population of each country from 2012 to 2018
     population = WDI(indicator='SP.POP.TOTL', start=2012, end=2018)
 31
 32
 33
     #GDP of each country from 2012 to 2018
 34
     gdp = WDI(indicator='NY.GDP.MKTP.CD', start=2012, end=2018)
 35
 36
     #research and development expenditure (% of GDP) from 2012 to 2018
     RnD_expenditure = WDI(indicator='GB.XPD.RSDV.GD.ZS', start=2012, end=2018)
 37
 38
     #Scientific and technical journal articles from 2012 to 2018
 39
     Sci_and_tech_journals = WDI(indicator = 'IP.JRN.ARTC.SC', start=2012, end=2018)
 40
 41
 42
     #researchers per million from 2012 to 2018
    researchers_million = WDI(indicator = 'SP.POP.SCIE.RD.P6', start =2012, end =2018)
 43
 44
```

## Data & Cleaning (2/2)

When we first downloaded the World Bank and SCImago datasets, there
were a lot of countries that were missing data, either for all of the years
we chose to study, or a select few.

	symbol	country	Population Population, total	year	gdp GDP (current US\$)	RnD_Expenditure Research and development expenditure (% of GDP)	sci_tech_articles Scientific and technical journal articles	researchers_per_million Researchers in R&D (per million people)
129	ВТ	Bhutan	736709	2016	2.158972e+09	NA NA	42.02	NA
130	ВТ	Bhutan	727876	2015	2.003598e+09	NA	25.18	NA
131	ВТ	Bhutan	719056	2014	1.907091e+09	NA	28.36	NA
132	ВТ	Bhutan	710238	2013	1.756216e+09	NA	28.80	NA
133	ВТ	Bhutan	701583	2012	1.781281e+09	NA	17.22	NA
134	ВА	Bosnia and Herzegovina	3323929	2018	2.018351e+10	0.19880	703.79	471.25010
135	ВА	Bosnia and Herzegovina	3351527	2017	1.808012e+10	0.20048	724.80	485,42082
136	ВА	Bosnia and Herzegovina	3386267	2016	1.691333e+10	0.21594	568.38	419,99063
137	ВА	Bosnia and Herzegovina	3429361	2015	1.621154e+10	0.21860	568.22	365.22839
138	ВА	Bosnia and Herzegovina	3482104	2014	1.855834e+10	0.25725	482.98	292.38061
139	ВА	Bosnia and Herzegovina	3542605	2013	1.817850e+10	0.32132	486.00	233.86738
140	ВА	Bosnia and Herzegovina	3604972	2012	1.722685e+10	0.26533	540.99	160.13994
141	BW	Botswana	2254126	2018	1.866327e+10	NA	280.57	NA
142	BW	Botswana	2205128	2017	1.740559e+10	NA	234,51	NA
143	BW	Botswana	2159944	2016	1.564635e+10	NA	252.46	NA
144	BW	Botswana	21 <mark>20716</mark>	2015	1.442059e+10	NA	160.83	NA
145	BW	Botswana	2088614	2014	1.625078e+10	NA	207.35	NA
146	BW	Botswana	2062536	2013	1.490175e+10	0.53728	171.81	185.20781
147	BW	Botswana	2039551	2012	1.438000e+10	0.25880	157.49	172.43949
148	BR	Brazil	209469333	2018	1.885 <mark>4</mark> 83e+12	NA	60147.96	NA
149	BR	Brazil	207833831	2017	2.062831e+12	1.26326	58022.38	NA
150	BR	Brazil	206163058	2016	1.795700e+12	1.26417	55181.31	NA
151	BR	Brazil	204471769	2015	1.802214e+12	1.34264	53064.56	NA
152	BR	Brazil	202763735	2014	2.455994e+12	1.27131	52632.41	887.67844
153	BR	Brazil	201035903	2013	2.472807e+12	1.19567	50497.90	838.47208
154	BR	Brazil	199287296	2012	2.465189e+12	1.12684	48282.01	788.48979
155	BN	Brunei Darussalam	428962	2018	1.356735e+10	0.27764	293.91	NA
156	BN	Brunei Darussalam	424473	2017	1.212810e+10	NA NA	214.24	NA.

```
132 # Clean the Super data set
133 - #-----
134
135
136
    #now remove all countries with a population less than 1 million
     FinalData <- subset(FinalData, Population > 1000000)
137
138
139
    #create data frame of countries with NA across all the years and remove them
140
    remove <- read.delim("remove.txt")
     FinalData <- anti_join(FinalData, remove, by='country')
141
142
143
    #replacing all NA values with the sample mean of the column
144
145
     FinalData <- group_by(FinalData, country)</pre>
146
     FinalData <- mutate(FinalData, mean_rnd = mean(RnD_Expenditure, na.rm = TRUE),
147
                        mean_rpm = mean(researchers_per_million, na.rm = TRUE))
148
149
     FinalData$RnD_Expenditure <- ifelse(is.na(FinalData$RnD_Expenditure),
                                       FinalData$mean_rnd, FinalData$RnD_Expenditure)
150
151
     FinalData$researchers_per_million <- ifelse(is.na(FinalData$researchers_per_million),
152
                                               FinalData$mean_rpm, FinalData$researchers_per_million)
153
154
155
    #removing columns we don't need
156
    FinalData \leftarrow FinalData[-c(1, 14, 16:17)]
157
```

131 + #-----

P Y Filter country

30 Greece

31 Guatemala

32 Honduras

10732882

16346950

9587522

2018 2.181384e+11

2018 7.311815e+10

2018 2,402419e+10

1.17732000

0.03207000

0.02748500

10906.99

99.89

45.10

3482.71652

20,47784

28.53300

20420

305

188

17547

276

167

82118

1115

607

14780

96

53

4.02

3.66

3.23

0.833

0.511

0.499

1902.564474

18.657915

19.608821

20324.3050

4472.8924

2505,7768

2568186625

23448990

6603049

2.392821e+02

1,434457e+00

6.887127e-01

â	country	Population	year	gdp	RnD_Expenditure	sci_tech_articles	researchers_per_million	Documents	Citable documents	Citations	Self- citations	Citations per document	education_value	doc_per_mil	gdp_per_capita	RnD_dollar_amount	RnD_per_capita
1	Algeria	42228429	2018	1.754057e+11	0.54243000	5231,44	819.34270	7799	7375	20188	4607	2.59	0.668	184.686009	4153.7340	951452924	2.253110e+01
2	Angola	30809762	2018	1.013532e+11	0.03229000	30.12	18.81599	118	108	249	45	2.11	0.500	3.829955	3289.6467	32726958	1.062227e+00
3	Argentina	44494502	2018	5.176267e+11	0.59494167	8811.13	1215.16384	15108	13797	45240	7830	2.99	0.842	339,547569	11633.4980	3079576919	6.921253e+01
4	Austria	8840521	2018	4.550949e+11	3.17177000	12362.28	5733.07565	27301	24049	125291	20799	4.59	0.866	3088.166410	51478.2853	14434562301	1.632773e+03
5	Bahrain	1569439	2018	3.765250e+10	0.10116000	321.51	368.99126	727	663	3130	218	4.31	0.765	463.222846	23991.0567	38089269	2.426935e+01
6	Belgium	11427054	2018	5.437344e+11	2.82119000	15688.13	5023.26301	35858	31665	169012	27321	4.71	0.900	3137.991647	47583.0749	15339779584	1.342409e+03
7	Bosnia and Herzegovina	3323929	2018	2.018351e+10	0.19880000	703.79	471.25010	1450	1278	4579	430	3.16	0.710	436.230738	6072.1846	40124819	1.207150e+01
8	Botswana	2254126	2018	1.866327e+10	0.39804000	280.57	178.82365	779	671	2469	352	3.17	7 0.666	345.588490	8279.6017	74287262	3.295613e+01
9	Brazil	209469333	2018	1.885483e+12	1,24398167	60147.96	838.21344	83839	77885	200861	61972	2.40	0.689	400.244746	9001.2342	23455057054	1.119737e+02
10	Bulgaria	7025037	2018	6.623016e+10	0.76803000	3311.27	2342.86988	5686	5345	19680	2987	3.46	0.779	809,390755	9427.7304	508667460	7.240780e+01
11	Burundi	11175378	2018	3.036932e+09	0.21028000	21.12	23.43546	88	82	476	29	5.41	0.412	7.874454	271.7520	6386060	5.714402e-01
12	Cambodia	16249798	2018	2.457175e+10	0.11823000	145.74	30.36704	489	440	1497	272	3.06	0.476	30.092682	1512.1267	29051184	1.787787e+00
13	Canada	37057765	2018	1.716263e+12	1.56625000	59967.79	4501.79747	113652	99272	445264	95612	3.92	0.893	3066.887601	46313.1714	26880963303	7.253800e+02
14	Chad	15477751	2018	1.123917e+10	0.30050000	15.45	57.89175	55	52	214	8	3.89	0.290	3.553488	726.1499	33773697	2.182080e+00
15	Chile	18729160	2018	2.982580e+11	0.37188833	7121.74	432.48076	14971	14005	54971	11571	3.67	7 0.805	799.341775	15924.7942	1109186777	5.922245e+01
16	China	1392730000	2018	1.389482e+13	2.18568000	528263.25	1307.12128	605616	588976	2161615	1480321	3.57	7 0.649	434.840924	9976.6771	303696248213	2.180582e+02
17	Colombia	49661056	2018	3.335689e+11	0.23699000	7195.02	72.51704	13282	12342	32786	6463	2.47	7 0.678	267.453032	6716.9116	790524991	1.591841e+01
18	Costa Rica	4999441	2018	6.055390e+10	0.49772833	507.41	443.64702	1213	1119	4675	444	3.85	0.724	242.627126	12112.1344	301393924	6.028552e+01
19	Croatia	4087843	2018	6.137522e+10	0.97489000	4276.90	1921.13136	7723	7208	24263	3975	3.14	4 0.803	1889.260424	15014.0850	598340905	1.463708e+02
20	Cyprus	1189265	2018	2.530982e+10	0.55859000	1245.42	1255.85256	3024	2697	13511	1898	4.47	7 0.827	2542.746991	21281.8994	141378113	1.188786e+02
21	Denmark	5793636	2018	3.568795e+11	3.06408000	13978.80	8065.88729	29888	26495	153733	26292	2 5.14	4 0.921	5158.763857	61598.5367	10935073377	1.887428e+03
22	Ecuador	17084357	2018	1.075620e+11	0.38497333	2142.19	343.77254	4565	4369	11738	2425	2.57	7 0.709	267.203501	6295.9354	414085048	2.423767e+01
23	El Salvador	6420744	2018	2.611740e+10	0.11023167	45.44	64.23833	145	140	221	16	1.52	0.553	22,583053	4067.6594	28789645	4.483849e+00
24	Estonia	1321977	2018	3.063114e+10	1,42515000	1414.72	3755.32912	3466	3126	19694	2730	5.68	0.882	2621.830788	23170.7074	436539723	3.302173e+02
25	Ethiopia	109224559	2018	8.426935e+10	0.43957500	1994,44	67.63007	3563	3351	11062	2278	3.10	0.335	32.620869	771.5238	370426988	3.391426e+00
26	Finland	5515525	2018	2.759466e+11	2.77381000	10598.94	6861.10974	21707	19407	97487	17334	4.49	0.927	3935.618096	50030.8773	7654233126	1.387761e+03
27	France	66965912	2018	2.787864e+12	2.20002000	66352.18	4715.31913	124315	111279	465791	107693	3.75	0.812	1856.392249	41631.0907	61333564668	9.158923e+02
28	Georgia	3726549	2018	1.759970e+10	0.30457000	550.41	1463.77339	1944	1739	12565	1335	6.46	0.851	521.662267	4722.7878	53603407	1.438419e+01
29	Germany	82905782	2018	3.963768e+12	3.09415000	104396.12	5211.87408	184756	165196	712171	214400	3.85	0.943	2228.505607	47810.5077	122644912913	1.479329e+03

† Citations † † †

#### Methods

- Our main methods were using data visualization techniques coupled with correlations to see the strength of our relationships.
- We also performed regression analysis (linear regression) and determined the statistical significance using confidence intervals.
- When needed, we filtered the data to make the relationship easier to study.

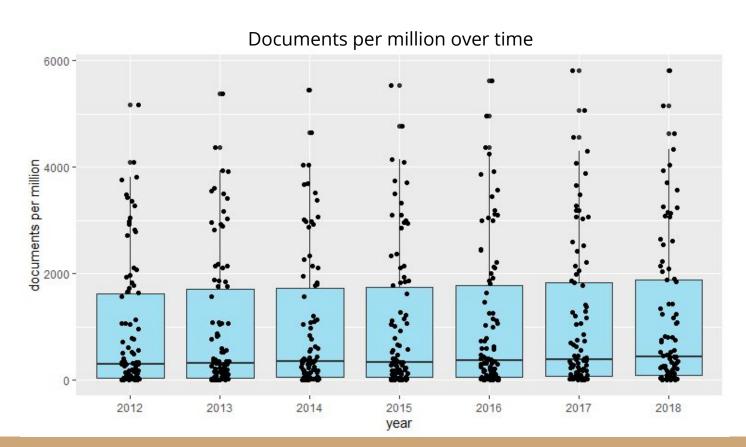
#### Results

1. Scientific output

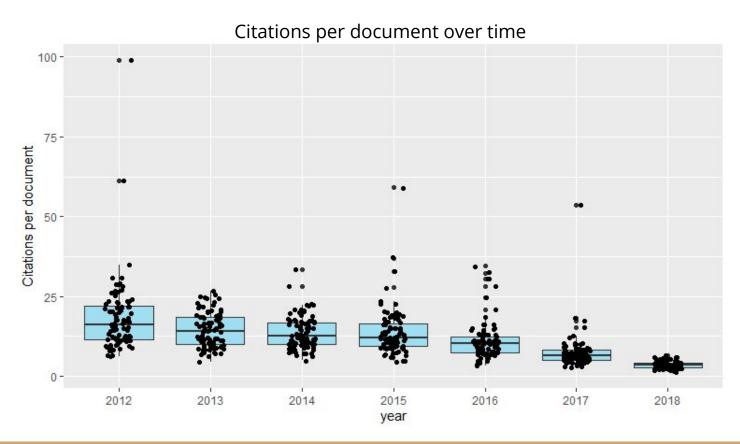
2. Institutional factors

3. Economic factors

# Scientific Output (1/4):

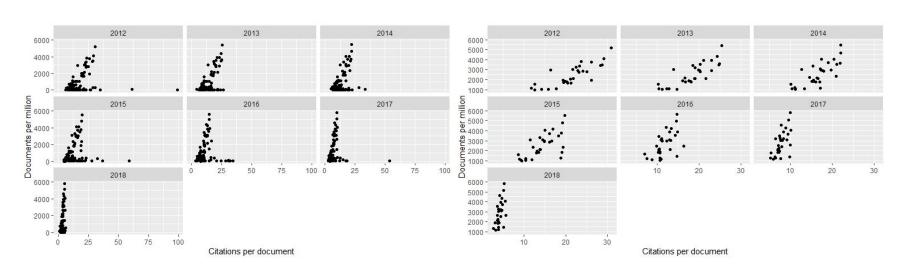


# Scientific Output (2/4):



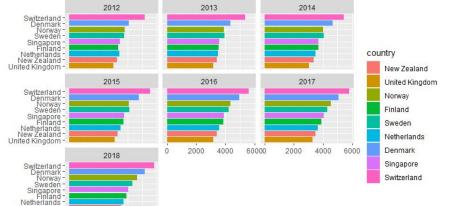
# Scientific Output (3/4):

#### Documents per Million vs Citations per Document



## Scientific Output (4/4):

Top 10 countries by Documents per million



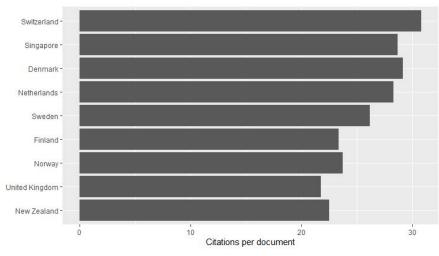
Documents per million

New Zealand -United Kingdom -

2000

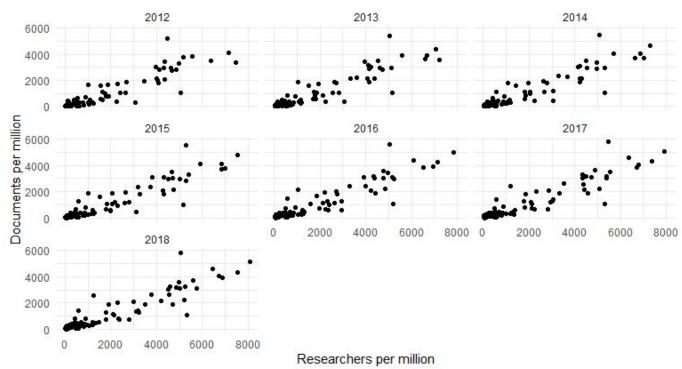
4000

#### Top 10 countries by Citations per document



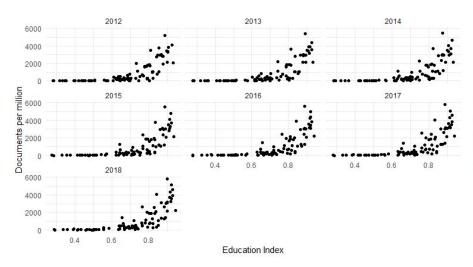
## Institutional (1/2): Researchers per million

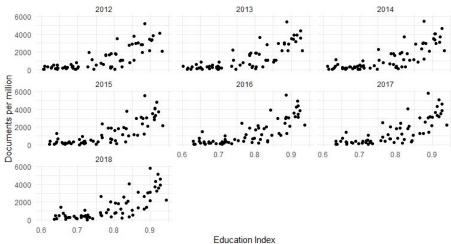
Documents per million vs Researchers per million



## Institutional (2/2): Education Index

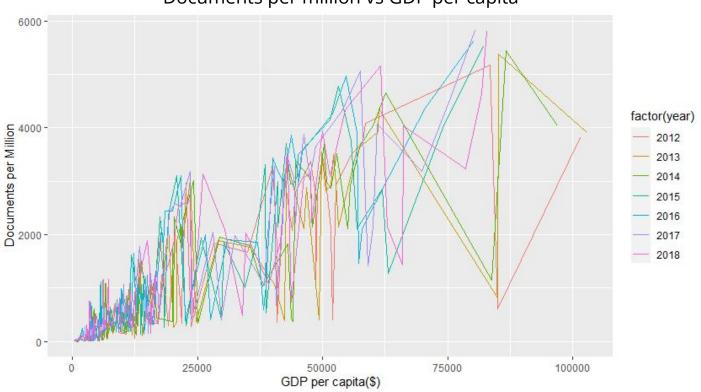
#### Documents per million vs Education index





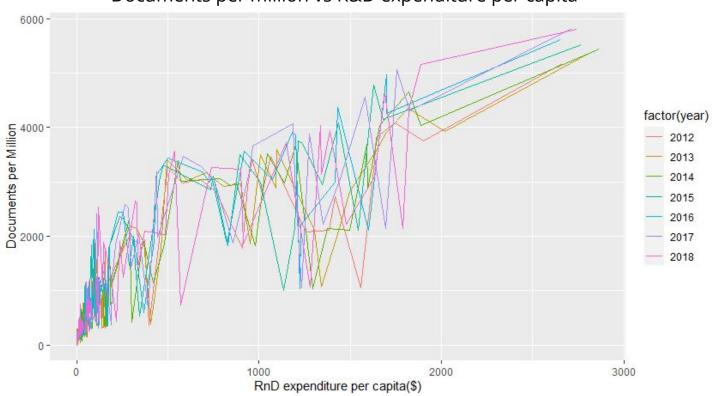
# Economic (1/2): GDP per capita





# Economic (2/2): R&D Expenditure per capita





#### Limitations & Sources of Error

- Lack of available data for many countries
- Questionable datasets
- Sample mean

#### Future Work

- We would like to explore the possibility of using fitted values instead of the sample mean to replace the missing data, and compare the results.
- We saw that the Nordic region was overrepresented in the top 10, we would like to perform the same analysis but on regions instead of countries.
- It would be interesting to see how countries perform in different areas of research.

#### Discussion

- After concluding our analysis, there were not many surprises.
- Switzerland had the highest scientific output, and the Nordic region was significantly overrepresented in the top 10.
- Surprisingly, the number of documents per million has not increased

# Thank you for listening!