### TS-EAS EAC team Chicago meeting

# Relations, referencing and citations

28 July 2020

# Topics at the Berlin meeting (1/3)

- Referencing and linking attributes
  - @(xml:)id and @target
    - @parent as a specific "target" attribute (only in EAD3)
  - @(xlink:)href and related attributes
  - @identifier (only in EAD3)
  - @sourceReference and related attributes (from "Assertion description")

# Topics at the Berlin meeting (2/3)

### Relations

- Name of the related entity, e.g. in <nameEntry><part> or <term>
- @vocabularySource (literal), @vocabularySourceURI,
   @valueURI

# Topics at the Berlin meeting (3/3)

- Assertion description
  - Child element <citedRange> with the existing element
     <source> (in <control>)
  - @sourceReference, @maintenanceEventReference,
     @conventionDeclarationReference

# EAD3 reconciliation (1/2)

- Attributes
  - @id and @target
    - @containerid and @parent as a specific case
  - @href and related attributes
    - @entityref and @xpointer as specific cases
  - @identifier, @normal, @relator, @rules, @source

# EAD3 reconciliation (2/2)

- Elements
  - <ref> (main referencing element for internal and external references)
    - <archref> and <bibref>
    - <ptr> and <ptrgrp>
  - < <citation> (only in <control>)
    - along with <abbr>

# Decisions taken so far and final questions

# Internal linking attributes (1/2)

### • Decided:

- Remove XML namespace, i.e. @xml:id becomes @id
- Make sure @id is available with all elements of EAC-CPF, so that they can be pointed to

### • To confirm:

 Add @target to EAC-CPF, so that one can point from there to another element

### Pending:

Add @target to all elements of EAC-CPF?

# Internal linking attributes (2/2)

- Decided:
  - Add @sourceReference, @maintenanceEventReference, and @conventionDeclarationReference
- Pending:
  - Add to all elements of EAC-CPF?
  - Add to elements of EAC-CPF that can contain text themselves?
  - Add to elements of EAC-CPF that are not empty?
    - (same as with language attribution)

# External linking attributes (1/2)

### Decided:

- Remove XLink namespace, i.e. @xlink:href becomes @href etc.
- Only use @href, @linkRole, and @linkTitle
- Add @vocabularySource, @vocabularySourceURI, and @valueURI

# External linking attributes (2/2)

### Pending:

- Add @vocabularySource, @vocabularySourceURI, and @valueURI to all elements that encode data which can be represented by URI-s
  - <nameEntry>, <part>, <placeEntry>, <placeRole>,
     <relationType>, <targetEntity>, <targetRole>, <term>
  - Any others?

# Pending questions regarding attributes

# EAD3 reconciliation (1/2)

- In EAD
  - @identifier would become @valueURI
  - @source would become @vocabularySource
    - @vocabularySourceURI would be added
- Pending question with potential effect on EAC
  - Should there be a @rules attribute if it's about linking to external rules and conventions?
    - Or is this covered by providing a link to the vocabulary, which might specify the applied rules anyway?

# EAD3 reconciliation (2/2)

- Pending question with potential effect on EAC
  - Should there be a @relator attribute to specify the contextual role or relationship of the target entity with the described entity when not in <relations>, e.g. when used with <term>?
  - Should there be a @normal attribute to provide a standardised spelling of the term?
    - Or is this covered by providing a link to the vocabulary, which might specify the standardised name anyway?

# Pending questions regarding elements

# Scope of <citation> and <ref>

- EAC-CPF uses <citation>:
  - To cite an(y) external resource
  - As mandatory and not repeatable within <control> and as optional and repeatable within <description>

### EAD3 uses:

- <citation> to identify any rules and conventions, only within
   <control>, as mandatory and not repeatable
- <ref> to cite external (as well as internal) resources, throughout the whole XML instance, as optional and repeatable

### Contexts for <citation> and <ref>

- EAC-CPF uses <citation> in:
  - <biogHist>, <conventionDeclaration>, <function>,
     <legalStatus>, <localDescription>, <localTypeDeclaration>,
     <mandate>, <occupation>, <place>, <rightsDeclaration>
- EAD uses <citation> in:
  - <conventiondeclaration>, <localtypedeclaration>,<rightsdeclaration>
- EAD3 used <ref>...
  - ...basically everywhere (see tag library for details <u>https://www.loc.gov/ead/EAD3taglib/EAD3.html#elem-ref</u>)

# Options (1/4)

- Option 1: Use two elements for (external) resources depending on the contexts wherein they are used
  - I.e. add <ref> (or rather <reference>) within <description> instead of <citation>
- Option 2: Use only one element independent from its context
  - I.e. decide for either <citation> or <ref> (<reference>)

# Options (2/4)

- Option 3: Remodel "citation" in EAC-CPF based on the approaches discussed on the previous slides
  - Could apply to <conventionDeclaration>, <function>,
     <legalStatus>, <localDescription>, <localTypeDeclaration>,
     <mandate>, <occupation>, <place>, <rightsDeclaration>
  - Might be more tricky for <biogHist>
    - Though that is a topic of its own

# Options (3/4)

- Option 3 (continued):
  - Use @valueURI, @vocabularySource, and @vocabularySourceURI to point to an external vocabulary, ontology, thesaurus etc.
  - Use @href, @linkRole, and @linkTitle to point to any other external resource
  - Use @conventionDeclarationReference to point to a rule or convention specified within the EAC-CPF instance

# Options (4/4)

- Option 3 (continued):
  - Add <term> (or maybe rather consider to introduce <title>)
     within <conventionDeclaration>, <localTypeDeclaration>, and
     <rightsDeclaration> to provide the name of the rule or
     convention

# Encoding examples for option 3 (1/2)

#### Current:

```
<conventionDeclaration>
  <citation>"ISO 8601 - Data elements and
  interchange formats - Information interchange -
  Representation of dates and times." Geneva:
  International Standards Organization,
  2000.</citation>
</conventionDeclaration>
<localTypeDeclaration>
  <abbreviation>Categorycodes</abbreviation>
  <citation xlink:href="http://nad.ra.se/static/</pre>
  termlistor/Kategorikoder.htm">
  The categorycodes used in Swedish NAD
  (http://nad.ra.se). To be used in element
  function</citation>
  <descriptiveNote>
    Codes for categorizing different types of
    authority records [...]
  </descriptiveNote>
</localTypeDeclaration>
```

#### New proposal:

```
<conventionDeclaration href="https://www.iso.org/</pre>
iso-8601-date-and-time-format.html">
  <title>"ISO 8601 - Data elements and
  interchange formats - Information interchange -
  Representation of dates and times." Geneva:
  International Standards Organization,
  2000.</title>
</conventionDeclaration>
<localTypeDeclaration href="http://nad.ra.se/</pre>
static/termlistor/Kategorikoder.htm">
  <abbreviation>Categorycodes</abbreviation>
  <descriptiveNote>
    The categorycodes used in Swedish NAD
    (http://nad.ra.se). To be used in element
    function
    Codes for categorizing different types of
    authority records [...]
  </descriptiveNote>
</localTypeDeclaration>
```

# Encoding examples for option 3 (2/2)

#### Current:

```
<mandate>
  <dateRange>
    [...]
  </dateRange>
  <citation>Minnesota. Executive Session Laws 1919
  c49</citation>
  <descriptiveNote>
    Board created in 1919 to receive and
    examine applications for bonuses from
   Minnesota soldiers.
  </descriptiveNote>
</mandate>
<rightsDeclaration>
  <abbr>CCO</abbr>
  <citation href="https://creativecommons.org/</pre>
  publicdomain/zero/1.0/"/>
  <descriptiveNote>
    CCO 1.0 Universal (CCO 1.0)
  </descriptiveNote>
</rightsDeclaration>
```

### New proposal:

```
<mandate>
  <dateRange>
    [...]
  </dateRange>
  <term>Minnesota. Executive Session Laws 1919
  c49 < /term >
  <descriptiveNote>
    Board created in 1919 to receive and
    examine applications for bonuses from
    Minnesota soldiers.
  </descriptiveNote>
</mandate>
<rightsDeclaration
href="https://creativecommons.org/publicdomain/zero
/1.0/">
  <abbr>CCO</abbr>
  <title>CCO 1.0 Universal (CCO 1.0)</title>
</rightsDeclaration>
```

# Scope of <abbreviation> and <abbr>

- EAC-CPF uses <abbreviation>:
  - To encode abbreviation or code for identifying a thesaurus, controlled vocabulary, or other standard
  - Only within <control> and as optional and not repeatable
- EAD3 uses <abbr>:
  - In the same way as EAC-CPF within <control>, but also...
  - ... to encode the shortened form of a(ny) word or phrase
    - As optional and repeatable

### Contexts for <abbreviation> and <abbr>

- EAC-CPF uses <abbreviation> in:
  - <conventionDeclaration>, <localTypeDeclaration>,<rightsDeclaration>
- EAD uses <abbr> in:
  - <conventiondeclaration>, <localtypedeclaration>,
     <rightsdeclaration> and basically everywhere (see tag library for details
    - https://www.loc.gov/ead/EAD3taglib/EAD3.html#elem-abbr)

# Proposal (1/2)

- Rename <abbreviation> respectively <abbr> within <control>
  - Suggested name: <vocabularyCode>
  - Could apply to both EAS
  - Would follow the very specific scope of the element in the context <conventiondeclaration>, <localtypedeclaration>,
  - Would allow for a content model following the current approach in EAC-CPF ([token] instead of [text]; no sub-elements)

# Proposal (2/2)

- Rename <abbreviation> respectively <abbr> within <control> (continued)
  - Would minimise confusion in EAD3
  - Would allow EAD to continue using <abbr> in all other sections
  - Would allow EAD to rename <abbr> to <abbreviation> in the next major revision (following the principle to avoid abbreviated tag names)