

Given an integer array `arr` of size `N` and an integer `S`. Return the list of all pairs of elements such that for each sum of elements of each pair equals to `S`.

Note:

Each pair should be sorted i.e the first value should be less than or equals to the second value.

Return the list of pairs sorted in non-decreasing order of their first value. In case if two pairs have the same first value, the pair with a smaller second value should come first.

Input Format:

The first line of input contains two space-separated integers `N` and `S`, denoting the size of the input array and the value of `S`.

The second and last line of input contains `N` space-separated integers, denoting the elements of the input array: `arr[i]` where $0 \leq i < N$.

Output Format:

Print `C` lines, each line contains one pair i.e two space-separated integers, where `C` denotes the count of pairs having sum equals to given value `S`.

Constraints:

$1 \leq N \leq 10^5$
 $-10^5 \leq A[i] \leq 10^5$
 $-2 \cdot 10^5 \leq S \leq 2 \cdot 10^5$

Time Limit: 1 sec

Sample Input 1:

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5 5
1 2 3 4 5
```

Sample Output 1:

1 4
2 3

Sample Input 2:

5 0
2 -3 3 3 -2

Sample Output 2:

-3 3
-3 3
-2 2