

LAPORAN PRAKTIKUM
Algoritma Pemrograman

MODUL 4
I/O, DATA TYPES & VARIABLES



Disusun oleh:

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S1IF-13-04

PROGRAM STUDI S1 INFORMATIKA
FAKULTAS INFORMATIKA
TELKOM UNIVERSITY PURWOKERTO

2025

L

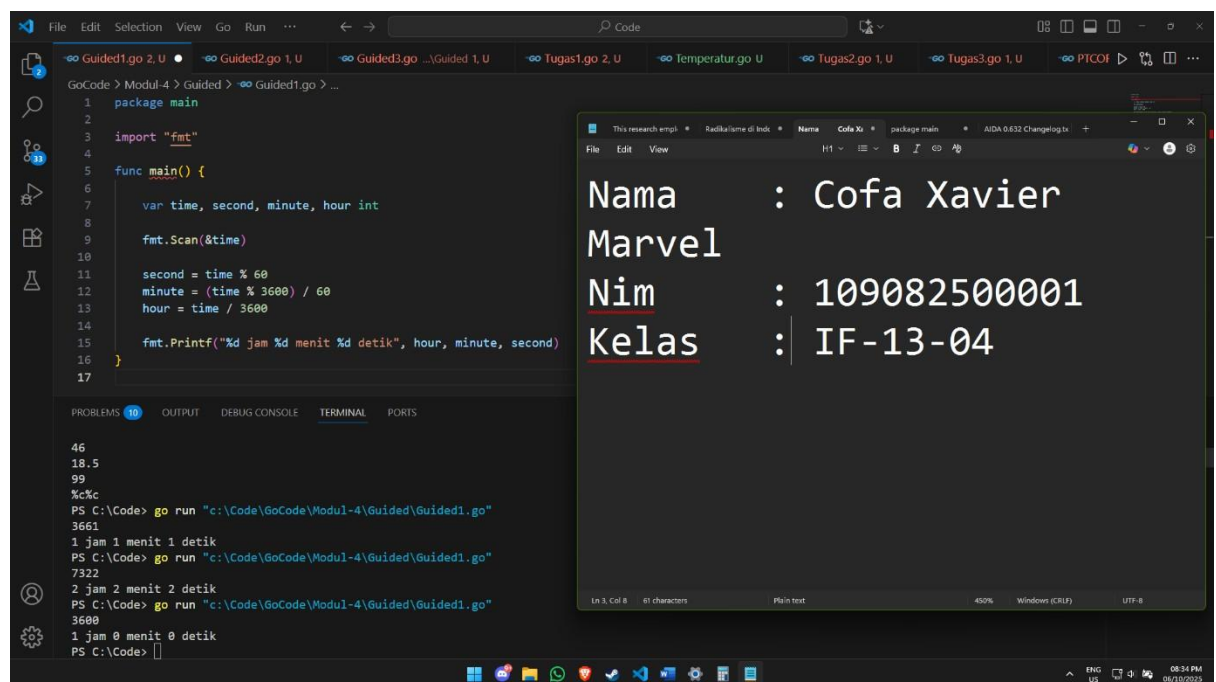
1. Guided 1

Source Code

```
package main
import
"fmt"
func
main() {
    var time, second, minute,
    hour int

    fmt.Scan(&time)
        second = time % 60
    minute = (time % 3600) /
    60    hour = time / 3600
    fmt.Printf("%d jam %d menit %d detik", hour, minute,
    second) }
```

Screenshoot program



Deskripsi program

This program calculates the amount of time in hours, minutes, and seconds.

This program finds the number of hours by dividing the amount of second by 3600 because there are 3600 seconds in a single hour.

The program finds the second count by the modulo of the seconds and 3600, finding the leftover seconds from calculating the hours, then divided by 60 as there are 60 seconds in a minute.

Then the seconds are found by the modulo of the number of seconds and 60, finding the left overs of the left overs out putting the seconds that did not make to the minutes or the hours.

It is the outputted using `fmt.Printf` allowing the printing of integers in conjunction of the string.

2. Guided 2

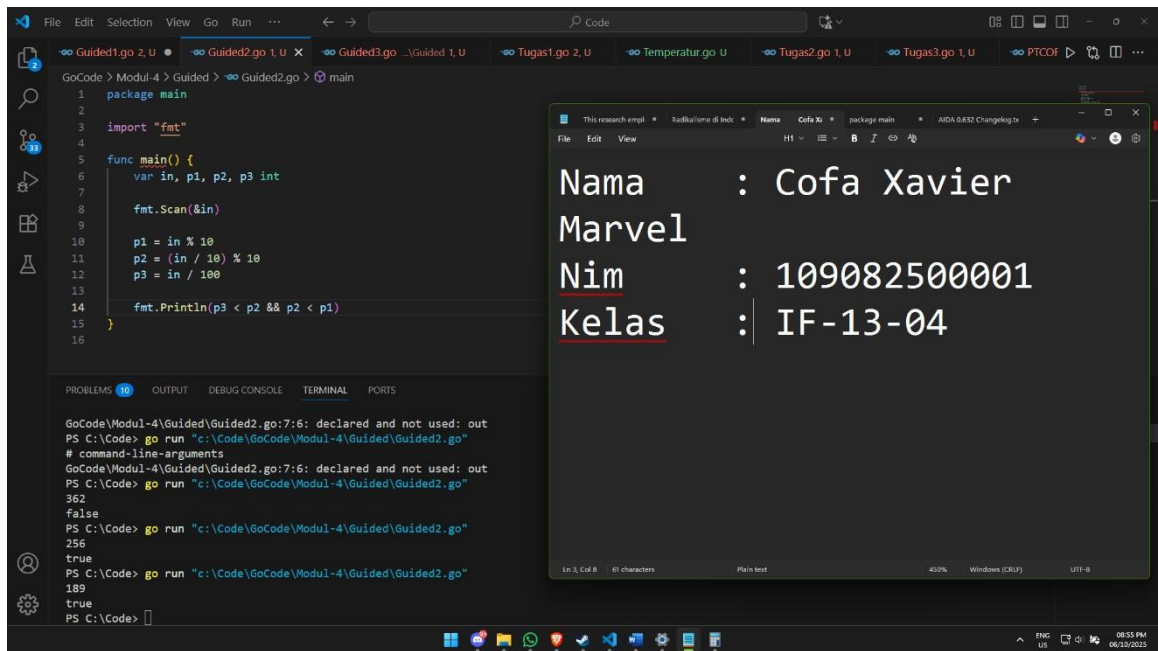
Source Code

```
package main
import
"fmt"
func main() {    var
in, p1, p2, p3 int
var out bool

fmt.Scan(&in)
    p1 = in % 10
p2 = (in / 10) % 10
p3 = in / 100

    fmt.Println(p3 < p2 && p2 < p1) }
```

Screenshoot program



Deskripsi program

This program first separates the number in a variable using modulo and division All variables being integers allow the use of modulo and division.

Dividing 362 by 100 gets 3.

Dividing 362 by 10 gets 25 modulo by 10 gets 6.

Modulo 362 by 10 get 2.

By comparing the separated numbers using the [</>] greater/less than and the [&&]and operator.

Printing the result, that being a bool.

3. Guided 3

Source Code

```
package main

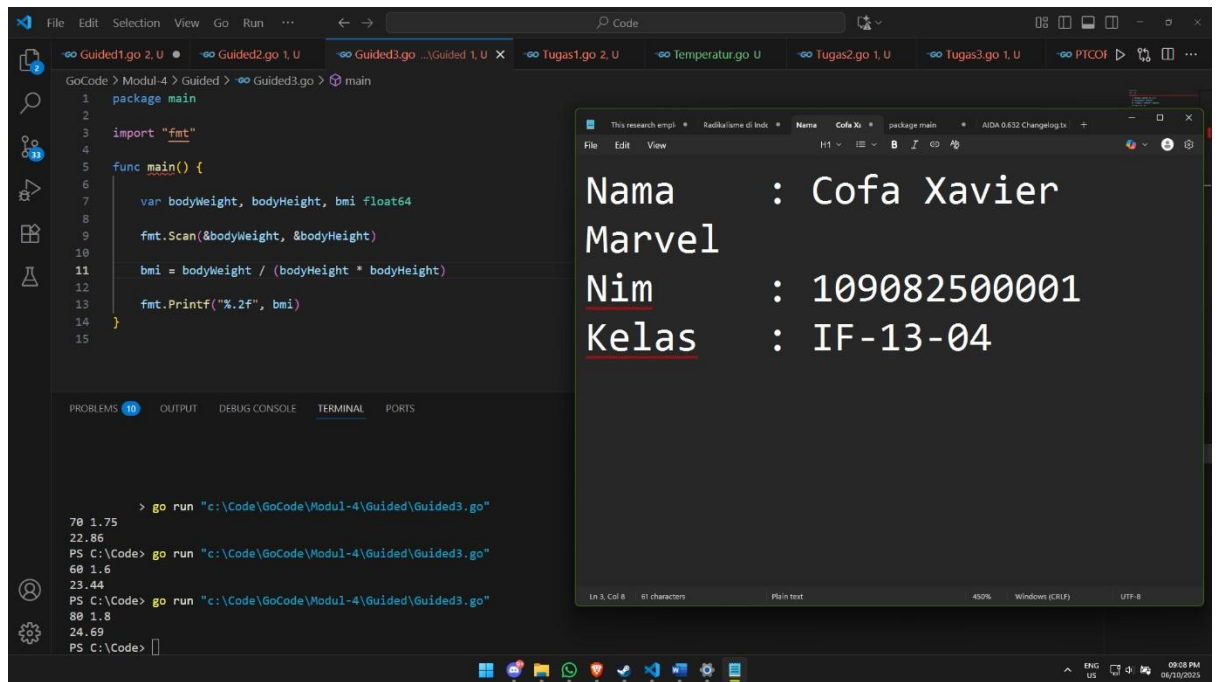
import "fmt"

func
main() {
    var bodyWeight, bodyHeight, bmi
    float64

    fmt.Scan(&bodyWeight, &bodyHeight)
    bmi = (bodyHeight * bodyHeight) /
    bodyWeight

    fmt.Printf("%.2f", bmi)
}
```

Screenshoot program



Deskripsi program

Declare bodyweight, bodyheight and bmi as floats.

Scan and assign them.

Then calculate the bmi by using weight / (height * height).

using Printf to print the float.

TUGAS

Tugas 1

Source code

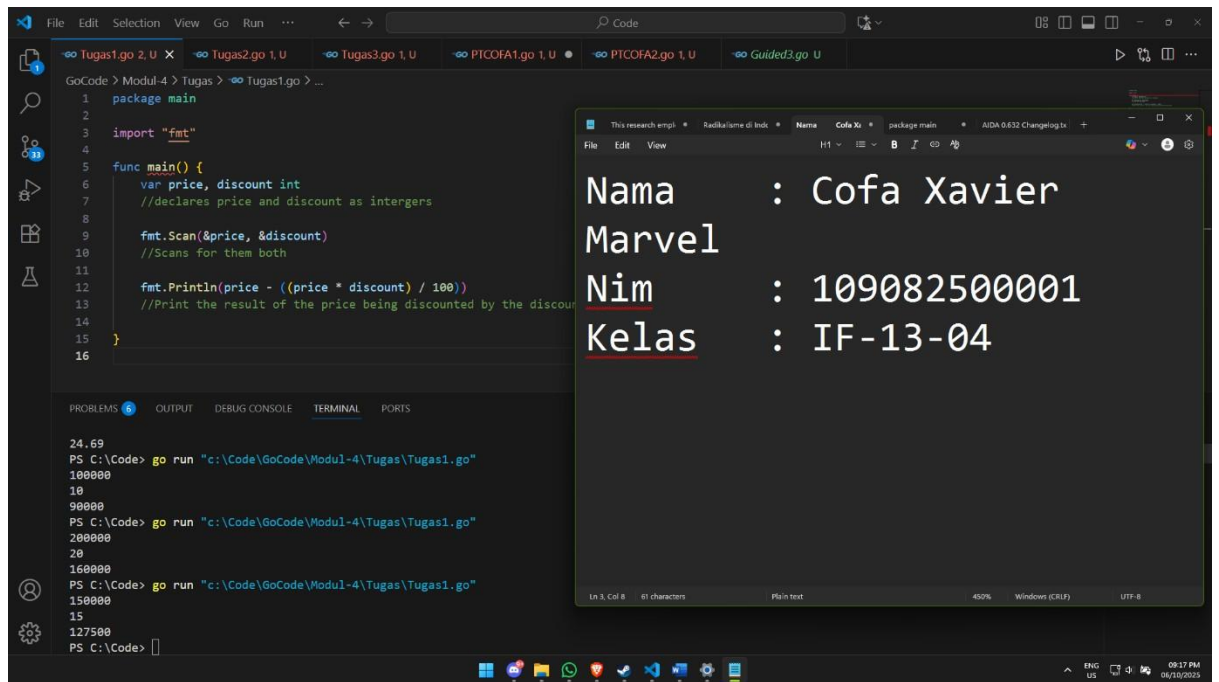
```

package main
import
"fmt"
func
main() {
    var price, discount int
    //declares price and discount as intergers
    fmt.Scan(&price,
&discount)
    //Scans for them both

    fmt.Println(price - ((price * discount) / 100))
    //Print the result of the price being discounted by the discount
}

```

Screenshoot program



Deskripsi program

This program discounts the price variable using the equation.

$(\text{Price} - ((\text{Price} * \text{discount}) / 100))$

The equation is contained in the Printline command.

Tugas 2

Source code

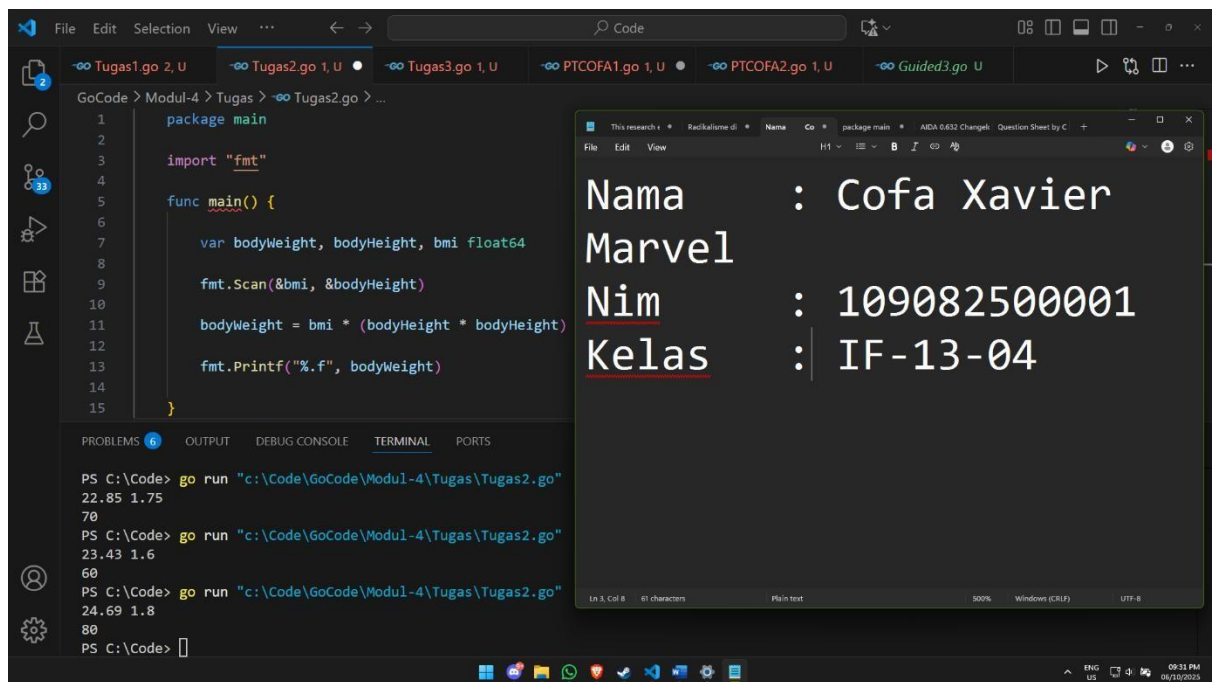
```

package main
import
"fmt"
func
main() {
    var bodyWeight, bodyHeight, bmi
    float64

    fmt.Scan(&bmi, &bodyHeight)
    bodyWeight = bmi * (bodyHeight *
bodyHeight)
    fmt.Printf("%.f",
bodyWeight)
}

```

Screenshoot program



Deskripsi program

All variables are floats.

This program calculates bodyweight using the formula

Weight = bmi * (height * height)

Then it prints the Weight using printf.

Tugas3

Source code

```

package main

import (
    "fmt"
    "math"
)

func main() {
    var x1, y1, x2, y2, x3, y3 float64

    fmt.Scanln(&x1, &y1)
    fmt.Scanln(&x2, &y2)
    fmt.Scanln(&x3, &y3)

    ab := math.Sqrt(math.Pow(x2-x1, 2) + math.Pow(y2-y1, 2))
    bc := math.Sqrt(math.Pow(x3-x2, 2) + math.Pow(y3-y2, 2))
    ca := math.Sqrt(math.Pow(x1-x3, 2) + math.Pow(y1-y3, 2))

    longest := ab

```

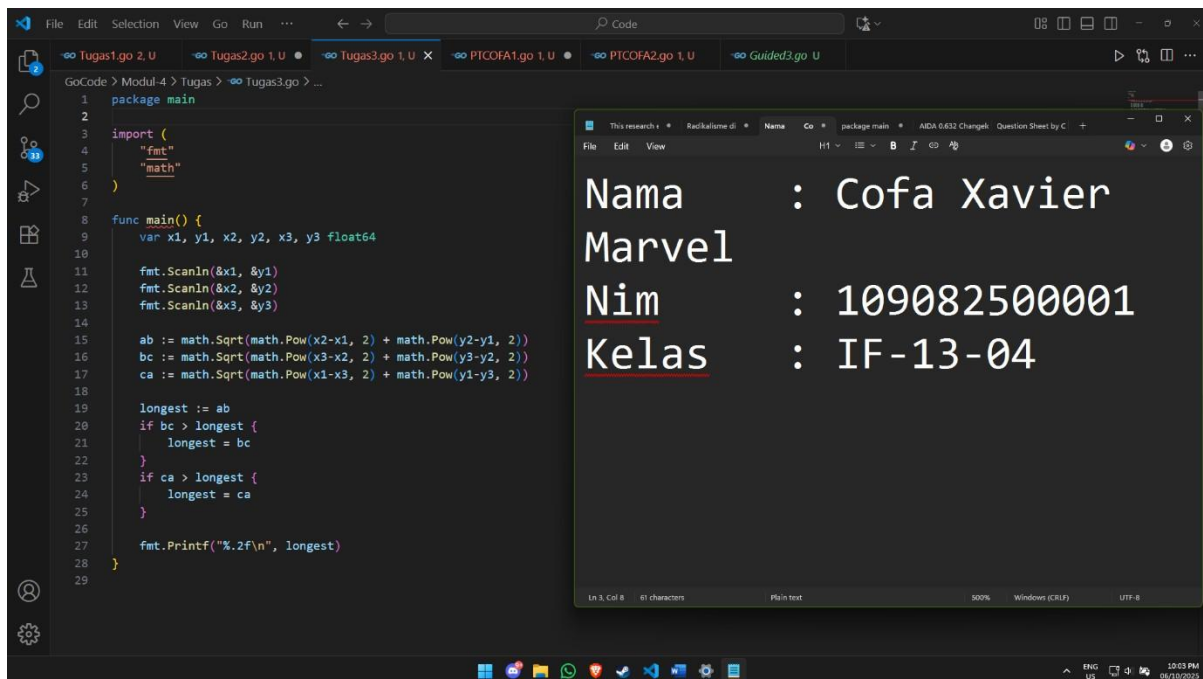
```

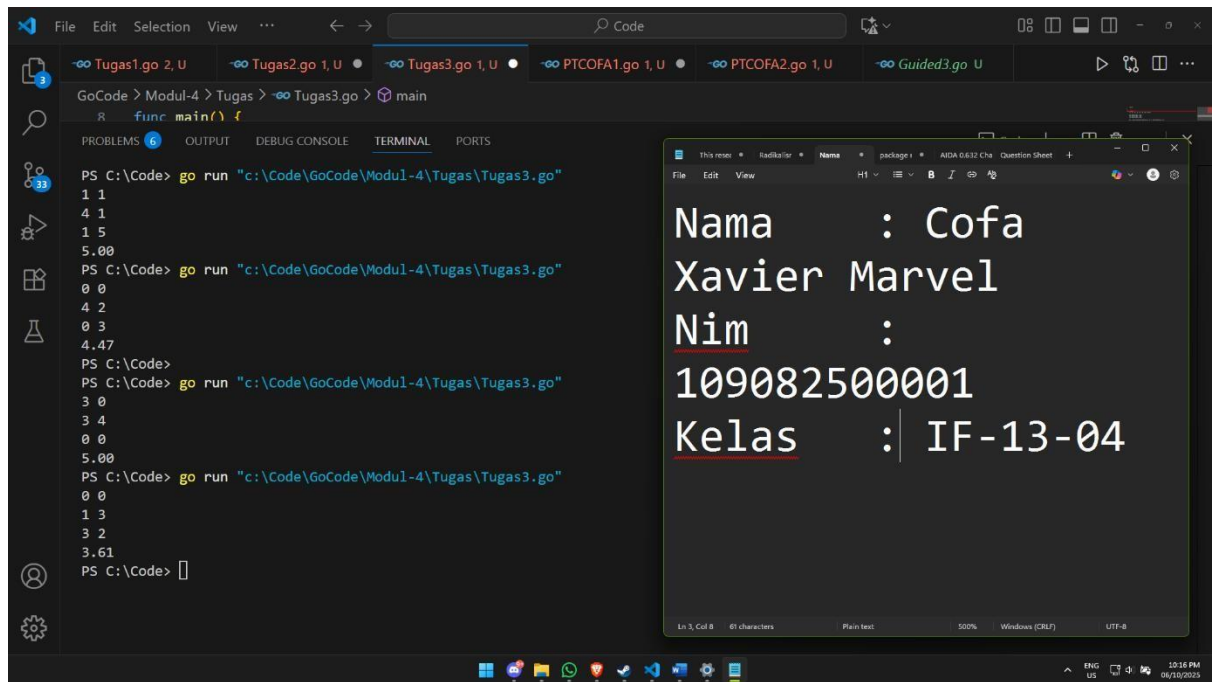
    if bc > longest {
        longest = bc
    }
    if ca > longest {
        longest = ca
    }

    fmt.Printf("%.2f\n", longest)
}

```

Screenshoot program





```
GoCode > Modul-4 > Tugas > Tug3.go > main
R func main() {
PROBLEMS 6 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
PS C:\Code> go run "c:\Code\GoCode\Modul-4\Tugas\Tug3.go"
1 1
4 1
1 5
5.00
PS C:\Code> go run "c:\Code\GoCode\Modul-4\Tugas\Tug3.go"
0 0
4 2
0 3
4.47
PS C:\Code> go run "c:\Code\GoCode\Modul-4\Tugas\Tug3.go"
3 0
3 4
0 0
5.00
PS C:\Code> go run "c:\Code\GoCode\Modul-4\Tugas\Tug3.go"
1 3
3 2
3.61
PS C:\Code>
```

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Kelas : IF-13-04

Deskripsi program

This program exists to calculate the lengths of the sides of the triangle formed from three points and determine the longest side of the triangle.

The input is formatted as three lines, each of which contains two real numbers representing the coordinates of points 1,2 and 3 in x-y format.

Ex: x1 y1

x2 y2

x3 y3

The program calculates the length using the formula.

$$d = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$$

d = length

Using a brand new, never seen, if statement to compare and choose the longest side.

The chosen longest is then printed using `fmt.Printf`.

The output is a float stating the length of the longest side of the triangle formed by these points.

Pendahuluan Tugas

Pemberi : Ewaldo Ardiansyah Widyadhana– 109082500008

1.soal 1

- Deskripsi soal:

Buatlah program untuk menghitung hasil pembagian bulat(interger division)dan sisa bagi(modulo)dari dua bilangan yang diinput.

- Contoh I/O

	17	3
	5	2
	20	6
	3	2
	40	0
	500	40

- Source Code

```
package main

import (
    "fmt"
)

func main() {

    var A, B int

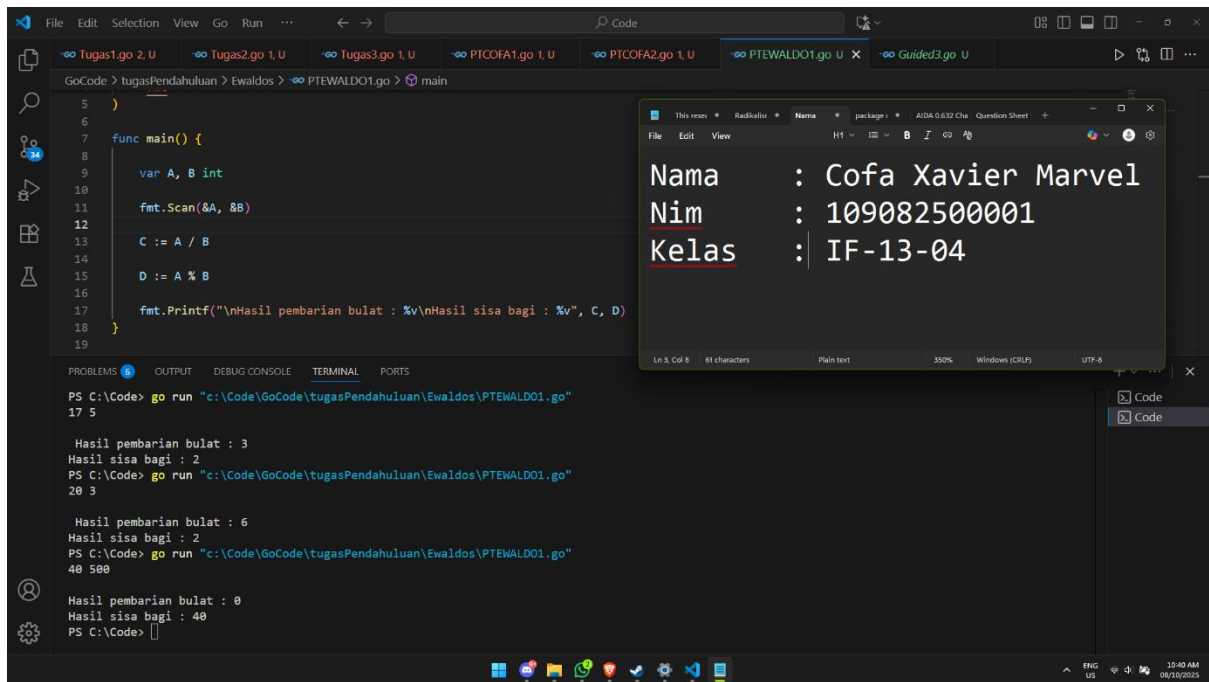
    fmt.Scan(&A, &B)

    C := A / B

    D := A % B

    fmt.Printf("\nHasil pembarian bulat : %v\nHasil sisa bagi : %v", C, D)
}
```

- Screenshot



2. Soal 2

- Deskripsi soal:

buatlah program untuk menghitung rata-rata dari dua bilangan bulat(interger) yang dimasukan .

- Contoh I/O

	6	5
	4	
	10	8.5
	7	
	8	5.5
	3	

- Source Code

```

package main

import "fmt"

func main() {

    var A, B int

    fmt.Scan(&A, &B)

    Af := float64(A)
    Bf := float64(B)

```

```
    rata_rata := (Af + Bf) / 2

    fmt.Print(rata_rata)
}
```

- Screenshot

