

Q: What is non-Primitive?

Ans: It is a process where process is already running and it is not interacted by another process until the currently running process is executed completely.

In CPU Scheduling the process is done by availability of resources such as I/O and other resources allow to complete the execution time as per unit. The different terminology use in CPU Scheduling algorithm are:-

- i) Arrival Time (AT) - The time at which the process arrive in the ready queue
- ii) Completion Time (CT) - The time at which process complete its execution
- iii) Burst time (BT) - Time required by a process on CPU execution
- iv) Turn around Time (TAT) - Time difference between completion Time (CT) and Arrival Time (AT)

Formula

$$TAT = CT - AT$$

- v) Waiting Time (WT) - Time difference between Turn around Time and Burst Time

Formula

$$WT = TAT - BT$$

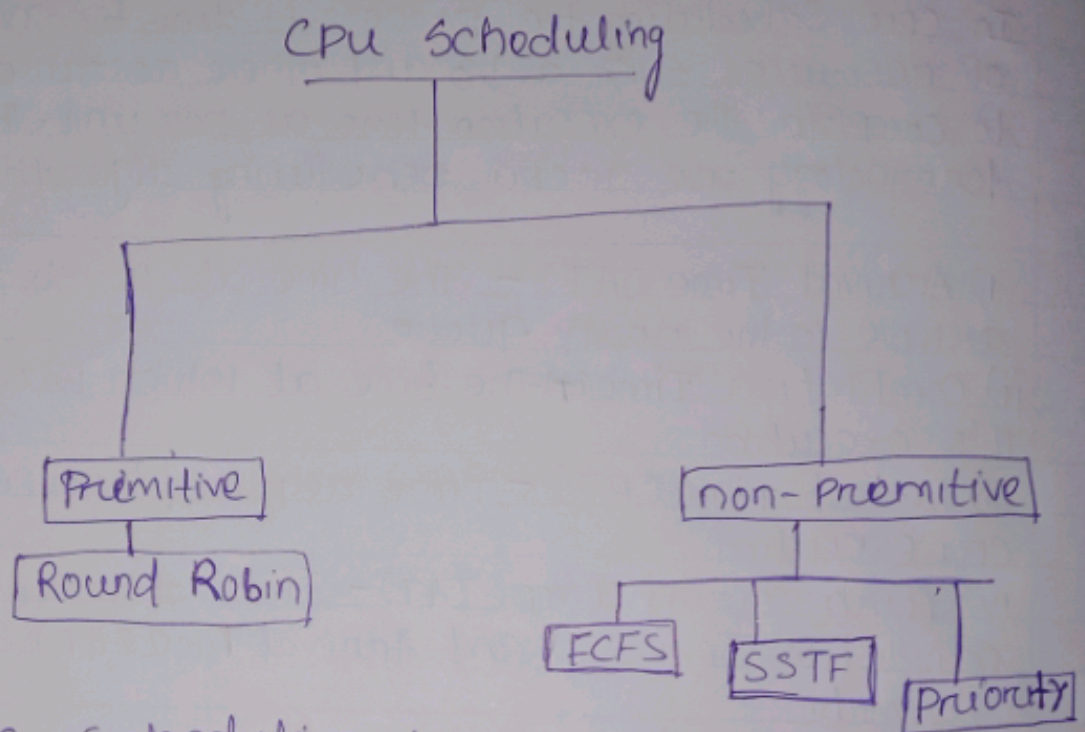
CPU Scheduling algorithm Following criteria-

- i) CPU Utilization - Main Purpose of CPU to keep the CPU as easy as possible

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ii) Throughout - The average CPU performance is performed and complete during each unit

iii) Response Time - It is a collaborative system where process produces something earlier and continues to compute new results



→ Primitive scheduling is used when process switches from running state to ready state or waiting state to ready state

→ Non primitive is used when process terminates or when process switches from running state to AT state

Turbo C download and install

→ To install Turbo C software in a computer, we need to follow the steps -

- i) you can download the open source software
- ii) Need to create new directly TurboC inside the drive
- iii) Now click on the install icon located inside the location
- iv) select the download software by clicking / Press button to open C interface / Environment
- v) Now the console is open for coding