РК2 Ерохин И.А. ИУ5-24М

```
Классификатор №1: KNeighborsClassifier
         Классификатор №2: Complement Naive Bayes - CNB
          import numpy as np
          import pandas as pd
          from typing import Dict, Tuple
          from sklearn.feature extraction.text import CountVectorizer, TfidfVectorizer
          from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV, RandomizedSearchCV
          from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, balanced_accuracy_score
          from sklearn.metrics import precision_score, recall_score, f1_score, classification_re
          from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
          from sklearn.model selection import cross_val_score
          from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
          from sklearn.metrics import mean_absolute_error, mean_squared_error, mean_squared_log_
          from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve, roc_auc_score
           # from sklearn.naive bayes import MultinomialNB
           # from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
           from sklearn.naive bayes import ComplementNB
          from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
           import seaborn as sns
          from collections import Counter
           from sklearn.datasets import fetch 20newsgroups
           import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
           %matplotlib inline
           sns.set(style="ticks")
          categories = ["rec.sport.hockey", "sci.electronics", "sci.med"]
          newsgroups = fetch 20newsgroups(subset='train', categories=categories)
          data = newsgroups['data']
          def accuracy score for classes(
              y_true: np.ndarray,
              y_pred: np.ndarray) -> Dict[int, float]:
              Вычисление метрики accuracy для каждого класса
              y true - истинные значения классов
              y_pred - предсказанные значения классов
              Возвращает словарь: ключ - метка класса,
              значение - Accuracy для данного класса
               0.00
               \# Для удобства фильтрации сформируем Pandas DataFrame
              d = {'t': y_true, 'p': y_pred}
              df = pd.DataFrame(data=d)
              # Метки классов
              classes = np.unique(y_true)
              # Результирующий словарь
              res = dict()
               # Перебор меток классов
               for c in classes:
                   # отфильтруем данные, которые соответствуют
                   # текущей метке класса в истинных значениях
                   temp_data_flt = df[df['t']==c]
                   # расчет ассиracy для заданной метки класса
                   temp_acc = accuracy_score(
                       temp_data_flt['t'].values,
                       temp_data_flt['p'].values)
                   # сохранение результата в словарь
                   res[c] = temp_acc
               return res
           def print_accuracy_score_for_classes(
               y true: np.ndarray,
               y_pred: np.ndarray):
               Вывод метрики accuracy для каждого класса
               accs = accuracy_score_for_classes(y_true, y_pred)
               if len(accs)>0:
                  print('Метка \t Accuracy')
               for i in accs:
                  print('{} \t {}'.format(i, accs[i]))
           vocabVect = CountVectorizer()
          vocabVect.fit(data)
          corpusVocab = vocabVect.vocabulary
          print('Количество сформированных признаков - {}'.format(len(corpusVocab)))
          Количество сформированных признаков - 29970
In [14]:
          for i in list(corpusVocab)[1:10]:
              print('{}={}'.format(i, corpusVocab[i]))
         carl=7229
          sol1=25350
         gps=13433
          caltech=7081
          edu=10976
          lydick=17538
         subject=26157
         re=22713
         krillean=16582
          test features = vocabVect.transform(data)
          test features
Out[15]: <1785x29970 sparse matrix of type '<class 'numpy.int64'>'
                  with 266767 stored elements in Compressed Sparse Row format>
           # Размер нулевой строки
          len(test features.todense()[0].getA1())
Out[16]: 29970
          vocabVect.get feature names()[100:120]
          /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/sklearn/utils/deprecation.py:87: FutureWarning:
          Function get_feature_names is deprecated; get_feature_names is deprecated in 1.0 and w
          ill be removed in 1.2. Please use get feature names out instead.
          warnings.warn(msg, category=FutureWarning)
Out[17]: ['03756',
           '038',
           '04',
           '0400'
           '04046'
           '041505',
           '042',
           '042100',
           '043426',
           '0435',
           '043654',
           '044045',
           '044140',
           '044323',
           '044636',
           '045046',
           '0453',
           '0458',
           '047',
           '0483']
          def VectorizeAndClassify(vectorizers list, classifiers list):
               for v in vectorizers list:
                   for c in classifiers list:
                       pipeline1 = Pipeline([("vectorizer", v), ("classifier", c)])
                                                            newsgroups['data'], newsgroups['target
                               cross_val_score(pipeline1,
                       print('Векторизация - {}'.format(v))
                       print('Модель для классификации - {}'.format(c))
                       print('Accuracy = {}'.format(score))
                       print('======"")
          vectorizers list = [CountVectorizer(vocabulary = corpusVocab), TfidfVectorizer(vocabulary)
          classifiers list = [KNeighborsClassifier(), ComplementNB()]
          VectorizeAndClassify(vectorizers list, classifiers list)
          Векторизация - CountVectorizer(vocabulary={'00': 0, '000': 1, '0000': 2, '000001200':
                                       '00014': 4, '000256': 5, '001': 6, '0010': 7, '001004': 8, '001323': 9, '001642': 10, '00309': 11,
                                       '003221': 12, '003258u19250': 13, '0033': 14,
                                       '003800': 15, '004021809': 16, '004158': 17,
                                       '004418': 18, '004627': 19, '005': 20, '00500': 21, '005148': 22, '005150': 23, '005512': 24, '0059': 25, '007': 26, '0078': 27, '008': 28,
                                       '008561': 29, ...})
         Модель для классификации - KNeighborsClassifier()
         Accuracy = 0.687955182072829
          _____
         Векторизация - CountVectorizer(vocabulary={'00': 0, '000': 1, '0000': 2, '000001200':
                                       '00014': 4, '000256': 5, '001': 6, '0010': 7, '001004': 8, '001323': 9, '001642': 10, '00309': 11,
                                       '003221': 12, '003258u19250': 13, '0033': 14,
                                       '003800': 15, '004021809': 16, '004158': 17,
                                       '004418': 18, '004627': 19, '005': 20, '00500': 21,
                                       '005148': 22, '005150': 23, '005512': 24,
                                       '0059': 25, '007': 26, '0078': 27, '008': 28,
                                       '008561': 29, ...})
         Модель для классификации - ComplementNB()
          Accuracy = 0.984873949579832
          _____
         Векторизация - TfidfVectorizer(vocabulary={'00': 0, '000': 1, '0000': 2, '0000001200':
                                       '00014': 4, '000256': 5, '001': 6, '0010': 7,
                                       '001004': 8, '001323': 9, '001642': 10, '00309': 11,
                                       '003221': 12, '003258u19250': 13, '0033': 14,
                                       '003800': 15, '004021809': 16, '004158': 17, '004418': 18, '004627': 19, '005': 20, '00500': 21, '005148': 22, '005150': 23, '005512': 24,
                                       '0059': 25, '007': 26, '0078': 27, '008': 28,
                                       '008561': 29, ...})
         Модель для классификации - KNeighborsClassifier()
         Accuracy = 0.9198879551820728
```

Векторизация - TfidfVectorizer(vocabulary={'00': 0, '000': 1, '0000': 2, '000001200':

'008561': 29, ...})

Наилучшие результаты показал CountVectorizer с классификатором Complement Naive Bayes - CNB

Модель для классификации - ComplementNB()

(0.985)

'00014': 4, '000256': 5, '001': 6, '0010': 7,

'003221': 12, '003258u19250': 13, '0033': 14, '003800': 15, '004021809': 16, '004158': 17,

'005148': 22, '005150': 23, '005512': 24, '0059': 25, '007': 26, '0078': 27, '008': 28,

'001004': 8, '001323': 9, '001642': 10, '00309': 11,

'004418': 18, '004627': 19, '005': 20, '00500': 21,