

Modules

my_ping

Minimal starter for a raw-socket ICMP ping tool.

`my_ping.build_icmp_packet(identifier: int, sequence: int, payload_size: int)`
→ bytes [\[source\]](#)

Build one ICMP echo request packet.

`my_ping.checksum(data: bytes) → int` [\[source\]](#)

Compute Internet checksum for ICMP header+payload.

`my_ping.main()` → int ¶ [\[source\]](#)

`my_ping.parse_args()` → Namespace [\[source\]](#)

`my_ping.send_ping(sock: socket, target: str, identifier: int, sequence: int, size: int) → float` [\[source\]](#)

my_traceroute

my_traceroute.py - Custom traceroute implementation using raw sockets.

Sends UDP packets with incrementing TTL values and listens for ICMP time-exceeded and port-unreachable messages to discover the route.

Usage:

```
sudo python my_traceroute.py [-n] [-q nqueries] [-S] <destination>
```

Requires root/administrator privileges to use raw sockets.

`my_traceroute.checksum(data: bytes) → int` [\[source\]](#)

Compute the Internet checksum (RFC 1071) over *data*.

Addition, if carry then wrap around then do 1's complement

Parameters: **data** – Raw bytes to checksum.

Returns: 16-bit checksum as an integer.

`my_traceroute.create_rcv_socket(timeout: float) → socket` [\[source\]](#)

Create a raw ICMP socket for receiving error messages.

Parameters: **timeout** – Socket receive timeout in seconds.

Returns: Configured raw ICMP socket.

`my_traceroute.create_send_socket(ttl: int) → socket` [\[source\]](#)

Create a UDP socket with the given TTL.

Parameters: **ttl** – Time-to-live value for outgoing packets.

Returns: Configured UDP socket.

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`my_traceroute.main()` → None [\[source\]](#)
Entry point for `my_traceroute`.

`my_traceroute.parse_args()` → Namespace [\[source\]](#)
Parse command-line arguments.

Returns: Parsed argument namespace.

`my_traceroute.resolve_hostname(addr: str) → str` [\[source\]](#)
Attempt a reverse DNS lookup for *addr*.

Parameters: **addr** – IP address string to look up.

Returns: Hostname string, or the original *addr* if lookup fails.

`my_traceroute.send_probe(recv_sock: socket, dest_addr: str, ttl: int, port: int) → tuple[str | None, float | None]` [\[source\]](#)
Send a single UDP probe and wait for an ICMP response.

Parameters:

- **recv_sock** – Raw ICMP socket to receive the reply on.
- **dest_addr** – Destination IP address string.
- **ttl** – TTL value for this probe.
- **port** – UDP destination port for this probe.

Returns: A tuple (*addr*, *rtt_ms*) where *addr* is the responding router's IP address and *rtt_ms* is the round-trip time in milliseconds. Returns (**None**, **None**) if no reply is received within the timeout.

`my_traceroute.traceroute(destination: str, numeric: bool = False, nqueries: int = 3, summary: bool = False) → None` [\[source\]](#)
Run traceroute to *destination* and print results.

Parameters:

- **destination** – Hostname or IP address to trace the route to.
- **numeric** – If **True**, suppress reverse DNS lookups and print addresses numerically only (**-n** flag).
- **nqueries** – Number of UDP probes to send per TTL hop (**-q** flag).
- **summary** – If **True**, print a per-hop summary of unanswered probes (**-S** flag).